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SYMMETRIC GENERATIONS AND AN ALGORITHM TO PROVE RELATIONS

Diddier Andrade

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SYMMETRIC GENERATIONS AND AN ALGORITHM TO PROVE RELATIONS

A Thesis

Presented to the

Faculty of

California State University,

San Bernardino

In Partial Fulfillment

of the Requirements for the Degree

Master of Arts

in

Mathematics

by

Diddier Andrade

August 2022

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ABSTRACT

In this thesis we have discovered homomorphic images of several progenitors such as $3^{*56}:(2^3:(3:7))$, $3^{*14}:(2^3:(3:7))$, $5^{*24} : S_5$, $2^{*10} : (10 : 2)$, $5^{*24} : (A_5 : 2)$, and $11^{*12} :_m L_2(11)$. We give isomorphism types of each image that we have found. We then create a monomial representation of $L_2(11)$ by lifting 5:11 onto it.

We manually perform Double Coset Enumeration of $3:(2 \times S_5)$ over D_{12} to create its Cayley graph. This is achieved by solving many word problems. The Cayley graph is used to find a permutation representation of $3:(2 \times S_5)$. We also perform Double Coset Enumeration $S_3 \times A_5$ over 15:2 and 10:2, where 15:2 is a maximal subgroup containing 10:2.

Finally, a code based algorithm is included that solves all of the word problems used to perform Double Coset Enumeration of $L_2(25)$ over $S_5:2$ and Double Coset Enumeration of $(A_5)^2:2$ over $A_5:2$.

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Introduction

In group theory it is often necessary to prove that a finite image of a progenitor is isomorphic to a permutation group. To do this we perform double coset enumeration of the image over a transitive subgroup. However, this process requires solving many right coset relations between words, which is a formidable task. It is very difficult to determine whether a given word is the identity. In the area of combinatorial group theory, the word problem for a finitely generated group G is the algorithmic problem of deciding whether two words in the generators represent the same element. There does not exist an algorithm to give relations between words for an arbitrary finitely generated group [Coll86]. However, there do exist algorithms to establish relationships between all words of some types of groups [Khar13]. We have given an original algorithm, to give all relations between all words, for a large number of groups.

Our constructions of the homomorphic images of the progenitors that we have presented in this thesis are based on our technique of manual double coset enumeration. We provide a background to this below.

Symmetric Generation

A progenitor is the semi-direct product $m^{*n} : N$, where m^{*n} represents a free product of n copies of the cyclic group \mathbb{Z}_m , m being the order of t_i , and N is a group of automorphisms of m^{*n} which permutes the n cyclic subgroups by conjugation. Thus, for $n \in N$, we have $t_i^n = t_j^r$, where r is an integer coprime to m . When $m = 2$, N acts by conjugation as permutations of the n involutory symmetric generators. Now, the above elements of N can be gathered on the left, every element of the progenitor can be represented as nw , where $n \in N$ and w is a word in the symmetric generators. Thus any additional relation by which we must factor the progenitor to obtain a finite image G must have the form $nw(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n)$, where $n \in N$ and w is a word in $T = \{t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n\}$. The group $\frac{m^{*n}:N}{n_1w_1, \dots, n_sw_s}$ may be identified.

Double Coset Enumeration

Assume $G = \frac{m^{*n}:N}{n_1w_1, \dots, n_sw_s}$. The double coset NwN is given by $NwN = \{Nwn|n \in N\} = \{Nnn^{-1}wn|n \in N\} = \{n \in N : Nw^n = Nw\}$, where w is a word in the symmetric generator. Since G is finite, G may be decomposed as a union of double cosets $G = \cup_{i=1}^k Nw_iN$.

Define $N^i = C_N(t_i)$; $N^{ij} = C_N(\langle t_i, t_j \rangle)$, etc., single point and two point stabilizers in N respectively. The coset stabilizing subgroup, $N^{(w)}$, of N is given by, $N^{(w)} = \{n \in N | Nwn = Nw\} = \{n \in N | Nnn^{-1}wn\} = \{n \in N | Nw^n = Nw\}$, where w is a word in the symmetric generators. Clearly $N^w \leq N^{(w)}$.

In order to obtain the index of N in G we shall perform a manual double coset enumeration on G over N ; thus we must find all of the double cosets $[w]$ and work out how many single cosets each of them contains. We shall know that we have completed the double coset enumeration when the set of right cosets

obtained is closed under right multiplication. Moreover, the completion test above is best performed by obtaining the orbits of $N^{(w)}$ on the symmetric generators. We need only identify, for each $[w]$, the double coset to which Nwt_i belongs for one symmetric generator t_i from each orbit.

Finding isomorphism types serves two purposes in this thesis, first it helps to classify the groups, and secondly it is a necessary step in the construction of finite images of progenitors. In chapter 1 we find the isomorphism type of several transitive groups in order to classify them. In chapter 3 we find isomorphism types of the permutation groups used to construct the progenitors. In order to start the process, a transitive group N generated by a set of permutations on the set $X = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ is required, where n is a natural number.

In chapter 4 and chapter 5 we solve numerous word problems in order to perform double coset enumeration on $3:(2 \times S_5)$ over D_{12} , $L_2(5)$ over S_5 , $S_3 \times A_5$ over $15:2$ and $10:2$, and $(A_5)^2:2$ over $A_5:2$.

In section 4.3 we assign a numeric label in order to find isomorphic permutations to the generators of the group G . To achieve this, every right coset will be multiplied by the generators of the group N . These products must be proven to be one of the right cosets in order to assign it a label. The mapping of the labeling of cosets to the labeling of the products is a permutation corresponding to the generator. To prove that the image is isomorphic to a permutation group, the mapping of the relations to elements of the permutation group must be shown to have equivalent properties to the relations of the image.

Finally, in chapter 6 we explore an algorithm that can be used to solve double coset enumeration relation word problems. This algorithm is used to prove

all word problems for $L_2(5)$ over S_5 , $(A_5)^2:2$ over $A_5 : 2$. A MAGMA implementation of the algorithm can be found in Appendix G.

Chapter 1

Isomorphic Types

1.1 Definitions and Theorems

Definition 1.1. *Definition 1.1.4. (Semigroup)* A **semigroup** $(G, *)$ is a nonempty set G equipped with an associative operation $*$. [Rot95]

Definition 1.2. *Definition 1.1.6. (Group)*. A **group** is a semigroup G containing an element e such that

- (i) $e * a = a = a * e$ for all $a \in G$
- (ii) for every $a \in G$, there is an element $b \in G$ with $a * b = e = b * a$. [Rot95]

Definition 1.3. A subgroup $K \leq G$ is a normal subgroup, denoted by $K \trianglelefteq G$, if $gKg^{-1} = K$ for every $g \in G$. [Rot95]

Definition 1.4. *Definition 1.1.7. (Order)* If G is a group, then the **order** of

G , denoted $|G|$, is the number of elements in G . [Rot95]

Definition 1.5. Definition 1.1.5. (Symmetric Group) The symmetric group, denoted S_n or S_X is the set of all permutations of the nonempty set $X = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$. S_n is a group of order $n!$ on n letters. [Rot95]

Definition 1.1.31. (semi-direct product) A group G is a *semi-direct product* of K by Q , denoted by $G = K:Q$, if $K \triangleleft G$ and K has a complement $Q_1 \cong Q$. One also says that G splits over K . [Rot95]

Definition 1.1.29. (direct product) If H and K are groups, then their *direct product*, denoted by $H \times K$, is the group with elements all ordered pairs (h,k) , where $h \in H$ and $k \in K$, and with the operation $(h,k)(h',k') = (hh',kk')$. [Rot95]

Definition 1.1.8. (Free Group) If X is a subset of a group F , then F is a *free group* with basis X if, for every group G and every function $f : X \rightarrow G$, there exists a unique homomorphism $\varphi : F \rightarrow G$ extending f . [Rot95]

Definition 1.6. Let F be a field and G group. Then a presentation of G is a homomorphism $\rho : G \rightarrow GL(n, F)$ for some integer n . [Isaa76]

Definition 1.1.1. (Permutation) If X is a nonempty set, a *permutation* is the bijective mapping $\alpha : X \rightarrow X$. [Rot95]

Definition 1.1.19. (homomorphism) Let $(G, *)$ and (H, \circ) be groups. A function $f: G \rightarrow H$ is a **homomorphism** if, for all $a, b \in G$, $f(a*b) = f(a) \circ f(b)$. [Rot95]

Definition 1.1.20. An **isomorphism** is a homomorphism that is also a bijection. We say that G is **isomorphic** to H , denoted $G \cong H$, if there exists an isomorphism $f: G \rightarrow H$. [Rot95]

Theorem 1.7. Theorem 1.1.25. (Third Isomorphism Theorem) Let $K \leq H \leq G$, where both K and H are normal subgroups of G . Then H/K is a normal subgroup of G/K and $(G/K)/(H/K) \cong G/H$. [Rot95]

1.2 46:11

Notation: if x is a word in a presentation of a group and the corresponding permutation is xx then we express this by writing $x \sim xx$.

Given a group N , we demonstrate our method of finding the isomorphism type of N . We give the following example to illustrate the process.

Let $N = \langle x, y \rangle$, where $x = (1, 20, 9, 35, 42, 8, 32, 33, 38, 46, 15)(2, 19, 10, 36, 41, 7, 31, 34, 37, 45, 16)(3, 23, 18, 5, 27, 25, 22, 13, 43, 11, 40)(4, 24, 17, 6, 28, 26, 21, 14, 44, 12, 39)$ and $y = (1, 36, 4, 25, 8, 5, 15, 11, 32, 23, 17, 2, 35, 3, 26, 7, 6, 16, 12, 31, 24, 18)(9, 41, 20, 37, 39, 30, 33, 13, 21, 27, 44, 10, 42, 19, 38, 40, 29, 34, 14, 22, 28, 43)(45, 46)$. We note that $N < S_{46}$. It is given that $|N|$

= 506.

We use MAGMA to compute the normal lattice of N and summarize the information in the following diagram in which every group is a normal subgroup of all the groups that it is connected by one or more upward lines. Each vertex of the diagram is labeled by the order of the normal subgroup.

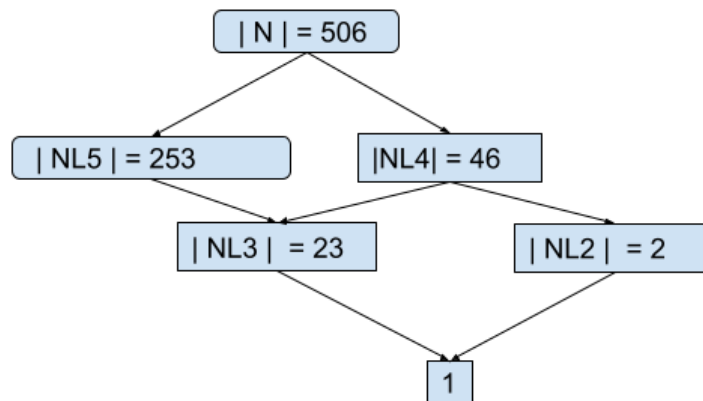


Figure 1.1: Normal Lattice Diagram N .

We will follow the following path to arrive at the isomorphism class.

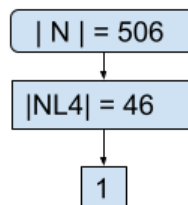


Figure 1.2: Relevant Path of N .

We use MAGMA to see that the largest normal subgroup of N is $NL4 =$

$\langle a \rangle$, where $a = (1, 37, 28, 18, 8, 43, 33, 23, 14, 3, 39, 30, 20, 10, 46, 36, 26, 16, 6, 41, 32, 22, 12, 2, 38, 27, 17, 7, 44, 34, 24, 13, 4, 40, 29, 19, 9, 45, 35, 25, 15, 5, 42, 31, 21, 11)$. Thus, $NL4 \cong 46$ since $|a| = 46$.

Let $Q \cong N/NL4$. N cannot be the direct product of $NL4$ and Q since N has no normal subgroup of order 11, which means N is a semi-direct product of 46 by Q . Now $Q \cong N/NL4$ and MAGMA gives us $N/NL4 = \{NL4b\}$, where $b = (1, 20, 9, 35, 42, 8, 32, 33, 38, 46, 15)(2, 19, 10, 36, 41, 7, 31, 34, 37, 45, 16)(3, 23, 18, 5, 27, 25, 22, 13, 43, 11, 40)(4, 24, 17, 6, 28, 26, 21, 14, 44, 12, 39)$. Thus $Q \cong 11$. Since $Q \cong 11$ and $NL4 \cong 46$, we find the action 46 on 11 is $a^b = a^{25}$. We verify in MAGMA that $\langle a, b|a^{46}, b^{11}, a^b = a^{25} \rangle$. Thus $N \cong 46:11$. Please see Appendix B for the MAGMA code.

1.3 (46:11):2

Given a group N , we demonstrate our method of finding the isomorphism type of N . We give another example to illustrate the process.

Let $N = \langle x, y \rangle$, where $x = (1, 42, 46, 28, 40, 32, 21, 44, 13, 34, 35, 4, 9, 6, 24, 11, 19, 30, 7, 38, 17, 15)(2, 41, 45, 27, 39, 31, 22, 43, 14, 33, 36, 3, 10, 5, 23, 12, 20, 29, 8, 37, 18, 16)(25, 26)$ and $y = (1, 39, 21, 15, 13, 44, 7, 42, 37, 6, 25, 2, 40, 22, 16, 14, 43, 8, 41, 38, 5, 26)(3, 10, 12, 28, 17, 30, 33, 20, 46, 23, 31, 4, 9, 11, 27, 18, 29, 34, 19, 45, 24, 32)(35, 36)$. We note that $N < S_{46}$. It is given that $|N| = 1012$.

We use MAGMA to compute the normal lattice of N and summarize the information in the following diagram in which each group is a normal subgroup of all the groups that is connected by one or more upward lines. Each vertex of the

diagram are labeled by the order of the normal subgroup.

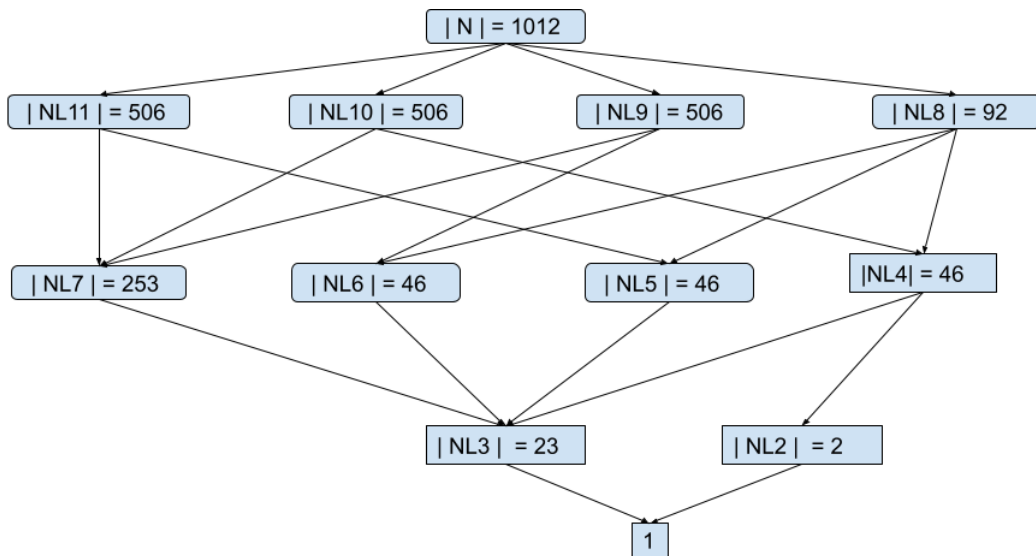


Figure 1.3: Normal Lattice Diagram of N .

We will follow the following path to arrive at the isomorphism class.

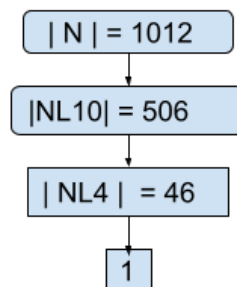


Figure 1.4: Relevant Path of $46:(11:2)$.

We use MAGMA to see that $NL10$ is isomorphic to the group in the previous section. MAGMA gives us $NL10 = \langle a, b \rangle$, where $a = (1, 32, 16, 45, 29,$

14, 43, 28, 12, 42, 25, 10, 40, 23, 7, 38, 21, 6, 35, 20, 3, 34, 17, 2, 31, 15, 46, 30, 13, 44, 27, 11, 41, 26, 9, 39, 24, 8, 37, 22, 5, 36, 19, 4, 33, 18) and $b = (3, 5, 9, 17, 33, 19, 37, 27, 7, 13, 25)(4, 6, 10, 18, 34, 20, 38, 28, 8, 14, 26)(11, 22, 42, 36, 23, 45, 44, 39, 32, 15, 30)(12, 21, 41, 35, 24, 46, 43, 40, 31, 16, 29)$. Thus $NL10 \cong 46:11$.

Let $Q = N/NL10 \cong 2$. N cannot be the direct product of $NL10$ and any other subgroup since N has no normal subgroup of order 2 outside of $NL10$. This means N is a semi-direct product of 2 and Q . $Q \cong N/NL10$ and MAGMA gives us $N/NL10 = \{NL10c\}$, where $c = (1, 42, 46, 28, 40, 32, 21, 44, 13, 34, 35, 4, 9, 6, 24, 11, 19, 30, 7, 38, 17, 15)(2, 41, 45, 27, 39, 31, 22, 43, 14, 33, 36, 3, 10, 5, 23, 12, 20, 29, 8, 37, 18, 16)(25, 26)$. Using MAGMA we confirm $Q \cong 2$. Since $Q \cong 2$ and $NL10 \cong 46:11$, we find the action of $a^c = a^{45}$ and the action $b^c = a^{36}b$. We verify in MAGMA that the presentation of $N = \langle a^{46}, b^{11}, a^b = a^{25}, c^2, a^c = a^{45}, b^c = a^{36}b \rangle$. Thus $N \cong (23 : 2):11$. Please see Appendix A for the MAGMA proof.

Chapter 2

A Degree 12 Monomial Representation of $L_2(11)$

2.1 Definition and Theorems

Definition 2.1. *The set of all invertible $n \times n$ matrices with entries in field F , under matrix multiplication, forms a group. This group is called the general linear group of degree n over F , and is denoted by $GL(n, F)$. [Jame01]*

Definition 2.2. *Let p be a prime number. $SL(2, p)$ the set of all 2×2 matrices M with entries in \mathbb{Z}_p such that $\det(M) = 1$. Then $SL(2, p)$ is a group under matrix multiplication, and is called the 2-dimensional special linear group over \mathbb{Z}_p . [Jame01]*

Definition 2.3. *The factor group $SL(2, p)/\text{Center}(SL(2, p))$ is called the 2-*

dimensional projective special linear group, and is written as $PSL(2, p)$ or $L_2(p)$.

[Jame01]

Definition 2.4. If X is a set and G is a group, then X is a **G-set** if there is a function $\alpha: G \times X \rightarrow X$ (called an **action**), denoted by $\alpha: (g, x) \mapsto gx$, such that:

(i) $1x = x$ for all $x \in X$; and

(ii) $g(hx) = (gh)x$ for all $g, h \in G$ and $x \in X$. [Rot95]

Definition 2.5. G **acts** on X , if $|X| = n$, then n is called the **degree** of the G -set X . [Rot95]

Definition 2.6. If X is a G -set and $x \in X$, then the **G-orbit** of x is $Gx = \{gx : g \in G\} \subset X$. [Rot95]

Definition 2.7. A G -set X is **transitive** if it has only one orbit; that is for every $x, y \in X$, there exists $\sigma \in G$ with $y = \sigma x$. [Rot95]

Definition 2.8. A representation of G over field F is a homomorphism ρ from G to $GL(n, F)$, for some ρ . The degree of ρ is the integer n .

Definition 2.9. Let ρ be an representation of G . Then the character χ of afforded

by ρ is the function given by $\chi(g) = \text{tr}(\rho(g))$, where tr is the trace. [Isaa76]

Theorem 2.10. *Theorem 1.1.13.* The number of irreducible characters of G is equal to the number of conjugacy classes of G . [Led77]

Definition 2.11. *Definition 1.1.14. (Degree of a Character)* The sum of squares of the degrees of the distinct irreducible characters of G is equal to $|G|$. The **degree of a character** χ is $\chi(1)$. Note that a character whose degree is 1 is called a **linear character**. [Led77]

Definition 2.12. *Definition 1.1.15. (Lifting Process)* Let N be a normal subgroup of G and suppose that $A_0(Nx)$ is a representation of degree m of the group G/N . Then $A(x) = A_0(Nx)$ defines a representation of G/N lifted from G/N . If $\varphi_0(Nx)$ is a character of $A_0(Nx)$, then $\varphi(x) = \varphi_0(Nx)$ is the lifted character of $A(x)$. Also, if $u \in N$, then $A(u) = Im, \varphi(u) = m = \varphi(1)$. The lifting process preserves irreducibility. [Led77]

Definition 2.13. *Definition 1.1.16. (Induced Character)* The character of $A(x)$, which is called the **induced character** of ϕ , will be denoted by ϕ^G . Thus, $\phi^G = \text{tr}A(x) = \sum_{i=1}^n \phi(t_i x t_i^{-1})$. [Led77]

Definition 2.14. Let n be a positive integer, and denote by \mathbb{C} the set of all complex numbers. The set of n th roots of unity in \mathbb{C} , with the usual multiplication of

complex numbers, is a group of order n . It is written as \mathbb{C}_n and is called the cyclic group of order n . [Jame01]

Definition 2.15. Definition 1.1.10. (Progenitor) A **progenitor** is a semi-direct product of the following form: $P \cong 2^{*n} : N = \{\pi w \mid \pi \in N, \text{ and } w \text{ is a word in the } t_i\}$, where 2^{*n} denotes a free product of n copies of a cyclic group of order 2 generated by involutions t_i for $i=1, \dots, n$; and N is a transitive permutation group of degree n which acts on the free product by permuting the involutory generators. [Curt96]

2.2 Induction of 5:11 Onto $L_2(11)$

Let $G = \langle (3, 7, 9, 4, 5)(6, 8, 12, 10, 11), (1, 8, 2)(3, 4, 7)(5, 12, 11)(6, 9, 10) \rangle$. MAGMA gives us that the order of $G = 660$ and G is isomorphic $L_2(11)$. Let $x = (3, 7, 9, 4, 5)(6, 8, 12, 10, 11)$ and $y = (1, 8, 2)(3, 4, 7)(5, 12, 11)$.

Given that G has a faithful character χ of degree 12. In the table below z_5 is a primitive 5th root of unity.

Class	Rep- resentative	Id(G)	$(xy^{-1})^3$	y	yx^2	$(yx^2)^2$	yx^{-1}	xy	$(yx)^2$
size		1	55	110	132	132	110	60	60
χ		12	0	0	$-z_5^3 - z_5^2 - 1$	$-z_5^3 - z_5^2 - 1$	0	1	1

Table 2.1: The Classes of G .

We need to find a subgroup, H , of G with index 12. If we can find a character of H that induces to χ then we can construct a faithful irreducible monomial representation of G .

Let $H = \langle z, w \rangle$, where $z = (1, 4, 3, 10, 8)(2, 7, 5, 12, 11)$ and $w = (1, 2, 12, 11, 3, 7, 6, 4, 5, 8, 10)$. Given $\langle z \rangle$ is normal in H and $\langle w \rangle$ is normal in H , We have $H \cong \langle z \rangle : \langle w \rangle$; that is, $H \cong 5:11$.

We want to induce the following character of H up to G :

Class Representative	Id(H)	z	z^2	z^3	z^4	w	w^2
Size	1	11	11	11	11	5	5
χ_2	1	z_5	z_5^2	z_5^3	z_5^4	1	1

Table 2.2: The Character χ_2 of $5:11$.

Definition 2.16. (Formula for Induced Character) Let G be a finite group and H be a subgroup such that $[G : H] = |G|/|H| = n$. Let C_α , $\alpha = 1, 2, \dots, m$ be the conjugacy classes of G with $|C_\alpha| = h_\alpha$. Let ϕ be a character of H and ϕ^G be the character of G induced from the character ϕ of H up to G . The values of ϕ^G on the m classes of G are given by:

$$\phi_\alpha^G(x) = \frac{n}{h_\alpha} \sum_{\omega \in C_\alpha \cap H} \phi(\omega).$$

In our case $n = 660/55 = 12$ and $\phi = \chi_2$. The conjugacy class of G are as follows:

Class								
Repre- sentative	Id(G)	$(xy^{-1})^3$	y	yx^2	$(yx^2)^2$	yx^{-1}	xy	$(yx)^2$
size	1	55	110	132	132	110	60	60

Table 2.3: The Conjugacy Classes of $L_2(\mathbf{11})$.

We will use MAGMA to look up the elements of the group and of the conjugacy classes.

$$C_1 \cap H = \{\text{id}(H)\} \implies \chi_2(\text{Id}(H)) = 1 \implies \phi_1^G = 12/1(1) = 12.$$

$$C_2 \cap H = \{\} \implies \phi_2^G = 0, \text{ where } \{\} \text{ is the empty set.}$$

$$C_3 \cap H = \{\} \implies \phi_3^G = 0.$$

$$C_4 \cap H = \{ (1, 7, 5, 2, 10)(3, 11, 8, 6, 12), (1, 12, 2, 4, 3)(5, 8, 11, 6, 10), \\ (1, 10, 2, 5, 7)(3, 12, 6, 8, 11), (1, 6, 7, 4, 11)(2, 3, 8, 10, 5), (1, 8, 12, 7, 10)(2, 4, \\ 6, 5, 3), (1, 12, 8, 6, 2)(3, 7, 11, 4, 10), (1, 11, 4, 7, 6)(2, 5, 10, 8, 3), (1, 2, 6, 8, \\ 12)(3, 10, 4, 11, 7), (1, 5, 11, 12, 3)(2, 6, 4, 7, 8), (1, 3, 12, 11, 5)(2, 8, 7, 4, 6), (1, \\ 3, 4, 2, 12)(5, 10, 6, 11, 8), (1, 5, 3, 6, 7)(2, 12, 4, 10, 11), (1, 4, 8, 5, 11)(3, 7, 10, \\ 12, 6), (1, 7, 6, 3, 5)(2, 11, 10, 4, 12), (1, 6, 11, 10, 2)(4, 5, 12, 7, 8), (1, 10, 7, 12, \\ 8)(2, 3, 5, 6, 4), (1, 11, 5, 8, 4)(3, 6, 12, 10, 7), (1, 8, 10, 3, 4)(2, 11, 12, 5, 7), (2, \\ 7, 11, 3, 8)(4, 12, 10, 6, 5), (1, 2, 10, 11, 6)(4, 8, 7, 12, 5), (2, 8, 3, 11, 7)(4, 5, 6, \\ 10, 12), (1, 4, 3, 10, 8)(2, 7, 5, 12, 11) \} \implies \phi_4^G = (12/132)(\chi_2((1, 7, 5, 2, 10)(3, \\ 11, 8, 6, 12)) + \chi_2((1, 12, 2, 4, 3)(5, 8, 11, 6, 10)) + \chi_2((1, 10, 2, 5, 7)(3, 12, 6, \\ 8, 11)) + \chi_2((1, 6, 7, 4, 11)(2, 3, 8, 10, 5)) + \chi_2((1, 8, 12, 7, 10)(2, 4, 6, 5, 3)) + \\ \chi_2((1, 12, 8, 6, 2)(3, 7, 11, 4, 10)) + \chi_2((1, 11, 4, 7, 6)(2, 5, 10, 8, 3)) + \chi_2((1, 2,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 6, 8, 12)(3, 10, 4, 11, 7)) + \chi_2((1, 5, 11, 12, 3)(2, 6, 4, 7, 8)) + \chi_2((1, 3, 12, 11, \\
& 5)(2, 8, 7, 4, 6)) + \chi_2((1, 3, 4, 2, 12)(5, 10, 6, 11, 8)) + \chi_2((1, 5, 3, 6, 7)(2, 12, 4, \\
& 10, 11)) + \chi_2((1, 4, 8, 5, 11)(3, 7, 10, 12, 6)) + \chi_2((1, 7, 6, 3, 5)(2, 11, 10, 4, 12)) \\
& + \chi_2((1, 6, 11, 10, 2)(4, 5, 12, 7, 8)) + \chi_2((1, 10, 7, 12, 8)(2, 3, 5, 6, 4,)) + \chi_2((1, \\
& 11, 5, 8, 4)(3, 6, 12, 10, 7)) + \chi_2((1, 8, 10, 3, 4)(2, 11, 12, 5, 7)) + \chi_2((2, 7, 11, 3, \\
& 8)(4, 12, 10, 6, 5)) + \chi_2((1, 2, 10, 11, 6)(4, 8, 7, 12, 5)) + \chi_2((2, 8, 3, 11, 7)(4, 5, \\
& 6, 10, 12)) + \chi_2((1, 4, 3, 10, 8)(2, 7, 5, 12, 11))) \implies (12/132)(z_5^4 + z_5^4 + z_5 + \\
& z_5 + z_5 + z_5 + z_5^4 + z_5^4 + z_5 + z_5^4 + z_5 + z_5^4 + z_5^4 + z_5 + z_5^4 + z_5^4 + z_5 + \\
& z_5^4 + z_5^4 + z_5^4 + z_5^4 + z_5^4) = (12/132)(11)(-z_5^3 - z_5^2 - 1) = -z_5^3 - z_5^2 - 1.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_5 \cap H = \{ (1, 11, 2, 6, 10)(4, 12, 8, 5, 7), (1, 4, 12, 3, 2)(5, 6, 8, 10, \\
& 11), (1, 5, 10, 7, 2)(3, 8, 12, 11, 6), (1, 2, 7, 10, 5)(3, 6, 11, 12, 8), (1, 8, 2, 12, \\
& 6)(3, 11, 10, 7, 4), (1, 6, 5, 7, 3)(2, 10, 12, 11, 4), (1, 10, 6, 2, 11)(4, 7, 5, 8, 12), \\
& (1, 2, 3, 12, 4)(5, 11, 10, 8, 6), (1, 6, 12, 2, 8)(3, 4, 7, 10, 11), (1, 7, 8, 10, 12)(2, \\
& 5, 4, 3, 6), (1, 5, 4, 11, 8)(3, 12, 7, 6, 10), (1, 3, 8, 4, 10)(2, 5, 11, 7, 12), (2, 3, 7, \\
& 8, 11)(4, 6, 12, 5, 10), (1, 7, 11, 6, 4)(2, 8, 5, 3, 10), (1, 11, 3, 5, 12)(2, 4, 8, 6, 7), \\
& (2, 11, 8, 7, 3)(4, 10, 5, 12, 6), (1, 12, 10, 8, 7)(2, 6, 3, 4, 5), (1, 4, 6, 11, 7)(2, 10, \\
& 3, 5, 8), (1, 10, 4, 8, 3)(2, 12, 7, 11, 5), (1, 8, 11, 4, 5)(3, 10, 6, 7, 12), (1, 12, 5, 3, \\
& 11)(2, 7, 6, 8, 4), (1, 3, 7, 5, 6)(2, 4, 11, 12, 10) \implies \phi_5^G = (12/132)(\chi_2((1, 11, 2, \\
& 6, 10)(4, 12, 8, 5, 7)) + \chi_2((1, 4, 12, 3, 2)(5, 6, 8, 10, 11)) + \chi_2((1, 5, 10, 7, 2)(3, \\
& 8, 12, 11, 6)) + \chi_2((1, 2, 7, 10, 5)(3, 6, 11, 12, 8)) + \chi_2((1, 8, 2, 12, 6)(3, 11, 10, \\
& 7, 4)) + \chi_2((1, 6, 5, 7, 3)(2, 10, 12, 11, 4)) + \chi_2((1, 10, 6, 2, 11)(4, 7, 5, 8, 12)) + \\
& \chi_2((1, 2, 3, 12, 4)(5, 11, 10, 8, 6)) + \chi_2((1, 6, 12, 2, 8)(3, 4, 7, 10, 11)) + \chi_2((1, \\
& 7, 8, 10, 12)(2, 5, 4, 3, 6)) + \chi_2((1, 5, 4, 11, 8)(3, 12, 7, 6, 10)) + \chi_2((1, 3, 8, 4, \\
& 10)(2, 5, 11, 7, 12)) + \chi_2((2, 3, 7, 8, 11)(4, 6, 12, 5, 10)) + \chi_2((1, 7, 11, 6, 4)(2, 8,
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 5, 3, 10)) + \chi_2((1, 11, 3, 5, 12)(2, 4, 8, 6, 7)) + \chi_2((2, 11, 8, 7, 3)(4, 10, 5, 12, 6)) \\
& + \chi_2((1, 12, 10, 8, 7)(2, 6, 3, 4, 5)) + \chi_2((1, 4, 6, 11, 7)(2, 10, 3, 5, 8)) + \chi_2((1, \\
& 10, 4, 8, 3)(2, 12, 7, 11, 5)) + \chi_2((1, 8, 11, 4, 5)(3, 10, 6, 7, 12)) + \chi_2((1, 12, 5, \\
& 3, 11)(2, 7, 6, 8, 4)) + \chi_2((1, 3, 7, 5, 6)(2, 4, 11, 12, 10))) = (12/132)(z_5^3 + z_5^2 + \\
& z_5^3 + z_5^2 + z_5^2 + z_5^2 + z_5^2 + z_5^3 + z_5^3 + z_5^3 + z_5^2 + z_5^2 + zz_5^2 + z_5^2 + z_5^2 + \\
& z_5^3 + z_5^2 + z_5^3 + z_5^3 + z_5^3 + z_5^3 + z_5^3) = (12/132)(11)(z_5^3 + z_5^2) = z_5^3 + z_5^2.
\end{aligned}$$

$$C_6 \cap H = \{\} \implies \phi_6^G = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_7 \cap H = \{(1, 12, 3, 6, 5, 10, 2, 11, 7, 4, 8), (1, 6, 2, 4, 12, 5, 11, 8, 3, \\
& 10, 7), (1, 4, 11, 10, 6, 12, 8, 7, 2, 5, 3), (1, 5, 7, 12, 10, 4, 3, 2, 8, 6, 11), (1, 10, \\
& 8, 5, 4, 6, 7, 3, 11, 12, 2)\} \implies \phi_7^G = (12/132)(\chi_2((1, 12, 3, 6, 5, 10, 2, 11, 7, 4, \\
& 8)) + \chi_2((1, 6, 2, 4, 12, 5, 11, 8, 3, 10, 7)) + \chi_2((1, 4, 11, 10, 6, 12, 8, 7, 2, 5, 3)) \\
& + \chi_2((1, 5, 7, 12, 10, 4, 3, 2, 8, 6, 11)) + \chi_2((1, 10, 8, 5, 4, 6, 7, 3, 11, 12, 2))) = \\
& (60/12)(1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1) = 1.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& C_8 \cap H = \{(1, 2, 12, 11, 3, 7, 6, 4, 5, 8, 10), (1, 11, 6, 8, 2, 3, 4, 10, 12, \\
& 7, 5), (1, 7, 10, 3, 8, 11, 5, 12, 4, 2, 6), (1, 3, 5, 2, 7, 8, 12, 6, 10, 11, 4), (1, 8, 4, \\
& 7, 11, 2, 10, 5, 6, 3, 12)\} \implies \phi_8^G = (12/60)(\chi_2((1, 2, 12, 11, 3, 7, 6, 4, 5, 8, 10)) \\
& + \chi_2((1, 11, 6, 8, 2, 3, 4, 10, 12, 7, 5)) + \chi_2((1, 7, 10, 3, 8, 11, 5, 12, 4, 2, 6)) + \\
& \chi_2((1, 3, 5, 2, 7, 8, 12, 6, 10, 11, 4)) + \chi_2((1, 8, 4, 7, 11, 2, 10, 5, 6, 3, 12))) = \\
& (12/60)(1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1) = 1.
\end{aligned}$$

The values of character of ϕ^G are summarized below:

Class Rep- representative	Id(G)	$(xy^{-1})^3$	y	yx^2	$(yx^2)^2$	yx^{-1}	xy	$(yx)^2$
size	1	55	110	132	132	110	60	60
ϕ^G	12	0	0	$-z_5^3 - z_5^2 - 1$	$-z_5^3 - z_5^2 - 1$	0	1	1

Table 2.4: The Induced Character of $L_2(11)$.

Note that χ is the induced character ϕ^G . Since we are able to induce character χ_2 of H to obtain character χ of G, we can now construct a faithful monomial representation of G.

2.3 A Monomial Representation of $L_2(11)$.

Given the following ten transversals of H in G:

$$t_1 = \text{Id}(G),$$

$$t_2 = (3, 7, 9, 4, 5)(6, 8, 12, 10, 11),$$

$$t_3 = (1, 8, 2)(3, 4, 7)(5, 12, 11)(6, 9, 10),$$

$$t_4 = (1, 7, 12, 4, 8)(3, 11, 10, 9, 5),$$

$$t_5 = (3, 5, 4, 9, 7)(6, 11, 10, 12, 8),$$

$$t_6 = (1, 4)(2, 8)(3, 12)(5, 7)(6, 10)(9, 11),$$

$$t_7 = (1, 10, 12, 8, 2)(5, 11, 7, 9, 6),$$

$$t_8 = (3, 4, 7, 5, 9)(6, 10, 8, 11, 12),$$

$$t_9 = (1, 5, 9, 12, 10)(3, 11, 7, 4, 6),$$

$$t_{10} = (1, 11, 9, 8, 2)(3, 7, 4, 5, 6),$$

$$t_{11} = (1, 5, 9, 2, 8)(4, 12, 11, 10, 6),$$

$$t_{12} = (1, 12, 5, 10, 9)(3, 4, 11, 6, 7).$$

Recall the character χ_2 of $H = \phi$.

Let $A(x) =$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccccccc} \phi(t_1xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_1xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_1xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_1xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_1xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_1xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_2xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_2xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_2xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_2xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_2xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_2xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_3xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_3xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_3xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_3xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_3xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_3xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_4xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_4xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_4xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_4xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_4xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_4xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_5xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_6xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_7xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_8xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_9xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_9xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_9xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_9xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_9xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_9xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_{10}xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_{10}xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_{10}xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_{10}xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{10}xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{10}xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_{11}xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_{11}xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_{11}xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_{11}xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{11}xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{11}xt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_{12}xt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_{12}xt_2^{-1}) & \phi(t_{12}xt_3^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_{12}xt_{10}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{12}xt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{12}xt_{12}^{-1}) \end{array} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow A(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & z_5^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

We need to find a prime p such that \mathbb{Z}_p has elements of order 5 and $5|(p-1)$. This means $p-1 = 5k$. Now, $p = 5k + 1$. We find that $k = 2$ gives the smallest such p and $p = 11$. Since 5 is of order 5 in \mathbb{Z}_{11} , we replace z_5 with 5 and change the entries in $A(x)$ so that they belong to \mathbb{Z}_{11} .

$$B(y) = \begin{pmatrix} \phi(t_1yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_1yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_1yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_1yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_2yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_2yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_2yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_2yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_3yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_3yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_3yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_3yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_4yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_4yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_4yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_4yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_5yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_6yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_7yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_8yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_5yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_5yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_9yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_9yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_9yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_9yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_{10}yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_{10}yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_{10}yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{10}yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_{11}yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_{11}yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_{11}yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{11}yt_{12}^{-1}) \\ \phi(t_{12}yt_1^{-1}) & \phi(t_{12}yt_2^{-1}) & \dots & \phi(t_{12}yt_{11}^{-1}) & \phi(t_{12}yt_{12}^{-1}) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B(y) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ z_5^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & z_5^4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & z_5^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

We must replace z_5 with 5 and change the entries of $B(y)$ so that they belong to \mathbb{Z}_{11} .

$$B(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Since our field of entries is \mathbb{Z}_{11} and the dimension of the entries is 12, the monomial progenitor is $11^{*12} :_m L_2(11)$.

Since $|t_i| = 11$, each t_i has 10 distinct powers, we label the 12 t_i s and their powers as follows:

label	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
element	t_1	t_2	t_3	t_4	t_5	t_6	t_7	t_8	t_9	t_{10}	t_{11}	t_{12}
label	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
element	t_1^2	t_2^2	t_3^2	t_4^2	t_5^2	t_6^2	t_7^2	t_8^2	t_9^2	t_{10}^2	t_{11}^2	t_{12}^2
label	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
element	t_1^3	t_2^3	t_3^3	t_4^3	t_5^3	t_6^3	t_7^3	t_8^3	t_9^3	t_{10}^3	t_{11}^3	t_{12}^3
label	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
element	t_1^4	t_2^4	t_3^4	t_4^4	t_5^4	t_6^4	t_7^4	t_8^4	t_9^4	t_{10}^4	t_{11}^4	t_{12}^4
label	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
element	t_1^5	t_2^5	t_3^5	t_4^5	t_5^5	t_6^5	t_7^5	t_8^5	t_9^5	t_{10}^5	t_{11}^5	t_{12}^5
label	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
element	t_1^6	t_2^6	t_3^6	t_4^6	t_5^6	t_6^6	t_7^6	t_8^6	t_9^6	t_{10}^6	t_{11}^6	t_{12}^6
label	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	81	83	84
element	t_1^7	t_2^7	t_3^7	t_4^7	t_5^7	t_6^7	t_7^7	t_8^7	t_9^7	t_{10}^7	t_{11}^7	t_{12}^7
label	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
element	t_1^8	t_2^8	t_3^8	t_4^8	t_5^8	t_6^8	t_7^8	t_8^8	t_9^8	t_{10}^8	t_{11}^8	t_{12}^8
label	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108
element	t_1^9	t_2^9	t_3^9	t_4^9	t_5^9	t_6^9	t_7^9	t_8^9	t_9^9	t_{10}^9	t_{11}^9	t_{12}^9
label	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
element	t_1^{10}	t_2^{10}	t_3^{10}	t_4^{10}	t_5^{10}	t_6^{10}	t_7^{10}	t_8^{10}	t_9^{10}	t_{10}^{10}	t_{11}^{10}	t_{12}^{10}

Table 2.5: Labeling of 120 t_i s on Which $L_2(11)$ Acts.

The matrices of $L_2(11)$ act as monomial automorphisms on the 120 letters (t_i) s given above. The monomial action is given by: $a_{i,j} = b \iff t_i \mapsto t_j^b$. We now want to compute the permutation representation of the monomial representation of $L_2(11)$ to give a symmetric presentation of the monomial progenitor $11^{*12} :_m L_2(11)$.

From the 1st row of matrix $A(x)$ we get $a_{1,2} = 1$, which leads to all of the following:

$$t_1 = t_2^1 \implies 1 \rightarrow 2$$

$$t_1^2 = (t_2^1)^2 = t_2^2 \implies 13 \rightarrow 14$$

$$t_1^3 = (t_2^1)^3 = t_2^3 \implies 25 \rightarrow 26$$

$$t_1^4 = (t_2^1)^4 = t_2^4 \implies 37 \rightarrow 38$$

$$t_1^5 = (t_2^1)^5 = t_2^5 \implies 49 \rightarrow 50$$

$$t_1^6 = (t_2^1)^6 = t_2^6 \implies 61 \rightarrow 62$$

$$t_1^7 = (t_2^1)^7 = t_2^7 \implies 73 \rightarrow 74$$

$$t_1^8 = (t_2^1)^8 = t_2^8 \implies 85 \rightarrow 86$$

$$t_1^9 = (t_2^1)^9 = t_2^9 \implies 97 \rightarrow 98$$

$$t_1^{10} = (t_2^1)^{10} = t_2^{10} \implies 109 \rightarrow 110$$

$$a_{2,4} = 4 \implies$$

$$t_2 = t_4^4 \implies 2 \rightarrow 40$$

$$t_2^2 = (t_4^4)^2 = t_4^8 \implies 14 \rightarrow 88$$

$$t_2^3 = (t_4^4)^3 = t_4^{12} = t_4^1 \implies 26 \rightarrow 4$$

$$t_2^4 = (t_4^4)^4 = t_4^{16} = t_4^5 \implies 38 \rightarrow 52$$

$$t_2^5 = (t_4^4)^5 = t_4^{20} = t_4^9 \implies 50 \rightarrow 100$$

$$t_2^6 = (t_4^4)^6 = t_4^{24} = t_4^2 \implies 62 \rightarrow 16$$

$$t_2^7 = (t_4^4)^7 = t_4^{28} = t_4^6 \implies 74 \rightarrow 64$$

$$t_2^8 = (t_4^4)^8 = t_4^{32} = t_4^{10} \implies 86 \rightarrow 112$$

$$t_2^9 = (t_4^4)^9 = t_4^{36} = t_4^3 \implies 98 \rightarrow 28$$

$$t_2^{10} = (t_4^4)^{10} = t_4^{40} = t_4^7 \implies 110 \rightarrow 76$$

$$a_{3,6} = 4 \implies$$

$$t_3 = t_6^4 \implies 3 \rightarrow 42$$

$$t_3^2 = (t_6^4)^2 = t_6^8 \implies 15 \rightarrow 90$$

$$t_3^3 = (t_6^4)^3 = t_6^{12} = t_6^1 \implies 27 \rightarrow 6$$

$$t_3^4 = (t_6^4)^4 = t_6^{16} = t_6^5 \implies 39 \rightarrow 54$$

$$t_3^5 = (t_6^4)^5 = t_6^{20} = t_6^9 \implies 51 \rightarrow 102$$

$$t_3^6 = (t_6^4)^6 = t_6^{24} = t_6^2 \implies 63 \rightarrow 18$$

$$t_3^7 = (t_6^4)^7 = t_6^{28} = t_6^6 \implies 7566$$

$$t_3^8 = (t_6^4)^8 = t_6^{32} = t_6^{10} \implies 87 \rightarrow 114$$

$$t_3^9 = (t_6^4)^9 = t_6^{36} = t_6^3 \implies 99 \rightarrow 30$$

$$t_3^{10} = (t_6^4)^{10} = t_6^{40} = t_6^7 \implies 111 \rightarrow 78$$

$$a_{4,8} = 3 \implies$$

$$t_4 = t_8^3 \implies 4 \rightarrow 32$$

$$t_4^2 = (t_8^3)^2 = t_8^6 \implies 16 \rightarrow 68$$

$$t_4^3 = (t_8^3)^3 = t_8^9 = t_8^9 \implies 28 \rightarrow 104$$

$$t_4^4 = (t_8^3)^4 = t_8^{12} = t_8^1 \implies 40 \rightarrow 8$$

$$t_4^5 = (t_8^3)^5 = t_8^{15} = t_8^4 \implies 52 \rightarrow 44$$

$$t_4^6 = (t_8^3)^6 = t_8^{18} = t_8^7 \implies 64 \rightarrow 80$$

$$t_4^7 = (t_8^3)^7 = t_8^{21} = t_8^{10} \implies 76 \rightarrow 116$$

$$t_4^8 = (t_8^3)^8 = t_8^{24} = t_8^2 \implies 88 \rightarrow 20$$

$$t_4^9 = (t_8^3)^9 = t_8^{27} = t_8^5 \implies 100 \rightarrow 56$$

$$t_4^{10} = (t_8^3)^{10} = t_8^{30} = t_8^8 \implies 112 \rightarrow 92$$

$$a_{5,1} = 1 \implies$$

$$t_5 = t_1^1 \implies 5 \implies 1$$

$$t_5^2 = (t_1^1)^2 = t_1^2 \implies 17 \rightarrow 13$$

$$t_5^3 = (t_1^1)^3 = t_1^3 \implies 29 \rightarrow 25$$

$$t_5^4 = (t_1^1)^4 = t_1^4 \implies 41 \rightarrow 37$$

$$t_5^5 = (t_1^1)^5 = t_1^5 \implies 53 \rightarrow 49$$

$$t_5^6 = (t_1^1)^6 = t_1^6 \implies 65 \rightarrow 61$$

$$t_5^7 = (t_1^1)^7 = t_1^7 \implies 77 \rightarrow 73$$

$$t_5^8 = (t_1^1)^8 = t_1^8 \implies 89 \rightarrow 85$$

$$t_5^9 = (t_1^1)^9 = t_1^9 \implies 101 \rightarrow 97$$

$$t_5^{10} = (t_1^1)^{10} = t_1^{10} \implies 113 \rightarrow 109$$

$$a_{6,7} = 3 \implies$$

$$t_6 = t_7^3 \implies 6 \rightarrow 31$$

$$t_6^2 = (t_7^3)^2 = t_7^6 \implies 18 \rightarrow 67$$

$$t_6^3 = (t_7^3)^3 = t_7^9 \implies 30 \rightarrow 103$$

$$t_6^4 = (t_7^3)^4 = t_7^{12} = t_7^1 \implies 42 \rightarrow 7$$

$$t_6^5 = (t_7^3)^5 = t_7^{15} = t_7^4 \implies 54 \rightarrow 43$$

$$t_6^6 = (t_7^3)^6 = t_7^{18} = t_7^7 \implies 66 \rightarrow 79$$

$$t_6^7 = (t_7^3)^7 = t_7^{21} = t_7^{10} \implies 78 \rightarrow 115$$

$$t_6^8 = (t_7^3)^8 = t_7^{24} = t_7^2 \implies 90 \rightarrow 19$$

$$t_6^9 = (t_7^3)^9 = t_7^{27} = t_7^5 \implies 102 \rightarrow 55$$

$$t_6^{10} = (t_7^3)^{10} = t_7^{30} = t_7^8 \implies 114 \rightarrow 91$$

$$a_{7,10} = 1 \implies$$

$$t_7 = t_{10}^1 \implies 7 \rightarrow 10$$

$$t_7^2 = (t_{10}^1)^2 = t_{10}^2 \implies 19 \rightarrow 22$$

$$t_7^3 = (t_{10}^1)^3 = t_{10}^3 \implies 31 \rightarrow 34$$

$$t_7^4 = (t_{10}^1)^4 = t_{10}^4 \implies 43 \rightarrow 46$$

$$t_7^5 = (t_{10}^1)^5 = t_{10}^5 \implies 55 \rightarrow 58$$

$$t_7^6 = (t_{10}^1)^6 = t_{10}^6 \implies 67 \rightarrow 70$$

$$t_7^7 = (t_{10}^1)^7 = t_{10}^7 \implies 79 \rightarrow 82$$

$$t_7^8 = (t_{10}^1)^8 = t_{10}^8 \implies 91 \rightarrow 94$$

$$t_7^9 = (t_{10}^1)^9 = t_{10}^9 \implies 103 \rightarrow 106$$

$$t_7^{10} = (t_{10}^1)^{10} = t_{10}^{10} \implies 115 \rightarrow 118$$

$$a_{8,5} = 1 \implies$$

$$t_8 = t_5^1 \implies 8 \rightarrow 5$$

$$t_8^2 = (t_5^1)^2 = t_5^2 \implies 20 \rightarrow 17$$

$$t_8^3 = (t_5^1)^3 = t_5^3 \implies 32 \rightarrow 29$$

$$t_8^4 = (t_5^1)^4 = t_5^4 \implies 44 \rightarrow 41$$

$$t_8^5 = (t_5^1)^5 = t_5^5 \implies 56 \rightarrow 53$$

$$t_8^6 = (t_5^1)^6 = t_5^6 \implies 68 \rightarrow 65$$

$$t_8^7 = (t_5^1)^7 = t_5^7 \implies 80 \rightarrow 77$$

$$t_8^8 = (t_5^1)^8 = t_5^8 \implies 92 \rightarrow 89$$

$$t_8^9 = (t_5^1)^9 = t_5^9 \implies 104 \rightarrow 101$$

$$t_8^{10} = (t_5^1)^{10} = t_5^{10} \implies 116 \rightarrow 113$$

$$a_{9,3} = 3 \implies$$

$$t_9 = t_3^3 \implies 9 \rightarrow 27$$

$$t_9^2 = (t_3^3)^2 = t_3^6 \implies 21 \rightarrow 63$$

$$t_9^3 = (t_3^3)^3 = t_3^9 \implies 33 \rightarrow 99$$

$$t_9^4 = (t_3^3)^4 = t_3^{12} = t_3^1 \implies 45 \rightarrow 3$$

$$t_9^5 = (t_3^3)^5 = t_3^{15} = t_3^4 \implies 57 \rightarrow 39$$

$$t_9^6 = (t_3^3)^6 = t_3^{18} = t_3^7 \implies 69 \rightarrow 75$$

$$t_9^7 = (t_3^3)^7 = t_3^{21} = t_3^{10} \implies 81 \rightarrow 111$$

$$t_9^8 = (t_3^3)^8 = t_3^{24} = t_3^2 \implies 93 \rightarrow 15$$

$$t_9^9 = (t_3^3)^9 = t_3^{27} = t_3^5 \implies 105 \rightarrow 51$$

$$t_9^{10} = (t_3^3)^{10} = t_3^{30} = t_3^8 \implies 117 \rightarrow 87$$

$$a_{10,9} = 4 \implies$$

$$t_{10} = t_9^4 \implies 10 \rightarrow 45$$

$$t_{10}^2 = (t_9^4)^2 = t_9^8 \implies 22 \rightarrow 93$$

$$t_{10}^3 = (t_9^4)^3 = t_9^{12} = t_9^1 \implies 34 \rightarrow 9$$

$$t_{10}^4 = (t_9^4)^4 = t_9^{16} = t_9^5 \implies 46 \rightarrow 57$$

$$t_{10}^5 = (t_9^4)^5 = t_9^{20} = t_9^9 \implies 58 \rightarrow 105$$

$$t_{10}^6 = (t_9^4)^6 = t_9^{24} = t_9^2 \implies 70 \rightarrow 21$$

$$t_{10}^7 = (t_9^4)^7 = t_9^{28} = t_9^6 \implies 82 \rightarrow 69$$

$$t_{10}^8 = (t_9^4)^8 = t_9^{32} = t_9^{10} \implies 94 \rightarrow 117$$

$$t_{10}^9 = (t_9^4)^9 = t_9^{36} = t_9^3 \implies 106 \rightarrow 33$$

$$t_{10}^{10} = (t_9^4)^{10} = t_9^{40} = t_9^7 \implies 118 \rightarrow 81$$

$$a_{11,11} = 4 \implies$$

$$t_{11} = t_{11}^4 \implies 11 \rightarrow 47$$

$$t_{11}^2 = (t_{11}^4)^2 = t_{11}^8 \implies 23 \rightarrow 95$$

$$t_{11}^3 = (t_{11}^4)^3 = t_{11}^{12} = t_{11}^1 \implies 35 \rightarrow 11$$

$$t_{11}^4 = (t_{11}^4)^4 = t_{11}^{16} = t_{11}^5 \implies 47 \rightarrow 59$$

$$t_{11}^5 = (t_{11}^4)^5 = t_{11}^{20} = t_{11}^9 \implies 59 \rightarrow 107$$

$$t_{11}^6 = (t_{11}^4)^6 = t_{11}^{24} = t_{11}^2 \implies 71 \rightarrow 23$$

$$t_{11}^7 = (t_{11}^4)^7 = t_{11}^{28} = t_{11}^6 \implies 83 \rightarrow 71$$

$$t_{11}^8 = (t_{11}^4)^8 = t_{11}^{32} = t_{11}^{10} \implies 95 \rightarrow 119$$

$$t_{11}^9 = (t_{11}^4)^9 = t_{11}^{36} = t_{11}^3 \implies 107 \rightarrow 35$$

$$t_{11}^{10} = (t_{11}^4)^{10} = t_{11}^{40} = t_{11}^7 \implies 119 \rightarrow 83$$

$$a_{12,12} = 3 \implies$$

$$t_{12} = t_{12}^3 \implies 12 \rightarrow 36$$

$$t_{12}^2 = (t_{12}^3)^2 = t_{12}^6 \implies 24 \rightarrow 72$$

$$t_{12}^3 = (t_{12}^3)^3 = t_{12}^9 = t_{12}^9 \implies 36 \rightarrow 108$$

$$t_{12}^4 = (t_{12}^3)^4 = t_{12}^{12} = t_{12}^1 \implies 48 \rightarrow 12$$

$$t_{12}^5 = (t_{12}^3)^5 = t_{12}^{15} = t_{12}^4 \implies 60 \rightarrow 48$$

$$t_{12}^6 = (t_{12}^3)^6 = t_{12}^{18} = t_{12}^7 \implies 72 \rightarrow 84$$

$$t_{12}^7 = (t_{12}^3)^7 = t_{12}^{21} = t_{12}^{10} \implies 84 \rightarrow 120$$

$$t_{12}^8 = (t_{12}^3)^8 = t_{12}^{24} = t_{12}^2 \implies 96 \rightarrow 24$$

$$t_{12}^9 = (t_{12}^3)^9 = t_{12}^{27} = t_{12}^5 \implies 108 \rightarrow 60$$

$$t_{12}^{10} = (t_{12}^3)^{10} = t_{12}^{30} = t_{12}^8 \implies 120 \rightarrow 96$$

From matrix $B(y)$ we obtain all of the following:

$$b_{1,3} = 1 \implies$$

$$t_1 = t_3^1 \implies 1 \rightarrow 3$$

$$t_1^2 = (t_3^1)^2 = t_3^2 \implies 13 \rightarrow 15$$

$$t_1^3 = (t_3^1)^3 = t_3^3 \implies 25 \rightarrow 27$$

$$t_1^4 = (t_3^1)^4 = t_3^4 \implies 37 \rightarrow 39$$

$$t_1^5 = (t_3^1)^5 = t_3^5 \implies 49 \rightarrow 51$$

$$t_1^6 = (t_3^1)^6 = t_3^6 \implies 61 \rightarrow 63$$

$$t_1^7 = (t_3^1)^7 = t_3^7 \implies 73 \rightarrow 75$$

$$t_1^8 = (t_3^1)^8 = t_3^8 \implies 85 \rightarrow 87$$

$$t_1^9 = (t_3^1)^9 = t_3^9 \implies 97 \rightarrow 99$$

$$t_1^{10} = (t_3^1)^{10} = t_3^{10} \implies 109 \rightarrow 111$$

$$b_{2,5} = 5 \implies$$

$$t_2 = t_5^5 \implies 2 \rightarrow 53 \implies$$

$$t_2^2 = (t_5^5)^2 = t_5^{10} \implies 14 \rightarrow 113$$

$$t_2^3 = (t_5^5)^3 = t_5^{15} = t_5^4 \implies 26 \rightarrow 41$$

$$t_2^4 = (t_5^5)^4 = t_5^{20} = t_5^9 \implies 38 \rightarrow 101$$

$$t_2^5 = (t_5^5)^5 = t_5^{25} = t_5^3 \implies 50 \rightarrow 29$$

$$t_2^6 = (t_5^5)^6 = t_5^{30} = t_5^8 \implies 62 \rightarrow 89$$

$$t_2^7 = (t_5^5)^7 = t_5^{35} = t_5^2 \implies 74 \rightarrow 17$$

$$t_2^8 = (t_5^5)^8 = t_5^{40} = t_5^7 \implies 86 \rightarrow 77$$

$$t_2^9 = (t_5^5)^9 = t_5^{45} = t_5^1 \implies 98 \rightarrow 5$$

$$t_2^{10} = (t_5^5)^{10} = t_5^{50} = t_5^6 \implies 110 \rightarrow 65$$

$$b_{3,7} = 3 \implies$$

$$t_3 = t_7^3 \implies 3 \rightarrow 31$$

$$t_3^2 = (t_7^3)^2 = t_7^6 \implies 15 \rightarrow 67$$

$$t_3^3 = (t_7^3)^3 = t_7^9 \implies 27 \rightarrow 103$$

$$t_3^4 = (t_7^3)^4 = t_7^{12} = t_7^1 \implies 39 \rightarrow 7$$

$$t_3^5 = (t_7^3)^5 = t_7^{15} = t_7^4 \implies 51 \rightarrow 43$$

$$t_3^6 = (t_7^3)^6 = t_7^{18} = t_7^7 \implies 63 \rightarrow 79$$

$$t_3^7 = (t_7^3)^7 = t_7^{21} = t_7^{10} \implies 75 \rightarrow 115$$

$$t_3^8 = (t_7^3)^8 = t_7^{24} = t_7^2 \implies 87 \rightarrow 19$$

$$t_3^9 = (t_7^3)^9 = t_7^{27} = t_7^5 \implies 99 \rightarrow 55$$

$$t_3^{10} = (t_7^3)^{10} = t_7^{30} = t_7^8 \implies 111 \rightarrow 91$$

$$b_{4,9} = 3 \implies$$

$$t_4 = t_9^3 \implies 4 \rightarrow 33$$

$$t_4^2 = (t_9^3)^2 = t_9^6 \implies 16 \rightarrow 69$$

$$t_4^3 = (t_9^3)^3 = t_9^9 \implies 28 \rightarrow 105$$

$$t_4^4 = (t_9^3)^4 = t_9^{12} = t_9^1 \implies 40 \rightarrow 9$$

$$t_4^5 = (t_9^3)^5 = t_9^{15} = t_9^4 \implies 52 \rightarrow 45$$

$$t_4^6 = (t_9^3)^6 = t_9^{18} = t_9^7 \implies 64 \rightarrow 81$$

$$t_4^7 = (t_9^3)^7 = t_9^{21} = t_9^{10} \implies 76 \rightarrow 117$$

$$t_4^8 = (t_9^3)^8 = t_9^{24} = t_9^2 \implies 88 \rightarrow 21$$

$$t_4^9 = (t_9^3)^9 = t_9^{27} = t_9^5 \implies 100 \rightarrow 57$$

$$t_4^{10} = (t_9^3)^{10} = t_9^{30} = t_9^8 \implies 112 \rightarrow 93$$

$$b_{5,8} = 1 \implies$$

$$t_5 = t_8^1 \implies 5 \rightarrow 8$$

$$t_5^2 = (t_8^1)^2 = t_8^2 \implies 17 \rightarrow 20$$

$$t_5^3 = (t_8^1)^3 = t_8^3 \implies 29 \rightarrow 32$$

$$t_5^4 = (t_8^1)^4 = t_8^4 \implies 41 \rightarrow 44$$

$$t_5^5 = (t_8^1)^5 = t_8^5 \implies 53 \rightarrow 56$$

$$t_5^6 = (t_8^1)^6 = t_8^6 \implies 65 \rightarrow 68$$

$$t_5^7 = (t_8^1)^7 = t_8^7 \implies 77 \rightarrow 80$$

$$t_5^8 = (t_8^1)^8 = t_8^8 \implies 89 \rightarrow 92$$

$$t_5^9 = (t_8^1)^9 = t_8^9 \implies 101 \rightarrow 104$$

$$t_5^{10} = (t_8^1)^{10} = t_8^{10} \implies 113 \rightarrow 116$$

$$b_{6,4} = 1 \implies$$

$$t_6 = t_4^1 \implies 6 \rightarrow 4$$

$$t_6^2 = (t_4^1)^2 = t_4^2 \implies 18 \rightarrow 16$$

$$t_6^3 = (t_4^1)^3 = t_4^3 \implies 30 \rightarrow 28$$

$$t_6^4 = (t_4^1)^4 = t_4^4 \implies 42 \rightarrow 40$$

$$t_6^5 = (t_4^1)^5 = t_4^5 \implies 54 \rightarrow 52$$

$$t_6^6 = (t_4^1)^6 = t_4^6 \implies 66 \rightarrow 64$$

$$t_6^7 = (t_4^1)^7 = t_4^7 \implies 78 \rightarrow 76$$

$$t_6^8 = (t_4^1)^8 = t_4^8 \implies 90 \rightarrow 88$$

$$t_6^9 = (t_4^1)^9 = t_4^9 \implies 102 \rightarrow 100$$

$$t_6^{10} = (t_4^1)^{10} = t_4^{10} \implies 114 \rightarrow 112$$

$$b_{7,1} = 4 \implies$$

$$t_7 = t_1^4 \implies 7 \rightarrow 37$$

$$t_7^2 = (t_1^4)^2 = t_1^8 \implies 19 \rightarrow 85$$

$$t_7^3 = (t_1^4)^3 = t_1^{12} = t_1^1 \implies 31 \rightarrow 1$$

$$t_7^4 = (t_1^4)^4 = t_1^{16} = t_1^5 \implies 43 \rightarrow 49$$

$$t_7^5 = (t_1^4)^5 = t_1^{20} = t_1^9 \implies 55 \rightarrow 97$$

$$t_7^6 = (t_1^4)^6 = t_1^{24} = t_1^2 \implies 67 \rightarrow 13$$

$$t_7^7 = (t_1^4)^7 = t_1^{28} = t_1^6 \implies 79 \rightarrow 61$$

$$t_7^8 = (t_1^4)^8 = t_1^{32} = t_1^{10} \implies 91 \rightarrow 109$$

$$t_7^9 = (t_1^4)^9 = t_1^{36} = t_1^3 \implies 103 \rightarrow 25$$

$$t_7^{10} = (t_1^4)^{10} = t_1^{40} = t_1^7 \implies 115 \rightarrow 73$$

$$b_{8,2} = 9 \implies$$

$$t_8 = t_2^9 \implies 8 \rightarrow 98$$

$$t_8^2 = (t_2^9)^2 = t_2^{18} = t_2^7 \implies 20 \rightarrow 74$$

$$t_8^3 = (t_2^9)^3 = t_2^{27} = t_2^5 \implies 32 \rightarrow 50$$

$$t_8^4 = (t_2^9)^4 = t_2^{36} = t_2^3 \implies 44 \rightarrow 26$$

$$t_8^5 = (t_2^9)^5 = t_2^{45} = t_2^1 \implies 56 \rightarrow 2$$

$$t_8^6 = (t_2^9)^6 = t_2^{54} = t_2^{10} \implies 68 \rightarrow 110$$

$$t_8^7 = (t_2^9)^7 = t_2^{63} = t_2^8 \implies 80 \rightarrow 86$$

$$t_8^8 = (t_2^9)^8 = t_2^{72} = t_2^6 \implies 92 \rightarrow 62$$

$$t_8^9 = (t_2^9)^9 = t_2^{81} = t_2^4 \implies 104 \rightarrow 38$$

$$t_8^{10} = (t_2^9)^{10} = t_2^{90} = t_2^2 \implies 116 \rightarrow 14$$

$$b_{9,6} = 4 \implies$$

$$t_9 = t_6^4 \implies 9 \rightarrow 42$$

$$t_9^2 = (t_6^4)^2 = t_6^8 \implies 21 \rightarrow 90$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_9^3 &= (t_6^4)^3 = t_6^{12} = t_6^1 \implies 33 \rightarrow 6 \\
t_9^4 &= (t_6^4)^4 = t_6^{16} = t_6^5 \implies 45 \rightarrow 54 \\
t_9^5 &= (t_6^4)^5 = t_6^{20} = t_6^9 \implies 57 \rightarrow 102 \\
t_9^6 &= (t_6^4)^6 = t_6^{24} = t_6^2 \implies 69 \rightarrow 18 \\
t_9^7 &= (t_6^4)^7 = t_6^{28} = t_6^6 \implies 81 \rightarrow 66 \\
t_9^8 &= (t_6^4)^8 = t_6^{32} = t_6^{10} \implies 93 \rightarrow 114 \\
t_9^9 &= (t_6^4)^9 = t_6^{36} = t_6^3 \implies 105 \rightarrow 30 \\
t_9^{10} &= (t_6^4)^{10} = t_6^{40} = t_6^7 \implies 117 \rightarrow 78
\end{aligned}$$

$$b_{10,11} = 1 \implies$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{10} &= t_{11}^1 \implies 10 \rightarrow 11 \\
t_{10}^2 &= (t_{11}^1)^2 = t_{11}^2 \implies 22 \rightarrow 23 \\
t_{10}^3 &= (t_{11}^1)^3 = t_{11}^3 \implies 34 \rightarrow 35 \\
t_{10}^4 &= (t_{11}^1)^4 = t_{11}^4 \implies 46 \rightarrow 47 \\
t_{10}^5 &= (t_{11}^1)^5 = t_{11}^5 \implies 58 \rightarrow 59 \\
t_{10}^6 &= (t_{11}^1)^6 = t_{11}^6 \implies 70 \rightarrow 71 \\
t_{10}^7 &= (t_{11}^1)^7 = t_{11}^7 \implies 82 \rightarrow 83 \\
t_{10}^8 &= (t_{11}^1)^8 = t_{11}^8 \implies 94 \rightarrow 95 \\
t_{10}^9 &= (t_{11}^1)^9 = t_{11}^9 \implies 106 \rightarrow 107 \\
t_{10}^{10} &= (t_{11}^1)^{10} = t_{11}^{10} \implies 118 \rightarrow 119
\end{aligned}$$

$$b_{11,12} = 1 \implies$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{11} &= t_{12}^1 \implies 11 \rightarrow 12 \\
t_{11}^2 &= (t_{12}^1)^2 = t_{12}^2 \implies 23 \rightarrow 24 \\
t_{11}^3 &= (t_{12}^1)^3 = t_{12}^3 \implies 35 \rightarrow 36
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{11}^4 &= (t_{12}^1)^4 = t_{12}^4 \implies 47 \rightarrow 48 \\
t_{11}^5 &= (t_{12}^1)^5 = t_{12}^5 \implies 59 \rightarrow 60 \\
t_{11}^6 &= (t_{12}^1)^6 = t_{12}^6 \implies 71 \rightarrow 72 \\
t_{11}^7 &= (t_{12}^1)^7 = t_{12}^7 \implies 83 \rightarrow 84 \\
t_{11}^8 &= (t_{12}^1)^8 = t_{12}^8 \implies 95 \rightarrow 96 \\
t_{11}^9 &= (t_{12}^1)^9 = t_{12}^9 \implies 107 \rightarrow 108 \\
t_{11}^{10} &= (t_{12}^1)^{10} = t_{12}^{10} \implies 119 \rightarrow 120
\end{aligned}$$

$$b_{12,10} = 1 \implies$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{12} &= t_{10}^1 \implies 12 \rightarrow 10 \\
t_{12}^2 &= (t_{10}^1)^2 = t_{10}^2 \implies 24 \rightarrow 22 \\
t_{12}^3 &= (t_{10}^1)^3 = t_{10}^3 \implies 36 \rightarrow 34 \\
t_{12}^4 &= (t_{10}^1)^4 = t_{10}^4 \implies 48 \rightarrow 46 \\
t_{12}^5 &= (t_{10}^1)^5 = t_{10}^5 \implies 60 \rightarrow 58 \\
t_{12}^6 &= (t_{10}^1)^6 = t_{10}^6 \implies 72 \rightarrow 70 \\
t_{12}^7 &= (t_{10}^1)^7 = t_{10}^7 \implies 84 \rightarrow 82 \\
t_{12}^8 &= (t_{10}^1)^8 = t_{10}^8 \implies 96 \rightarrow 94 \\
t_{12}^9 &= (t_{10}^1)^9 = t_{10}^9 \implies 108 \rightarrow 106 \\
t_{12}^{10} &= (t_{10}^1)^{10} = t_{10}^{10} \implies 120 \rightarrow 118
\end{aligned}$$

Using the above mapping we get $A(x) \sim xx = (1, 3, 31)(2, 53, 56)(4, 33, 6)(5, 8, 98)(7, 37, 39)(9, 42, 40)(10, 11, 12)(13, 15, 67)(14, 113, 116)(16, 69, 18)(17, 20, 74)(19, 85, 87)(21, 90, 88)(22, 23, 24)(25, 27, 103)(26, 41, 44)(28, 105, 30)(29, 32, 50)(34, 35, 36)(38, 101, 104)(43, 49, 51)(45, 54, 52)(46, 47, 48)(55, 97, 99)(57, 102, 100)(58, 59, 60)(61, 63, 79)(62, 89, 92)(64, 81, 66)(65, 68, 110)(70, 71,$

72)(73, 75, 115)(76, 117, 78)(77, 80, 86)(82, 83, 84)(91, 109, 111)(93, 114, 112)(94, 95, 96)(106, 107, 108)(118, 119, 120).

We apply the same method to matrix $B(y)$ and obtain $yy = (1, 27, 31)(2, 101, 56)(3, 7, 37)(4, 9, 54)(5, 32, 50)(6, 100, 105)(8, 98, 41)(10, 11, 12)(13, 63, 67)(14, 77, 116)(15, 19, 85)(16, 21, 114)(17, 68, 110)(18, 76, 81)(20, 74, 89)(22, 23, 24)(25, 99, 103)(26, 53, 44)(28, 33, 42)(29, 104, 38)(30, 52, 57)(34, 35, 36)(39, 43, 49)(40, 45, 102)(46, 47, 48)(51, 55, 97)(58, 59, 60)(61, 75, 79)(62, 113, 92)(64, 69, 90)(65, 80, 86)(66, 112, 117)(70, 71, 72)(73, 111, 115)(78, 88, 93)(82, 83, 84)(87, 91, 109)(94, 95, 96)(106, 107, 108)(118, 119, 120).$

Now, $N = \langle xx, yy \rangle \cong L_2(11)$. Thus, N is a monomial permutation presentation on $L_2(11)$. It is now possible to create a monomial progenitor $G \cong 11^{*12} :_m L_2(11)$. There is a MAGMA example of this progenitor in the Appendix E.

Chapter 3

Progenitors

3.1 Progenitor $3^{*56}:(2^3:(3:7))$

The purpose of this section is to show some examples of progenitor images that we found using Magma.

Notation: If x is a word in a presentation of a group, and the corresponding permutation is xx , then we express this by writing $x \sim xx$.

$$x \sim (1, 28, 30)(2, 40, 39)(3, 55, 54)(4, 26, 29)(5, 25, 10)(6, 31, 9)(7, 19, 18)(8, 16, 21)(11, 17, 24)(12, 41, 50)(13, 52, 42)(14, 51, 34)(15, 56, 33)(20, 53, 36)(22, 32, 38)(23, 49, 46)(35, 37, 44)(45, 48, 47).$$

$$y \sim (1, 54, 45)(2, 25, 56)(3, 20, 22)(4, 34, 49)(5, 38, 27)(6, 35, 48)(7, 44, 10)(8, 51, 19)(9, 39, 55)(11, 31, 52)(12, 43, 17)(14, 15, 41)(16, 24, 53)(18, 42, 46)(21, 36, 47)(23, 40, 33)(26, 32, 30)(28, 50, 29).$$

$N = \langle x, y \rangle$. Magma gives $N \cong (2^3:(3:7))$.

$G = \langle x^3, y^3, yx^{-1}y^{-1}x^{-1}y^{-1}xyxy^{-1}x \rangle$,

$$t^3, (t, xy^{-1}x^{-1}y^{-1}x),$$

$$((x^{-1}t^y x)^a, (xt^{yx})^b, ((xy^{-1})^3t)^c, (xy^{-1}t)^d, (y^{-1}x^{-1}t)^e, ((xy)^3t)^f, (xyt)^g).$$

Table of images:

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	Order of G	Shape of G
0	0	0	0	0	2	6	367416	$3^7 \cdot N$
0	0	0	0	3	0	3	4032	$2^6 \cdot N$
0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1512	$3 \cdot L_2(8)$
3	3	0	9	0	4	8	304819200	A_{10}

Table 3.1: Images of Progenitor $3^{*56}:(2^3:(3:7))$.

Please Appendix C for the corresponding MAGMA code.

3.2 Progenitor $3^{*14}:(2^3:(3:7))$

The purpose of this section is to show some examples of progenitor images that we found using Magma.

$$x \sim (1, 2, 4)(3, 7, 6)(8, 9, 11)(10, 14, 13);$$

$$y \sim (1, 3, 5)(2, 6, 4)(8, 10, 12)(9, 13, 11);$$

$$N = \langle x, y \rangle \implies N \cong (2^3:(3:7)).$$

$$G = \langle x^3, y^3, yx^{-1}y^{-1}x^{-1}y^{-1}xyx y^{-1}x, (xy)^3,$$

$$t^3, (t, xy^{-1}x^{-1}y^{-1}x),$$

$$(x^{-1}t^y x)^a, (xt^{yx})^b, ((xy^{-1})^3t)^c, (xy^{-1}t)^d, (y^{-1}x^{-1}t)^e, ((xy)^3t)^f, (xyt)^g \rangle$$

Table of images:

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	Order of G	Shape of G
0	0	4	0	0	3	4	2520	A ₇

Table 3.2: Images of Progenitor $3^{*14}:(2^3:(3:7))$

3.3 Progenitor $2^{*56}:(2^3:((3:7)))$

Let $x \sim (1, 28, 30)(2, 40, 39)(3, 55, 54)(4, 26, 29)(5, 25, 10)(6, 31, 9)(7, 19, 18)(8, 16, 21)(11, 17, 24)(12, 41, 50)(13, 52, 42)(14, 51, 34)(15, 56, 33)(20, 53, 36)(22, 32, 38)(23, 49, 46)(35, 37, 44)(45, 48, 47)$.

Let $y \sim (1, 54, 45)(2, 25, 56)(3, 20, 22)(4, 34, 49)(5, 38, 27)(6, 35, 48)(7, 44, 10)(8, 51, 19)(9, 39, 55)(11, 31, 52)(12, 43, 17)(14, 15, 41)(16, 24, 53)(18, 42, 46)(21, 36, 47)(23, 40, 33)(26, 32, 30)(28, 50, 29)$.

$N = \langle x, y \rangle$. Using MAGMA we get $N \cong 2^3:(3:7)$.

$$\begin{aligned}
G = \langle & x^3, y^3, yx^{-1}y^{-1}x^{-1}y^{-1}xyxy^{-1}x, \\
& t^2, (t, xy^{-1}x^{-1}y^{-1}x), \\
& (xyt^{(xy^{-1}x)t(y^{-1}x^{-1}yxy^{-1})})^a, (xytt^{(y^{-1},x)})^b, (xt^{(x,y)})^c, (y^{-1}x^{-1}t^{(y^{-1},x)})^d, (xyt^{(y^{-1},x)}tyx)^e, \\
& ((xy)^3ty^{-1}xy^{-1}x^{-1}y^{-1})^f, ((xy^{-1})^3t)^g, (xy^{-1}t)^h \rangle.
\end{aligned}$$

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	Order of G	Shape of G
0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	96768	$2^6 \cdot (3 \cdot L_2(8))$
0	0	0	0	0	6	3	0	12386304	$2^{13} \cdot (3 \cdot L_2(8))$
0	0	0	0	0	9	3	0	211631616	$(2^6 \cdot 3^7) \cdot (3 \cdot L_2(8))$
0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	1512	$3 \cdot L_2(8)$
0	0	6	0	6	0	3	0	193536	$2^7 \cdot (3 \cdot L_2(8))$
0	0	6	0	9	0	3	0	3306744	$3^7 \cdot (3 \cdot L_2(8))$
0	0	6	3	0	2	0	0	5376	$2^5 \cdot (2^3 \cdot (7 \cdot 3))$
0	0	6	3	0	4	7	0	86016	$2^9 \cdot (2^3 \cdot (7 \cdot 3))$
0	0	6	3	6	4	0	0	1376256	$2^{10} \cdot (2^6 \cdot (2 \cdot 7))$

Table 3.3: Images of Progenitor $2^{*56}:(2^3:(3:7))$

Please see Appendix D for the corresponding MAGMA code.

3.4 Progenitor $2^{*20}:A_5$

The purpose of this section is to show some examples of progenitor images that we found using Magma.

Let $x \sim (2, 3, 5)(4, 6, 9)(7, 10, 8)(11, 13, 16)(12, 14, 17)(15, 18, 19)$ and let $y \sim (1, 2)(3, 4)(5, 7)(6, 8)(9, 11)(10, 12)(13, 15)(14, 16)(17, 18)(19, 20)$.

$$A_5 \sim \langle x, y \rangle.$$

$$G = \langle x^3, y^2, (yx^{-1})^5,$$

$$t^2, (t, x),$$

$$(yt^{yx^{-1}})^a, (yxyt^{yx})^b, ((yx)^2t^{yxy})^c, (yt^{yx})^d, (yxyt^y)^e, (yxyt)^f,$$

$$\langle (yx)^2t^g, (yxt)^h, (yt)^i \rangle.$$

Table of images:

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	Order of G	Shape of G
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	0	14400	$2 \cdot (2 \cdot A_5^2)$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	0	30720	$2^9 \cdot A_5$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	3	0	660	$L_2(11)$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	3	0	2520	A_7
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	8160	$2 \cdot L_2(16)$
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	8	0	31457280	$2^{19} \cdot A_5$
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	0	0	675840	$2^{10} \cdot L_2(11)$
0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	960	$2^4 \cdot (A_5)$
0	0	0	0	0	4	0	6	6	0	1555200	$2 \cdot (3 \cdot (2 \cdot A_6))$
0	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	9	0	38972340	$3^{10} \cdot L_2(11)$
0	0	0	0	0	6	0	5	0	0	983040	$2^{14} \cdot A_5$
0	0	0	0	0	9	5	5	0	0	56687040	$3^{10} \cdot (2^4 \cdot A_5)$
0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	1920	$2^5 \cdot A_5$
0	0	0	2	0	0	0	7	0	0	175560	J_1
0	0	0	2	0	0	0	8	8	0	117600	$2 \cdot L_2(49)$
0	0	0	2	0	0	0	10	6	0	9720	$3^4 \cdot (2 \cdot A_5)$
0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	4	0	15360	$5^4 \cdot (2 \cdot A_5)$
0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	6	0	368640	$2^9 \cdot (2 \cdot A_6)$
0	0	0	4	0	4	6	0	0	0	11520	$2^4 \cdot (2 \cdot A_6)$

Table 3.4: Images of Progenitor $2^{*20} : A_5$

Chapter 4

Construction of $3 : (2 \times S_5)$ Over

D_{12}

4.1 Definitions and Theorems

Definition 4.1. If X is a G -set and $x \in X$, then the **stabilizer** of x , denoted by G_x , is the subgroup $G_x = \{g \in G : gx = x\} \leq G$. [Rot95]

Definition 4.2. If S is a subgroup of G and if $t \in G$, then a **right coset** of $S \in G$ is the subset of G : $St = \{st : s \in S\}$ (a **left coset** is $tS = \{ts : s \in S\}$). One calls t a **representative** of St (and also tS). [Rot95]

Theorem 4.3. If $S \leq G$, then any two right (or any two left) cosets of S in G are either identical or disjoint. [Rot95]

Theorem 4.4. *If $S \leq G$, then the number right cosets of S in G is equal to the number of left cosets of S in G . [Rot95]*

Theorem 4.5. *If $S \leq G$, then the **index** of S in G , denoted $[G:S]$, is the number of right cosets of S in G . [Rot95]*

Definition 4.6. *If $x \in G$, then a **conjugate** of x in G is an element of the form axa^{-1} for some $a \in G$. [Rot95]*

Definition 4.7. *If S and T are subgroups of G , then a **double coset** is a subset of G of the form SgT , where $g \in G$. [Rot95]*

Theorem 4.8. (First Isomorphism Theorem) *Let $f: G \rightarrow H$ be a homomorphism with kernel K . Then K is a normal subgroup of G and $G/K \cong \text{image}(f)$. [Rot95]*

4.2 Double Coset Enumeration of $3:(2 \times S_5)$ Over D_{12}

A symmetric presentation of the progenitor $3^{*6} : D_{12}$ is $G = \langle x^6, y^2, (xy)^2, t^3, t^{x^2y} = t^2, (t, (xy)^x), (t^{xt^y})^2 \rangle$, where $D_{12} = \langle x, y \rangle$. Let $xx = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)$ and $yy = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)$. Let $N = \langle xx, yy \rangle$. Magma gives $N \cong D_{12}$. Let $t = t_1$.

The following table gives the correspondence between the words and permutations of N .

words of N	Permutations of N
x	(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
y	(1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4)
xy	(1, 5)(2, 4)
x ²	(1, 3, 5)(2, 4, 6)
x ² y	(1, 4)(2, 3)(5, 6)
x ³	(1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6)
x ³ y	(1, 3)(4, 6)
x ⁴	(1, 5, 3)(2, 6, 4)
x ⁴ y	(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)
x ⁵	(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)
x ⁴ y	(2, 6)(3, 5)
e = Identity of G	Id(N)

Table 4.2: Words and Permutations of N.

We perform our technique of manual double coset enumeration to G over N to construct G and prove that $G \cong 3:(2 \times S_5)$. Before we start our double coset enumeration, the relations need to be expanded.

From the progenitor we get $t^{x^2y} = t^2$. Therefore, $t_4 = t_1^2$, which produces the following notation: $t_5 = t_2^2$, $t_5^2 = t_2$, $t_6 = t_3^2$, $t_6^2 = t_3$, and $t_4^2 = t_1$.

Now $t_4 = t_1^2$ by notation, which means $(t_4 = t_1^2)^n \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$. Therefore, $t_4^{(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)} = (t_1^2)^{(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)}$ since $(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5) \in N$. Hence,

$$t_5 = t_2^2 \implies (t_5)^2 = (t_2^2)^2 \implies t_5 t_5 = t_2 t_2 t_2 t_2 = t_2 \text{ since } |t_2| = 3.$$

$$\text{Similarly, } t_4^{(1, 3, 5)(2, 4, 6)} = (t_1^2)^{(1, 3, 5)(2, 4, 6)} \text{ since } (1, 3, 5)(2, 4, 6) \in$$

$$N \implies t_6 = t_3^2 \implies t_6^2 = t_3. \text{ Similarly, } t_4 = t_1^2 \implies t_4^2 = t_1.$$

Lemma 4.10. $(t_2 t_6)^2 = e.$

Proof. From the progenitor we get $(t^x t^y)^2 = e \implies (t_1^{(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)} t_1^{(1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4)})^2 \implies (t_2 t_6)^2 = e.$

Lemma 4.11. $t_4 = t_1^{-1}, t_5 = t_2^{-1}, \text{ and } t_6 = t_3^{-1}.$

Proof. $t_4 = t_1^2$ by notation.

$$t_4 t_1 = t_1^2 t_1 = e \text{ since } |t_1| = 3.$$

$$t_4 t_1 = e \implies t_4 = t_1^{-1}.$$

$$\text{Similarly } t_5 = t_2^{-1} \text{ and } t_6 = t_3^{-1}. \quad \square$$

Lemma 4.12. $t_2 t_6 = t_3 t_5.$

Proof. $(t_2 t_6)^2 = e$ (Lemma 4.10). $\implies t_2 t_6 t_2 t_6 = e \implies t_2 t_6 t_6 t_6^2 t_2^2 = e t_6^2 t_2^2 \implies t_2 t_6 t_2 t_2^2 = t_2 t_6 t_2^3 = t_2 t_6 = t_6^2 t_2^2 \implies t_2 t_6 = (t_3^2)^2 t_5 = t_3^4 t_5 = t_3 t_5$ since $|t_3| = 3 \implies t_2 t_6 = t_3 t_5. \quad \square$

Lemma 4.13. $t_3 t_1 = t_4 t_6$

Proof. $t_3 t_1 = t_4 t_6$ since $(t_2 t_6)^{(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)} = (t_3 t_5)^{(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)}$ (Lemma 4.12). \square

Lemma 4.14. $t_5 t_3 = t_6 t_2.$

Proof. $t_5 t_3 = t_6 t_2$ since $(t_2 t_6)^{(1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6)} = (t_3 t_5)^{(1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6)}$ (Lemma 4.12). \square

Lemma 4.15. $t_1t_3 = t_6t_4$.

Proof. $t_1t_3 = t_6t_4$ since $(t_2t_6)^{1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)} = (t_3t_5)^{1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)}$ (Lemma 4.12). \square

Lemma 4.16. $t_1t_5 = t_2t_4$.

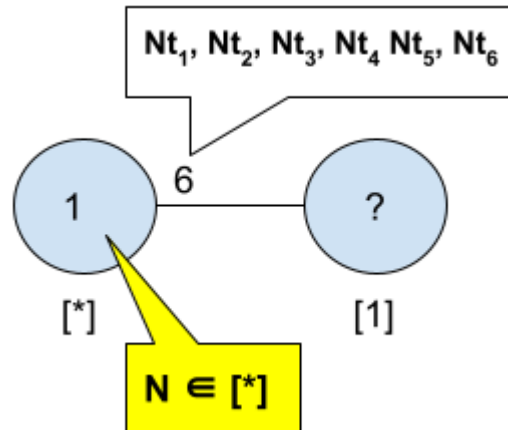
Proof. $t_1t_5 = t_2t_4$ since $(t_2t_6)^{1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)} = (t_3t_5)^{1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)}$ (Lemma 4.12). \square

Lemma 4.17. $t_5t_1 = t_4t_2$.

Proof. $t_5t_1 = t_4t_2$ since $(t_2t_6)^{1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4)} = (t_3t_5)^{1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4)}$ (Lemma 4.12). \square

4.2.1 Double Coset [*]

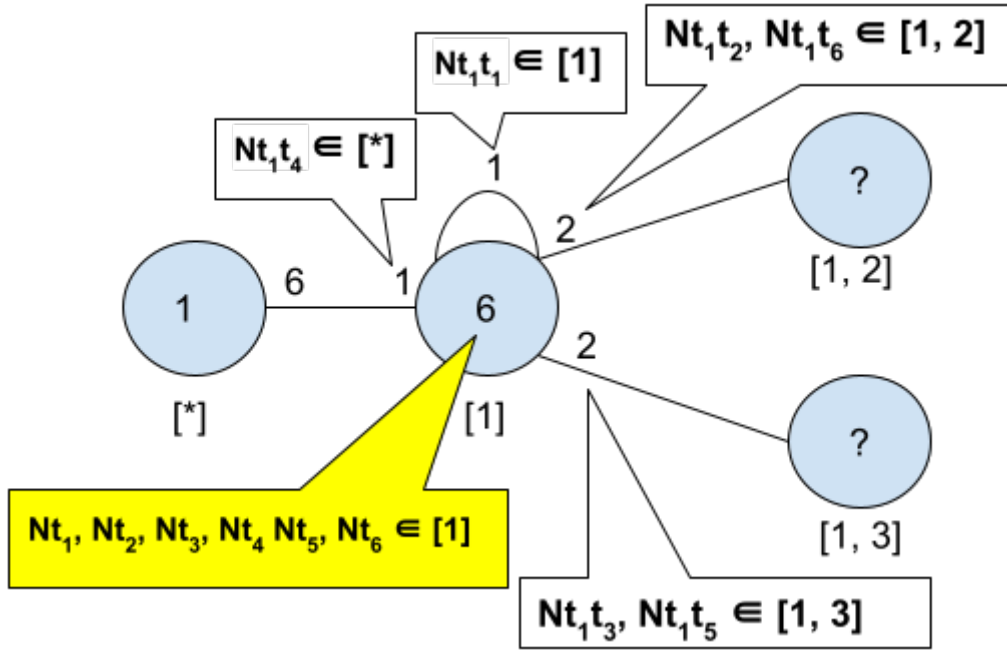
The only right coset of $Nn = [*]$ is $N \implies |[*]| = 1$, which is symbolized by placing “1” inside the circle representing [*]. The stabilizer of N is N , therefore the only orbit of N is $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ which yields the cosets $Nt_1, Nt_2, Nt_3, Nt_4, Nt_5, Nt_6 \in [1]$. This is symbolized by placing a “6” next to the circle representing [*] in the diagram.

Figure 4.1: Double Cosets $[*]$

4.2.2 Double Coset $[1]$

Let N^1 be the stabilizer of $\{1\}$ over N . Therefore, $N^1 = \langle (2,6)(3,5) \rangle$. $N^{(1)} = N^1$ since there are no relations such that $t_i = t_j$ where $0 < i, j \leq 6$. Hence, $|[1]| = \frac{|N|}{|N^{(1)}|} \leq \frac{12}{2} = 6$. The right cosets of $[1]$ are $Nt_1, Nt_2, Nt_3, Nt_4, Nt_5$, and Nt_6 which verifies $|[1]| = 6$. This is symbolized by placing a “6” inside the circle representing $[1]$ in the diagram. Now the orbits of $N^{(1)}$ on $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ are $\{1\}, \{4\}, \{2,6\}$, and $\{3,5\}$.

For the double coset $[w]$, we need only determine the double coset of the right coset Nwt_i for one representative t_i for each orbit of the stabilizing group $N^{(w)}$ of the coset Nw . We start with $Nt_1t_1 = Nt_4 \in [1]$. Now $Nt_1t_4 = Nt_1t_1^2 = Nt_1^3 = N \in [*]$. Therefore, $t_1t_4 \in [*]$, since $t_1t_4 = e$. The third set of orbits yields $Nt_1t_2, Nt_1t_6 \in [1, 2]$. Similarly, $Nt_1t_3, Nt_1t_5 \in [1, 3]$.

Figure 4.2: Double Cosets of $[1]$

4.2.3 Double Coset $[1,3]$

The $N^{(1,3)} \geq \langle e \rangle$. By Lemma 4.12, $t_2t_6 = t_3t_5$, therefore $(t_2t_6)^{(1,2)(3,6)(4,5)} = (t_3t_5)^{(1,2)(3,6)(4,5)}$. This yields $t_1t_3 = t_6t_4$. $(t_1t_3)^{(1,6)(2,5)(3,4)} = t_6t_4 = t_1t_3$, which means $(1,6)(2,5)(3,4) \in N^{(1,3)}$. This implies, $N^{(1,3)} \geq \langle (1,6)(2,5)(3,4) \rangle$. Consequently, $N^{(1,3)} \geq \langle (1,6)(2,5)(3,4) \rangle$, therefore $|[1,3]| = \frac{|N|}{|N^{(1,3)}|} \leq \frac{12}{2} = 6$. The orbits of $\langle (1,6)(2,5)(3,4) \rangle$ on X are $\{1, 6\}$, $\{2,5\}$, and $\{3,4\}$.

The first set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_3t_1$ and $Nt_1t_3t_6$, which belong to the same double coset. Since $Nt_1t_3t_6 = Nt_1t_3t_3^2 = Nt_1$, we now get $Nt_1t_3t_1, Nt_1t_3t_6 \in [1]$.

The second set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_3t_2, Nt_1t_3t_5 \in [1,3,2]$. The third set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_3t_3$ and $Nt_1t_3t_4$, which belong to the same double coset. Since

$Nt_1t_3t_3 = Nt_1t_6 = N(t_1t_2)^{(2,6)(3,5)} \in [1, 2]$, therefore $Nt_1t_3t_3, Nt_1t_3t_4 \in [1, 2]$.

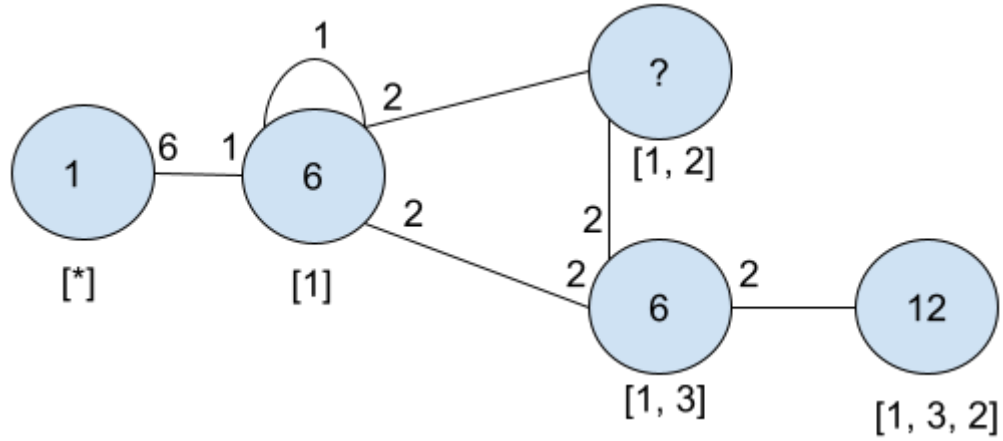


Figure 4.3: Double Cosets of $[1, 3]$

4.2.4 Double Coset $[1,3,2]$

The orbits of $N^{(1,3,2)}$ on X are $\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{5\}$, and $\{6\}$. $N^{(1,3,2)} \geq \langle e \rangle$. Therefore, $\frac{|N|}{|N^{(1,3,2)}|} \leq \frac{12}{1} = 12$. The first set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1 \in [1,3, 2,1]$, which is a new Double Coset.

From the second orbit we get the right coset $Nt_1t_3t_2t_2 = Nt_1t_3t_5$ since $t_2^2 = t_5$. The third orbit of $N^{(1,3)}$ yields that $Nt_1t_3t_2$ and $Nt_1t_3t_5$ belong to the same right coset. Therefore, $Nt_1t_3t_5 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_2 \in [1,3, 2]$.

From the third set of orbits of $N^{(1,3,2)}$ we get the right coset $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3 \in [1,3, 2,3]$, which is a new double coset.

Lemma 4.18. $t_1t_3t_2t_4 = t_6t_4t_2t_4 = t_6t_4t_1t_5 = t_6t_5$.

Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_4 = t_6t_4t_2t_4$ by Lemma 4.15.

$t_6t_4t_2t_4 = t_6t_4t_1t_5$ by Lemma 4.16.

$t_6t_4t_1t_5 = t_6t_5$ by Lemma 4.11.

$\implies t_1t_3t_2t_4 = t_6t_5$ □

From the fourth set of orbits of $N^{(1,3,2)}$ we get the right coset $Nt_1t_3t_2t_4$. $Nt_1t_2^{(1,6)(2,5)(3,4)} = Nt_6t_5 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_4$ by Lemma 4.18, therefore $Nt_1t_3t_2t_4 \in [1, 2]$.

From the fifth set of orbits of $N^{(1,3,2)}$ we get the right coset $Nt_1t_3t_2t_5$. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_5 = Nt_1t_3 \in [1, 3]$ since $t_2t_5 = t_2t_2t_2 = e$.

Lemma 4.19. $t_1t_3t_2t_6 = t_1t_6t_5 = t_1t_5t_3t_2 = t_2t_4t_3t_2$.

Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_6 = t_1t_3t_3t_5$ by Lemma 4.12.

$t_1t_3t_3t_5 = t_1t_6t_5$ since $t_3^2 = t_6$.

$t_1t_6t_5 = t_1t_6t_2t_2$ since $t_2^2 = t_5$.

$t_1t_6t_2t_2 = t_1t_5t_3t_2$ by Lemma 4.14.

$t_1t_5t_3t_2 = t_2t_4t_3t_2$ by Lemma 4.16. □

From the sixth set of orbits of $N^{(1,3,2)}$ we get the right coset $Nt_1t_3t_2t_6$. This gives us $N(t_1t_3t_2t_1)^{(1,2,3,4,5,6)} = Nt_2t_4t_3t_2 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_6$ by Lemma 4.19, therefore $Nt_1t_3t_2t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$.

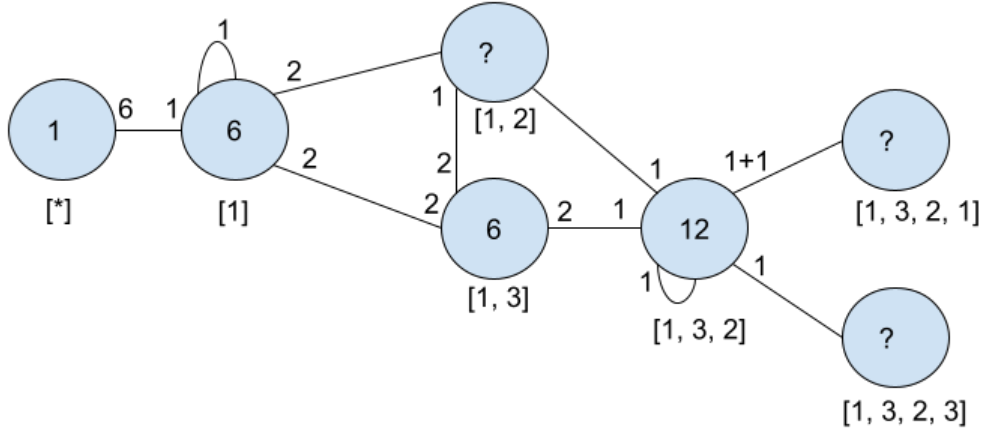


Figure 4.4: Double Cosets of $[1, 3, 2]$

4.2.5 Double Coset $[1, 2]$

The stabilizing group if Nt_1t_2 , denoted by $N^{(1,2)} \geq \langle e \rangle$, which means $|[1, 2]| = |N| \div |N^{(1,2)}| \leq 12 \div 1 = 12$. We know the orbits of $\langle e \rangle$ on X are $\{1\}$, $\{2\}$, $\{3\}$, $\{4\}$, $\{5\}$, and $\{6\}$. From the first set of orbits we get the $Nt_1t_2t_1$ right coset. Therefore, $Nt_1t_2t_1 \in [1, 2, 1]$, which is a new double coset.

From the second set of orbits we get $Nt_1t_2t_2$ right coset and $Nt_1t_2t_2 = Nt_1t_5$. $(Nt_1t_3)^{(2, 6)(3, 5)} = Nt_1t_5$, therefore $Nt_1t_3 \in [1, 3]$.

Lemma 4.20. $Nt_1t_2t_3$ right coset $\in [1, 3, 2, 1]$.

Proof. $t_1t_2t_3 = t_1t_2t_6t_6$ since $t_3 = t_6t_6$.

$t_1t_2t_6t_6 = t_1t_3t_5t_6$ by Lemma 4.12.

$t_1t_3t_5t_6 = t_6t_4t_5t_6$ by Lemma 4.15.

$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6^{(1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4)} = Nt_1t_3t_2t_1 \implies Nt_6t_4t_5t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$. □

From the third set of orbits we get the $Nt_1t_2t_3$ right coset $\in [1, 3, 2, 1]$. The fourth set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_2t_4$. $Nt_1t_2t_4^{(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)} = Nt_1t_3t_4 \in [1, 2]$ as seen before. Therefore, $Nt_1t_2t_4 \in [1, 2]$.

The fifth set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_2t_5$. $Nt_1t_2t_5 = Nt_1$ since $t_2^{-1} = t_5$, which implies $Nt_1t_2t_5 \in [1]$.

The sixth orbit yields $Nt_1t_2t_6$. $Nt_1t_2t_6 = Nt_1t_3t_5$ by Lemma 4.12. $Nt_1t_3t_5 \in [1,3, 2]$ as seen before. Hence, $Nt_1t_2t_6 \in [1, 3, 2]$.

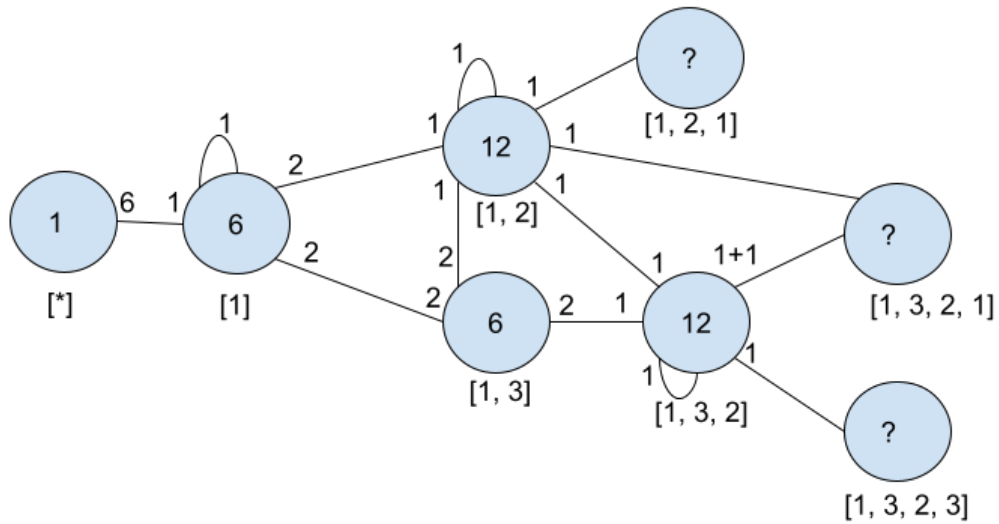


Figure 4.5: Double Coset [1, 2]

4.2.6 Double Coset [1,2,1]

Lemma 4.21. $t_1t_2t_1 = t_4t_5t_4$.

Proof. $t_1t_2t_1 = t_1t_2et_1 = t_1t_2t_4t_1t_1$ by Lemma 2.

$t_1t_2t_4t_1t_1 = t_1t_1t_5t_1t_1$ by Lemma 4.16.

$t_1t_1t_5t_1t_1 = t_1t_1t_5et_1t_1 = t_1t_1t_5t_5t_2t_1t_1$ by Lemma 4.11.

$t_1t_1t_5t_5t_2t_1t_1 = t_1t_1t_5et_1t_1$ by Lemma 4.11.

$t_1t_1t_5t_1t_1 = t_4t_5t_4$ (Lemma 4.10) $t_1t_1 = t_4 \implies t_1t_2t_1 = t_4t_5t_4$. \square

Lemma 4.22. $t_1t_2t_1 = t_2t_1t_2 = t_5t_4t_5$.

Proof. $t_1t_2t_1 = t_1t_5t_5t_1$ since $t_5^2 = t_2$.

$t_1t_5t_5t_1 = t_2t_4t_5t_1$ (Lemma 4.16).

$t_2t_4t_5t_1 = t_2t_4t_4t_2$ (Lemma 4.17).

$t_2t_4t_4t_2 = t_2t_1t_2$ since $t_4 = t_1t_1$.

$\implies t_1t_2t_1 = t_2t_1t_2$.

$t_1t_2t_1 = t_4t_5t_4$ (Lemma 4.21). $\implies (t_1t_2t_1 = t_4t_5t_4)^{(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)} \implies$

$t_2t_1t_2 = t_5t_4t_5$. \square

Let the stabilizing group of $Nt_1t_2t_1$ be denoted by $N^{(1,2,1)}$. $N(t_1t_2t_1)^{(1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6)}$
 $= Nt_5t_4t_5 = Nt_1t_2t_1$ by Lemma 4.22, therefore $(1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6) \in N^{(1,2,1)}$. $N(t_1t_2t_1)^{(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)}$
 $= Nt_4t_5t_4 = Nt_1t_2t_1$ by Lemma 4.21, this proves $(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5) \in N^{(1,2,1)}$. $N^{(1,2,1)}$
 $\geq \langle (1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6), (1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5) \rangle$, which has an order of 4. Consequently,
 $|[1,2,1]| = \frac{|N|}{|N^{(1,2,1)}|} \leq \frac{12}{4} = 3$. The orbits of $N^{(1,2,1)}$ on X are $= \{3, 6\}$, and $\{1,5,4,2\}$.

The second set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_2t_1t_1$, $Nt_1t_2t_1t_2$, $Nt_1t_2t_1t_4$, and $Nt_1t_2t_1t_5$, which belong to the same double coset.

Lemma 4.23. $Nt_1t_2t_1t_1, Nt_1t_2t_1t_2, Nt_1t_2t_1t_4, Nt_1t_2t_1t_5 \in [1, 2]$.

Proof. $Nt_1t_2t_1t_4 = Nt_1t_2e$ (Lemma 4.11). \implies

$Nt_1t_2t_1t_4 \in [1, 2] \implies$

$Nt_1t_2t_1t_1, Nt_1t_2t_1t_2, Nt_1t_2t_1t_4, \text{ and } Nt_1t_2t_1t_5 \in [1, 2]$. \square

The first set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_2t_1t_3$ and $Nt_1t_2t_1t_6$ cosets, which belong to the same double coset.

Lemma 4.24. $Nt_1t_2t_1t_3, Nt_1t_2t_1t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 3]$.

Lemma 4.25. $Nt_1t_2t_1t_3 \in [1, 3, 2, 3]$.

Proof. $t_1t_2t_1t_3 = t_1t_2t_6t_4$ by Lemma 4.15.

$t_1t_2t_6t_4 = t_1t_3t_5t_4$ by Lemma 4.12.

$t_1t_3t_5t_4 = t_6t_4t_5t_4$ by Lemma 4.15. \implies

$N(t_6t_4t_5t_4)^{(1,6)(2,5)(3,4)} = Nt_1t_3t_2t_3. \implies$

$Nt_1t_2t_1t_3 = Nt_6t_4t_5t_4 \in [1, 3, 2, 3] \implies$

$Nt_1t_2t_1t_3$ and $Nt_1t_2t_1t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 3].$ □

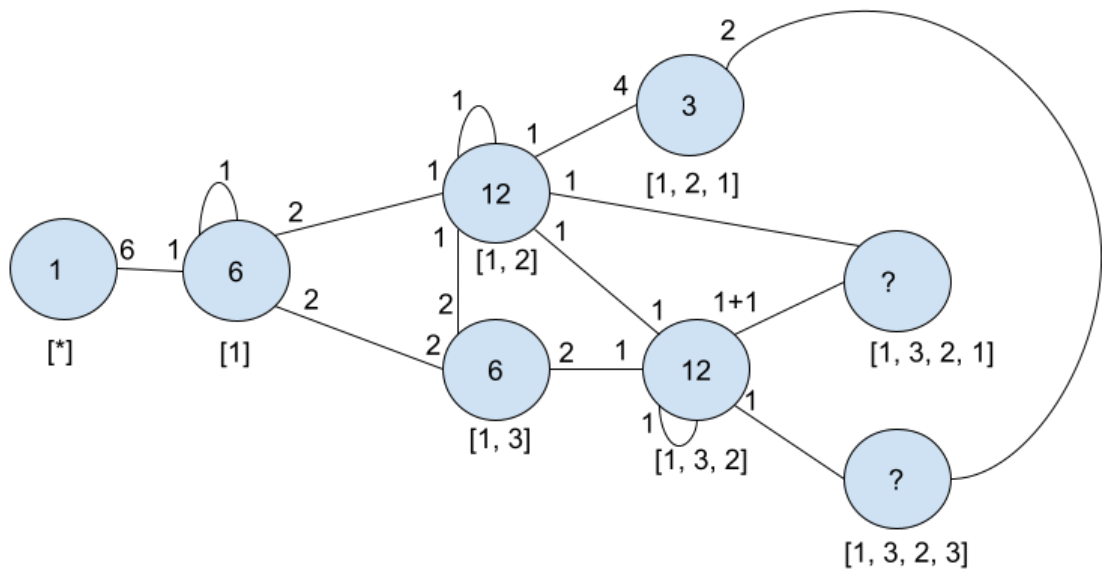


Figure 4.6: Double Coset $[1, 2, 1]$

Lemma 4.26. $t_5t_6t_5 = t_2t_3t_2$.

Proof. By Lemma 4.21 $t_1t_2t_1 = t_4t_5t_4 \implies$

$$(t_1t_2t_1 = t_4t_5t_4)^{(1, 5, 3)(2, 6, 4)} \implies$$

$$t_5t_6t_5 = t_2t_3t_2. \quad \square$$

Lemma 4.27. $t_1t_3t_2t_3 = t_1t_5t_6t_5$.

Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_3 = t_1t_3t_5t_5t_3$ since $t_2 = t_5^2$.

$$t_1t_3t_5t_5t_3 = t_1t_2t_6t_5t_3 \text{ (Lemma 4.12).}$$

$$t_1t_2t_6t_5t_3 = t_1t_2t_6t_6t_2 \text{ (Lemma 4.14).}$$

$$t_1t_2t_6t_6t_2 = t_1t_2t_3t_2 \text{ since } t_6 = t_3^2.$$

$$t_1t_2t_3t_2 = t_1t_5t_6t_5 \text{ (Lemma 4.26).}$$

$$t_1t_3t_2t_3 = t_1t_5t_6t_5. \quad \square$$

Let the stabilizing group of $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3$ be denoted by $N^{(1,3,2,3)}$. $N(t_1t_3t_2t_3)^{(2, 6)(3, 5)}$
 $= Nt_1t_5t_6t_5 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_3$ by Lemma 4.27, therefore $(2, 6)(3, 5) \in N^{(1,3,2,3)}$. $N^{(1,3,2,3)}$
 $\geq \langle (2, 6)(3, 5) \rangle$, which has an order of 2. This proves $|[1,2,1]| = \frac{|N|}{|N^{(1,3,2,3)}|} \leq \frac{12}{2} =$
 6. Hence, the orbits of $N^{(1,3,2,3)}$ on X are $\{1\}$, $\{4\}$, $\{2, 6\}$, and $\{3,5\}$. The first
 orbit yields the $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_1$ coset.

Lemma 4.28. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_1 \in [1, 2, 1]$.

Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_3t_1 = t_6t_4t_2t_3t_1$ (Lemma 4.15).

$$t_6t_4t_2t_3t_1 = t_6t_5t_1t_3t_1 \text{ (Lemma 4.17).}$$

$$t_6t_5t_1t_3t_1 = t_6t_5t_6t_4t_1 \text{ (Lemma 4.15).}$$

$$t_6t_5t_6t_4t_1 = t_6t_5t_6e \text{ (Lemma 4.11). } t_4t_1 = e.$$

$$\implies Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_1 = Nt_6t_5t_6.$$

\implies Note that $N(t_1t_2t_1)^{(1,6)(2,5)(3,4)} = Nt_6t_5t_6 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_1$

$\implies Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_1 \in [1, 2, 1]$. □

The second orbit yields the $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_4$ coset.

Lemma 4.29. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_4 \in [1, 3, 2, 3]$.

Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_3t_4 = t_1t_3t_2t_3t_1t_1$ by notation.

$t_1t_3t_2t_3t_1t_1 = t_1t_3t_2t_4t_6t_1$ (Lemma 4.13).

$t_1t_3t_2t_4t_6t_1 = t_1t_3t_1t_5t_6t_1$ (Lemma 4.16).

$t_1t_3t_1t_5t_6t_1 = t_1t_4t_6t_5t_6t_1$ (Lemma 4.13).

$t_1t_4t_6t_5t_6t_1 = et_6t_5t_6t_1$ (Lemma 4.11).

$t_6t_5t_6t_1 = t_6t_5t_3t_3t_1$ by notation.

$t_6t_5t_3t_3t_1 = t_6t_6t_2t_3t_1$ (Lemma 4.12).

$t_6t_6t_2t_3t_1 = t_3t_2t_3t_1$ by notation.

$t_3t_2t_3t_1 = t_3t_2t_4t_6$ (Lemma 4.11).

$t_3t_2t_4t_6 = t_3t_1t_5t_6$ (Lemma 4.14).

$t_3t_1t_5t_6 = t_4t_6t_5t_6$ (Lemma 4.11).

$t_4t_6t_5t_6 = t_1t_3t_2t_3t_4$. □

Now $N(t_1t_3t_2t_3)^{(1,4)(2,5)(3,6)} = Nt_4t_6t_5t_6$, therefore $Nt_4t_6t_5t_6 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_4 \in [1, 3, 2, 3]$.

Lemma 4.30. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_6, Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_2 \in [1, 3, 2]$.

The third set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_2$ and $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_6$ cosets, which belong to the same double coset.

Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_3t_6 = t_1t_3t_2e$ since $t_3t_6 = 1$. \implies

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_6 = Nt_1t_3t_2 \in [1, 3, 2]$. \implies

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_2 \in [1, 3, 2]$. □

The fourth set of orbits yield $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_3$ and $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_5$ cosets, which belong to the same double coset.

Lemma 4.31. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_3, Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_5 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$.

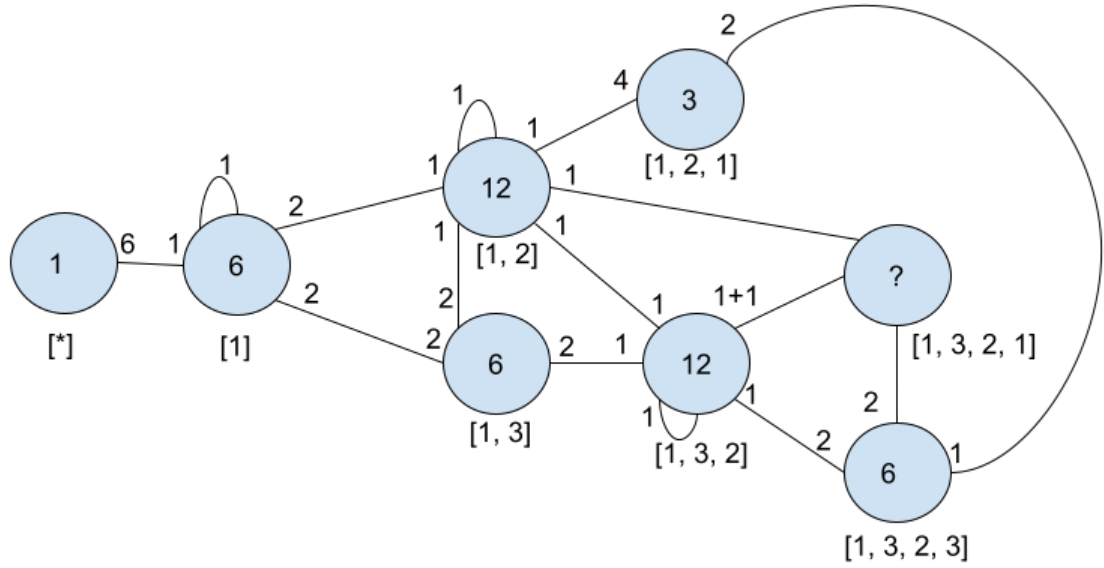
Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_3t_3 = t_1t_3t_2t_6$ since $t_3^2 = t_6$.

$N(t_1t_3t_2t_1)^{(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)} = Nt_2t_4t_3t_2 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_6$ (Lemma 4.19). \implies

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$. \implies

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_6 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_3 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$. \implies

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_5 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$. □

Figure 4.7: Double Cosets of $[1, 3, 2, 3]$

4.2.7 Double Coset $[1, 3, 2, 1]$

The stabilizing group of Nt_1t_2 , denoted by $N^{(1,3,2,1)} \geq \langle e \rangle$, therefore $|[1, 3, 2, 1]| = |N| \div |N^{(1,3,2,1)}| \leq 12 \div 1 = 12$. The orbits $\langle e \rangle$ on X are $\{1\}$, $\{2\}$, $\{3\}$, $\{4\}$, $\{5\}$, $\{6\}$.

From the first set of orbits we get $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_1$ right coset.

Lemma 4.32. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_1 \in [1, 2]$.

Proof. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_1 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_4$ since $t_1^2 = t_4$.

$Nt_1t_2^{(1,6)(2,5)(3,4)} = Nt_6t_5 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_4$ (Lemma 4.18) \implies

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_4 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_1 \in [1, 2]$. □

From the second set of orbits we get $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_2$ right coset.

Lemma 4.33. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_2 \in [1, 3, 2]$.

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Proof. } t_1t_3t_2t_6 &= t_2t_4t_3t_2 \text{ (Lemma 4.19)} \implies \\
(t_1t_3t_2t_6)^{(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)} &= (t_2t_4t_3t_2)^{(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)} \implies \\
t_6t_2t_1t_5 &= t_1t_3t_2t_1 \\
t_1t_3t_2t_1t_2 &= t_6t_2t_1t_5t_2 \\
t_6t_2t_1t_5t_2 &= t_6t_2t_1e = t_6t_2t_1 \implies \\
t_1t_3t_2t_1t_2 &= t_6t_2t_1. \\
Nt_1t_3t_2^{(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)} &= Nt_6t_2t_1 \implies \\
Nt_6t_2t_1 &\in [1, 3, 2] \implies \\
Nt_6t_2t_1 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_2 &\in [1, 3, 2]. \quad \square
\end{aligned}$$

From the third set of orbits we get the $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3$ right coset and $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3 \in [1, 3, 2, 1, 3]$.

From the fourth set of orbits we get the the $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_4$ right coset. Now $t_1t_3t_2t_1t_4 = t_1t_3t_2e \implies Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_4 = Nt_1t_3t_2 \in [1, 3, 2]$. \square

From the fifth set of orbits we get the $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_5$ right coset.

Lemma 4.34. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_5 \in [1, 3, 2, 3]$.

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Proof. } t_1t_3t_2t_1t_5 &= t_1t_3t_2t_2t_4 \text{ (Lemma 4.16) .} \\
t_1t_3t_2t_2t_4 &= t_1t_3t_5t_4 \text{ since } t_2^2 = t_5. \\
t_1t_3t_5t_4 &= t_1t_2t_6t_4 \text{ (Lemma 4.12) .} \\
t_1t_2t_6t_4 &= t_1t_2t_1t_3 \text{ (Lemma 4.15) .} \implies \\
Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_5 &= Nt_1t_2t_1t_3 \in [1, 3, 2, 3] \text{ (Lemma 4.24) .} \quad \square
\end{aligned}$$

From the sixth set of orbits we get the $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_6$ right coset.

Lemma 4.35. $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$.

Proof. $t_1t_3t_2t_1t_6 = t_6t_4t_2t_1t_6$ (Lemma 4.15).

$t_6t_4t_2t_1t_6 = t_6t_5t_1t_1t_6$ (Lemma 4.17).

$t_6t_5t_1t_1t_6 = t_6t_5t_4t_6$ since $t_1^2 = t_4$.

$t_6t_5t_4t_6 = t_6t_5t_3t_1$ (Lemma 4.13).

$t_6t_5t_3t_1 = t_6t_6t_2t_1$ (Lemma 4.14).

$t_6t_6t_2t_1 = t_3t_2t_1$ by since $t_6^2 = t_2$.

$t_3t_2t_1 = t_3t_5t_5t_1$ since $t_2 = t_5^2$.

$t_3t_5t_5t_1 = t_3t_5t_4t_2$ (Lemma 4.17).

By Lemma 4.19 $t_1t_3t_2t_6 = t_1t_5t_3t_2 \implies$

$(t_1t_3t_2t_6)^{(1,3,5)(2,4,6)} = (t_1t_5t_3t_2)^{(1,3,5)(2,4,6)} \implies$

$t_3t_5t_4t_2 = t_4t_6t_5t_4 \implies t_4t_6t_5t_4 = t_1t_3t_2t_1t_6$.

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1^{(1,4)(2,5)(3,6)} = Nt_4t_6t_5t_4 \implies$

$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$. □

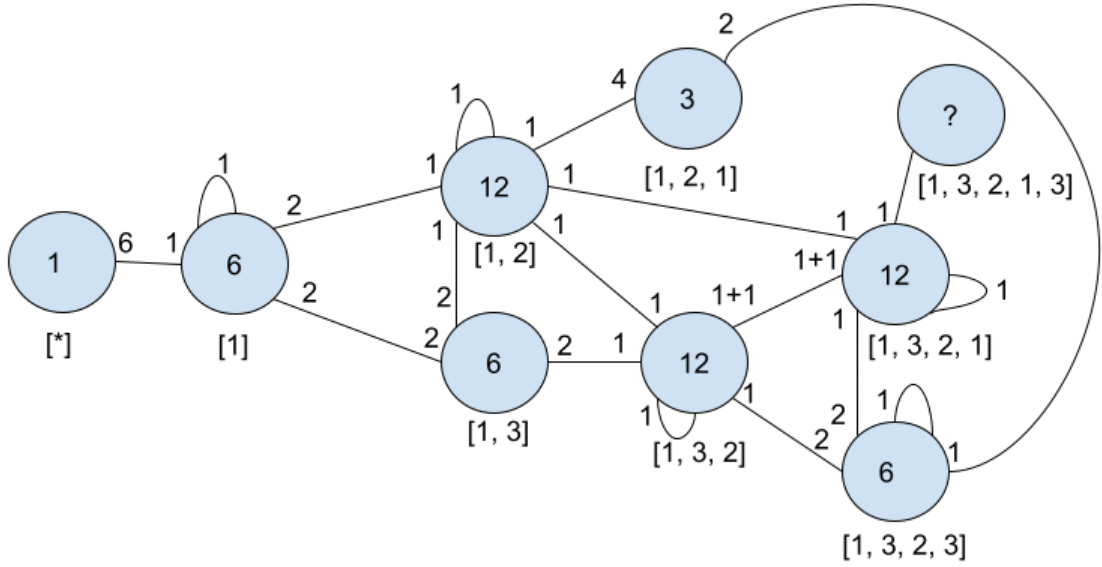


Figure 4.8: Double Cosets of $[1, 3, 2, 1,]$

4.2.8 Double Coset $[1, 3, 2, 1, 3]$

Lemma 4.36. $t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1 t_3 = t_6 t_2 t_1 t_6 t_2$.

Proof. $t_1 t_3 t_2 t_6 = t_2 t_4 t_3 t_2$ (Lemma 4.19) $\implies (t_1 t_3 t_2 t_6 = t_2 t_4 t_3 t_2)^{(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)}$

$\implies t_6 t_2 t_1 t_5 = t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1$.

$t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1 t_3 = t_6 t_2 t_1 t_5 t_3$

$t_6 t_2 t_1 t_5 t_3 = t_6 t_2 t_1 t_6 t_2$ (Lemma 4.14). □

Let $N^{(1, 3, 2, 1, 3)}$ be the group stabilizer of $N t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1 t_3$. $N t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1 t_3^{(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)}$
 $= N t_6 t_2 t_1 t_6 t_2 = N t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1 t_3$, therefore $(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2) \in N^{(1, 3, 2, 1, 3)}$. Hence, $N^{(1, 3, 2, 1, 3)} \geq$
 $\langle (1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2) \rangle$, which proves $| [1, 3, 2, 1, 3] | = \frac{|N|}{|N^{(1, 3, 2, 1, 3)}} \leq \frac{12}{6} = 2$. The orbit
of $\langle (1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2) \rangle$ is $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ which yields $N t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1 t_3 t_1$, $N t_1 t_3 t_2 t_1 t_3 t_1$,

$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_4$, $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_5$, and $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_6$ right cosets, all which belong to the same double coset.

Now $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_6 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_1e$ by notation, therefore $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_6 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$. This proves $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_1$, $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_1$, $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_4$, $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_5 \in [1, 3, 2, 1]$.

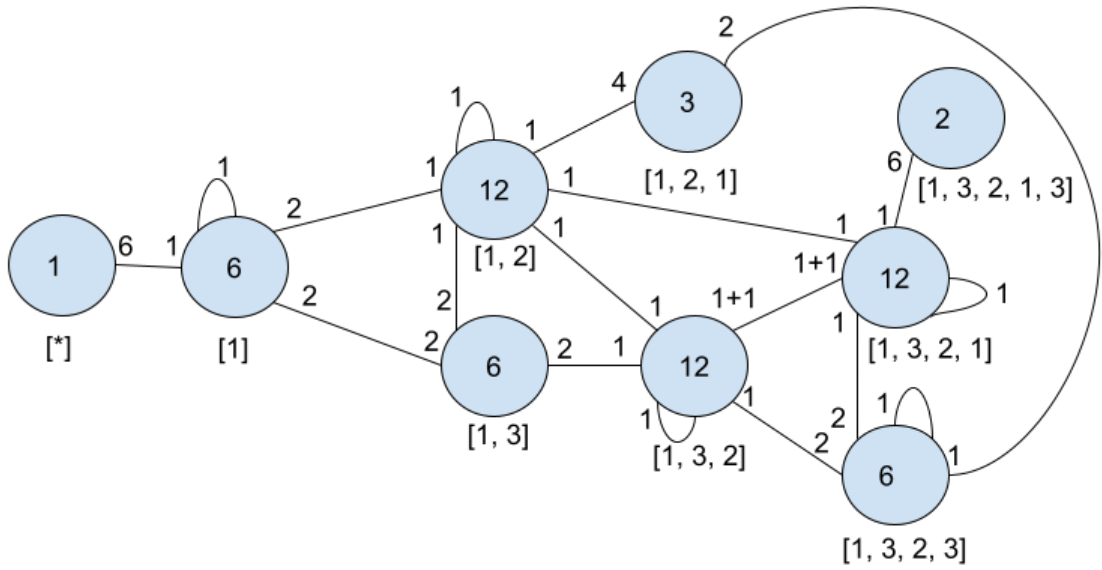


Figure 4.9: Complete Cayley Diagram of $3:(2 \times S_5)$ Over D_{12} .

From the Cayley diagram of G over N shown above we conclude $|G| = (|[*]| + |[1]| + |[1, 2]| + |[1, 3]| + |[1, 2, 1]| + |[1, 3, 2]| + |[1, 3, 2, 1]| + |[1, 3, 2, 1, 3]| + |[1, 3, 2, 3]|)|N|$. Therefore $|G| \leq (1 + 6 + 12 + 6 + 3 + 12 + 12 + 6 + 2)(12) = 60(12) = 720$.

4.3 A Permutation Representation of $3:(2 \times S_5)$

The Cayley diagram of G over N shows that there are 60 distinct right cosets. To find a permutation representation of G we assign a numeric label from 1 to 60 to each right cosets obtained from Cayley diagram. Next, conjugate all of the 60 right cosets by x to get a permutation of the 60 right cosets (corresponding numeric values are recorded) . Of course, this gives a permutation of S_{60} . Repeating the process for y will produce a second permutation of S_{60} . To find a third permutation, multiply each right coset by t , and find the equivalent coset to the products.

The following proof is an example of how to find all equivalent right cosets conjugated by x . All of the proofs for the mappings in the table below are similar to the proof below.

Lemma 4.37. $Nt_6t_1t_6 = Nt_1t_6t_1 = Nt_3t_4t_3 = Nt_4t_3t_4$.

Proof. $Nt_1t_2t_1 = N(t_1t_2t_1)^n \forall n \in N^{(1,2,1)} \geq \langle e, (1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6), (1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5), (1, 5)(2, 4) \rangle \implies Nt_1t_2t_1 = Nt_5t_4t_5 = Nt_4t_5t_4 = Nt_2t_1t_2 \implies$
 $N(t_1t_2t_1)^x = Nt_5t_4t_5^x = N(t_4t_5t_4)^x = N(t_2t_1t_2)^x \implies$
 $Nt_6t_1t_6 = Nt_1t_6t_1 = Nt_3t_4t_3 = Nt_4t_3t_4$. □

Next we will construct $f(x)$ by conjugating the right cosets of our group by x .

Label	Right Coset	Right Coset conjugated by x .	Label
1	N	N	1
2	Nt_1	Nt_2	4

3	Nt_4	Nt_5	6
4	Nt_2	Nt_3	7
5	Nt_6	Nt_1	2
6	Nt_5	Nt_6	5
7	Nt_3	Nt_4	3
8	Nt_2t_1	Nt_3t_2	16
9	$Nt_1t_5 = Nt_2t_4$	$Nt_2t_6 = Nt_3t_5$	19
10	Nt_6t_1	Nt_1t_2	21
11	$Nt_6t_4 = Nt_1t_3$	$Nt_1t_5 = Nt_2t_4$	9
12	$Nt_5t_1 = Nt_4t_2$	$Nt_6t_2 = Nt_5t_3$	20
13	Nt_5t_4	Nt_6t_5	22
14	$Nt_3t_1 = Nt_4t_6$	$Nt_4t_2 = Nt_5t_1$	12
15	Nt_3t_4	Nt_4t_5	25
16	Nt_3t_2	Nt_4t_3	24
17	Nt_5t_6	Nt_6t_1	10
18	Nt_1t_6	Nt_2t_1	8
19	$Nt_2t_6 = Nt_3t_5$	$Nt_3t_1 = Nt_4t_6$	14
20	$Nt_6t_2 = Nt_5t_3$	$Nt_1t_3 = Nt_6t_4$	11
21	Nt_1t_2	Nt_2t_3	23
22	Nt_6t_5	Nt_1t_6	18
23	Nt_2t_3	Nt_3t_4	15
24	Nt_4t_3	Nt_5t_4	13
25	Nt_4t_5	Nt_5t_6	17

26	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4$	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5$	40
27	$Nt_4t_6t_5$	$Nt_5t_1t_6$	43
28	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_4$	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_5$	45
29	$Nt_4t_2t_3$	$Nt_5t_3t_4$	34
30	$Nt_6t_1t_6 = Nt_1t_6t_1 =$ $Nt_3t_4t_3 = Nt_4t_3t_4$	$Nt_1t_2t_1 = Nt_5t_4t_5 =$ $Nt_4t_5t_4 = Nt_2t_1t_2$	35
31	$Nt_2t_6t_1$	$Nt_3t_1t_2$	44
32	$Nt_3t_5t_4$	$Nt_4t_6t_5$	27
33	$Nt_6t_2t_1$	$Nt_1t_3t_2$	36
34	$Nt_5t_3t_4$	$Nt_6t_4t_5$	48
35	$Nt_2t_1t_2 = Nt_4t_5t_4 =$ $Nt_5t_4t_5 = Nt_1t_2t_1$	$Nt_3t_2t_3 = Nt_6t_5t_6 =$ $Nt_5t_6t_5 = Nt_2t_3t_2$	46
36	$Nt_1t_3t_2$	$Nt_2t_4t_3$	47
37	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1$	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_2$	49
38	$Nt_1t_5t_6$	$Nt_2t_6t_1$	31
39	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_1$	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_2$	52
40	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5$	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_6$	51
41	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_3$	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_4$	28
42	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_3$	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4$	26
43	$Nt_5t_1t_6$	$Nt_6t_2t_1$	33
44	$Nt_3t_1t_2$	$Nt_4t_2t_3$	29
45	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_5$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6$	50
46	$Nt_3t_2t_3 = Nt_6t_5t_6 =$ $Nt_5t_6t_5 = Nt_2t_3t_2$	$Nt_4t_3t_4 = Nt_3t_4t_3 =$ $Nt_1t_6t_1 = Nt_6t_1t_6$	30

47	$Nt_2t_4t_3$	$Nt_3t_5t_4$	32
48	$Nt_6t_4t_5$	$Nt_1t_5t_6$	38
49	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_2$	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_3$	42
50	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6$	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_1$	39
51	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_6$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1$	37
52	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_2$	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_3$	41
53	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5t_1 = Nt_6t_2t_1t_6t_2 =$ $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3 = Nt_2t_4t_3t_2t_4 =$	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_6t_2 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3 =$ $Nt_2t_4t_3t_2t_4 = Nt_3t_5t_4t_3t_5 =$	53
	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4t_6 = Nt_3t_5t_4t_3t_5$ $Nt_3t_1t_2t_3t_1 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_4t_2 =$	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5t_1 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_4t_6$ $Nt_4t_2t_3t_4t_2 = Nt_5t_3t_4t_5t_3 =$	
54	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_5t_3 = Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_4 =$ $Nt_2t_6t_1t_2t_6 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_5$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_4 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_5 =$ $Nt_3t_1t_2t_3t_1 = Nt_2t_6t_1t_2t_6$	54
55	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_6 = Nt_2t_4t_3t_4$	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_1 = Nt_3t_5t_4t_5$	57
56	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_1 = Nt_5t_3t_4t_3$	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_2 = Nt_6t_4t_5t_4$	58
57	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_1 = Nt_3t_5t_4t_5$	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_2 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_6$	59
58	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_2 = Nt_6t_4t_5t_4$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_5$	60
59	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_2 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_6$	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_3 = Nt_5t_1t_6t_1$	56
60	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_5 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_3$	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_6 = Nt_2t_4t_3t_4$	55

Table 4.3: Construction of $f(x)$.

There exists a homomorphism $f(G) \rightarrow S_{60}$. From the table we extract the permutation $f(x) = (2, 4, 7, 3, 6, 5)(8, 16, 24, 13, 22, 18)(9, 19, 14, 12, 20, 11)(10, 21, 23, 15, 25, 17)(26, 40, 51, 37, 49, 42)(27, 43, 33, 36, 47, 32)(28, 45, 50, 39, 52, 41)(29, 34, 48, 38, 31, 44)(30, 35, 46)(55, 57, 59, 56, 58, 60)$.

Next we will construct $f(y)$ by conjugating the right cosets of our group by y .

Label	Right Coset	Right Coset conjugated by y .	Label
1	N	N	1
2	Nt_1	Nt_6	5
3	Nt_4	Nt_3	7
4	Nt_2	Nt_5	6
5	Nt_6	Nt_1	2
6	Nt_5	Nt_2	4
7	Nt_3	Nt_4	3
8	Nt_2t_1	Nt_5t_6	17
9	$Nt_2t_4 = Nt_1t_5$	$Nt_5t_3 = Nt_6t_2$	20
10	Nt_6t_1	Nt_1t_6	18
11	$Nt_1t_3 = Nt_6t_4$	$Nt_6t_4 = Nt_1t_3$	11
12	$Nt_5t_1 = Nt_4t_2$	$Nt_2t_6 = Nt_3t_5$	19
13	Nt_5t_4	Nt_2t_3	23
14	$Nt_4t_6 = Nt_3t_1$	$Nt_3t_1 = Nt_4t_6$	14
15	Nt_3t_4	Nt_4t_3	24
16	Nt_3t_2	Nt_4t_5	25
17	Nt_5t_6	Nt_2t_1	8
18	Nt_1t_6	Nt_6t_1	10
19	$Nt_3t_5 = Nt_2t_6$	$Nt_4t_2 = Nt_5t_1$	12
20	$Nt_6t_2 = Nt_5t_3$	$Nt_1t_5 = Nt_2t_4$	9

21	Nt_1t_2	Nt_6t_5	22
22	Nt_6t_5	Nt_1t_2	21
23	Nt_2t_3	Nt_5t_4	13
24	Nt_4t_3	Nt_3t_4	15
25	Nt_4t_5	Nt_3t_2	16
26	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4$	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_3$	41
27	$Nt_4t_6t_5$	$Nt_3t_1t_2$	44
28	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_4$	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_3$	42
29	$Nt_4t_2t_3$	$Nt_3t_5t_4$	32
30	$Nt_6t_1t_6 = Nt_1t_6t_1 =$ $Nt_3t_4t_3 = Nt_4t_3t_4$	$Nt_1t_6t_1 = Nt_6t_1t_6 =$ $Nt_4t_3t_4 = Nt_3t_4t_3$	30
31	$Nt_2t_6t_1$	$Nt_5t_1t_6$	43
32	$Nt_3t_5t_4$	$Nt_4t_2t_3$	29
33	$Nt_6t_2t_1$	$Nt_1t_5t_6$	38
34	$Nt_5t_3t_4$	$Nt_2t_4t_3$	47
35	$Nt_1t_2t_1 = Nt_5t_4t_5 =$ $Nt_4t_5t_4 = Nt_2t_1t_2$	$Nt_6t_5t_6 = Nt_3t_2t_3 =$ $Nt_2t_3t_2 = Nt_5t_6t_5$	46
36	$Nt_1t_3t_2$	$Nt_6t_4t_5$	48
37	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6$	50
38	$Nt_1t_5t_6$	$Nt_6t_2t_1$	33
39	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_1$	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_6$	51
40	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5$	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_2$	52
41	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_3$	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4$	26
42	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_3$	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_4$	28

43	$Nt_5t_1t_6$	$Nt_2t_6t_1$	31
44	$Nt_3t_1t_2$	$Nt_4t_6t_5$	27
45	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_5$	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_2$	49
46	$Nt_5t_6t_5 = Nt_2t_3t_2 =$ $Nt_3t_2t_3 = Nt_6t_5t_6$	$Nt_2t_1t_2 = Nt_4t_5t_4 =$ $Nt_5t_4t_5 = Nt_1t_2t_1$	35
47	$Nt_2t_4t_3$	$Nt_5t_3t_4$	34
48	$Nt_6t_4t_5$	$Nt_1t_3t_2$	36
49	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_2$	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_5$	45
50	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1$	37
51	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_6$	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_1$	39
52	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_2$	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5$	40
53	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3 = Nt_2t_4t_3t_2t_4 =$ $Nt_3t_5t_4t_3t_5 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_4t_6 =$ $Nt_6t_2t_1t_6t_2 = Nt_5t_1t_6t_5t_1$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_4 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_5 =$ $Nt_2t_6t_1t_2t_6 = Nt_3t_1t_2t_3t_1 =$ $Nt_5t_3t_4t_5t_3 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_4t_2$	54
54	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_4 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_5 =$ $Nt_2t_6t_1t_2t_6 = Nt_3t_1t_2t_3t_1 =$ $Nt_5t_3t_4t_5t_3 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_4t_2$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3 = Nt_2t_4t_3t_2t_4 =$ $Nt_3t_5t_4t_3t_5 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_4t_6 =$ $Nt_6t_2t_1t_6t_2 = Nt_5t_1t_6t_5t_1$	53
55	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_4 = Nt_2t_6t_1t_6$	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_3 = Nt_5t_1t_6t_1$	56
56	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_3 = Nt_5t_1t_6t_1$	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_4 = Nt_2t_6t_1t_6$	55
57	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_5 = Nt_3t_1t_2t_1$	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_2 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_6$	59
58	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_4 = Nt_6t_2t_1t_2$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_5$	60
59	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_6 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_2$	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_1 = Nt_3t_5t_4t_5$	57
60	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_5$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_4 = Nt_6t_2t_1t_2$	58

Table 4.4: Construction of $f(y)$.

From the table we extract the permutation $f(y) = (2, 5)(3, 7)(4, 6)(8, 17)(9, 20)(10, 18)(12, 19)(13, 23)(15, 24)(16, 25)(21, 22)(26, 41)(27, 44)(28, 42)(29, 32)(31, 43)(33, 38)(34, 47)(35, 46)(36, 48)(37, 50)(39, 51)(40, 52)(45, 49)(53, 54)(55, 56)(57, 59)(58, 60)$.

Next we will construct $f(t)$ by multiplying the right cosets of our group by t_1 .

Label	Right Coset	Right Coset multiplied by t	Label
1	N	Nt_1	1
2	Nt	$Nt_1t_1 = Nt_4$	3
3	Nt_4	$Nt_4t_1 = N$	1
4	Nt_2	Nt_2t_1	8
5	Nt_6	Nt_6t_1	10
6	Nt_5	$Nt_5t_1 = Nt_4t_2$	12
7	Nt_3	$Nt_3t_1 = Nt_4t_6$	14
8	Nt_2t_1	$Nt_2t_4 = Nt_1t_5$	9
9	$Nt_2t_4 = Nt_1t_5$	$Nt_2t_4t_1 = Nt_2t_6t_3$	4
10	Nt_6t_1	$Nt_6t_4 = Nt_1t_3$	11
11	$Nt_1t_3 = Nt_6t_4$	$Nt_1t_3t_1 = Nt_5t_3t_5$	5
12	$Nt_5t_1 = Nt_4t_2$	$Nt_5t_1t_1 = Nt_5t_4$	13
13	Nt_5t_4	$Nt_5t_4t_1 = Nt_5t_6t_3 = Nt_5$	6
14	$Nt_4t_6 = Nt_3t_1$	$Nt_4t_6t_1$	15
15	Nt_3t_4	$Nt_3t_4t_1 = Nt_3t_2t_5 = Nt_3$	7
16	Nt_3t_2	$Nt_3t_2t_1$	26

17	Nt_5t_6	$Nt_5t_6t_1$	28
18	Nt_1t_6	$Nt_1t_6t_1 = Nt_6t_1t_6 =$ $Nt_4t_3t_4 = Nt_3t_4t_3$	30
19	$Nt_3t_5 = Nt_2t_6$	$Nt_3t_5t_1$	31
20	$Nt_6t_2 = Nt_5t_3$	$Nt_6t_2t_1$	33
21	Nt_1t_2	$Nt_1t_2t_1 = Nt_5t_4t_5 =$ $Nt_4t_5t_4 = Nt_2t_1t_2$	35
22	Nt_6t_5	$Nt_6t_5t_1$	36
23	Nt_2t_3	$Nt_2t_3t_1$	38
24	Nt_4t_3	$Nt_4t_3t_1$	18
25	Nt_4t_5	$Nt_4t_5t_1$	21
26	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4$	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_4t_1 = Nt_4t_6t_5$	27
27	$Nt_4t_6t_5$	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_1$	16
28	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_4$	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_4t_1 = Nt_4t_2t_3$	29
29	$Nt_4t_2t_3$	$Nt_4t_2t_3t_1$	17
30	$Nt_6t_1t_6 = Nt_1t_6t_1 =$ $Nt_3t_4t_3 = Nt_4t_3t_4$	$Nt_6t_1t_6t_1$	24
31	$Nt_2t_6t_1$	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_1 = Nt_2t_6t_4$	32
32	$Nt_3t_5t_4$	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_1 = Nt_2t_6t_1t_4 =$ $Nt_3t_5 = Nt_2t_6$	19
33	$Nt_6t_2t_1$	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_1 = Nt_6t_2t_4$	34
34	$Nt_5t_3t_4$	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_1 = Nt_6t_2t_1t_4 =$ $Nt_5t_3 = Nt_6t_2$	20
35	$Nt_1t_2t_1 = Nt_5t_4t_5 =$ $Nt_4t_5t_4 = Nt_2t_1t_2$	$Nt_1t_2t_1t_1 = Nt_1t_2t_4$	25
36	$Nt_1t_3t_2$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1$	37

37	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_1$	22
38	$Nt_1t_5t_6$	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_1$	39
39	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_1$	$Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_1 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_4$	23
40	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5$	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_5t_1 = Nt_6t_2t_1t_6t_2 =$ $Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3 = Nt_2t_4t_3t_2t_4 =$ $Nt_4t_6t_5t_4t_6 = Nt_3t_5t_4t_3t_5$	53
41	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_3$	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_3t_1 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_4t_2 =$ $Nt_5t_3t_4t_5t_3 = Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_4 =$ $Nt_2t_6t_1t_2t_6 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_5$	54
42	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_3$	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_3t_1 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_3$	55
43	$Nt_5t_1t_6$	$Nt_5t_1t_6t_1 = Nt_5t_3t_4t_3$	56
44	$Nt_3t_1t_2$	$Nt_3t_1t_2t_1 = Nt_3t_5t_4t_5$	57
45	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_5$	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_5t_1 = Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_5$	58
46	$Nt_5t_6t_5 = Nt_2t_3t_2 =$ $Nt_3t_2t_3 = Nt_6t_5t_6$	$Nt_5t_6t_5t_1 = Nt_3t_2t_3t_1$	59
47	$Nt_2t_4t_3$	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_1$	42
48	$Nt_6t_4t_5$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_1$	45
49	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_2$	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_2t_1$	40
50	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_1$	41
51	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_6$	$Nt_6t_2t_1t_6t_1$	43
52	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_2$	$Nt_2t_6t_1t_2t_1$	44
53	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3 = Nt_2t_4t_3t_2t_4 =$ $Nt_3t_5t_4t_3t_5 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_4t_6 =$ $Nt_6t_2t_1t_6t_2 = Nt_5t_1t_6t_5t_1$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_1t_3t_1$	49

54	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_4 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_1t_5 =$ $Nt_2t_6t_1t_2t_6 = Nt_3t_1t_2t_3t_1 =$ $Nt_5t_3t_4t_5t_3 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_4t_2$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_6t_4t_1 = Nt_6t_4t_5t_6$	50
55	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_4 = Nt_2t_6t_1t_6$	$Nt_2t_4t_3t_4t_1 = Nt_2t_4t_3$	47
56	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_3 = Nt_5t_1t_6t_1$	$Nt_5t_3t_4t_3t_1$	51
57	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_5 = Nt_3t_1t_2t_1$	$Nt_3t_5t_4t_5t_1$	52
58	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_4 = Nt_6t_2t_1t_2$	$Nt_6t_4t_5t_4t_1$	48
59	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_6 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_2$	$Nt_4t_6t_5t_6t_1 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_2t_1$	60
60	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3 = Nt_1t_5t_6t_5$	$Nt_1t_3t_2t_3t_1 = Nt_4t_6t_5t_6t_4 =$ $Nt_1t_5t_6t_5t_1 = Nt_4t_2t_3t_2t_4$	46

Table 4.5: Construction of $f(t)$.

From the table we extract the permutation $f(t) = (1, 2, 3)(4, 8, 9)(5, 10, 11)(6, 12, 13)(7, 14, 15)(16, 26, 27)(17, 28, 29)(18, 30, 24)(19, 31, 32)(20, 33, 34)(21, 35, 25)(22, 36, 37)(23, 38, 39)(40, 53, 49)(41, 54, 50)(42, 55, 47)(43, 56, 51)(44, 57, 52)(45, 58, 48)(46, 59, 60)$.

The permutations $f(x), f(y), f(t) \in S_{60}$ represent $x, y, t \in G$, therefore $|G| \geq |\langle f(x), f(y), f(t) \rangle| = 720$. Combining the previous with that fact $|G| \leq 720$ to obtain $|G| = 720$. Now $f(t^{xt^y})^2 = [f(t^x)f(t^y)]^2 = [f(t)^{f(x)}f(t)^{f(y)}]^2 = [(1, 2, 3)(4, 8, 9)(5, 10, 11)(6, 12, 13)(7, 14, 15)(16, 26, 27)(17, 28, 29)(18, 30, 24)(19, 31, 32)(20, 33, 34)(21, 35, 25)(22, 36, 37)(23, 38, 39)(40, 53, 49)(41, 54, 50)(42, 55, 47)(43, 56, 51)(44, 57, 52)(45, 58, 48)(46, 59, 60)^{(2, 4, 7, 3, 6, 5)(8, 16, 24, 13, 22, 18)(9, 19, 14, 12, 20, 11)(10, 21, 23, 15, 25, 17)(26, 40, 51, 37, 49, 42)(27, 43, 33, 36, 47, 32)(28, 45, 50, 39, 52, 41)(29, 34, 48, 38, 31, 44)(30, 35, 46)(55, 57, 59, 56, 58, 60)(1, 2, 3)(4, 8, 9)(5, 10, 11)(6, 12, 13)(7, 14,$

$(15)(16, 26, 27)(17, 28, 29)(18, 30, 24)(19, 31, 32)(20, 33, 34)(21, 35, 25)(22, 36,$
 $37)(23, 38, 39)(40, 53, 49)(41, 54, 50)(42, 55, 47)(43, 56, 51)(44, 57, 52)(45, 58,$
 $48)(46, 59, 60)(2, 5)(3, 7)(4, 6)(8, 17)(9, 20)(10, 18)(12, 19)(13, 23)(15, 24)(16, 25)(21, 22)(26, 41)$
 $(27, 44)(28, 42)(29, 32)(31, 43)(33, 38)(34, 47)(35, 46)(36, 48)(37, 50)(39, 51)(40, 52)(45, 49)(53, 54)$
 $(55, 56)(57, 59)(58, 60)]^2 = [(1, 4, 6)(2, 21, 9)(3, 12, 25)(5, 20, 22)(7, 16, 19)(8, 35,$
 $13)(10, 45, 34)(11, 36, 48)(14, 44, 27)(15, 31, 52)(17, 23, 46)(18, 47, 49)(24, 40,$
 $43)(26, 57, 32)(28, 54, 39)(29, 59, 41)(30, 56, 55)(33, 58, 37)(38, 50, 60)(42, 51,$
 $53)^*(1, 5, 7)(2, 18, 11)(3, 14, 24)(4, 19, 23)(6, 17, 20)(8, 42, 32)(9, 38, 47)(10, 30,$
 $15)(12, 43, 29)(13, 33, 51)(16, 22, 46)(21, 48, 50)(25, 41, 44)(26, 53, 37)(27, 59,$
 $40)(28, 56, 34)(31, 55, 39)(35, 57, 58)(36, 49, 60)(45, 52, 54)]^2 = [(1, 19)(2, 48)(3,$
 $43)(4, 17)(5, 6)(7, 22)(8, 57)(9, 18)(10, 52)(11, 49)(12, 41)(13, 42)(14, 25)(15,$
 $55)(16, 23)(20, 46)(21, 38)(24, 27)(26, 58)(28, 45)(29, 40)(30, 34)(31, 54)(32,$
 $53)(33, 35)(36, 50)(37, 51)(39, 56)(44, 59)(47, 60)] = e. \text{ Hence, } G \cong \langle f(x), f(y),$
 $f(t) \rangle .$

Chapter 5

Double Coset Enumerations

5.1 Definitions and Theorems

Definition 5.1. A subgroup $H \leq G$ is a *maximal normal subgroup* of G if there is no normal subgroup N of G with $H < N < G$. [Rot95]

Lemma 5.2. If H and K are finite Groups of G and x is an element of G , then $|HxK| = |K| \times |K| / |K^x \cap H|$. [Curt07]

5.2 Double Coset Enumeration of $L_2(25)$ Over S_5

A symmetric presentation of the progenitor $5^{*24} : S_5$ is $G = \langle x^5, y^2, (x^{-1}y)^4, (xyx^{-2}yx)^2, t^5, (t, xyx^2yx^{-1}), t^{x^{-1}y} = t^3, (x, tt^{x^2})^2, (xyt)^4, x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxtxt^2xt \rangle$. Let $xx = (1, 2, 4, 18, 9)(3, 13, 14, 16, 24)(6, 21, 7, 8, 10)(12, 15, 19, 20, 22)$ and let $yy = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10, 12)(14, 17)(16, 18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$. Let $N = \langle xx, yy \rangle$. MAGMA gives $N \cong S_5$. Let $t = t_1$.

Theorem 5.3. $L_2(25) \cong G = \langle x^5, y^2, (x^{-1}y)^4, (xyx^{-2}yx)^2, t^5, (t, xyx^2yx^{-1}), t^{x^{-1}y} = t^3, (x, tt^{x^2})^2, (x^y t)^4, x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxtxt^2xt \rangle$.

We perform our technique of manual double coset enumeration to G over N to construct G and prove that $G \cong L_2(25)$. Before we start our double coset enumeration, the relations need to be expanded.

Now $|t| = |t_1| = 5$ and $t_{13} = t^{x^{-1}y} = t^3$, therefore $(t_1^3)^N = (t_{13})^N$, which yields the following:

Inverses:	Powers:	Splits:
$t_1 = t_{19}^{-1}$	$t_1^2 = t_7, t_1^3 = t_{13}, t_1^4 = t_{19}$	$t_1 = t_7 t_{19}$
$t_2 = t_{20}^{-1}$	$t_2^2 = t_8, t_2^3 = t_{14}, t_2^4 = t_{20}$	$t_2 = t_8 t_{20}$
$t_3 = t_{21}^{-1}$	$t_3^2 = t_9, t_3^3 = t_{15}, t_3^4 = t_{21}$	$t_3 = t_9 t_{21}$
$t_4 = t_{22}^{-1}$	$t_4^2 = t_{10}, t_4^3 = t_{16}, t_4^4 = t_{22}$	$t_4 = t_{10} t_{22}$
$t_5 = t_{23}^{-1}$	$t_5^2 = t_{11}, t_5^3 = t_{17}, t_5^4 = t_{23}$	$t_5 = t_{11} t_{23}$
$t_6 = t_{24}^{-1}$	$t_6^2 = t_{12}, t_6^3 = t_{18}, t_6^4 = t_{24}$	$t_6 = t_{12} t_{24}$
$t_7 = t_{13}^{-1}$	$t_7^2 = t_{19}, t_7^3 = t_1, t_7^4 = t_{13}$	$t_7 = t_{19} t_{13}$
$t_8 = t_{14}^{-1}$	$t_8^2 = t_{20}, t_8^3 = t_2, t_8^4 = t_{14}$	$t_8 = t_{20} t_{14}$
$t_9 = t_{15}^{-1}$	$t_9^2 = t_{21}, t_9^3 = t_3, t_9^4 = t_{15}$	$t_9 = t_{21} t_{15}$
$t_{10} = t_{16}^{-1}$	$t_{10}^2 = t_{22}, t_{10}^3 = t_4, t_{10}^4 = t_{16}$	$t_{10} = t_{22} t_{16}$
$t_{11} = t_{17}^{-1}$	$t_{11}^2 = t_{23}, t_{11}^3 = t_5, t_{11}^4 = t_{17}$	$t_{11} = t_{23} t_{17}$
$t_{12} = t_{18}^{-1}$	$t_{12}^2 = t_{24}, t_{12}^3 = t_6, t_{12}^4 = t_{18}$	$t_{12} = t_{24} t_{18}$
$t_{13} = t_7^{-1}$	$t_{13}^2 = t_1, t_{13}^3 = t_{19}, t_{13}^4 = t_7$	$t_{13} = t_1 t_7$
$t_{14} = t_8^{-1}$	$t_{14}^2 = t_2, t_{14}^3 = t_{20}, t_{14}^4 = t_8$	$t_{14} = t_2 t_8$
$t_{15} = t_9^{-1}$	$t_{15}^2 = t_3, t_{15}^3 = t_{21}, t_{15}^4 = t_9$	$t_{15} = t_3 t_9$

$t_{16} = t_{10}^{-1}$	$t_{16}^2 = t_4, t_{16}^3 = t_{22}, t_{16}^4 = t_{10}$	$t_{16} = t_4 t_{10}$
$t_{17} = t_{11}^{-1}$	$t_{17}^2 = t_5, t_{17}^3 = t_{23}, t_{17}^4 = t_{11}$	$t_{17} = t_5 t_{11}$
$t_{18} = t_{12}^{-1}$	$t_{18}^2 = t_6, t_{18}^3 = t_{24}, t_{18}^4 = t_{12}$	$t_{18} = t_6 t_{12}$
$t_{19} = t_1^{-1}$	$t_{19}^2 = t_{13}, t_{19}^3 = t_7, t_{19}^4 = t_1$	$t_{19} = t_{13} t_1$
$t_{20} = t_2^{-1}$	$t_{20}^2 = t_{14}, t_{20}^3 = t_8, t_{20}^4 = t_2$	$t_{20} = t_{14} t_2$
$t_{21} = t_3^{-1}$	$t_{21}^2 = t_{15}, t_{21}^3 = t_9, t_{21}^4 = t_3$	$t_{21} = t_{15} t_3$
$t_{22} = t_4^{-1}$	$t_{22}^2 = t_{16}, t_{22}^3 = t_{10}, t_{22}^4 = t_4$	$t_{22} = t_{16} t_4$
$t_{23} = t_5^{-1}$	$t_{23}^2 = t_{17}, t_{23}^3 = t_{11}, t_{23}^4 = t_5$	$t_{23} = t_{17} t_5$
$t_{24} = t_6^{-1}$	$t_{24}^2 = t_{18}, t_{24}^3 = t_{12}, t_{24}^4 = t_6$	$t_{24} = t_{18} t_6$

Table 5.1: Powers of t .

Lemma 5.4. $t_9 t_2 t_{22} t_{19} = t_1 t_4 t_{20} t_{15}$.

Proof. From the relation $(x t_1 t_4 x^{-1} t_4^{-1} t_1^{-1})^2 = e \implies$

$$(x t_1 t_4 x^{-1} t_4^{-1} t_1^{-1})^2 = (x t_1 t_4 x^{-1} t_{22} t_{19})^2 \implies$$

$$(x(x^{-1}(t_1 t_4)t^{x^{-1}})t_{22} t_{19})^2 = (t_9 t_2 t_{22} t_{19})^2 = e \implies$$

$$t_9 t_2 t_{22} t_{19} t_9 t_2 t_{22} t_{19} = e \implies$$

$$t_9 t_2 t_{22} t_{19} = t_{19}^{-1} t_{22}^{-1} t_2^{-1} t_9^{-1} \implies$$

$$t_9 t_2 t_{22} t_{19} = t_1 t_4 t_{20} t_{15} \text{ by substituting the inverses.} \quad \square$$

Lemma 5.5. $t_{19} t_9 = y x^{-1} y t_{12} t_{11}$ and $t_{12} t_{11} = x y t_{19} t_9$.

Proof. From the relation $(x^y t_1)^4 = e \implies$

$$\text{Let } p = x^y \sim (1, 15, 11, 12, 4)(3, 23, 24, 10, 7)(5, 6, 16, 13, 21)(9, 17, 18, 22, 19) \implies$$

$$\begin{aligned}
pt_1pt_1p(t_1p)t_1 &= pt_1pt_1p(pt_1^p)t_1 \implies \\
pt_1p(t_1p^2)t_1^pt_1 &= pt_1p(p^2t_1^{p^2})t_1^pt_1 \implies \\
p(t_1p^3)t_1^{p^2}t_1^pt_1 &= p(p^3t_1^{p^3})t_1^{p^2}t_1^pt_1 \implies \\
p^4t_1^{p^3}t_1^{p^2}t_1^pt_1 &= yx^{-1}yt_{12}t_{11}t_{15}t_1 = e \implies \\
yx^{-1}yt_{12}t_{11}t_{15}t_1^{-1}t_{15}^{-1} &= et_1^{-1}t_{15}^{-1} \implies \\
yx^{-1}yt_{12}t_{11} &= t_1^{-1}t_{15}^{-1} \implies \\
yx^{-1}yt_{12}t_{11} &= t_{19}t_9 \implies \\
(yx^{-1}y)^{-1}yx^{-1}yt_{12}t_{11} &= (yx^{-1}y)^{-1}t_{19}t_9 \implies t_{12}t_{11} = yxyt_{19}t_9. \quad \square
\end{aligned}$$

Lemma 5.6. $t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt_{19}$ and $t_{19} = yx^2yx^2yt_4t_8$.

Proof. From the relation $x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxt_1xt_1t_1xt_1 = e \implies$

$$\begin{aligned}
x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyx(t_1x)t^2xt_1 &= x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyx(xt_1^x)t_1t_1xt_1 \implies \\
x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxx(t_1^x)t_1t_1xt_1 &= x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxx(t_2)t_1t_1xt_1 \implies \\
x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxx(t_2t_1t_1x)t_1 &= x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxx(x(t_2t_1t_1)^x)t_1 \implies \\
x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxxx t_4t_2t_2t_1 &= x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxxx t_4t_8t_1 \implies \\
x^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxxx t_4t_8t_1 &= yx^{-2}yx^2yt_4t_8t_1 = e \implies \\
yx^{-2}yx^2yt_4t_8t_1t_{19} &= et_{19} \implies \\
(yx^{-2}yx^2y)^{-1}yx^{-2}yx^2yt_4t_8t_1t_{19} &= (yx^{-2}yx^2y)^{-1}t_{19} \implies \\
t_4t_8 &= yx^2yx^2yt_{19} \implies \\
(yx^2yx^2y)^{-1}t_4t_8 &= (yx^2yx^2y)^{-1}yx^2yx^2yt_{19} \implies yx^2yx^2yt_4t_8 = t_{19}. \quad \square
\end{aligned}$$

In what follows, we will denote the number of right cosets in the double coset $[w]$ by $|[w]|$. The only right coset of $N \backslash N = [*]$ is N , therefore $|[*]| = 1$, which is symbolized by placing “1” inside the circle representing $[*]$. The stabilizer of N

is N . The only orbit of N is $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 23, 24\}$, which yields the cosets $Nt_1, Nt_2, Nt_3, \dots, Nt_{23}, Nt_{24} \in [1]$. This is symbolized by placing a “24” next to the circle representing $[*]$ in the diagram below.

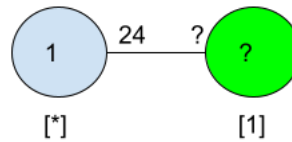


Figure 5.1: Double Cosets $[*]$

Let N^1 be the point stabilizer of 1 over N , therefore $N^1 = \langle (2, 11, 9, 22, 12)(3, 10, 6, 14, 5)(4, 18, 20, 17, 15)(8, 23, 21, 16, 24) \rangle$. $N^{(1)} = N^1$ since there are no relations such that $t_i = t_j$ where $0 < i, j \leq 6$. The double cosets of $[1]$ are $Nt_1, Nt_2, Nt_3, \dots, Nt_{23}$, and Nt_{24} which verifies $|[1]| = 24$. This is symbolized by placing a “24” inside the circle representing $[1]$ in the diagram. Now the orbits of $N^{(1)}$ on $X = \{1, 2, \dots, 23, 24\}$ are $\{1\}$, $\{7\}$, $\{13\}$, $\{19\}$, $\{2, 12, 22, 9, 11\}$, $\{3, 5, 14, 6, 10\}$, $\{4, 15, 17, 20, 18\}$, $\{8, 24, 16, 21, 23\}$.

The first orbit yields $Nt_1t_1 = Nt_7 \in [1]$, therefore $Nt_1t_1 \in [1]$. The second orbit yields $Nt_1t_7 = Nt_{13} \in [1]$, which means $Nt_1t_7 \in [1]$. The third orbit yields $Nt_1t_{13} = Nt_{19} \in [1]$, which shows $Nt_1t_{13} \in [1]$. The fourth orbit yields $Nt_1t_{19} = Ne = N \in [*]$, which proves $Nt_1t_{19} \in [*]$.

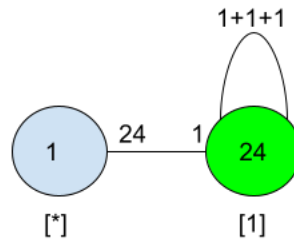


Figure 5.2: DCE up to the Fourth Orbit of $[1]$.

For the double coset $[w]$, we need only determine the double coset of the right coset Nwt_i for one representative t_i for each orbit of the stabilizer group $N^{(w)}$ of the coset Nw . The fifth orbit yields $Nt_1t_2, Nt_1t_{12}, Nt_1t_{22}, Nt_1t_9, Nt_1t_{11} \in [1,2]$, since $Nt_1t_2 \in [1,2]$.

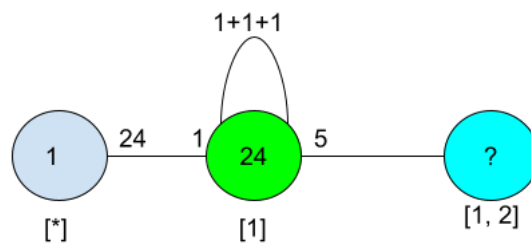


Figure 5.3: DCE up to the Fifth Orbit of $[1]$.

The sixth orbit yields $Nt_1t_3, Nt_1t_5, Nt_1t_{14}, Nt_1t_{16}, Nt_1t_{10} \in [1,3]$.

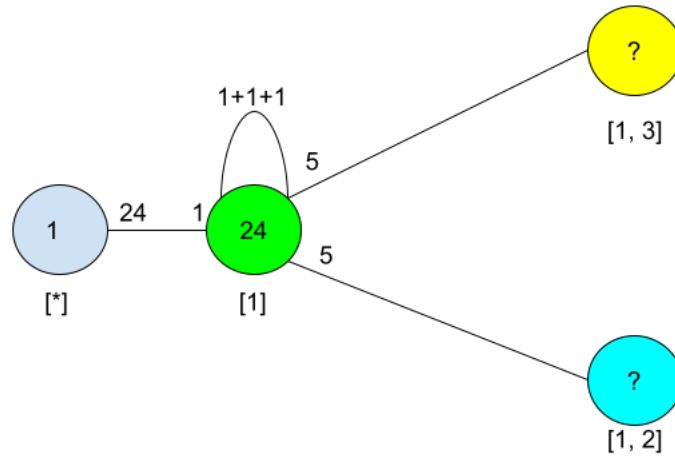


Figure 5.4: DCE up to the Sixth Orbit of $[1]$.

The seventh orbit yields $Nt_1t_4, Nt_1t_{15}, Nt_1t_{17}, Nt_1t_{20}, Nt_1t_{18} \in [1,3]$. It suffices to show $Nt_1t_4 \in [1, 3]$.

Lemma 5.7. $Nt_1t_4 \in [1, 3]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22) \in N$. $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8$ (Lemma 5.6) then $(t_{19})^p = (xyx^2yx^{-1}yyt_4t_8)^p \implies t_1 = xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2t_{10}$.

$$t_1t_4 = xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2t_{10}t_4$$

$$xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2t_{10}t_4 = xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2t_{16} \text{ since } t_{16} = t_{10}t_4 \implies$$

$Nt_1t_4 \in [1, 3]$ since $N(t_2t_{16})^n = Nt_1t_3$, where $n = (1,12, 2)(3, 23, 16)(4, 9, 17)(5, 10, 21)(6, 14, 13)(7, 24, 8)(11, 22, 15)(18, 20,19)$. \square

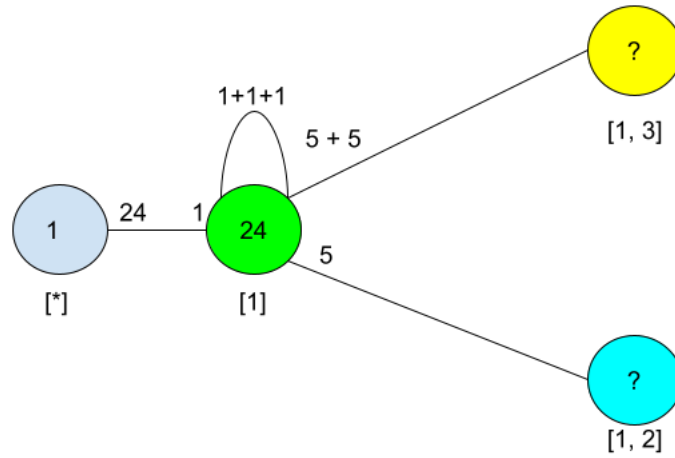


Figure 5.5: DCE up to the Eighth Orbit of [1].

The eighth orbit yields $Nt_1t_8, Nt_1t_{24}, Nt_1t_{16}, Nt_1t_{21}, Nt_1t_{23} \in [1]$.

Lemma 5.8. $Nt_1t_8 \in [1]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 15, 11, 12, 4)(3, 23, 24, 10, 7)(5, 6, 16, 13, 21)(9, 17, 18, 22, 19) \in N$. $t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt_{19}$ (Lemma 5.6) then $(t_4t_8)^p = (yx^2yx^2yt_{19})^p \implies t_1t_8 = yxyx^{-2}yt_9 \implies$

$Nt_1t_8 \in [1]$ since $N(t_9)^n \in [1]$, where $n = (1, 2, 4, 18, 9)(3, 13, 14, 16, 24)(6, 21, 7, 8, 10)(12, 15, 19, 20, 22)$. \square

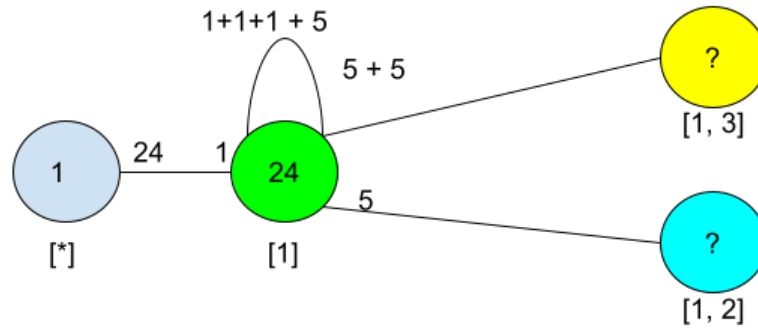


Figure 5.6: Double Cosets [1]

Let $N^{1,2}$ be the point stabilizer of 1 and 2 over N , then $N^{1,2} = \langle e \rangle$.

Lemma 5.9. $(1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8), (1,16)(2, 6)(3, 11)(4, 7)(5, 15)(8, 12)(9, 23)(10, 19)(13, 22)(14, 18)(17, 21)(20,24)$ and $(1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8) \in N^{(1,2)}$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 20, 12, 9, 17)(2, 18, 15, 11, 19)(3, 23, 13, 8, 6)(5, 7, 14, 24, 21) \in N$. $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8$ (Lemma 5.6) then $(t_{19})^p = (yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies t_2 = yx^2yx^{-1}yxt_4t_6 \implies t_1t_2 = yx^2yx^{-1}yxt_{10}t_4t_6 \implies yx^2yx^{-1}yxt_{10}t_4t_6 = yx^2yx^{-1}yxt_{16}t_6$ since $t_{10}t_4 = t_6 \implies Nt_1t_2 = Nt_{16}t_6$.

Let $n = (1,16)(2, 6)(3, 11)(4, 7)(5, 15)(8, 12)(9, 23)(10, 19)(13, 22)(14, 18)(17, 21)(20,24) \in N \implies Nt_1t_2 = (Nt_{16}t_6)^n \implies n \in N^{(1,2)}$. \square

Proof. Let $n = (1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8) \in N^{(1,2)}$.

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22) \in N$.

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 = xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2t_{10} \implies$$

$$t_1t_2 = xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2t_{10}t_2$$

Let $p = (1, 23, 18, 21)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 19, 5, 12)(4, 10, 22, 16)(6, 15, 7, 17)(9, 13, 11, 24) \in N$.

$$t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt_{19} \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_4t_8)^p = (yx^2yx^2yt_{19})^p \implies$$

$$t_{10}t_2 = yx^2yxyx^{-1}t_5 \implies$$

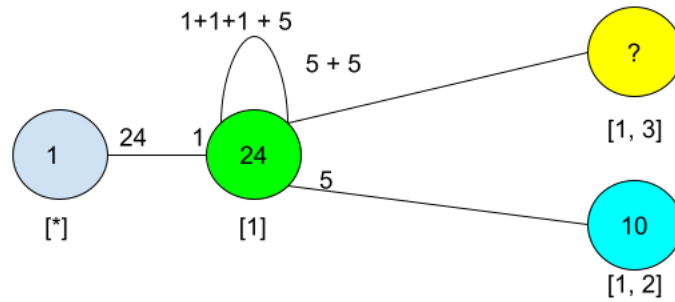
$$xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2t_{10}t_2 = xyx^2yx^{-1}yt_2tyx^2yxyx^{-1}t_5 \implies$$

$$t_1t_2 = yx^{-1}yx^2t_{10}t_5 \implies$$

$$Nt_1t_2 = Nt_{10}t_5.$$

Let $n = (1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8) \in N$. $Nt_1t_2 = (N_{10}t_5) \implies n \in N^{(1,2)}$. \square

$N^{(1,2)} \geq \langle (1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8), (1,16)(2, 6)(3, 11)(4, 7)(5, 15)(8, 12)(9, 23)(10, 19)(13, 22)(14, 18)(17, 21)(20,24) \rangle$, therefore $|P| = 12$. This proves $|[1,2]| = |N| \div |N^{(1,2)}| \leq 120 \div 12 = 10$.

Figure 5.7: Size of $[1,2]$.

Now the orbits of $N^{(1,2)}$ on $X = \{1, 2, \dots, 23, 24\}$ are $\{1, 24, 5, 20, 9, 19, 23, 15, 10, 2, 6, 16\}$ and $\{3, 4, 18, 7, 13, 8, 22, 14, 12, 21, 17, 11\}$.

The first orbit yields $Nt_1t_2t_1, Nt_1t_2t_{24}, Nt_1t_2t_5, Nt_1t_2t_{20}, Nt_1t_2t_9, Nt_1t_2t_{19}, Nt_1t_2t_{23}, Nt_1t_2t_{15}, Nt_1t_2t_{10}, Nt_1t_2t_2, Nt_1t_2t_6,$ and $Nt_1t_2t_{16}$. Since $Nt_1t_2t_{20} = Nt_1 \in [1]$, because $Nt_1t_2t_{20} = Nt_1t_2t_2^{-1}$ (since $t_2^{-1} = t_{20}$) = $Nt_1 \in [1]$.

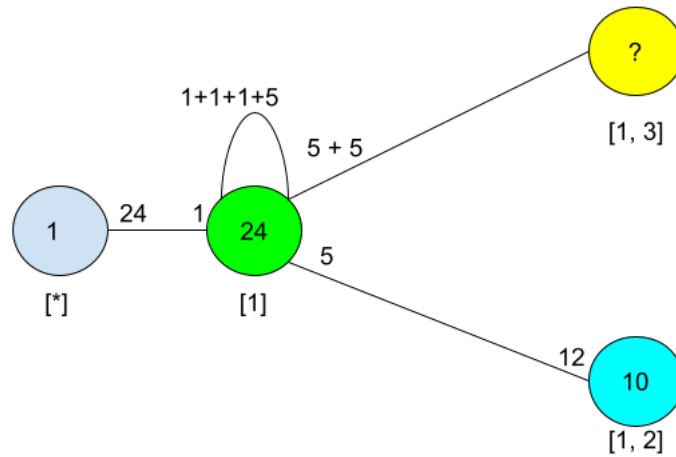


Figure 5.8: DCE up to the First Orbit of $[1,2]$.

The second orbit yields $Nt_1t_2t_3, Nt_1t_2t_4, Nt_1t_2t_{18}, Nt_1t_2t_7, Nt_1t_2t_{13}, Nt_1t_2t_8, Nt_1t_2t_{22}, Nt_1t_2t_{14}, Nt_1t_2t_{12}, Nt_1t_2t_{21}, Nt_1t_2t_{17}, Nt_1t_2t_{11} \in [1, 3]$.

Lemma 5.10. $Nt_1t_2t_3 \in [1, 3]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 17, 18)(2, 15, 4)(3, 10, 8)(5, 6, 7)(9, 22, 20)(11, 12, 19)(13, 23, 24)(14, 21, 16) \in N$.

$$t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt_{19} \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_4t_8)^p = (yx^2yx^2yt_{19})^p. \implies$$

$$t_2t_3 = x^{-2}yx^{-2}t_{11}. \implies$$

$$t_1t_2t_3 = x^{-2}yx^{-2}t_{13}t_{11}.$$

Let $n = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 18, 16, 11)(4, 23, 9, 6)(5, 15, 24, 22)(10, 17, 21, 12). \implies (t_1t_2t_3)^n = (x^{-2}yx^{-2}t_{13}t_{11})^n \implies$

$$t_7t_{14}t_{18} = yx^{-1}yx^2yt_{13}t_3.$$

Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 11, 16, 18)(4, 6, 9, 23)(5, 22, 24, 15)(10, 12, 21, 17) = n^{-1}$. \implies

$$(t_7 t_{14} t_{18})^p = (y x^{-1} y x^2 y t_1 t_3)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 t_2 t_3 = x^{-2} y x^{-2} t_{13} t_{11} = y x^{-1} y x^2 y (t_1 t_3)^p. \quad \square$$

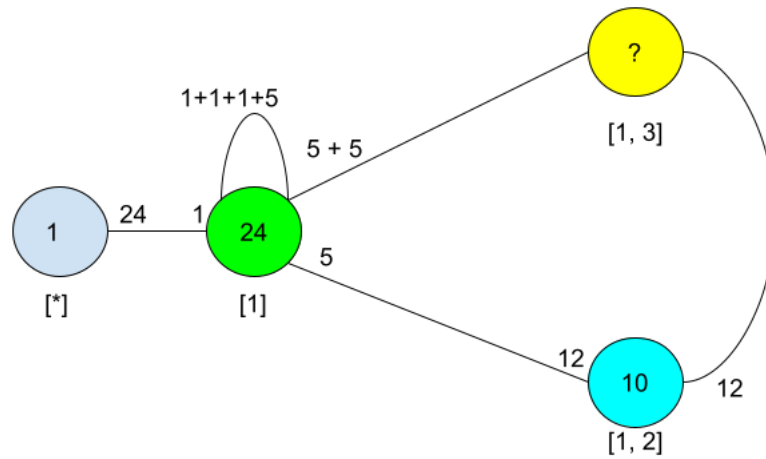


Figure 5.9: DCE of $[1, 2]$

Lemma 5.11. $Nt_7 t_4 = Nt_1 t_3$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9, 20)(10, 24)(11, 17)(14, 21)(18, 22) \in N$.

$t_{19} = y x^2 y x^{-2} y t_4 t_8$ (Lemma 5.6) where $y x^2 y x^{-2} y \sim (1, 8)(2, 13)(3, 17)(4, 24)(5, 9)(6, 22)(7, 20)(10, 18)(11, 21)(12, 16)(14, 19)$

$$(15, 23) \implies (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3 \text{ where } yxyx^2yx^{-1} \sim (1, 23, 18, 21)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 19, 5, 12)(4, 10, 22, 16)(6, 15, 7, 17)(9, 13, 11, 24) \implies t_1t_3 = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_3.$$

$$\text{Let } p = (1, 18, 15)(2, 11, 4)(3, 7, 6)(5, 16, 14)(8, 23, 10)(9, 19, 12)(13, 24, 21)(17, 22, 20) \in N \implies$$

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_{12} = x^2yxyx^{-1}yt_2t_{23} \text{ where } x^2yxyx^{-1}y \sim (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 23, 18, 10)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 14, 11, 24)(5, 12, 16, 20)(6, 22, 8, 17) \implies yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_3 = (yxyx^2yx^{-1})(x^2yxyx^{-1}y)$$

$$t_2t_{23}t_3t_3 = x^{-1}yx^2yt_2t_{23}t_3t_3, \text{ where } x^{-1}yx^2y \sim (1, 18, 15)(2, 11, 4)(3, 7, 6)$$

$$(5, 16, 14)(8, 23, 10)(9, 19, 12)(13, 24, 21)(17, 22, 20).$$

$$\text{Let } p = (1, 5, 4, 24, 20, 3)(2, 21, 19, 23, 22, 6)(7, 11, 10, 18, 14, 9)(8, 15, 13, 17, 16, 12) \in N.$$

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_{23} = yx^{-1}yxyx^{-2}t_{24}t_{15} \text{ where } yx^{-1}yxyx^{-2} \sim (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 11, 16, 18)(4, 6, 9, 23)(5, 22, 24, 15)(10, 12, 21, 17) \implies x^{-1}yx^2yt_2t_{23}t_3t_3 = x^{-1}yx^2yt_2yx^{-1}yxyx^{-2}$$

$$t_{24}t_{15}t_3t_3 \implies$$

$$x^{-1}yx^2yt_2t_{23}t_3t_3 = x^{-2}yx^2t_8t_{24}t_{15}t_3t_3 = x^{-2}yx^2t_8t_{24}t_{24}t_3 = x^{-2}yx^2t_8t_{24} \text{ since } t_{24}t_3 = \text{Id}(N).$$

$$\text{Let } p = (1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8) \in N.$$

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_{24} = yx^2yx^{-1}yxt_{13}t_4 \text{ where } yx^2yx^{-1}yx \sim (1, 10, 12, 14)(2, 7, 22, 24)(3, 9,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &21, 15)(4, 6, 20, 13)(5, 17, 23, 11)(8, 19, 16, 18) \implies x^{-2}yx^2t_8t_{24}t_{15}t_3t_3 = \\
 &x^{-2}yx^2t_8yx^2yx^{-1}yxt_{13}t_4 = yx^{-1}yx^2t_{19}t_{13}t_4 = yx^{-1}yx^2t_7t_4 \implies \\
 &Nt_1t_3 = Nt_7t_4. \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

Let $N^{1,3}$ be the point stabilizer of 1 and 3 over N , therefore $N^{1,3} = \langle e \rangle$. Let $p = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 6, 15, 16)(3, 4, 8, 12)(5, 17, 23, 11)(9, 10, 20, 24)(14, 18, 21, 22)$. $N(t_1t_3)^p = Nt_7t_4 \in N^{(1,3)}$. Now $N^{(1,3)} \geq P = \langle (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 6, 15, 16)(3, 4, 8, 12)(5, 17, 23, 11)(9, 10, 20, 24)(14, 18, 21, 22) \rangle$, this means $|P| = 4$. $\implies |[1,3]| = |N| \div |N^{(1,3)}| \leq 120 \div 4 = 30$.

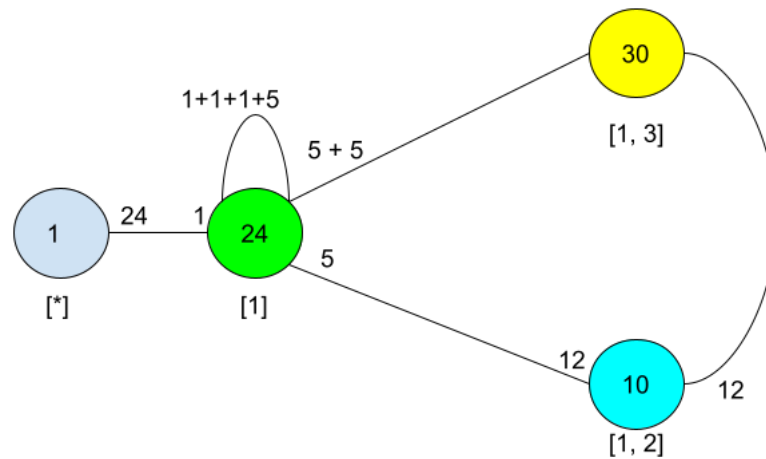


Figure 5.10: Size of $[1, 3]$.

The orbits of $N^{(1,3)}$ on $X = \{ 1, 7, 19, 13 \}, \{ 2, 6, 15, 16 \}, \{ 3, 4, 8, 12 \}, \{ 5, 17, 23, 11 \}, \{ 9, 10, 20, 24 \},$ and $\{ 14, 18, 21, 22 \}$.

Lemma 5.12. $Nt_1t_3t_1 \in [1, 3]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 18)(3, 21)(4, 11)(5, 16)(6, 8)(7, 13)(9, 15)(10, 23)(12, 20)(14, 24)(17, 22) \in N$.

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 = x^{-1}yx^2t_{11}t_6 \implies$$

$$t_1t_3 = x^{-1}yx^2t_{11}t_6t_3.$$

Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4, 23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15, 16, 11, 24, 20) \in N$.

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_3 = xyx^{-1}yxyxt_{23}t_1 \implies$$

$$x^{-1}yx^2t_{11}t_6t_3 = x^{-1}yx^2t_{11}t_6xyx^{-1}yxyxt_{23}t_1, \text{ where } xyx^{-1}yxyx \sim (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)$$

$$(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13) \implies$$

$$t_1t_3 = x^2yx^2yxyx^{-1}yt_{13}t_{17}t_{23}t_1.$$

Let $n = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 18, 16, 11)(4, 23, 9, 6)(5, 15, 24, 22)(10, 17, 21, 12) \implies t_7t_{18} = (x^{-1}yx^2)^2t_1t_{21}t_9t_7 \implies$

$$(x^{-1}yx^2)^2t_1t_{21}t_9t_7 = (x^{-1}yx^2)^2t_1t_3t_7 \implies$$

Let $p = n^{-1} = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 11, 16, 18)(4, 6, 9, 23)(5, 22, 24, 15)(10, 12, 21, 17) \implies$

$$(t_7t_{18})^p = ((x^{-1}yx^2)^2t_1t_3t_7)^p \implies t_1t_3 = (x^{-1}yx^2)^2(t_1t_3t_7)^p. \quad \square$$

The first orbit yields $Nt_1t_3t_1, Nt_1t_3t_7, Nt_1t_3t_{19}, Nt_1t_3t_{13} \in [1, 3]$.

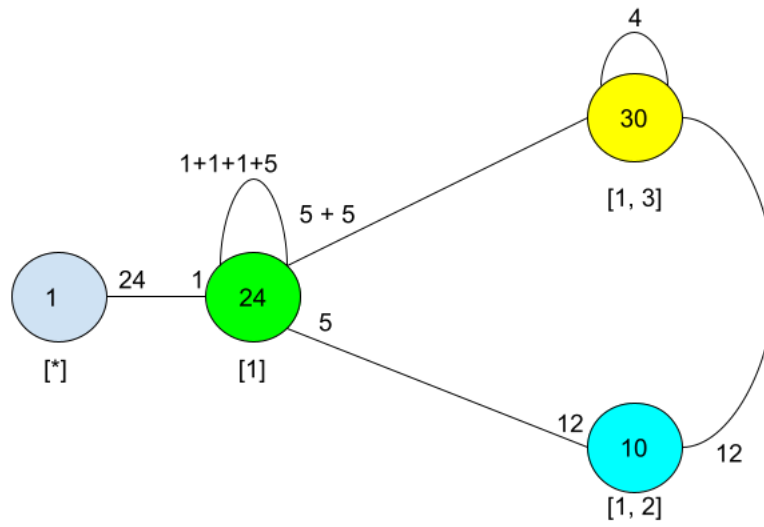


Figure 5.11: DCE up to the First Orbit of $[1,3]$.

The second orbit yields $Nt_1t_3t_2, Nt_1t_3t_6, Nt_1t_3t_{15}, Nt_1t_3t_{16} \in [1]$. Since $t_1t_3t_{15} = t_1t_{21} \in [1]$ as seen before.

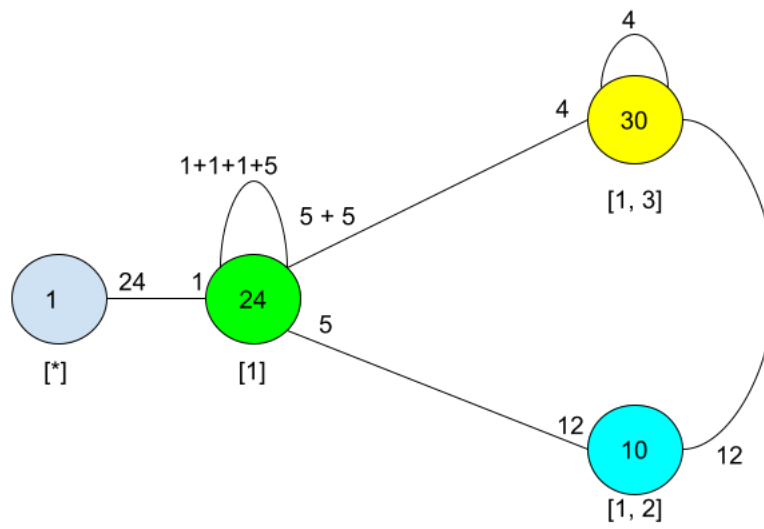


Figure 5.12: DCE up to the Second Orbit of $[1,3]$.

The third orbit yields $Nt_1t_3t_3$, $Nt_1t_3t_4$, $Nt_1t_3t_8$, $Nt_1t_3t_{12}$, $t_1t_3t_3 = t_1t_9 \in [1, 2]$ as seen before. Therefore, $Nt_1t_3t_3$, $Nt_1t_3t_4$, $Nt_1t_3t_8$, $Nt_1t_3t_{12} \in [1, 2]$.

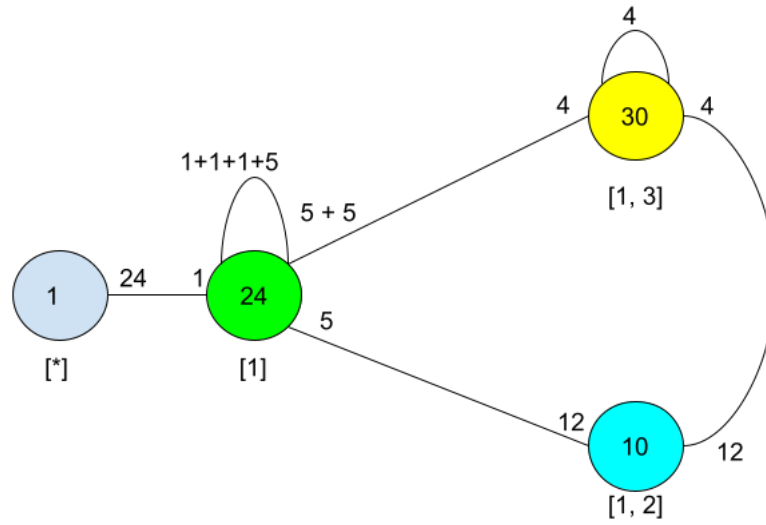


Figure 5.13: DCE up to the Third Orbit of $[1,3]$.

Lemma 5.13. $Nt_1t_3t_5 \in [1, 3]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13) \in \text{to } N$.

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_3 = xyx^{-1}yx^2yt_{16}t_{20} \implies$$

$$t_1t_3t_5 = t_1xyx^{-1}yx^2yt_{16}t_{20}t_5 = xyx^{-1}yx^2yt_{16}t_{16}t_{20}t_5.$$

Let $p = (1, 15, 22, 2, 17)(3, 16, 8, 5, 7)(4, 20, 11, 19, 9)(10, 14, 23, 13, 21) \in \text{to } N$.

$$t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt_{19} \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_4t_8)^p = (yx^2yx^2yt_{19})^p \implies$$

$$t_{20}t_5 = yx^{-1}yxyx^2t_9 \implies$$

$$xyx^{-1}yx^2yt_{16}t_{16}t_{20}t_5 = yx^{-1}yx^2yt_{16}t_{16}yx^{-1}yxyx^2t_9 = yx^{-2}yxt_4t_4t_9.$$

We now have $t_1t_3t_5 = yx^{-2}yxt_4t_4t_9$.

Let $n = (1, 14, 12, 10)(2, 24, 22, 7)(3, 15, 21, 9)(4, 13, 20, 6)(5, 11, 23, 17)(8, 18, 16, 19)$. $\implies (t_1 t_3 t_5)^n = (xyx^{-2}yxt_4 t_4 t_9)^n \implies$

$$t_{14} t_{15} t_{11} = (xy)^2 t_{13} t_{13} t_3 = (xy)^2 t_1 t_3 \text{ since } t_{13} t_{13} = t_1.$$

Let $p = (1, 10, 12, 14)(2, 7, 22, 24)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 6, 20, 13)(5, 17, 23, 11)(8, 19, 16, 18) = n^{-1}$. \implies

$$(t_{14} t_{15} t_{11})^p = ((xy)^2 t_1 t_3)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 t_3 t_5 = xyx^{-2}yxt_4 t_4 t_9 = (xy)^2 (t_1 t_3)^p. \implies N_{t_1 t_3 t_5} \in [1, 3]. \quad \square$$

The fourth orbit yields $N_{t_1 t_3 t_5}, N_{t_1 t_3 t_{17}}, N_{t_1 t_3 t_{23}}, N_{t_1 t_3 t_{11}} \in [1, 3]$.

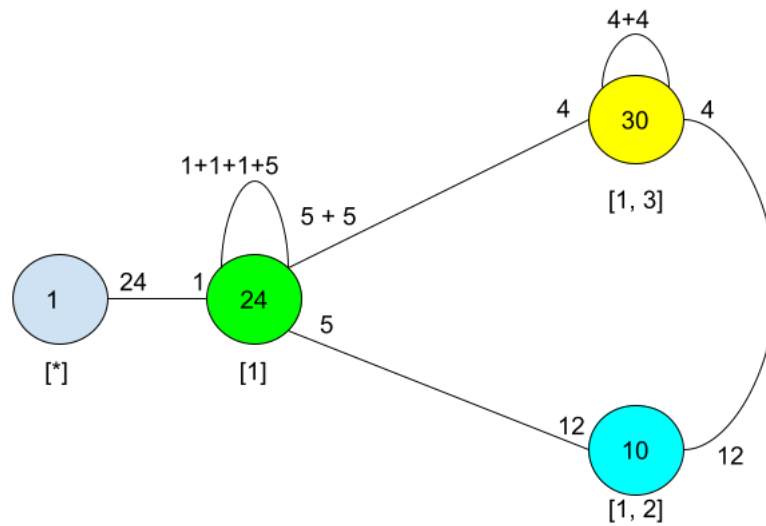


Figure 5.14: DCE up to the Fourth Orbit of [1,3].

Lemma 5.14. $N_{t_1 t_3 t_9} \in [1, 3]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9, 20)(10, 24)(11,17)(14, 21)(18, 22) \in N$.

$$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8 \text{ (Lemma 5.6) then } (t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3 \implies$$

$$t_1t_3t_9 = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_9.$$

$$\text{Let } n = (1, 12)(2, 22)(3, 21)(4, 20)(5, 23)(6, 13)(7, 24)(8, 16)(9, 15)(10, 14)(11, 17)(18, 19). \implies (t_1t_3t_9)^n = (yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_9)^n \implies$$

$$t_{12}t_{21}t_{15} = xyx^{-1}yxyxt_1t_{21}t_{21}t_{15}.$$

$$xyx^{-1}yxyxt_1t_{21}t_{21}t_{15} = xyx^{-1}yxyxt_1t_{15}t_{15}$$

$$xyx^{-1}yxyxt_1t_{15}t_{15} = xyx^{-1}yxyxt_1t_3$$

$$\text{Let } p = (1, 12)(2, 22)(3, 21)(4, 20)(5, 23)(6, 13)(7, 24)(8, 16)(9, 15)(10, 14)(11, 17)(18, 19) = n^{-1}. \implies$$

$$(t_{12}t_{21}t_{15})^p = (xyx^{-1}yxyxt_1t_3)^p \implies$$

$$t_1t_3t_9 = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_{21} = xyx^{-1}yxyx(t_1t_3)^p. \quad \square$$

The fifth orbit yields $Nt_1t_3t_9, Nt_1t_3t_{10}, Nt_1t_3t_{20}, Nt_1t_3t_{24} \in [1, 3]$.

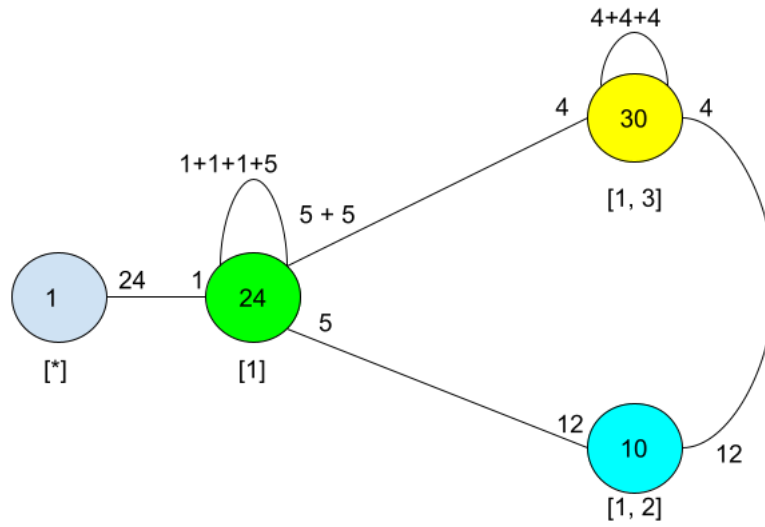


Figure 5.15: DCE up its Fifth Orbit of [1,3].

Lemma 5.15. $Nt_1t_3t_{14} \in [1]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9, 20)(10, 24)(11, 17)(14, 21)(18, 22) \in N$.

$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8$ (Lemma 5.6) then $(t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_1 = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3 \implies$

$t_1t_3t_{14} = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_{14}$.

Let $p = (1, 8)(2, 13)(3, 17)(4, 24)(5, 9)(6, 22)(7, 20)(10, 18)(11, 21)(12, 16)(14, 19)(15, 23) \in N$.

$t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8$ (Lemma 5.6) then $(t_{19})^p = (yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = yx^2yx^{-1}yt_{24}t_1 \implies$

$yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_{14} = yxyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_3yx^2yx^{-1}yt_{24}t_1 = x^2yx^{-2}yt_{13}t_{18}t_{18}t_{24}t_1$.

Let $n = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22)$. \implies

$$(t_1 t_3 t_{14})^n = (x^2 y x^{-2} y t_{13} t_{18} t_{18} t_{24} t_1)^n \implies$$

$$t_{19} t_{23} t_{16} = (x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_7 t_{12} t_{12} t_6 t_{19}.$$

$$(x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_7 t_{12} t_{12} t_6 t_{19} = (x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_7 t_{24} t_6 t_{19} \implies$$

$$(x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_7 t_{24} t_6 t_{19} = (x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_7 t_{19} \text{ since } t_{24} t_6 = e \implies$$

$$(x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_7 t_{19} = (x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_1.$$

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22) = n^{-1}$. \implies

$$(t_{19} t_{23} t_{16})^p = ((x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_1)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 t_3 t_{14} = x^2 y x^{-2} y t_{19} = (x^2 y x^{-1})^2 t_1^p \in [1]. \quad \square$$

The sixth orbit yields $Nt_1 t_3 t_{14}$, $Nt_1 t_3 t_{18}$, $Nt_1 t_3 t_{22}$, $Nt_1 t_3 t_{22} \in [1]$.

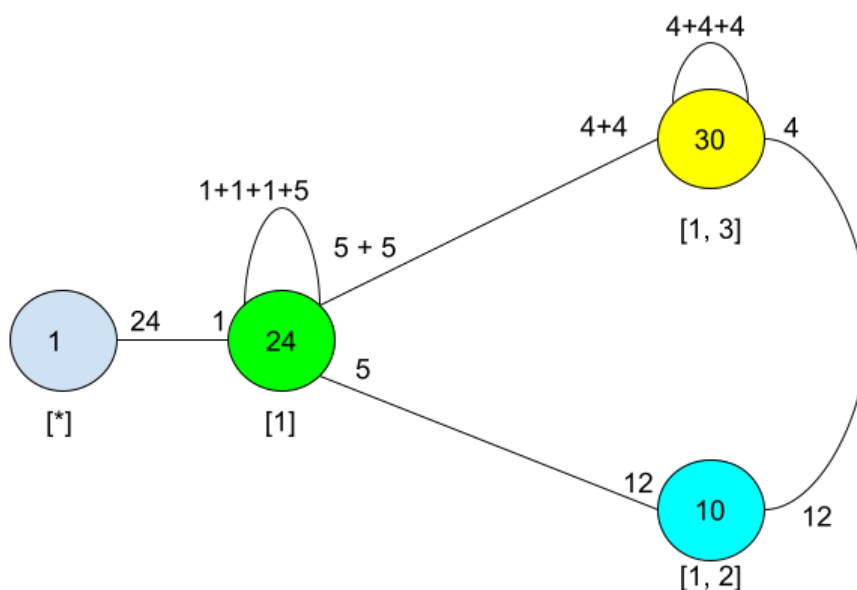


Figure 5.16: DCE up to the Sixth Orbit of [1,3].

Our augment shows that $|G| \leq 65(120) = 7800$. Let X be the set of the 65 right cosets that we have found. Now $\langle x, y, t \rangle$ act on X and it readily checks that $|f(x), f(y), f(t)| = 7800$. By the First Isomorphism Theorem, there exist a, b in G that satisfy a presentation of $L_2(25)$. Thus, $L_2(25) \leq 7800$. Now $|G| = |L_2(25)| = 7800$. So $G \cong L_2(25)$.

5.3 DCE $S_3 \times A_5$ Over 15:2 and 10:2

A symmetric presentation of the progenitor $2^{*10} : (10 : 2)$ is $G = \langle x^{10}, y^2, (xy)^2, t^2, (t,y), (x^2ytt^x)^3, (xt^x)^3 \rangle$. Let $xx = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)$, $yy = (2, 10)(3, 9)(4, 8)(5, 7)$, and $N = \langle xx, yy \rangle$. Magma gives $|N| = 20$ and $N \cong$

(10 : 2). Let $t = t_1$.

Given $H = \langle x, y, tx^5tx \rangle$, is a maximal subgroup of G and $|H| = 60$.

Theorem 5.16. $S_3 \times A_5 \cong G = \langle x^{10}, y^2, (xy)^2, t^2, (t, y), (x^2ytt^x)^3, (xt^x)^3 \rangle$.

We perform our technique of manual double coset enumeration to G over H and N to construct G and prove that $G \cong S_3 \times A_5$. Before we start our double coset enumeration, the relations need to be expanded.

Lemma 5.17. $x^2yt_1t_2t_9 = t_2t_1t_8$.

Proof. $(x^2ytt^x)^3 = e$ (Definition of G). $\implies (x^2yt_1t_2)^3 = e$. Let $\pi = x^2y \sim (1, 9)(2, 8)(3, 7)(4, 6)$. $\implies (\pi t_1t_2)^3 = \pi^3(t_1t_2)\pi^2(t_1t_2)\pi t_1t_2 = x^2yt_1t_2t_9t_8t_1t_2 = 1$. $x^2yt_1t_2t_9t_8t_1t_2(t_2t_1t_8) = e(t_2t_1t_8) \implies x^2yt_1t_2t_9 = t_2t_1t_8$, which also means $Nt_1t_2t_9 = Nt_2t_1t_8$. \square

Lemma 5.18. $x^3t_4t_3 = t_2$.

Proof. $(xt^x)^3 = e$ (Definition of G). $\implies (xt_2)^3 = e \implies xt_2xt_2xt_2 = x^3t_4t_3t_2 = e \implies x^3t_4t_3t_2(t_2) = e(t_2) \implies x^3t_4t_3 = t_2$, which also means $Ht_2 = Ht_4t_3$. \square

Lemma 5.19. $Ht_7 = Ht_2$.

Proof. Given $H = \langle x, y, tx^5tx \rangle$, is a maximal subgroup of G and $|H| = 60$. $\implies tx^5tx \sim t_1x^5tx \implies Hx^6t_7t_2 = H \implies Hx^6t_7t_2 = H \implies Ht_7t_2 = H \implies Ht_7 = Ht_2$. \square

The only right coset of $HeN = [*]$ is H , therefore $|[*]| = 1$, which is symbolized by placing "1" inside the circle representing $[*]$. The stabilizer of N is N , which means the only orbit of N is $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\}$ which yields the cosets Nt_1 ,

$Nt_2, Nt_3, \dots, Nt_{10} \in [1]$. This is symbolized by placing a “10” next to the circle representing $[1]$ in the diagram below.



Figure 5.17: DCE $[*]$

Lemma 5.20. $N^{(W)} = w^{-1}Nw \cap N$.

Proof. $N^{(W)} = \{n \in N \mid Nwn \in Nw\} \implies$

$N^{(W)} = \{n \in N \mid wn \in Nw\} \implies$

$N^{(W)} = \{n \in N \mid n \in w^{-1}Nw\} \implies$

$N^{(W)} = w^{-1}Nw \cap N. \quad \square$

Lemma 5.21. $(w^{-1}Hw) \cap N = wNw^{-1} \cap N$.

Proof. Let the right coset decomposition of H over N $H = N \cup Nw_1 \cup Nw_2 \dots \cup Nw_k$, where $N \cap Nw_i = \{\}$, $Nw_j \cap Nw_i = \{\} \implies$, for $i \neq j$.

$(w^{-1}Hw) \cap N = (wHw^{-1}) \cap N = w(N \cup Nw_1 \cup Nw_2 \dots \cup Nw_k)w^{-1} \cap N \implies$

$(w^{-1}Hw) \cap N = (wNw^{-1} \cup wNw_1w^{-1} \cup wNw_2w^{-1} \dots \cup wNw_kw^{-1}) \cap N = wNw^{-1} \cap N$

since $N \cap Nw_i = \{\}$. \square

Theorem 5.22. Let $w \in G$, $N \leq H \leq G$ then the number of right cosets of H in the double coset $HwN = |N|/|N^{(w)}|$, where $w \in G$ and H, K are normal subgroups of G .

Proof. Let $w \in G$. Lemma 5.2, the number of single cosets of H in $HwK = |H| \times |N|/|wHw^{-1} \cap N| = |N|/|wNw^{-1} \cap N|$ by Lemma 5.20. Now $|HwK| = |H| \times |N|/|N^{(w)}|$ by Lemma 5.21.

Now divide by $|H|$ to obtain $|[w]| = |N|/|N^{(w)}|$. \square

Let N^1 be the stabilizer of $\{1\}$ over N . Therefore, $N^1 = \langle (2,10)(3,9)(4,8)(5,7) \rangle$. Let $p = (1,5,9,3,7)(2,6,10,4,8)$. Hence, $Ht_7^p = Ht_2^p$, which means $Ht_1 = Ht_6$. Let $n = (1,6)(2,7)(3,8)(4,9)(5,10)$ or $(1,6)(2,5)(3,4)(7,10)(8,9)$. $Ht_1^n = Ht_6 = Ht_1$, which proves $n \in N^{(1)}$. $N^{(1)} \geq P = \langle (2,10)(3,9)(4,8)(5,7), (1,6)(2,7)(3,8)(4,9)(5,10) \rangle$. Consequently, $|P| = 12$, which results in $|[1]| = |N| \div |N^{(1)}| \leq 20/4 = 5$.

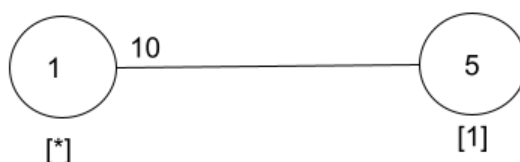


Figure 5.18: Size of $[1]$.

Now the orbits of $N^{(1)}$ on $X = \{1\}, \{6\}, \{2,10\}, \{3,9\}, \{4,8\}, \{5,7\}$. The first orbits yields the right coset $Ht_1t_1 = H \in [*]$ since $|t_1| = 2$.



Figure 5.19: DCE up to the First Orbit of $[1]$.

The second orbit yields $Ht_1t_6 = Ht_6t_6$ since $Ht_1 = Ht_6$. Therefore, $Ht_6t_6 = H$. This proves $Ht_1t_6 \in [*]$.



Figure 5.20: DCE up to the Second Orbit of [1].

The third orbit yields Ht_1t_2 and Ht_1t_{10} .

Lemma 5.23. $Ht_1t_{10} \in [1]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 9, 7, 5, 3)(2, 10, 8, 6, 4)$.

$x^3t_4t_3 = t_2$ (Lemma 5.18) $\implies (x^3t_4t_3)^p = t_2^p \implies$

$(x^3)^pt_2t_1 = t_{10}$, where $(x^3)^p = (1, 4, 7, 10, 3, 6, 9, 2, 5, 8)$.

Let $n = (x^3)^p \implies nt_2t_1t_1 = t_{10}t_1 \implies nt_2 = t_{10}t_1 \implies$

$(nt_2)^{-1} = (t_{10}t_1)^{-1} \implies t_2n^{-1} = n^{-1}t_9 = t_1t_{10} \implies Ht_9 = Ht_1t_{10} \implies$

$Ht_9 = Ht_1t_{10} \in [1]$ since $Ht_9 \in [1]$.

Since Ht_1t_2 and Ht_1t_{10} come from the same orbit. \implies

Ht_1t_2 and $Ht_1t_{10} \in [1]$. □

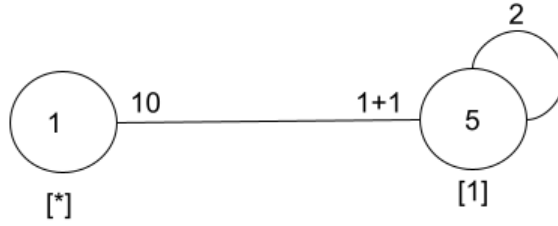


Figure 5.21: DCE up to the Third Orbit of [1].

The fifth orbit yields Ht_1t_4 and Ht_1t_8 .

Lemma 5.24. $Ht_1t_4 \in [1]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 2)(3, 10)(4, 9)(5, 8)(6, 7)$.

$$t_2 = x^3t_4t_3 \text{ (Lemma 5.18).} \implies (t_2)^p = (x^3t_4t_3)^p \implies t_1 = x^{-3}t_9t_{10} \implies t_1t_4 = x^{-3}t_9t_{10}t_4.$$

Let $p = (1, 3, 5, 7, 9)(2, 4, 6, 8, 10)$.

$$t_2 = x^3t_4t_3 \text{ (Lemma 5.18).} \implies (t_2)^p = (x^3t_4t_3)^p \implies t_4 = x^3t_6t_5 \implies x^{-3}t_9t_{10}t_4 = x^{-3}t_9t_{10}x^3t_6t_5 = t_2t_3t_6t_5,$$

where $x^3 \sim (1, 4, 7, 10, 3, 6, 9, 2, 5, 8)$.

Let $p = (1, 3)(4, 10)(5, 9)(6, 8)$.

$$t_2t_1t_8 = x^2yt_1t_2t_9 \text{ (Lemma 5.18).} \implies (t_2t_1t_8)^p = (x^2yt_1t_2t_9)^p \implies t_2t_3t_6 = x^4yt_3t_2t_5 \implies t_2t_3t_6t_5 = x^4yt_3t_2t_5t_5.$$

Let $p = (1, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)$

$$t_4t_3 = x^{-3}t_2 \text{ (Lemma 5.18).} \implies (t_4t_3)^p = (x^{-3}t_2)^p \implies t_3t_2 = x^{-3}t_1 \implies x^4yt_3t_2t_5t_5 = x^4yx^{-3}t_1t_5t_5 = x^4yx^{-3}t_1 \implies$$

$$\text{Ht}_1 t_4 = \text{Hx}^4 y x^{-3} t_1 = \text{Ht}_1 \in [1]. \quad \square$$

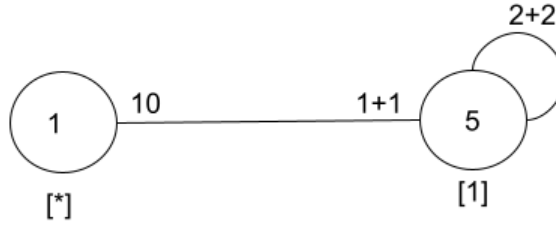


Figure 5.22: DCE up to the Fifth Orbit of [1].

The fourth orbit yields $\text{Ht}_1 t_3$ and $\text{Ht}_1 t_9$.

Lemma 5.25. $\text{Ht}_1 t_3, \text{Ht}_1 t_9 \in [1]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)$.

$$t_2 = x^3 t_4 t_3 \text{ (Lemma 5.18)}. \implies (t_2)^p = (x^3 t_4 t_3)^p \implies t_1 = x^3 t_3 t_2 \implies$$

$$t_1 t_3 = x^3 t_3 t_2 t_3$$

$$\text{Let } p = (1, 5)(2, 4)(6, 10)(7, 9)$$

$$t_4 t_3 = x^{-3} t_2 \text{ (Lemma 5.18)}. \implies (t_4 t_3)^p = (x^{-3} t_2)^p \implies t_2 t_3 = x^3 t_4 \implies$$

$$x^3 t_3 t_2 t_3 = x^3 t_3 x^3 t_4 = x^6 t_6 t_4 \implies$$

$$\text{Ht}_1 t_3 = \text{Hx}^6 t_6 t_4$$

$$\text{Let } p = (1, 9, 7, 5, 3)(2, 10, 8, 6, 4).$$

$$\text{Ht}_7 = \text{Ht}_2 \implies \text{Ht}_7 t_2 = \text{H} \text{ (Lemma 5.19)}. \implies (\text{Ht}_7 t_2)^p = \text{H}^p \implies \text{Ht}_5 t_{10} =$$

$$\text{H} \implies$$

$$\text{Ht}_1 t_3 = \text{Hx}^6 t_6 t_4 = \text{Ht}_5 t_{10} x^6 t_6 t_4 = \text{Hx}^6 t_1 t_6 t_6 t_4 = \text{Ht}_1 t_4 \in [1] \implies$$

$$\text{Ht}_1 t_3 \in [1]. \quad \square$$

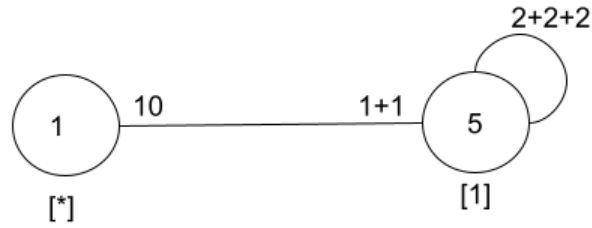


Figure 5.23: DCE up to the Fourth Orbit of [1].

The sixth orbit yields Ht_1t_5 and Ht_1t_7 .

Lemma 5.26. $Ht_1t_5, Ht_1t_7 \in [1]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4)(7, 10)(8, 9)$.

$t_2 = x^3t_4t_3$ (Lemma 5.18). $\implies (t_2)^p = (x^3t_4t_3)^p \implies t_1 = t_5 = x^{-3}t_3t_4 \implies$

$t_1t_5 = t_1 \implies t_1x^{-3}t_3t_4 = x^{-3}t_8t_3t_4$ since $x^{-3} \sim (1, 8, 5, 2, 9, 6, 3, 10, 7, 4)$.

$Ht_1t_5 = Hx^{-3}t_8t_3t_4$.

Let $p = (1, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)$

$Ht_7 = Ht_2$ (Lemma 5.18). $\implies Ht_7t_2 = H \implies$

$(Ht_7t_2)^p = H^p \implies Ht_6t_1 = H \implies$

$Ht_1t_3 = Ht_6t_1x^{-3}t_8t_3t_4 = Hx^{-3}t_3t_8t_8t_3t_4 = Ht_4 \in [1]$

$\implies Ht_1t_5, Ht_1t_7 \in [1]$. □

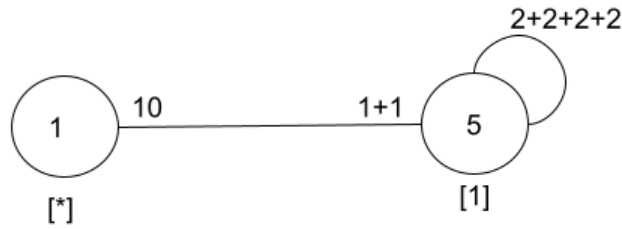


Figure 5.24: Cayley Diagram of $S_3 \times A_5$ Over $15:2$ and $10:2$.

Our augment shows that $|G| \leq 6(20) = 360$. Let X be the set of the 6 right cosets that we have found. Now $\langle x, y, t \rangle$ act on X and it readily checks that $|f(x), f(y), f(t)| = 360$. By the First Isomorphism Theorem, there exist a, b in G that satisfy a presentation of $S_3 \times A_5$. Thus, $S_3 \times A_5 \leq 360$. Now $|G| = |S_3 \times A_5| = 360$. So $G \cong S_3 \times A_5$.

5.4 DCE of $(A_5)^2:2$ Over $A_5 : 2$

A symmetric presentation of the progenitor $5^{*24} : (A_5 : 2)$ is $G = \langle x, y, t \mid x^5, y^2, (x^{-1}y)^4, (xyx^{-2}yx)^2, t^5, (t, x^2yxy), t^{yx} = t^2, (yx^2t^{yx^2})^4, (yx^2t^2)^4 \rangle$. Let $xx = (1, 2, 4, 12, 21)(3, 7, 8, 10, 18)(6, 15, 19, 20, 22)(9, 13, 14, 16, 24)$ and let $yy = (1, 15)(2, 5)(3, 13)(4, 6)(7, 21)(8, 11)(9, 19)(10, 12)(14, 17)(16, 18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$. Let $N = \langle xx, yy \rangle$. Magma gives $|N| = 120$. Let $t = t_1$.

Let $G = \langle x, y, t \mid x^5, y^2, (x^{-1}y)^4, (xyx^{-2}yx)^2, t^5, (t, x^2yxy), t^{yx} = t^2, (yx^2t^{yx^2})^4, (yx^2t^2)^4 \rangle$.

We perform our technique of manual double coset enumeration to G over N to construct G and prove that $G \cong (A_5)^2 : 2$. Before we start our double coset

enumeration, the relations need to be expanded.

Notation: $t = t_1$, $t_{19} = t_1^2$, $t_{20} = t_2^2$, $t_{21} = t_3^2$, $t_{22} = t_4^2$, $t_{23} = t_5^2$, $t_{24} = t_6^2$, $t_7 = t_1^3$, $t_8 = t_2^3$, $t_9 = t_3^3$, $t_{10} = t_4^3$, $t_{11} = t_5^3$, $t_{12} = t_6^3$, $t_{13} = t_1^4$, $t_{14} = t_2^4$, $t_{15} = t_3^4$, $t_{16} = t_4^4$, $t_{17} = t_5^4$, and $t_{18} = t_6^4$.

Additional Notation: $t_{19} = t_1^2 \implies (t_{19})^N = (t_1^2)^N \implies t_1 = t_{13}^{-1}$,
 $t_2 = t_{14}^{-1}$, $t_3 = t_{15}^{-1}$, $t_4 = t_{16}^{-1}$, $t_5 = t_{17}^{-1}$, $t_6 = t_{18}^{-1}$, $t_7 = t_{19}^{-1}$, $t_8 = t_{20}^{-1}$, $t_9 = t_{21}^{-1}$, $t_{10} = t_{22}^{-1}$, $t_{11} = t_{23}^{-1}$, $t_{12} = t_{24}^{-1}$, $t_{13} = t_1^{-1}$, $t_{14} = t_2^{-1}$, $t_{15} = t_3^{-1}$, $t_{16} = t_4^{-1}$, $t_{17} = t_5^{-1}$, $t_{18} = t_6^{-1}$, $t_{19} = t_7^{-1}$, $t_{20} = t_8^{-1}$, $t_{21} = t_9^{-1}$, $t_{22} = t_{10}^{-1}$, $t_{23} = t_{11}^{-1}$, $t_{24} = t_{12}^{-1}$.

Powers of t_i :

Inverses	Powers	Splits
$t_1 = t_{13}^{-1}$	$t_1^2 = t_{19}$, $t_1^3 = t_7$, $t_1^4 = t_{13}$	$t_1 = t_{19}t_{13}$
$t_2 = t_{14}^{-1}$	$t_2^2 = t_{20}$, $t_2^3 = t_8$, $t_2^4 = t_{14}$	$t_2 = t_{20}t_{14}$
$t_3 = t_{15}^{-1}$	$t_3^2 = t_{21}$, $t_3^3 = t_9$, $t_3^4 = t_{15}$	$t_3 = t_{21}t_{15}$
$t_4 = t_{16}^{-1}$	$t_4^2 = t_{22}$, $t_4^3 = t_{10}$, $t_4^4 = t_{16}$	$t_4 = t_{22}t_{16}$
$t_5 = t_{17}^{-1}$	$t_5^2 = t_{23}$, $t_5^3 = t_{11}$, $t_5^4 = t_{15}$	$t_5 = t_{23}t_{17}$
$t_6 = t_{18}^{-1}$	$t_6^2 = t_{24}$, $t_6^3 = t_{12}$, $t_6^4 = t_{18}$	$t_6 = t_{24}t_{18}$
$t_7 = t_{19}^{-1}$	$t_7 = t_1^3$	$t_7 = t_1t_{19}$
$t_8 = t_{20}^{-1}$	$t_8 = t_2^3$	$t_8 = t_2t_{20}$
$t_9 = t_{21}^{-1}$	$t_9 = t_3^3$	$t_9 = t_3t_{21}$
$t_{10} = t_{22}^{-1}$	$t_{10} = t_4^3$	$t_{10} = t_4t_{22}$
$t_{11} = t_{23}^{-1}$	$t_{11} = t_5^3$	$t_{11} = t_5t_{23}$
$t_{12} = t_{24}^{-1}$	$t_{12} = t_6^3$	$t_{12} = t_6t_{24}$

$t_{13} = t_1^{-1}$	$t_{13} = t_1^4$	$t_{13} = t_7 t_1$
$t_{14} = t_2^{-1}$	$t_{14} = t_2^4$	$t_{14} = t_8 t_2$
$t_{15} = t_3^{-1}$	$t_{15} = t_3^4$	$t_{15} = t_9 t_3$
$t_{16} = t_4^{-1}$	$t_{16} = t_4^4$	$t_{16} = t_{10} t_4$
$t_{17} = t_5^{-1}$	$t_{17} = t_5^4$	$t_{17} = t_{11} t_5$
$t_{18} = t_6^{-1}$	$t_{18} = t_6^4$	$t_{18} = t_{12} t_6$
$t_{19} = t_7^{-1}$	$t_{19} = t_1^2$	$t_{19} = t_{13} t_7$
$t_{20} = t_8^{-1}$	$t_{20} = t_2^2$	$t_{20} = t_{14} t_8$
$t_{21} = t_9^{-1}$	$t_{21} = t_3^2$	$t_{21} = t_{15} t_9$
$t_{22} = t_{10}^{-1}$	$t_{22} = t_4^2$	$t_{22} = t_{16} t_{10}$
$t_{23} = t_{11}^{-1}$	$t_{23} = t_5^2$	$t_{23} = t_{17} t_{11}$
$t_{24} = t_{12}^{-1}$	$t_{24} = t_6^2$	$t_{24} = t_{18} t_{12}$

Table 5.2: Power of the ts.

Proof. $(w\pi)^4 = e \implies w^4 \pi w^3 \pi w^2 \pi w \pi = e$

$(w\pi)^4 = e \implies w\pi w\pi w\pi w\pi = e \implies$

$w(ww^{-1})\pi w\pi w\pi w\pi = ww(w^{-1}\pi w)\pi w\pi w\pi = w^2(\pi^w)\pi w\pi w\pi =$

$w^2\pi^w(ww^{-1})\pi w\pi w\pi = w^2\pi^w w(w^{-1}\pi w)\pi w\pi = w^2\pi^w w(\pi^w)\pi w\pi =$

$w^2\pi^w w\pi^w(ww^{-1})\pi w\pi = w^2\pi^w w\pi^w w(w^{-1}\pi w)\pi = w^2\pi^w w\pi^w w(\pi^w)\pi =$

$w^2(ww^{-1})\pi^w w(ww^{-1})\pi^w w\pi^w\pi = w^2 w(w^{-1}\pi^w w)w(w^{-1}\pi^w w)\pi^w\pi =$

$w^3(\pi^{w^2})w\pi^{w^2}\pi^w\pi = w^3(ww^{-1})\pi^{w^2} w\pi^{w^2}\pi^w\pi = w^3 w(w^{-1}\pi^{w^2} w)(\pi^{w^2}\pi^w\pi =$

$w^4\pi^{w^3}\pi^{w^2}\pi^w\pi.$

□

Let $w = (1, 20, 23, 6, 21, 10)(2, 5, 12, 3, 16, 7)(4, 19, 14, 17, 24, 15) \sim yx^2. (8, 11, 18, 9, 22, 13).$

Additional Relation: $(wtt)^4 = e \implies w^4(t^2)^{w^3}(t^2)^{w^2}(t^2)^{wt}t = e \implies w^4(t_{19})^{w^3}(t_{19})^{w^2}(t_{19})^{wt_{19}} = e \implies w^4t_{24}t_{17}t_{14}t_{19} = e.$

Additional Relation: $(wt_{20})^4 = e \implies w^4t_{20}^{w^3}t_{20}^{w^2}t_{20}^wt_{20} = e \implies w^4t_{21}t_6t_{23}t_{20} = e.$

Lemma 5.27. $t_{24}t_{17} = w^2t_7t_2.$

Proof. $w^4t_{24}t_{17}t_{14}t_{19} = e \implies w^2w^4t_{24}t_{17}t_{14}t_{19}t_{19}^{-1}t_{14}^{-1} = w^2et_{19}^{-1}t_{14}^{-1} \implies t_{24}t_{17} = w^2t_{19}^{-1}t_{14}^{-1} \implies t_{24}t_{17} = w^2t_7t_2. \quad \square$

Lemma 5.28. $t_{21}t_6 = w^2t_8t_{11}.$

Proof. $w^4t_{21}t_6t_{23}t_{20} = e \implies w^2w^4t_{21}t_6t_{23}t_{20}t_{20}^{-1}t_{23}^{-1} = w^2et_{20}^{-1}t_{23}^{-1} \implies t_{21}t_6 = w^2t_{20}^{-1}t_{23}^{-1} \implies t_{21}t_6 = w^2t_8t_{11}$ by notation. \square

Lemma 5.29. $t_{17}t_{14}t_{19} = w^2t_{16}.$

Proof. $t_{24}t_{17} = w^2t_7t_2$ 5.27. $\implies t_{24}t_{17}t_2^{-1} = w^2t_7t_2t_2^{-1} \implies t_{24}t_{17}t_{14} = w^2t_7$ since $t_2^{-1} = t_{14} \implies (t_{24}t_{17}t_{14})^p = (w^2t_7)^p$ where $p = (1, 10, 21, 6, 23, 20)(2, 7, 16, 3, 12, 5)(4, 15, 24, 17, 14, 19)(8, 13, 22, 9, 18, 11) \implies t_{17}t_{14}t_{19} = w^2t_{16}. \quad \square$

Lemma 5.30. $t_1t_2 = x^2t_{16}.$

Proof. $t_1t_2 = t_{19}t_{13}t_{20}t_{14}$ by splitting t_1 and t_2 .

Let $p = (1, 7, 13, 19)(2, 20, 14, 8)(3, 23, 10, 12)(4, 6, 21, 17)(5, 16, 18, 9)(11, 22, 24, 15) \in N \implies (\text{Lemma 5.27}). (t_{24}t_{17})^p = (w^2t_7t_2)^p \implies t_{13}t_{20} =$

$x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}t_{15}t_4$ where $x^{-1}yxyx^{-1} \sim (1, 11, 4)(2, 24, 9)(3, 20, 18)(5, 22, 19)(6, 15,$
 $8)(7, 17, 10)(12, 21, 14)(13, 23, 16) \implies$

$$t_{19}(t_{13}t_{20})t_{14} = t_{19}(x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}t_{15}t_4)t_{14} \implies$$

$$t_{19}(x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}t_{15}t_4)t_{14} = x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}t_5t_{15}t_4t_{14} \implies$$

$$x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}t_5(t_{15})t_4t_{14} = x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}t_5(t_9t_3)t_4t_{14}.$$

Let $p = (1, 6, 9, 17, 14, 22)(2, 10, 13, 18, 21, 5)(3, 11, 8, 16, 19, 24)(4, 7, 12, 15,$
 $23, 20) \in N \implies (t_{21}t_6)^p = (w^2t_8t_{11})^p$ (Lemma 5.28). \implies

$t_5t_9 = x^{-2}yxyt_{16}t_8$ where $x^{-2}yxy \sim (1, 16, 21)(2, 11, 12)(3, 7, 22)(4, 9, 13)(5, 6,$
 $20)(8, 17, 18)(10, 15, 19)(14, 23, 24) \implies$

$$x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}(t_5t_9)t_3t_4t_{14} = x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}(x^{-2}yxyt_{16}t_8)t_3t_4t_{14} \text{ where } x^{-1}yxyx^{-1}x^{-2}yxy = xyx^2yx^2.$$

Let $p = (1, 8, 24, 22)(2, 18, 16, 19)(3, 9, 15, 21)(4, 7, 14, 6)(5, 23, 17, 11)(10, 13,$
 $20, 12) \in N \implies (t_{21}t_6)^p = (w^2t_8t_{11})^p$ (Lemma 5.28) \implies

$t_3t_4 = x^2yx^{-1}yt_{24}t_5$ where $x^2yx^{-1}y \sim (1, 24, 16)(2, 11, 21)(3, 8, 17)(4, 13, 12)(5,$
 $15, 20)(6, 22, 7)(9, 14, 23)(10, 19, 18) \implies$

$$xyx^2yx^2t_{16}t_8(t_3t_4)t_{14} = xyx^2yx^2t_{16}t_8(x^2yx^{-1}yt_{24}t_5)t_{14} \implies$$

$$xyx^2yx^2t_{16}t_8(x^2yx^{-1}yt_{24}t_5)t_{14} = xyx^2yx^2x^2yx^{-1}yt_1t_{17}t_{24}t_5t_{14} \text{ where } xyx^2yx^2x^2yx^{-1}y = xyx^{-2}yx.$$

Let $p = (1, 19, 13, 7)(2, 3, 11, 18)(4, 10, 16, 22)(5, 12, 20, 21)(6, 14, 15, 23)(8, 9,$
 $17, 24) \in N \implies$ (Lemma 5.27) $(t_{24}t_{17})^p = (w^2t_7t_2)^p \implies t_5t_{14} = yx^{-1}yxt_9t_{18}$
 where $yx^{-1}yx \sim (1, 12, 11)(2, 4, 9)(3, 20, 22)(5, 19, 6)(7, 18, 17)(8, 10, 15)(13, 24,$
 $23)(14, 16, 21) \implies$

$$xyx^{-2}yxt_1t_{17}t_{24}(t_5t_{14}) = xyx^{-2}yxt_1t_{17}t_{24}(yx^{-1}yxt_9t_{18}) \implies$$

$$xyx^{-2}yxt_1t_{17}t_{24}(yx^{-1}yxt_9t_{18}) = xyx^{-2}yxyx^{-1}yxt_{12}t_7t_{23}t_9t_{18} \text{ where } xyx^{-2}yxyx^{-1}yx = (x^2y)^2.$$

Let $p = (1, 20, 9, 18)(2, 15, 24, 7)(3, 12, 19, 14)(4, 22, 16, 10)(5, 11, 17, 23)(6, 13,$
 $8, 21) \in N \implies (t_{24}t_{17})^p = (w^2t_7t_2)^p$ (Lemma 5.27). \implies

$t_7t_{23} = x^{-2}yxyt_2t_{15}$ where $x^{-2}yxy \sim (1, 16, 21)(2, 11, 12)(3, 7, 22)(4, 9, 13)(5, 6,$
 $20)(8, 17, 18)(10, 15, 19)(14, 23, 24) \implies$

$(x^2y)^2t_{12}(t_7t_{23})t_9t_{18} = (x^2y)^2t_{12}(x^{-2}yxyt_2t_{15})t_9t_{18} \implies$

$(x^2y)^2t_{12}(x^{-2}yxyt_2t_{15})t_9t_{18} = (x^2y)^2x^{-2}yxyt_2t_2t_{15}t_9t_{18}$ where $(x^2y)^2x^{-2}yxy = (yx)^2 \implies$

$(yx)^2(t_2t_2)t_{15}t_9t_{18} = (yx)^2(t_{20})t_{15}t_9t_{18} \implies$

$(yx)^2t_{20}(t_{15}t_9)t_{18} = (yx)^2t_{20}(t_{21})t_{18}$.

Let $p = (1, 24, 2)(3, 17, 10)(4, 21, 11)(5, 22, 15)(6, 8, 7)(9, 23, 16)(12, 14, 13)(18,$
 $20, 19)$.

$t_{17}t_{14}t_{19} = w^2t_{16}$ (Lemma 5.28). \implies

$(t_{17}t_{14}t_{19})^p = (w^2t_{16})^p \implies t_{20}t_{21}t_{18} = yxyx^{-1}t_{16} \implies$

$(yx)^2t_{20}t_{21}t_{18} = (yx)^2yxyx^{-1}t_{16} = x^{-2}t_{16} \implies t_1t_2 = x^{-2}t_{16}$. □

5.4.1 Double Cosets [*].

Let $N = \langle xx, yy \rangle$ and Let $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, \dots, 23, 24\}$.
 $\text{Orbits}(N) = \{ 1, 2, 15, 4, 5, 19, 12, 6, 20, 9, 21, 10, 22, 23, 13, 7, 18, 24, 14, 3, 8,$
 $16, 17, 11\} = X \implies \forall i \in X, t_i \in [1]$.

The only right coset of $N \in N = [*]$ is $N \implies |[*]| = 1$, which is symbolized
 by placing “1” inside the circle representing [*]. The coset stabilizer of coset N is
 N . Therefore, the only orbit of N on $X = \{ 1, 2, 15, 4, 5, 19, 12, 6, 20, 9, 21, 10,$
 $22, 23, 13, 7, 18, 24, 14, 3, 8, 16, 17, 11\} = X$, hence $\forall i \in X, t_i \in [1]$, which yields
 the cosets $Nt_1, Nt_2, \dots, Nt_{24} \in [1]$. This is symbolized by placing a “24” next to

the circle representing $[*]$ in the diagram.

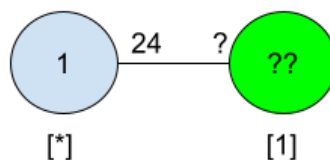


Figure 5.25: DCE of $[*]$.

5.4.2 Double Cosets $[1]$.

Stabilizer of 1 denoted by $N^1 = \langle (2, 23, 21, 16, 24)(3, 22, 6, 8, 5)(4, 12, 14, 11, 9)(10, 18, 20, 17, 15) \rangle$. Since there are no relations that take t_i to t_j for $0 \leq i, j \leq 24$, therefore the stabilizing group denoted by $N^{(1)} = N^1$. $|[1]| = |N| \div |N^{(1)}| = 120 \div 5 = 24$. This is symbolized by placing a “24” inside the circle representing $[1]$ in the diagram.

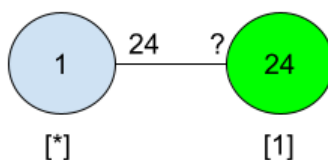


Figure 5.26: Size of $[1]$.

Now the orbits $N^{(1)}$ on $X = \{ 1 \}, \{ 7 \}, \{ 13 \}, \{ 19 \}, \{ 2, 23, 21, 16, 24 \}, \{ 3, 22, 6, 8, 5 \}, \{ 4, 12, 14, 11, 9 \}, \{ 10, 18, 20, 17, 15 \}$. The first orbit gives us $Nt_1t_1 = Nt_{19} \in [1]$.

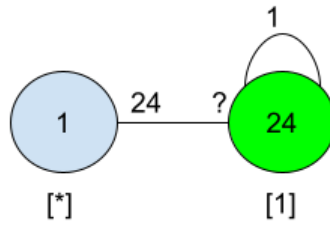


Figure 5.27: DCE up to the First Orbit of [1].

The second orbit gives us $Nt_1t_7 = Nt_1(t_1^2) = Nt_1^3 = Nt_8 \in [1]$.

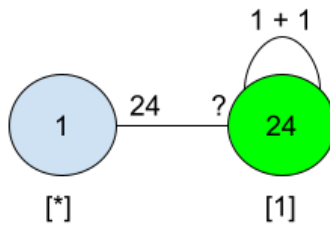


Figure 5.28: DCE up to the Second Orbit of [1].

The third orbit gives us $Nt_1t_{13} = Nt_1^4t_1 = Nt_1^5 = Ne = N \in [*]$.

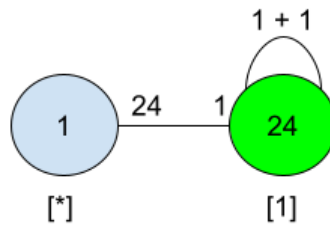


Figure 5.29: DCE up to the Third Orbit of [1].

The fourth orbit gives us $Nt_1t_{19} = Nt_1t_1^2 = Nt_1^3 = Nt_7 \in [1]$.

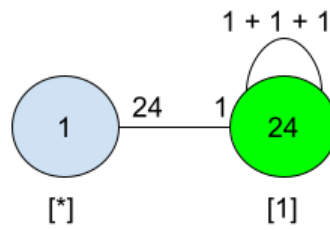


Figure 5.30: DCE up to the Fourth Orbit of [1].

The fifth orbit gives us $Nt_1t_2 = Nx^{-2}t_{16}$ (Lemma 5.30). $Nx^{-2}t_{16} = Nt_{16} \in [1]$, therefore $Nt_1t_2 \in [1]$, which shows $Nt_1t_{23}, Nt_1t_{21}, Nt_1t_{16}, Nt_1t_{24} \in [1]$.

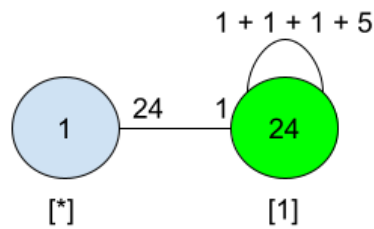


Figure 5.31: DCE up to the Fifth Orbit of [1].

The sixth orbit gives us $Nt_1t_3 \in [1, 3]$, therefore $Nt_1t_{22}, Nt_1t_6, Nt_1t_8, Nt_1t_5 \in [1, 3]$.

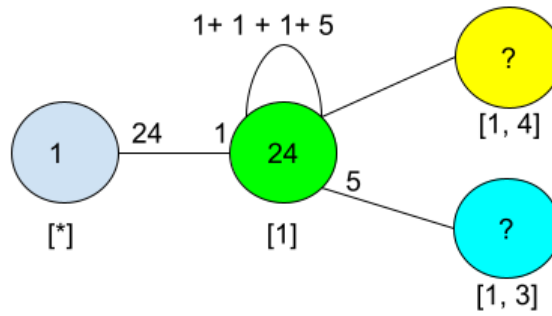


Figure 5.32: DCE up to the Sixth Orbit of [1].

The seventh orbit gives us $Nt_1t_4 \in [1, 4]$, therefore Nt_1t_{12} , Nt_1t_{14} , Nt_1t_{11} , $Nt_1t_9 \in [1, 4]$.

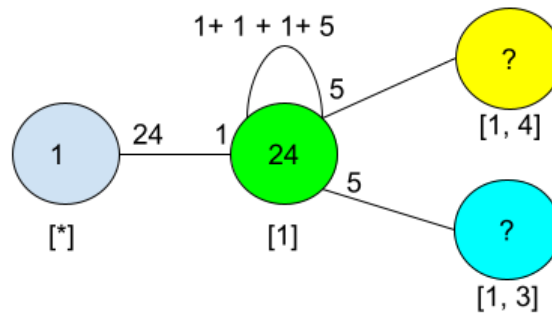


Figure 5.33: DCE up to the Seventh Orbit of [1].

From the eighth orbit we get Nt_1t_{20} , Nt_1t_{10} , Nt_1t_{18} , Nt_1t_{17} , Nt_1t_{15} .

Lemma 5.31. Nt_1t_{20} , Nt_1t_{10} , Nt_1t_{18} , Nt_1t_{17} , $Nt_1t_{15} \in [1, 4]$.

Proof. $Nt_1t_{20} = Nt_1t_2t_2$ since $t_{20} = t_2t_2$.

$N(t_1t_2)t_2 = N(x^{-2}t_{16})t_2$ (Lemma 5.30): \implies

$Nt_1t_{20} = Nt_{16}t_2$.

Let $p = (1, 23, 12, 14, 16)(2, 4, 13, 11, 24)(5, 18, 20, 22, 7)(6, 8, 10, 19, 17) \implies N(t_{16}t_2)^P = Nt_{1t_4} \implies Nt_{1t_{20}} \in [1, 4] \implies Nt_{1t_{10}}, Nt_{1t_{18}}, Nt_{1t_{17}}, Nt_{1t_{17}} \in [1, 4]$. □

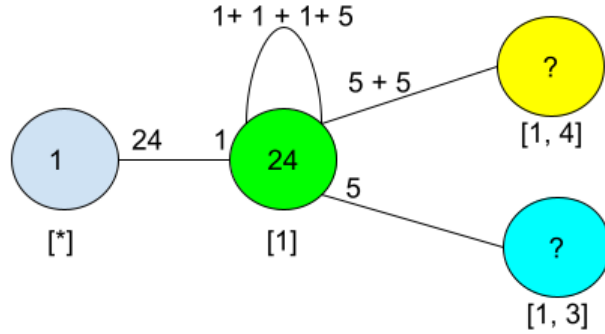


Figure 5.34: DCE [1].

5.4.3 Double Cosets [1,3]

The $N^{1,3} = \langle e \rangle$, therefore $N^{(1,3)} \geq \langle e \rangle$. Let $p = (1, 2, 24)(3, 10, 17)(4, 11, 21)(5, 15, 22)(6, 7, 8)(9, 16, 23)(12, 13, 14)(18, 19, 20)$, hence $t_{24}t_{17} = w^2t_7t_2$ (Lemma 5.27). Now, $(t_{24}t_{17})^P = (w^2t_7t_2)^P$, which means $t_1t_3 = x^{-1}yxxt_8t_{24}$. This gives us $Nt_1t_3 = Nx^{-1}yxxt_8t_{24}$. Consequently, $Nt_1t_3 = Nt_8t_{24}$, resulting in $n = (1, 8)(2, 19)(3, 24)(4, 5)(6, 9)(7, 14)(10, 11)(12, 15)(13, 20)(16, 17)(18, 21)(22, 23) \in N^{(1,3)}$ since $N(t_1t_3)^n = Nt_8t_{24}$.

Now, $t_1(t_3) = t_1(t_{21}t_{15})$ by notation. Let $p = (2, 21, 24, 23, 16)(3, 6, 5, 22, 8)(4, 14, 9, 12, 11)(10, 20, 15, 18, 17)$. Now, $t_1t_2 = x^{-2}t_{16}$ (Lemma 5.27), therefore $(t_1t_2)^P = (x^{-2}t_{16})^P$. This gives us $t_1t_{21} = x^{-1}yxxt_2$, we substitute to obtain $(t_1t_{21})t_{15} = (x^{-1}yxxt_2)t_{15}$. Consequently, $Nt_1t_3 = Nt_2t_{15}$, which shows $n = (1, 2)(3, 15)(4, 16)(5, 6)(7, 8)(9, 21)(10, 2)(11, 12)(13, 14)(17, 18)(19, 20)(23, 24) \in N^{(1,3)}$

since $N(t_1t_3)^n = Nt_2t_{15}$.

Let $p = (1, 7, 13, 19)(2, 20, 14, 8)(3, 23, 10, 12)(4, 6, 21, 17)(5, 16, 18, 9)(11, 22, 24, 15) \in N^{(1,3)}$ since $Nt_1t_3 = Nt_2t_{15} = N(t_8t_{24})^p$. Therefore, $p^2 = (1, 13)(2, 14)(3, 10)(4, 21)(5, 18)(6, 17)(7, 19)(8, 20)(9, 16)(11, 24)(12, 23)(15, 22) \in N^{(1,3)}$. Now, $N^{(1,3)} \geq P = \langle (1, 8)(2, 19)(3, 24)(4, 5)(6, 9)(7, 14)(10, 11)(12, 15)(13, 20)(16, 17)(18, 21)(22, 23), (1, 2)(3, 15)(4, 16)(5, 6)(7, 8)(9, 21)(10, 2)(11, 12)(13, 14)(17, 18)(19, 20)(23, 24), (1, 2)(3, 15)(4, 16)(5, 6)(7, 8)(9, 21)(10, 2)(11, 12)(13, 14)(17, 18)(19, 20)(23, 24) \rangle$, which gives us $|[1, 3]| = |N| \div |N^{(1,3)}| \leq 120 \div 8 = 15$.

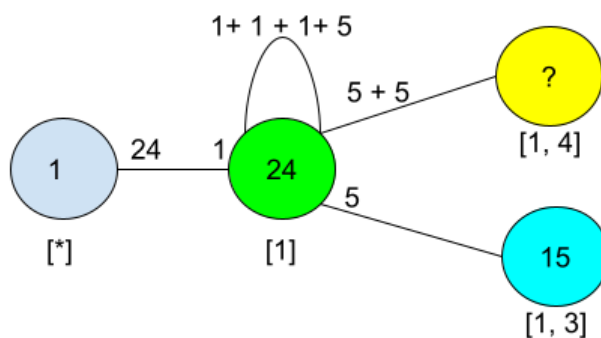


Figure 5.35: Size of $[1,3]$.

The orbits of P are $\{ 1, 20, 7, 14, 8, 13, 2, 19 \}$, $\{ 3, 11, 23, 22, 24, 10, 15, 12 \}$, and $\{ 4, 18, 6, 9, 5, 21, 16, 17 \}$. From the first orbit we choose '1' as the representative:

Lemma 5.32. $Nt_1t_3t_1, Nt_1t_3t_{20}, Nt_1t_3t_7, Nt_1t_3t_{14}, Nt_1t_3t_8, Nt_1t_3t_{13}, Nt_1t_3t_2$, and $Nt_1t_3t_{19} \in [1, 3]$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 10, 24, 3, 2, 17)(4, 18, 21, 20, 11, 19)(5, 13, 22, 12, 15, 14)(6,$

9, 8, 23, 7, 16).

$$t_{24}t_{17} = w^2t_7t_2 \text{ (Lemma 5.27)}. \implies (t_{24}t_{17})^p = (w^2t_7t_2)^p \implies t_3t_1 = (x^{-1}yx^{-1})^2t_{16}t_{17} \text{ where } x^{-1}yx^{-1})^2 \sim (1, 14, 4)(2, 16, 13)(3, 18, 5)(6, 17, 15)(7, 20, 10)(8, 22, 19)(9, 24, 11)(12, 23, 21) \implies$$

$$t_1(t_3t_1) = t_1((x^{-1}yx^{-1})^2t_{16}t_{17}) \implies$$

$$t_1((x^{-1}yx^{-1})^2t_{16}t_{17}) = (x^{-1}yx^{-1})^2t_{14}t_{16}t_{17}.$$

Let $p = (1, 14, 4)(2, 16, 13)(3, 18, 5)(6, 17, 15)(7, 20, 10)(8, 22, 19)(9, 24, 11)(12, 23, 21)$.

$$t_1t_2 = x^{-2}t_{16} \text{ (Lemma 5.27)}. \implies (t_1t_2)^p = (x^{-2}t_{16})^p \implies t_{14}t_{16} = x^{-2}yxyx^{-1}t_{13} \implies$$

$$(x^{-1}yx^{-1})^2(t_{14}t_{16})t_{17} = (x^{-1}yx^{-1})^2(x^{-2}yxyx^{-1}t_{13})t_{17} = w^2t_{13}t_{17} \implies Nt_1t_3t_1 = Nt_{13}t_{17}.$$

Let $p = (1, 13)(2, 4)(3, 17)(5, 15)(6, 18)(7, 19)(8, 10)(9, 23)(11, 21)(12, 24)(14, 16)(20, 22)$. \implies

$$N(t_1t_3t_1)^p = N(t_{13}t_{17})^p \implies N(t_1t_3t_1)^p = Nt_1t_3 \implies Nt_1t_3t_1 \in [1, 3] \implies Nt_1t_3t_{20}, Nt_1t_3t_7, Nt_1t_3t_{14}, Nt_1t_3t_8, Nt_1t_3t_{13}, Nt_1t_3t_2, \text{ and } Nt_1t_3t_{19} \in [1, 3] \text{ since } 1, 20, 7, 14, 8, 13, 2, 19 \text{ belong to the same orbit.} \quad \square$$

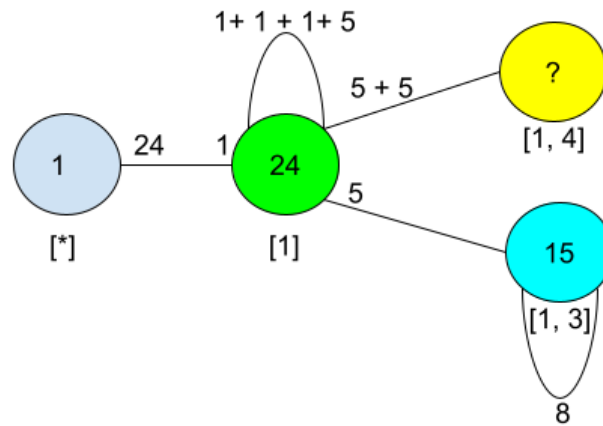


Figure 5.36: DCE up to the First Orbit of $[1,3]$.

From the 2nd orbit we choose '3' as the representative.

Lemma 5.33. $Nt_1t_3t_3 \in [1]$.

Proof. $Nt_1t_3t_3 = Nt_1t_{21}$ by notation $t_3t_3 = t_{21} \implies Nt_1t_3t_3 = Nt_1t_{21} \in [1]$ as seen before. $\implies Nt_1t_3t_3, Nt_1t_3t_{11}, Nt_1t_3t_{23}, Nt_1t_3t_{22}, Nt_1t_3t_{24}, Nt_1t_3t_{10}, Nt_1t_3t_{15}$, and $Nt_1t_3t_{12} \in [1]$. \square

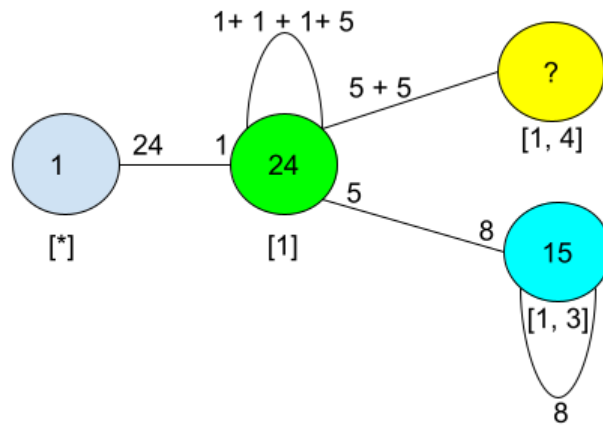


Figure 5.37: DCE [1,3].

From the 2nd orbit we choose '21' as the representative. $Nt_1t_3t_{21} = Nt_1t_9 \in [1,4]$ as seen before. Therefore, $Nt_1t_3t_4$, $Nt_1t_3t_{18}$, $Nt_1t_3t_6$, $Nt_1t_3t_9$, $Nt_1t_3t_5$, $Nt_1t_3t_{16}$, and $Nt_1t_3t_{17} \in [1,4]$.

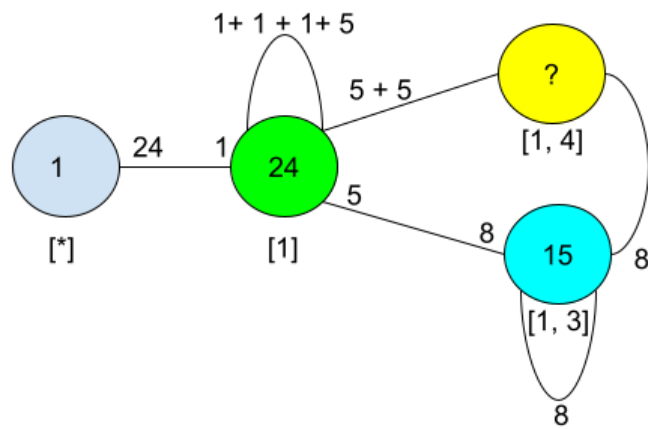


Figure 5.38: DCE of [1,3].

5.4.4 Double Cosets [1,4].

Lemma 5.34. $t_1 t_4 = x^2 y x^{-1} y x t_{23} t_{22} = x y x^{-1} y x^2 t_6 t_{14}$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 23, 12, 14, 16)(2, 4, 13, 11, 24)(5, 18, 20, 22, 7)(6, 8, 10, 19, 17) \in N$.

$$t_1 t_2 = x^{-2} t_{16} \text{ (Lemma 5.30) } \implies x^2 t_1 t_2 = t_{16} \implies (x^2 t_1 t_2)^p = (t_{16})^p \implies$$

$$t_1 = x^2 y x^{-1} y x t_{23} t_4 \implies$$

$$(t_1) t_4 = (x^2 y x^{-1} y x t_{23} t_4) t_4 \implies$$

$$x^2 y x^{-1} y x t_{23} (t_4 t_4) = x^2 y x^{-1} y x t_{23} (t_{22}).$$

Let $p = (2, 24, 16, 21, 23)(3, 5, 8, 6, 22)(4, 9, 11, 14, 12)(10, 15, 17, 20, 18) \in N$.

$$t_{21} t_6 = w^2 t_8 t_{11} \text{ (Lemma 5.28) } \implies (t_{21} t_6)^p = (w^2 t_8 t_{11})^p \implies t_{23} t_{22} =$$

$$x y x^{-2} y t_6 t_{14}. \implies x^2 y x^{-1} y x (t_{23} t_{22}) = x^2 y x^{-1} y x (x y x^{-2} y t_6 t_{14}) = x y x^{-1} y x^2 t_6 t_{14}.$$

□

The $N^{1,4} = \langle e \rangle \implies N^{(1,4)} \geq \langle e \rangle$. Now $t_1 t_4 = x^2 y x^{-1} y x t_{23} t_{22}$ (Lemma 5.34). $\implies N t_1 t_4 = N x^2 y x^{-1} y x t_{23} t_{22} = N_{23} t_{22}$. Now $t_1 t_4 = x y x^{-1} y x^2 t_6 t_{14}$ (Lemma 5.34). $\implies N t_1 t_4 = N x y x^{-1} y x^2 t_6 t_{14} \implies N t_1 t_4 = N t_6 t_{14}$. Let $n = (1, 3)(2, 10)(4, 20)(5, 12)(6, 23)(7, 9)(8, 16)(11, 18)(13, 15)(14, 22)(17, 24)(19, 21) \implies N(t_1 t_4)^p = N(t_{23} t_{22})^p = N t_6 t_{14} = N t_1 t_4 \implies N(t_1 t_4)^p = N t_1 t_4 \implies n \in N^{(1,4)}$.

Lemma 5.35. $t_1 t_4 = (y x^{-2})^2 t_{24} t_{21}$.

Proof. Let $p = (1, 9, 16, 2, 11)(3, 10, 20, 5, 19)(4, 14, 23, 13, 21)(7, 15, 22, 8, 17) \in N$.

$$t_1 t_2 = x^{-2} t_{16} \text{ (Lemma 5.30) } \implies x^2 t_1 t_2 = t_{16} \implies (x^2 t_1 t_2)^p = (t_{16})^p \implies t_4$$

$$= x y x y x^{-1} t_{23} t_{21} \implies$$

$$t_1(t_4) = t_1(xyxyx^{-1}t_{23}t_{21}) \implies \\ (t_1xyxyx^{-1})t_{23}t_{21} = (xyxyx^{-1}t_1)t_{23}t_{21}.$$

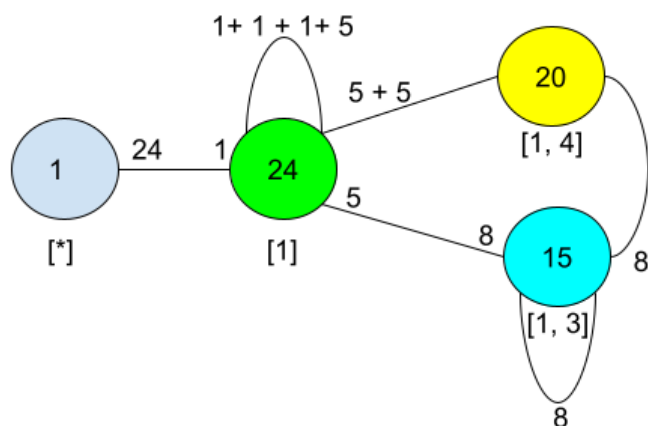
Let $p = (1, 6, 11, 15, 4, 8)(2, 19, 24, 5, 9, 22)(3, 16, 20, 13, 18, 23)(7, 12, 17, 21, 10, 14) \in N$.

$$t_1t_2 = x^{-2}t_{16} \text{ (Lemma 5.30)}. (t_1t_2)^p = (x^{-2}t_{16})^p t_1t_{23} = x^{-2}yxyx^{-1}t_{24}. \implies \\ xyxyx^{-1}(t_1t_{23})t_{21} = xyxyx^{-1}(x^{-2}yxyx^{-1}t_{24})t_{21} = t_1t_4 = (yx^{-2})^2t_{24}t_{21}. \quad \square$$

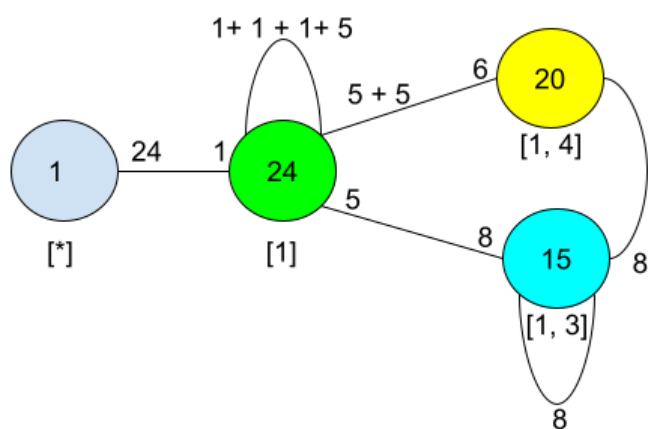
Now, $t_1t_4 = (yx^{-2})^2t_{24}t_{21}$ (Lemma 5.34), therefore $Nt_1t_4 = N(yx^{-2})^2t_{24}t_{21}$.

We now have $Nt_1t_4 = Nt_{24}t_{21}$. Let $n = (1, 24, 2)(3, 17, 10)(4, 21, 11)(5, 22, 15)(6, 8, 7)(9, 23, 16)(12, 14, 13)(18, 20, 19)$, hence $N(t_1t_4)^n = Nt_{24}t_{21} = Nt_1t_4$. Consequently, $N(t_1t_4)^n = Nt_1t_4$, which means $n \in N^{(1,4)}$.

Let $P = \langle (1, 3)(2, 10)(4, 20)(5, 12)(6, 23)(7, 9)(8, 16)(11, 18)(13, 15)(14, 22)(17, 24)(19, 21), (1, 24, 2)(3, 17, 10)(4, 21, 11)(5, 22, 15)(6, 8, 7)(9, 23, 16)(12, 14, 13)(18, 20, 19) \rangle = \langle (1, 17, 2, 3, 24, 10)(4, 19, 11, 20, 21, 18)(5, 14, 15, 12, 22, 13)(6, 16, 7, 23, 8, 9) \rangle$, therefore $N^{(1,4)} \geq P$. Consequently, $|[1, 4]| = |N| \div |N^{(1,4)}| \leq 120 \div 6 = 20$. Orbits of P on X are $\{1, 10, 3, 17, 2, 24\}$, $\{4, 18, 20, 19, 11, 21\}$, $\{5, 13, 12, 14, 15, 22\}$, $\{6, 9, 23, 16, 7, 8\}$.

Figure 5.39: Size of $[1,4]$.

From the 1st orbit we choose '10' as the representative. $Nt_1t_4t_{10} = Nt_1t_{16}$ since $t_{16} = t_4t_{10}$, therefore $Nt_1t_4t_{10} \in [1]$ since $Nt_1t_{16} \in [1]$. Consequently, $Nt_1t_4t_1$, $Nt_1t_4t_{10}$, $Nt_1t_4t_3$, $Nt_1t_4t_{17}$, $Nt_1t_4t_2$, $Nt_1t_4t_{24} \in [1]$.

Figure 5.40: DCE up to the First Orbit of $[1,4]$.

From the 2nd orbit we choose '4' as the representative. $Nt_1t_4t_4 = Nt_1t_{22}$

by notation, therefore $Nt_1t_4t_4 \in [1,3]$ since $Nt_1t_{22} \in [1,3]$. Consequently,

$Nt_1t_4t_4, Nt_1t_4t_{18}, Nt_1t_4t_{20}, Nt_1t_4t_{19}, Nt_1t_4t_{11}, Nt_1t_4t_{21} \in [1,3]$.

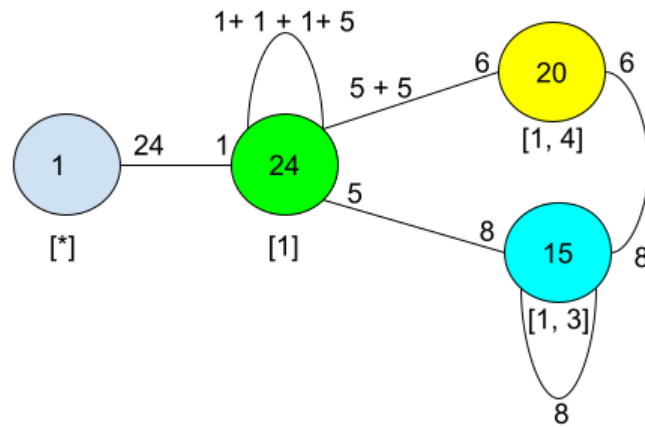


Figure 5.41: DCE up to the Second Orbit of $[1,4]$.

From the 3rd orbit we choose '22' as the representative. $Nt_1t_4t_{22} = Nt_1t_{10}$ since $t_{10} = t_4t_{22}$, therefore $Nt_1t_4t_{22} \in [1,4]$ since $Nt_1t_{10} \in [1,4]$. Consequently, $Nt_1t_4t_5, Nt_1t_4t_{13}, Nt_1t_4t_{12}, Nt_1t_4t_{14}, Nt_1t_4t_{15}, Nt_1t_4t_{22} \in [1,4]$.

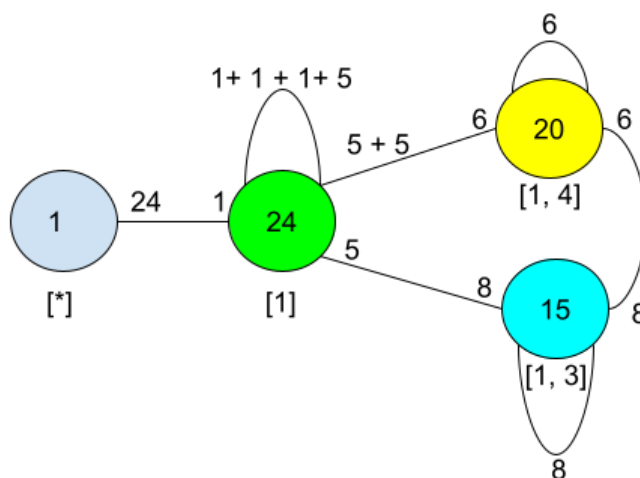
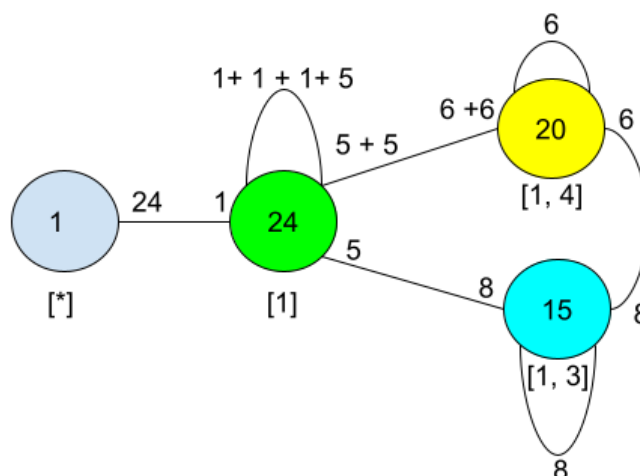


Figure 5.42: DCE up to the Third Orbit of [1,4].

From the 4rd orbit we choose '16' as the representative. $Nt_1t_4t_{16} = Nt_1$ since $t_4t_{16} = t_4t_4^4 = e$, therefore $Nt_1t_4t_{16} \in [1]$. Consequently, $Nt_1t_4t_6$, $Nt_1t_4t_9$, $Nt_1t_4t_{23}$, $Nt_1t_4t_{16}$, $Nt_1t_4t_7$, $Nt_1t_4t_8 \in [1]$.

Figure 5.43: Cayley Diagram of $(A_5)^2:2$ Over $A_5 : 2$.

Our argument shows that $|G| \leq 60(120) = 7200$. Let X be the set of the 60 right cosets that we have found. Now $\langle x, y, t \rangle$ act on X and it readily checks that $|f(x), f(y), f(t)| = 7200$. By the First Isomorphism Theorem, there exist a, b in G that satisfy a presentation of $(A_5)^2 : 2$. Thus, $(A_5)^2 : 2 \leq 7200$. Now $|G| = |(A_5)^2 : 2| = 7200$. So $G \cong (A_5)^2 : 2$.

Chapter 6

An Algorithm To Prove Coset Relations

Let N be a transitive permutation group. Let $G \cong (|t|)^{*n}:N$ factor by a set of relations, where n is the number of letters of N .

Step 1: We extract the first and second relations from G and rewrite them in the form of no-empty t -word = permutation times another t -word. We save all relations into a list to be used later. Let's call this list LR. For example:

Let $G = \langle x^5, y^2, (x^{-1}y)^4, (xyx^{-2}yx)^2, t^5, (t, xyx^2yx^{-1}), t^{x^{-1}y} = t^3, (x, tt^{x^2})^2, (x^y t)^4, X^{-1}yx^{-1}yxyxtxt^2xt \rangle$.

In chapter 5 we use the relations: $t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt^{19}$, $t_{19} = yx^{-2}yx^{-2}yt_4t_8$, $t_{19}t_9 = yx^{-1}yt_{12}t_{11}$, $t_{12}t_{11} = yxyt_{19}t_9$, $t_9t_2t_{22}t_{19} = t_1t_4t_{20}t_{15}$, and $t_1t_4t_{20}t_{15} = t_9t_2t_{22}t_{19}$.

We must also include some of the labeling of the powers of t . In chapter 5

we use: $t_1^2 = t_7$, $t_7 = t_1^2$, $t_1 t_{19} = \text{Id}(N)$, and $t_1 t_1 t_1 t_1 = \text{Id}(N)$. The equations $t_1 = t_7 t_{19}$ and $t_7 t_{19} = t_1$ also need to be included.

Step 2: We start with an equation that we want to prove. For example, $t_1 t_3 = p t_2 t_{23} t_9$, where p is allowed to be any permutation of N . $t_1 t_3$ is the starting t-word and $p t_2 t_{23} t_9$ is what we are looking for. We add the starting t-word to a tree structure, let's name this tree Elements. A function called GetReationsToUse is used to conjugate all the relations LR by all the permutations in N . This is done every time the function is used. Each time we conjugate a relation, we check to see if the resulting equation can be applied to the t-word being processed. If the equation can be applied, then we add it to an array along with the proof of the new relation. The following is the Magma output of the list of relations that can be applied to $t_1 t_3$:

```
-----
Let p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9,
        17)(11, 15)(12,
18)(14, 16)(20, 22) belong to N.
```

```
Lemma 3: t19 = yx2yx-2yt4t8. ==>
```

```
(t19)^p = (y * x^-2 * y * x^-2 * yt4t8)^p ==>
```

```
t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1 * yt2t10. Apply at 1.
```

```
Found a new name: x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1 * y*t2t10t3.
```

```
-----
Let p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,
        20)(10, 24)(11,
```


17)(14, 21)(18, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3.$ Apply at 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3t3.$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 20)(3, 16)(4, 9)(5, 24)(6, 23)(7, 13)(8,$
 $14)(10, 21)(11,$

18)(12, 17)(15, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^{-2} * yt9t14.$ Apply at 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * yt9t14t3.$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 18)(3, 21)(4, 11)(5, 16)(6, 8)(7, 13)(9,$
 $15)(10, 23)(12,$

20)(14, 24)(17, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t1 = x^{-1} * y * x^2t11t6.$ Apply at 1.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2t11t6t3.$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 17)(3, 24)(4, 22)(5, 8)(6, 21)(7, 13)(9,$
 $18)(10, 16)(11,$

20)(12, 15)(14, 23) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x^2 * y * x^2 * yt22t5.$ Apply at 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y*t22t5t3.$

 Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,$
 $12)(14, 17)(16,$

$18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t6t11.$ Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}*t13t6t11.$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4,$
 $23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15,$

$16, 11, 24, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt23t1.$ Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x*t21t23t1.$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17,$
 $23, 11)(6, 12, 24,$

18)(8, 22, 13, 9) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t7t22. \text{ Apply at 2.}$

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1}t10t7t22.$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16,$
 $22, 10)(6, 17, 7,$

15)(9, 24, 11, 13) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t20. \text{ Apply at 2.}$

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t16t20.$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14,$
 $12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15,$

23, 22, 8, 18) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt14t18. \text{ Apply at 2.}$

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt7t14t18.$

 Let $p = \text{Id}(\$)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$$(t_1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^{\hat{p}} \implies$$

$t_1 = \text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19}$. Apply at 1.

Found a new name: $t_7t_{19}t_3$.

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$

$16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$$

$$(t_1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^{\hat{p}} \implies$$

$t_3 = \text{Id}(\$)t_9t_{21}$. Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $t_1t_9t_{21}$.

Step 3: Now we have an array of equations that can be applied to a particular t-word. We apply these equations to produce new t-words. If a new t-word is not found in the tree of Elements, then we add it to the tree. We ensure that when we add a new t-word to the tree that we link it to its parent t-word.

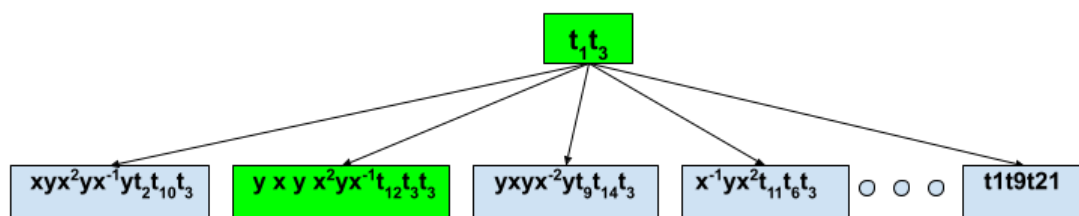


Figure 6.1: First Level of the Tree.

Step 4: We repeat the algorithm for every new t-word that has not been processed until we find the element we are looking for, in our case $pt_2t_{23}t_9$.

The following is the list of relations that can be applied to $xyx^2yx^{-1}t_{12}t_3t_3$:

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$
 $16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$$t_1^2 = t_7 \implies$$

$$(t_1 t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7)^p \implies$$

$$t_3 t_3 = \text{Id}(\$)t_9. \text{ Apply at } 2.$$

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t_{12}t_9$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 17)(2, 4, 15)(3, 8, 10)(5, 7, 6)(9, 20, 22)$
 $(11, 19, 12)(13, 24,$
 $23)(14, 16, 21)$ belong to N .

$$\text{Lemma 3: } t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$$

$$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_{12} = y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt_{15}t_{10}. \text{ Apply at } 1.$$

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t_{15}t_{10}t_3t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 15)(2, 11, 4)(3, 7, 6)(5, 16, 14)(8, 23,$
 $10)(9, 19, 12)(13, 24,$
 $21)(17, 22, 20)$ belong to N .

$$\text{Lemma 3: } t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$$

$$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_{12} = x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * yt_2t_3. \text{ Apply at } 1.$$

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t^2 t^2 t^3 t^3$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 22, 11, 20)(2, 19, 12, 4, 17)(5, 8, 13, 24,$
 $10)(6, 16, 23, 14,$
 7) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = y * x^{-1}t17t13. \text{ Apply at 1.}$

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t17t13t3t3$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 2, 9, 4)(3, 16, 13, 24, 14)(6, 8, 21, 10,$
 $7)(12, 20, 15, 22, 19)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt1t21. \text{ Apply at 1.}$

Found a new name: $t1t21t3t3$

 Let $p = (1, 18)(2, 20)(3, 5)(4, 22)(6, 7)(8, 14)(9, 11)(10,$
 $16)(12, 19)(13,$
 $24)(15, 17)(21, 23)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt22t14. \text{ Apply at 1.}$

Found a new name: $(y * x^2)^{2*t22t14t3t3}$

 Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10, 12)(14, 17)(16, 18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t6t11$. Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t23t6t11t3$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4, 23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15, 16, 11, 24, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt23t1$. Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $t5t23t1t3$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 22, 13, 9)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t7t22$. Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x*t24t7t22t3$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16,$
 $22, 10)(6, 17, 7,$
 $15)(9, 24, 11, 13)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t20$. Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y*t6t16t20t3$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14,$
 $12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15,$
 $23, 22, 8, 18)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt14t18$. Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $(y * x^2)^2*t3t14t18t3$

 Let $p = (1, 12, 2)(3, 23, 16)(4, 9, 17)(5, 10, 21)(6, 14,$
 $13)(7, 24, 8)(11, 22,$
 $15)(18, 20, 19)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^p \implies$

$t_{12} = \text{Id}(\$)t_{24}t_{18}$. Apply at 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t_{24}t_{18}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9, 14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12, 16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_3 = \text{Id}(\$)t_9t_{21}$. Apply at 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t_{12}t_9t_{21}t_3$

Due to the limited space in the diagram, only some branches will be shown in the diagram. Please see Appendix G for the full output that was used to create the diagram.

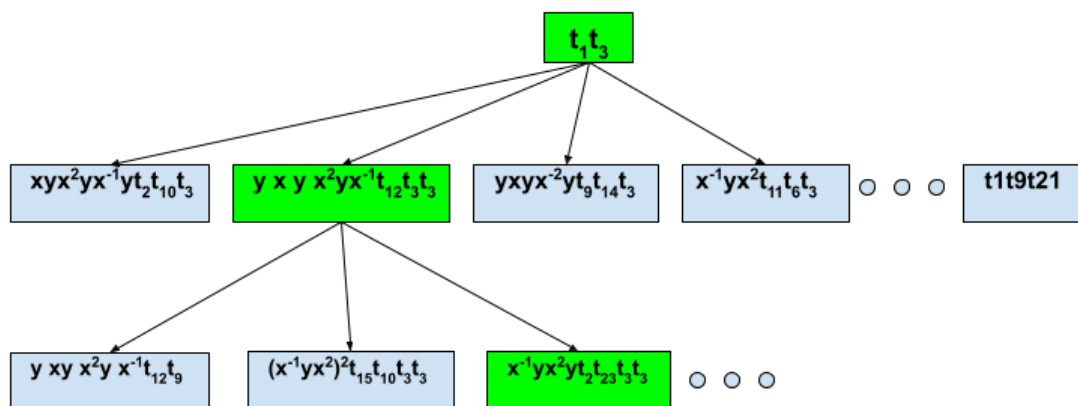


Figure 6.2: Second Level of the Tree.

Finally, a function named FindTwordWithReducing detects that $x^{-1}yx^2yt_2t_{23}t_3t_3$

is equivalent to $x^{-1}yx^2yt_2t_{23}t_9$, which triggers the algorithm to stop looking.

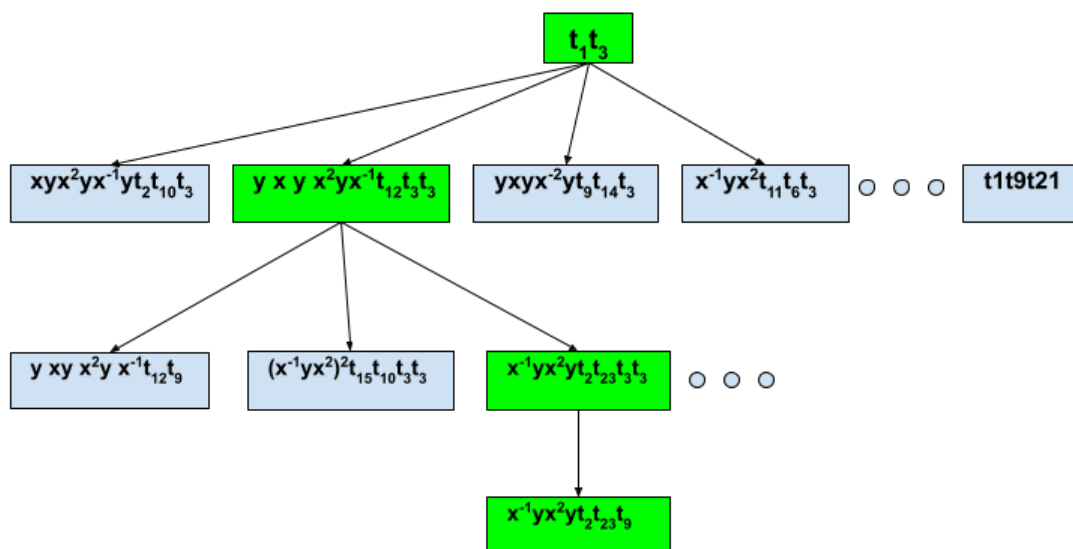


Figure 6.3: Third Level of the Tree.

Step 5: Now that we have found our t-word, all we have to do is to follow its path back to the top of the tree. Each time we move up the tree we print the proof for the t-word. If the algorithm does not find a solution in a timely manner, then the user must prove the relation by hand.

The following is the final output:

Start with t_1t_3

Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9, 20)(10, 24)(11, 17)(14, 21)(18, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3 \implies$

$t1t3 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3t3.$

 Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 18, 15)(2, 11, 4)(3, 7, 6)(5, 16, 14)(8, 23,$
 $10)(9, 19, 12)(13, 24,$
 $21)(17, 22, 20)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t12 = x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * yt2t23 \implies$

$y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t12t3t3 = x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t3t3.$

 Reduce in the following way:

$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t3t3$

$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t9$

This algorithm is used to prove all word problems for $L_2(5)$ over S_5 , and $(A_5)^2:2$ over $A_5 : 2$, and it was tested on two additional groups not found in this thesis. A MAGMA implementation of the algorithm can be found in Appendix G.

Appendix A

MAGMA CODE: Isomorphism of $(23 \times 2):11$

```
N:=TransitiveGroup(46,4);
CompositionFactors(N); /*
  G
  | Cyclic(11)
  *
  | Cyclic(23)
  *
  | Cyclic(2)
  1 */
NL:=NormalLattice(N);
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
```

```

end for ;

/*The relevant path of the normal lattice of N.
*/

NL4 :=NL[4];

NL4;

IsIsomorphic(NL4,AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[46])); /* true */
A:=N!(1, 37, 28, 18, 8, 43, 33, 23, 14, 3, 39, 30, 20, 10,
      46, 36, 26, 16, 6, 41, 32, 22, 12, 2, 38, 27, 17, 7, 44,
      34, 24, 13, 4, 40, 29, 19, 9, 45, 35, 25, 15, 5, 42,
      31, 21, 11);

IsIsomorphic(NL4,sub<N|A>);
FPGroup(NL4);
Test<x>:=Group<x|x^46>;
f,Test1,k:=CosetAction(Test,sub<Test|Id(Test)>);
IsIsomorphic(NL4,Test1); /* true */
q,ff:=quo<N|NL4>;
q;
T:= Transversal(N,NL4);
ff(T[2]) eq q.1; /* true */
IsAbelian(q);
/* N cannot be the direct product to NL4 and  $q \sim \langle T[2] \rangle$  since
   N has no normal subgroup of order 11. Which means N is

```

an extension of NL4 by N/NL4. Let $Q^{\sim}N/NL4 = \{NL[4]B\}$
 where $T[2] = B = (1, 20, 9, 35, 42, 8, 32, 33, 38, 46,$
 $15)(2, 19, 10, 36, 41, 7, 31, 34, 37, 45, 16)(3, 23, 18,$
 $5, 27, 25, 22, 13, 43, 11, 40)(4, 24, 17, 6, 28, 26,$
 $21, 14, 44, 12, 39)$. $N^{\sim} 46:11 \sim (2 \quad 23):11 */$
 $B:=N!(1, 20, 9, 35, 42, 8, 32, 33, 38, 46, 15)(2, 19, 10,$
 $36, 41, 7, 31, 34, 37, 45, 16)(3, 23, 18, 5, 27, 25, 22,$
 $13, 43, 11, 40)(4, 24, 17, 6, 28, 26, 21, 14, 44, 12,$
 $39);$

```

procedure FindFirstElementAsProductOfLast2(L,A,B)
for i1 in [0..(Order(A) -1)] do
    for i2 in [0..(Order(B) -1)] do
        if( L eq (A^i1*B^i2) ) then
            i1 , i2 , A^i1*B^i2 ;
        end if ;
    end for ;
end for ;
end procedure ;

```

```

FindFirstElementAsProductOfLast2(A^B, A, Id(N));
A^B eq A^25;
G< x, y>:=Group< x, y | x^46, y^11, x^y = x^25>;
f ,Test2 ,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|Id(G)>);

```

```
IsIsomorphic(N, Test2); /* True 8/
```

```
/* N ~ 46:11 */
```

Appendix B

MAGMA CODE: Isomorphic

Type of $((23 \times 2):11):2$

```
N:=TransitiveGroup(46,6);
```

```
CompositionFactors(N);/*
```

```
  G
```

```
  | Cyclic(11)
```

```
  *
```

```
  | Cyclic(2)
```

```
  *
```

```
  | Cyclic(23)
```

```
  *
```

```
  | Cyclic(2)
```

```
  1*/
```

```
NL:=NormalLattice(N);
```



```

for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 4 */

/* NL[10] = TransitiveGroup(46,4) ~ (23 2 ):11 and has
presentation Group< x, y | x^46, y^11, x^y = x^25> */
Test<x,y>:= Group< x, y | x^46, y^11, x^y = x^25>;
f,Test1,k:=CosetAction(Test,sub<Test|Id(Test)>);
IsIsomorphic(NL[10],Test1); /* true */
NL10:=NL[10];
temp:=TransitiveGroup(46,4);
s, m:=IsIsomorphic(temp, NL[10]);
A:= m(temp!(1, 37, 28, 18, 8, 43, 33, 23, 14, 3, 39, 30,
20, 10, 46, 36, 26, 16, 6, 41, 32, 22, 12, 2, 38, 27,
17, 7, 44, 34, 24, 13, 4, 40, 29, 19, 9, 45, 35, 25, 15,
5, 42, 31, 21, 11));
B:=m(temp!(1, 20, 9, 35, 42, 8, 32, 33, 38, 46, 15)(2, 19,
10, 36, 41, 7, 31, 34, 37, 45, 16)(3, 23, 18, 5, 27, 25,
22, 13, 43, 11, 40)(4, 24, 17, 6, 28, 26, 21, 14, 44,
12, 39));
A;
B;
AB:=sub<N|A,B>;
AB eq NL10;

```

```

q, ff:=quo<N|NL10>;
q;
T:= Transversal(N,NL10);
ff(T[2]) eq q.1; /* true */
C:=T[2]^11;

/* N cannot be the direct product to NL4 and any other
subgroup since N has no normal subgroup of order 2
outside of NL10. Which means N is an extension of NL4
by N/NL4. Let  $\tilde{Q} = \{NL[10]C\}$  where  $C = (1, 42, 46,$ 
28, 40, 32, 21, 44, 13, 34, 35, 4, 9, 6, 24, 11, 19,
30, 7, 38, 17, 15)(2, 41, 45, 27, 39, 31, 22, 43, 14,
33, 36, 3, 10, 5, 23, 12, 20, 29, 8, 37, 18, 16)(25, 26)
.  $N^2:(11:(23 \ 2 \ ))$  */

procedure FindFirstElementAsProductOfLast2(L,A,B)
for i1 in [0..(Order(A) -1)] do
    for i2 in [0..(Order(B) -1)] do
        if( L eq (A^i1*B^i2) ) then
            i1, i2, A^i1*B^i2;
        end if;
    end for;
end for;

```

```
end procedure;
```

```
FindFirstElementAsProductOfLast2(A^C, A, B);
```

```
A^45 eq A^C; /* true */
```

```
FindFirstElementAsProductOfLast2(B^C, A, B);
```

```
B^C eq A^36*B;
```

```
G<x,y,z>:= Group< x, y, z | x^46, y^11, x^y = x^25, z^2, x^
    z = x^45, y^z = x^36*y>;
```

```
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|Id(G)>);
```

```
IsIsomorphic(N,G1);
```

```
/* true */
```

Appendix C

MAGMA CODE: Shapes of Progenitor $3^{*56} : ((3 : 7) : 2^3)$ Images

```

S:=Sym(56);
xx:=S!(1, 28, 30)(2, 40, 39)(3, 55, 54)(4, 26, 29)(5, 25,
10)(6, 31, 9)(7, 19, 18)(8,
16, 21)(11, 17, 24)(12, 41, 50)(13, 52, 42)(14, 51, 34)
(15, 56, 33)(20, 53,
36)(22, 32, 38)(23, 49, 46)(35, 37, 44)(45, 48, 47);
yy:=S!(1, 54, 45)(2, 25, 56)(3, 20, 22)(4, 34, 49)(5, 38,
27)(6, 35, 48)(7, 44, 10)(8,
51, 19)(9, 39, 55)(11, 31, 52)(12, 43, 17)(14, 15, 41)

```

```

      (16, 24, 53)(18, 42,
      46)(21, 36, 47)(23, 40, 33)(26, 32, 30)(28, 50, 29);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;

CompositionFactors(N);
NL:=NormalLattice(N);
NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
  if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2*/

NL2:=NL[2];
IsIsomorphic(NL2, AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[2,2,2]));
/* N~q:2^3

q, ff:=quo<N|NL[2]>;
q;

T:= Transversal(N,NL[2]);
T;
ff(T[2]) eq q.1;
ff(T[3]) eq q.2;

```

```

CompositionFactors(q);
NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */

q, ff:=quo<q|NL[2]>;
q;

N~ 2^3:(3:7)

/*****/

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=0; e:=0; f:=2; g:=6; index :=2187;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x, y, t | x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x
^-1 * y^-1 * x * y * x * y^-1 * x, t^3, (t, x * y^-1 * x
^-1 * y^-1 * x), (x^-1*t^(y * x))^a, (x*t^(y * x))^b
, ((x * y^-1)^3*t)^c, (x * y^-1*t)^d, (y^-1 * x^-1*t
)^e, ((x * y)^3*t)^f, (x * y*t)^g>;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);

CompositionFactors(G1);
NL:=NormalLattice(G1);

```

```

NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */

IsIsomorphic(NL[2], AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[3,3,3,3,3,3,3]));
/* true */
q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[2]>;
IsIsomorphic(N, q); /* true */
G1~N:3^7

/*****/

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=0; e:=3; f:=0; g:=3; index :=24;
G<x,y,t>:=Group< x, y, t | x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x
^-1 * y^-1 * x * y * x * y^-1 * x, t^3, (t, x * y^-1 * x
^-1 * y^-1 * x), (x^-1*t^(y * x))^a, (x*t^(y * x))^b
, ((x * y^-1)^3*t)^c, (x * y^-1*t)^d, (y^-1 * x^-1*t
)^e, ((x * y)^3*t)^f, (x * y*t)^g>;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);

CompositionFactors(G1);
NL:=NormalLattice(G1);

```

```

NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */

IsIsomorphic(NL[2], AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[2,2,2,2,2,2]));
/* true */
q, ff:=quo<N|NL[2]>;
q;
IsIsomorphic(N, q); /* true */

/*****/

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=0; e:=6; f:=2; g:=0; index :=2187;
G<x,y,t>:=Group< x, y, t | x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x
^-1 * y^-1 * x * y * x * y^-1 * x, t^3, (t, x * y^-1 * x
^-1 * y^-1 * x), (x^-1*t^(y * x))^a, (x*t^(y * x))^b
, ((x * y^-1)^3*t)^c, (x * y^-1*t)^d, (y^-1 * x^-1*t
)^e, ((x * y)^3*t)^f, (x * y*t)^g>;
f, G1, k:=CosetAction(G, sub<G|x,y>);

CompositionFactors(G1);
NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL;

```



```
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */

IsIsomorphic(NL[2], AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[3,3,3,3,3,3,3]));
/* true */
q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[2]>;
```

Appendix D

MAGMA CODE: Shapes of Progenitor $2^{*56} : ((3 : 7) : 2^3)$ Images

```
S:=Sym(56);
xx:=S!(1, 28, 30)(2, 40, 39)(3, 55, 54)(4, 26, 29)(5, 25,
10)(6, 31, 9)(7, 19, 18)(8,
16, 21)(11, 17, 24)(12, 41, 50)(13, 52, 42)(14, 51, 34)
(15, 56, 33)(20, 53,
36)(22, 32, 38)(23, 49, 46)(35, 37, 44)(45, 48, 47);
yy:=S!(1, 54, 45)(2, 25, 56)(3, 20, 22)(4, 34, 49)(5, 38,
27)(6, 35, 48)(7, 44, 10)(8,
51, 19)(9, 39, 55)(11, 31, 52)(12, 43, 17)(14, 15, 41)
```

```

      (16, 24, 53)(18, 42,
      46)(21, 36, 47)(23, 40, 33)(26, 32, 30)(28, 50, 29);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;

CompositionFactors(N);
NL:=NormalLattice(N);
NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
  if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2*/

NL2:=NL[2];
IsIsomorphic(NL2, AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[2,2,2]));
/* N~q:2^3

q, ff:=quo<N|NL[2]>;
q;

T:= Transversal(N,NL[2]);
T;
ff(T[2]) eq q.1;
ff(T[3]) eq q.2;

```

```

CompositionFactors(q);
NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */

q, ff:=quo<q|NL[2]>;
q;

N~ 2^3:(3:7)

/*****/

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=0; e:=0; f:=3; g:=3; h:=7; GIndex
:=576;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t|x^3, y^3, y*x^-1*y^-1*x^-1*
y^-1*x*y*x*
y^-1*x, t^2, (t, x*y^-1*x^-1*y^-1*x), (x*y*t^(
x*y^-1*x)*t^(y^-1
*x^-1*y*x*y^-1))^a, (x*y*t*t^((y^-1,x)))^b, (x*t
^((x,y))^c, (y^-1
*x^-1*t^((y^-1,x)))^d, (x*y*t^((y^-1,x))*t^(y*x))^e
, (x*

```

```

y)^3*t^(y^-1 * x * y^-1 * x^-1 * y^-1))^f, ( (x * y^-1)^3*t
) ^g, (x * y^-1*t)^h
>;
f ,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);

```

```

CompositionFactors(G1);/*

```

```

G
| Cyclic(3)
*
| A(1, 8) = L(2, 8)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
1 */

```

```

NL:=NormalLattice(G1);

```

```

NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */

IsIsomorphic(NL[2], AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[2,2,2,2,2,2]));
/* true*/
q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[2]>;
CompositionFactors(q);/*
G
| Cyclic(3)
*
| A(1, 8) = L(2, 8)
1
*/
/*****/

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=0; e:=0; f:=6; g:=3; h:=0; GIndex
:=73728;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y, t|x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1 *
y^-1 * x * y * x * y^-1 * x, t^2, (t, x * y^-1 * x^-1 * y
^-1 * x), (x * y*t^(x * y^-1 * x)*t^(y^-1 * x^-1 * y * x
* y^-1))^a, (x * y*t*t^((y^-1, x)))^b, (x*t^((x, y)))
^c, (y^-1 * x^-1*t^((y^-1, x)))^d, (x * y*t^((y^-1, x))*

```

```

      t^(y * x) )^e, ( (x * y)^3*t^(y^-1 * x * y^-1 * x^-1 * y
      ^-1))^f, ( (x * y^-1)^3*t)^g, (x * y^-1*t)^h>;
f, G1, k:=CosetAction(G, sub<G|x,y>);
CompositionFactors(G1);

NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL; /*
[6] Order 12386304 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 5
——
[5] Order 4128768 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 4
——
[4] Order 8192 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 3
——
[3] Order 128 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2
——
[2] Order 64 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups:*/
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 4*/
NL[4];/*
Permutation group acting on a set of cardinality 73728
Order = 8192 = 2^13 */

```

```

IsIsomorphic(NL[3], AbelianGroup(GrpPerm
    ,[2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2])); /* false */
q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[4]>;
CompositionFactors(q);
/* G ~ (2^7):(3:L(2, 8)) */

/*****

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=0; e:=0; f:=9; g:=3; h:=0; GIndex
:=1259712;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y, t|x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1 *
y^-1 * x * y * x * y^-1 * x, t^2, (t, x * y^-1 * x^-1 *
y^-1 * x), (x * y*t^(x * y^-1 * x)*t^(y^-1 * x^-1 * y *
x * y^-1))^a, (x * y*t*t^((y^-1, x)))^b, (x*t^((x, y))
)^c, (y^-1 * x^-1*t^((y^-1, x)))^d, (x * y*t^((y^-1, x))
*t^(y * x))^e, ((x * y)^3*t^(y^-1 * x * y^-1 * x^-1 *
y^-1))^f, ((x * y^-1)^3*t)^g, (x * y^-1*t)^h>;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
CompositionFactors(G1);/*
G
| Cyclic(3)
*
| A(1, 8) = L(2, 8)

```


*
| Cyclic (3)
*
| Cyclic (3)
*
| Cyclic (3)
*
| Cyclic (3)
*
| Cyclic (3)
*
| Cyclic (3)
*
| Cyclic (3)
*
| Cyclic (2)
*
| Cyclic (2)
*
| Cyclic (2)
*
| Cyclic (2)
*
| Cyclic (2)

```

*
| Cyclic(2)
1 */

NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL; /*
[6] Order 211631616 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 5
-----
[5] Order 70543872 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 4
-----
[4] Order 139968 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2 3
-----
[3] Order 2187 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
-----
[2] Order 64 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
-----
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */

for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 4*/
/* G ~ (2^6 * 3^7): q */

q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[4]>;

```

```
CompositionFactors(q); /*
```

```
G
```

```
| Cyclic(3)
```

```
*
```

```
| A(1, 8) = L(2, 8)
```

```
1 */
```

```
/* G ~ (2^6 * 3^7): (3:L(2, 8)) */
```

```
/******
```

```
a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=0; e:=6; f:=6; g:=3; h:=0; GIndex
```

```
:=1152;
```

```
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y, t|x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1 *
```

```
y^-1 * x * y * x *
```

```
y^-1 * x, t^2, (t, x * y^-1 * x^-1 * y^-1 * x), (x * y*t^(
```

```
x * y^-1 * x)*t^(y^-1
```

```
* x^-1 * y * x * y^-1))^a, (x * y*t*t^((y^-1, x)) )^b, (x*t
```

```
^((x, y)) )^c, (y^-1
```

```
* x^-1*t^((y^-1, x))^d, (x * y*t^((y^-1, x))*t^(y * x) )^e
```

```

, ( (x *
y)^3*t^(y^-1 * x * y^-1 * x^-1 * y^-1))^f, ( (x * y^-1)^3*t
)^g, (x * y^-1*t)^h

```

```
>;
```

```
f, G1, k := CosetAction(G, sub<G|x, y>);
```

```
CompositionFactors(G1);/*
```

```
G
```

```
| Cyclic(3)
```

```
*
```

```
| A(1, 8)
```

```
= L(2, 8)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```

1*/

NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL;/*

[5]  Order 193536  Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 4
-----
[4]  Order 64512   Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 3
-----
[3]  Order 128     Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 2
-----
[2]  Order 2       Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 1
-----
[1]  Order 1       Length 1  Maximal Subgroups:*/

for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 3 */
IsIsomorphic(NL[3], AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[2,2,2,2,2,2,2]));
/* true */

q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[3]>;
CompositionFactors(q); /*
G

```

```

| Cyclic(3)
*
| A(1, 8) = L(2, 8)
*
1 */
/* G1 ~ (2^7):(3:L(2, 8)) */

/*****/

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=3; e:=0; f:=2; g:=0; h:=0; GIndex:=32;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y, t|x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1 *
y^-1 * x * y * x *
y^-1 * x, t^2, (t, x * y^-1 * x^-1 * y^-1 * x), (x * y*t^(
x * y^-1 * x)*t^(y^-1
* x^-1 * y * x * y^-1))^a, (x * y*t*t^((y^-1, x)) )^b, (x*t
^((x, y)) )^c, (y^-1
* x^-1*t^((y^-1, x))^d, (x * y*t^((y^-1, x))*t^(y * x) )^e
, ( (x *
y)^3*t^(y^-1 * x * y^-1 * x^-1 * y^-1))^f, ( (x * y^-1)^3*t
)^g, (x * y^-1*t)^h
>;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
CompositionFactors(G1);/*
G

```

```

| Cyclic(3)
*
| Cyclic(7)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
1 */

```

```
NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
```

```
NL; /*
```

```
[7] Order 5376 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 6
```

```

-----
[6] Order 1792 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 5
-----
[5] Order 256 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 3 4
-----
[4] Order 32 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2
[3] Order 32 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2
-----
[2] Order 4 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
-----
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */

for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 4 */
NL[4];
IsIsomorphic(NL[4], AbelianGroup(GrpPerm,[2,2,2,2,2])); /*
true */
/* G ~ 2^5:q */

q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[4]>;
CompositionFactors(q);/*
G
| Cyclic(3)

```



```

*
| Cyclic(7)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(2)
1 */

NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL; /*
[4] Order 168 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 3
——
[3] Order 56 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2
——
[2] Order 8 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */

for i in [1..#NL] do
    if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */
/* G ~ 2^5:(2^3: q) */

```

```

N:=q;
q, ff:=quo<N|NL[2]>;
  CompositionFactors(q);
NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL;
  for i in [1..#NL] do
    if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /*2 */
/* G ~ 2^5:(2^3: (7:3)) */
/*****/

a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=3; e:=0; f:=4; g:=7; h:=0; GIndex
:=512;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y, t|x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1 *
y^-1 * x * y * x * y^-1 * x, t^2, (t, x * y^-1 * x^-1 *
y^-1 * x), (x * y*t^(x * y^-1 * x)*t^(y^-1 * x^-1 * y *
x * y^-1))^a, (x * y*t*t^((y^-1, x)))^b, (x*t^((x, y))
)^c, (y^-1 * x^-1*t^((y^-1, x)))^d, (x * y*t^((y^-1, x)
)*t^(y * x))^e, ((x * y)^3*t^(y^-1 * x * y^-1 * x^-1
* y^-1))^f, ((x * y^-1)^3*t)^g, (x * y^-1*t)^h >;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
CompositionFactors(G1); /*
G

```



```

      | Cyclic(2)
      *
      | Cyclic(2)
      1 */
NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL; /*
[9] Order 86016 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 8
-----
[8] Order 28672 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 7
-----
[7] Order 4096 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 5 6
-----
[6] Order 512 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 4
[5] Order 512 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 4
-----
[4] Order 64 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2 3
-----
[3] Order 8 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
[2] Order 8 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
-----
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 5 */

```

```

NL[5]; /* 2^9 */
/* G ~ 2^9:q */
q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[5]>;
NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
    if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */
/* G ~ 2^9:(2^3:q) */
N:=q;
q, ff:=quo<N|NL[2]>;
NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL; /* [3] Order 21 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2
-----
[2] Order 7 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
-----
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */

/* G ~ /* G ~ 2^9:(2^3:(7:3)) */

/*****
a:=0; b:=0; c:=0; d:=3; e:=6; f:=4; g:=0; h:=7; GIndex
:=8192;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y, t|x^3, y^3, y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1 *

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& y^{-1} * x * y * x * \\
& y^{-1} * x, t^2, (t, x * y^{-1} * x^{-1} * y^{-1} * x), (x * y * t^{\wedge} \\
& x * y^{-1} * x) * t^{\wedge}(y^{-1} * x^{-1} * y * x * y^{-1})^{\wedge}a, (x * y * \\
& t * t^{\wedge}((y^{-1}, x)))^{\wedge}b, (x * t^{\wedge}((x, y)))^{\wedge}c, (y^{-1} * x^{-1} * t \\
& ^{\wedge}((y^{-1}, x)))^{\wedge}d, (x * y * t^{\wedge}((y^{-1}, x)) * t^{\wedge}(y * x))^{\wedge}e, (\\
& (x * y)^{\wedge}3 * t^{\wedge}(y^{-1} * x * y^{-1} * x^{-1} * y^{-1})^{\wedge}f, ((x * y \\
& ^{-1})^{\wedge}3 * t)^{\wedge}g, (x * y^{-1} * t)^{\wedge}h >;
\end{aligned}$$

```
f, G1, k := CosetAction(G, sub<G|x,y>);
```

```
CompositionFactors(G1); /*
```

```
G
```

```
| Cyclic(3)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(7)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```

```
*
```

```
| Cyclic(2)
```



```

NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 9 */
/* G ~ 2^10: q */

q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[9]>;
NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL; /*
[6] Order 1344 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 5
——
[5] Order 448 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 4
——
[4] Order 64 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2 3
——
[3] Order 8 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
[2] Order 8 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 4 */
/* G ~ 2^10: (2^6:q) */

```



```

N:=q;
q, ff:=quo<N|NL[4]>;
NL:=NormalLattice(q);
NL; /*
3] Order 21 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2
——
[2] Order 7 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */
/* G ~ 2^10: (2^6:(2:7)) */

```

Appendix E

MAGMA CODE: Induction of 5:11 Onto $L_2(11)$

```
/* Character Induction */
```

MAGMA: Using Induction of 5:11 onto $L_2(11)$ To Find a
Monomial Representation of $L_2(11)$

```
/* Character Induction */
```

```
S:=Sym(12);
```

```
xx:=S!(3, 7, 9, 4, 5)(6, 8, 12, 10, 11);
```

```
yy:=S!(1, 8, 2)(3, 4, 7)(5, 12, 11)(6, 9, 10);
```

```
G:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
```

```

H:=sub<G|(1, 4, 3, 10, 8)(2, 7, 5, 12, 11), (1, 2, 12, 11,
    3, 7, 6, 4, 5, 8, 10)>;
zz:= H!(1, 4, 3, 10, 8)(2, 7, 5, 12, 11);
ww:=H!(1, 2, 12, 11, 3, 7, 6, 4, 5, 8, 10);

FPGroup(H);
HH<z,w>:= Group<z, w | z^5, w^-2 * z^-1 * w^-1 * z, z^2 *
    w^-1 * z^2 * w^-1 * z * w>;
f,H1,k:=CosetAction(HH,sub<HH| Id(HH)>);
s:=IsIsomorphic(H1, H);
s; /* true */

SchH:=SchreierSystem(HH,sub<HH| Id(HH)>);
Hword:=function(Perm)
for w in SchH do
    seq := Eltseq(w);
    p:= Id(H);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*zz; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*zz^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*ww; end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*ww^-1; end if;
    end for;
    if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;

```

```

end for ;
end function ;

ClassesH:=Classes (H) ;

FPGroup(G) ;
/*  x^5,  y^3,  y * x^2 * y^-1 * x^2 * y * x^-1 * y^-1 *
   x^-1,  (x * y * x * y * x)^2, */
GG<x, y >:=Group<x, y | x^5,  y^3,  y * x^2 * y^-1 * x^2 *
   y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1,  (x * y * x * y * x)^2>;
#GG; /* 660 */

f ,G1,k:=CosetAction (GG,sub<GG| Id (GG)>);
s:=IsIsomorphic (G1, G) ;
s; /* true */

ClassesG:=Classes (G) ;
z5:=CH[2][2];
GCinterceptsH:=[Set (Class (G, ClassesG [i][3])) meet Set (H) : i
   in [1..# ClassesG ]];

str:= "";
for g in GCinterceptsH [4] do
   for i in [1..# ClassesH] do

```

```

        if g in Class(H, ClassesH[i][3]) then
c:= CH[2][i];
if c eq z5 then str:= str cat "z5 + "; end if;
            if c eq z5^2 then str:= str cat "
                z5^2 + "; end if;
            if c eq z5^3 then str:= str cat "
                z5^3 + "; end if;
if c eq z5^4 then str:= str cat "z5^4 + "; end if;
end if;
        end for;
end for;
str;

for g in GCinterceptsH[4] do
    for i in [1..#ClassesH] do
        if g in Class(H, ClassesH[i][3]) then CH
            [2][i]; end if;
        continue;
    end for;
end for;

GCinterceptsH[5];

for g in GCinterceptsH[5] do

```

```

        "kai(" cat Sprint(g) cat ") + ";
end for;
str:= "";
for g in GCinterceptsH[5] do
    for i in [1..#ClassesH] do
        if g in Class(H, ClassesH[i][3]) then
c:= CH[2][i];
if c eq z5 then str:= str cat "z5 + "; end if;
            if c eq z5^2 then str:= str cat "
                z5^2 + "; end if;
            if c eq z5^3 then str:= str cat "
                z5^3 + "; end if;
if c eq z5^4 then str:= str cat "z5^4 + "; end if;
end if;
        end for;
end for;
Str;

for g in GCinterceptsH[7] do
        "kai(" cat Sprint(g) cat ") + ";
end for;
str:= "";
for g in GCinterceptsH[7] do
    for i in [1..#ClassesH] do

```

```

                if g in Class(H, ClassesH[i][3]) then
c:= CH[2][i];
if c eq z5 then str:= str cat "z5 + "; end if;
                if c eq z5^2 then str:= str cat "
                z5^2 + "; end if;
                if c eq z5^3 then str:= str cat "
                z5^3 + "; end if;
if c eq z5^4 then str:= str cat "z5^4 + "; end if;
if c eq 1 then str:= str cat "1 + "; end if;
end if;
                end for;
end for;
str;

for g in GCinterceptsH[8] do
                "kai(" cat Sprint(g) cat ") + ";
end for;
str:= "";
for g in GCinterceptsH[8] do
                for i in [1..#ClassesH] do
                        if g in Class(H, ClassesH[i][3]) then
c:= CH[2][i];
if c eq z5 then str:= str cat "z5 + "; end if;
if c eq z5^2 then str:= str cat "z5^2 + "; end if;

```

```

if c eq z5^3 then str:= str cat "z5^3 + "; end if;
if c eq z5^4 then str:= str cat "z5^4 + "; end if;
if c eq 1 then str:= str cat "1 + "; end if;
end if;

```

```

    end for;

```

```

end for;

```

```

str;

```

```

str:= "";

```

```

for g in GCinterceptsH[8] do

```

```

  c:= CH[2](g);

```

```

  if c eq z5 then str:= str cat "z5 + "; end if;

```

```

  if c eq z5^2 then str:= str cat "z5^2 + "; end if;

```

```

  if c eq z5^3 then str:= str cat "z5^3 + "; end if;

```

```

  if c eq z5^4 then str:= str cat "z5^4 + "; end if;

```

```

  if c eq 1 then str:= str cat "1 + "; end if;

```

```

end for;

```

```

str;

```

```

/*****/

```

```

S:=Sym(12);

```

```

xx:=S!(3, 7, 9, 4, 5)(6, 8, 12, 10, 11);

```

```

yy:=S!(1, 8, 2)(3, 4, 7)(5, 12, 11)(6, 9, 10);

```

```

G:=sub<S|xx,yy>;

```



```

S:=Sym(12);
xx:=S!(3, 7, 9, 4, 5)(6, 8, 12, 10, 11);
yy:=S!(1, 8, 2)(3, 4, 7)(5, 12, 11)(6, 9, 10);
G:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
CG:=CharacterTable(G);
H:=sub<G|(1, 4, 3, 10, 8)(2, 7, 5, 12, 11), (1, 2, 12, 11,
    3, 7, 6, 4, 5, 8, 10)>;
#H;
#G/#H;
CH:=CharacterTable(H);
CH[2];
C:=Classes(G);
#C;
Induction(CH[2],G) eq CG[7];
#CG[7];
CG[7](Id(G));

T:=Transversal(G,H);
#T eq Index(G,H);

/* The transversal changes. We save this transversal. */
T:=[Id(G),
G!(3, 7, 9, 4, 5)(6, 8, 12, 10, 11),

```

```

G!(1, 8, 2)(3, 4, 7)(5, 12, 11)(6, 9, 10),
G!(1, 7, 12, 4, 8)(3, 11, 10, 9, 5),
G!(3, 5, 4, 9, 7)(6, 11, 10, 12, 8),
G!(1, 4)(2, 8)(3, 12)(5, 7)(6, 10)(9, 11),
G!(1, 10, 12, 8, 2)(5, 11, 7, 9, 6),
G!(3, 4, 7, 5, 9)(6, 10, 8, 11, 12),
G!(1, 5, 9, 12, 10)(3, 11, 7, 4, 6),
G!(1, 11, 9, 8, 2)(3, 7, 4, 5, 6),
G!(1, 5, 9, 2, 8)(4, 12, 11, 10, 6),
G!(1, 12, 5, 10, 9)(3, 4, 11, 6, 7)];

C:=CyclotomicField(5);
A:=[[C.1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]: i in [1..12]];
for i,j in [1..12] do A[i,j] :=0; end for;

for i,j in [1..12] do
if T[i]*xx*T[j]^-1 in H then
A[i,j] :=CH[2](T[i]*xx*T[j]^-1);
end if;
end for;
GG:=GL(12,C);
GG!A;

/* Print latex matrix */

```



```

\\end{pmatrix}*/

B:=[[C.1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]: i in [1..12]];
for i,j in [1..12] do B[i,j] :=0; end for;
for i,j in [1..12] do
if T[i]*yy*T[j]^-1 in H then
B[i,j] :=CH[2](T[i]*yy*T[j]^-1);
end if;
end for;
GG:=GL(12,C);
GG!B;

/* Print latex matrix */
strM:= "\\begin{pmatrix}\\n";
matrix:= GG!B;
for i in [1.. 12] do
    for j in [1.. 12] do
        strM:= strM cat Sprint(matrix[i][j]) cat
            "&";
    end for;
    strM:= strM cat " \\\\n\\n";
end for;
strM:= strM cat "\\end{pmatrix}";
strM;

```

```

primes := [ p : p in [7..1000] | IsPrime(p) ];
for p in primes do
    if ((p-1) mod 5) eq 0 then p; break; end if;
end for; /* 11 */

/* We change this rep of G over a finite field. Find a
prime p such that GF(p) = Zp has elements of order 5. p
is such that 5|(p-1). Then p-1 = 5k or p =5k+1. k=2
gives the smallest such p. So p = 11 */

for n in [2..10] do n, n^5 mod 11; end for;
/* 5 is element of order 5 in Z11 */

Z5:=CH[2][2];
for i, j in [1..12] do
    if A[i][j] eq Z5 then A[i][j]:= 5; end if;
    if A[i][j] eq Z5^2 then A[i][j]:= 5^2 mod 11; end
    if;
    if A[i][j] eq Z5^3 then A[i][j]:= 5^3 mod 11; end
    if;
    if A[i][j] eq Z5^4 then A[i][j]:= 5^4 mod 11; end if;
end for;

```



```

0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&4&0& \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&3& \\
\end{pmatrix} */

for i, j in [1..12] do
    if B[i][j] eq Z5 then B[i][j]:= 5; end if;
    if B[i][j] eq Z5^2 then B[i][j]:= 5^2 mod 11; end
        if;
    if B[i][j] eq Z5^3 then B[i][j]:= 5^3 mod 11; end
        if;
    if B[i][j] eq Z5^4 then B[i][j]:= 5^4 mod 11; end if;
end for;

/* Print latex matrix */
strM:= "\begin{pmatrix}\n";
matrix:= GG!B;
for i in [1.. 12] do
    for j in [1.. 12] do
        strM:= strM cat Sprint(matrix[i][j]) cat
            "&";
    end for;
    strM:= strM cat " \\\n";
end for;
strM:= strM cat "\end{pmatrix}";

```

```
strM;
```

```
\begin{pmatrix}
0&0&1&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&5&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&3&0&0&0&0&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&3&0&0&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&1&0&0&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&1&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0 \\
4&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0 \\
0&9&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&4&0&0&0&0&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&1&0&0 \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&1 \\
0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&0&1&0&0&0 \\
\end{pmatrix}
```

```
GG:=GL(12,11);
```

```
A:=GG!A;
```

```
A; /*
```

```
[0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

```
[0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

```
[0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

```
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0]
```



```

[1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3]

```

```
*/
```

```
B:=GG!B;
```

```
B;/*
```

```

[0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0]

```

```
*/
```

```

#sub<GGG|A,B>;
s:=IsIsomorphic(G,sub<GGG|A,B>);
S; /* true */

for i,j in [1..12] do
    if A[i][j] ne 0 then
        "a_{", Sprint(i), " cat ", Sprint(j)
        cat " } = " cat Sprint(A[i][j]) cat " \\  

        implies " cat "t_{", Sprint(i), " cat " }
        = t_{", Sprint(j), " cat " }^" cat
        Sprint(A[i][j]) cat "\\\\" ;
    end if;
end for; /*
a_{1,2} = 1 \implies t_{1} = t_{2}^1\\
a_{2,4} = 4 \implies t_{2} = t_{4}^4\\
a_{3,6} = 4 \implies t_{3} = t_{6}^4\\
a_{4,8} = 3 \implies t_{4} = t_{8}^3\\
a_{5,1} = 1 \implies t_{5} = t_{1}^1\\
a_{6,7} = 3 \implies t_{6} = t_{7}^3\\
a_{7,10} = 1 \implies t_{7} = t_{10}^1\\
a_{8,5} = 1 \implies t_{8} = t_{5}^1\\
a_{9,3} = 3 \implies t_{9} = t_{3}^3\\
a_{10,9} = 4 \implies t_{10} = t_{9}^4\\
a_{11,11} = 4 \implies t_{11} = t_{11}^4\\

```

```
a_{12,12} = 3 \implies t_{12} = t_{12}^3 \\ */
```

```
labeling := [];
for i in [1..120] do
    tsubscript := i mod 12;
power := (i div 12) + 1;
if tsubscript eq 0 then
    tsubscript := 12;
power := i div 12;
end if;
labeling := labeling cat [[tsubscript , power]];
end for;
```

```
S := Sym(120);
arrX := [0: i in [1..120]];
```

```
FindLabels := procedure(row, pow1, col, pow2, ~arr)
```

```
    /* Process labels to create an array that will be
       turned to a permutation */
```

```
    label1 := Position(labeling, [row, pow1 mod 11]);
```

```
    label2 := Position(labeling, [col, pow2*pow1 mod
    11]);
```

```
arr[label1] := label2;
```

```

srow := Sprint(row); /* turn to a string */
scol := Sprint(col);
spow1 := Sprint(pow1);
spow2 := Sprint(pow2);

label1:= Sprint(label1);
label2:= Sprint(label2);

if pow1 eq 1 then
    /* a_{1,2} = 3      t_1 = t_2^3 */
    "a_{" cat srow cat ", " cat scol cat "} = " cat spow2
    cat " \\implies " cat "t_{" cat srow cat "} = t_{"
    cat scol cat "}^{" cat spow2 cat "} \\implies
    \\\\" ";
end if;

/* (t_1)^n = (t_2^3)^n */
if pow1 gt 1 then
    "t_{" cat srow cat "}^{" cat spow1 cat "} = " cat
    "(t_{" cat scol cat "}^{" cat spow2 cat "})^{"
    cat spow1 cat "} = " cat "t_{" cat scol cat
    "}" cat Sprint(pow1*pow2) cat "} = " cat "t_{"
    cat scol cat "}" cat Sprint(pow1*pow2 mod
    11) cat "}. \\implies " cat label1 cat " \\

```

```

        implies " cat label2 cat "\\\\";

end if;
end procedure;

/* r for row in the matrix.*/
for r in [1..12] do
/* c for column in the matrix. */
for c in [1..12] do
        if A[r, c] ne 0 then
for p in [1..10] do
        value:= StringToInteger(Sprint(A[r, c]), 12);
        FindLabels(r, p, c, value, ~arrX);
end for;
        end if;
end for;
" -----";
end for;

/*
a_{1, 2} = 1 \implies t_{1} = t_{2}^{\{1\}} \implies \\
t_{1}^{\{2\}} = (t_{2}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{2}^{\{2\}} = t_{2}^{\{2\}}. \
implies 13 \implies
14\\

```

$$t_{-1}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-2}^{\{3\}} = t_{-2}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 25 \implies

26\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-2}^{\{4\}} = t_{-2}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 37 \implies

38\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{5\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{-2}^{\{5\}} = t_{-2}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 49 \implies

50\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{6\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{-2}^{\{6\}} = t_{-2}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 61 \implies

62\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-2}^{\{7\}} = t_{-2}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 73 \implies

74\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{8\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{-2}^{\{8\}} = t_{-2}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 85 \implies

86\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-2}^{\{9\}} = t_{-2}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 97 \implies

98\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-2}^{\{10\}} = t_{-2}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 109

\implies 110\\

$a_{\{2, 4\}} = 4 \implies t_{\{2\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}} \implies \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{8\}}. \backslash$
 $\implies 14 \implies$
 $88 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{12\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}}. \backslash$
 $\implies 26$
 $\implies 4 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{16\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{5\}}. \backslash$
 $\implies 38$
 $\implies 52 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{20\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{9\}}. \backslash$
 $\implies 50$
 $\implies 100 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{24\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{2\}}. \backslash$
 $\implies 62$
 $\implies 16 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{28\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{6\}}. \backslash$
 $\implies 74$
 $\implies 64 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{32\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{10\}}. \backslash$
 $\implies 86$
 $\implies 112 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{2\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{36\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{3\}}. \backslash$

implies 98

\implies 28\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-4}^{\{4\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-4}^{\{40\}} = t_{-4}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 110

\implies 76\\

$$a_{-3, 6} = 4 \setminus \text{implies } t_{-3} = t_{-6}^{\{4\}} \setminus \text{implies } \\$$

$$t_{-3}^{\{2\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{-6}^{\{8\}} = t_{-6}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 15 \implies

90\\

$$t_{-3}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-6}^{\{12\}} = t_{-6}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 27

\implies 6\\

$$t_{-3}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-6}^{\{16\}} = t_{-6}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 39

\implies 54\\

$$t_{-3}^{\{5\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{-6}^{\{20\}} = t_{-6}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 51

\implies 102\\

$$t_{-3}^{\{6\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{-6}^{\{24\}} = t_{-6}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 63

\implies 18\\

$$t_{-3}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-6}^{\{28\}} = t_{-6}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 75

\implies 66\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{6\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{32\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 87

\implies 114\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{6\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{36\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 99

\implies 30\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{6\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{40\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 111

\implies 78\\

$$a_{\{4, 8\}} = 3 \setminus \implies t_{\{4\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}} \setminus \implies \\$$

$$t_{\{4\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 16 \implies

68\\

$$t_{\{4\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 28 \implies

104\\

$$t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{12\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 40

\implies 8\\

$$t_{\{4\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{15\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 52

\implies 44\\

$$t_{-4}^6 = (t_{-8}^3)^6 = t_{-8}^{18} = t_{-8}^7. \setminus$$

implies 64

\implies 80\\

$$t_{-4}^7 = (t_{-8}^3)^7 = t_{-8}^{21} = t_{-8}^{10}. \setminus$$

implies 76

\implies 116\\

$$t_{-4}^8 = (t_{-8}^3)^8 = t_{-8}^{24} = t_{-8}^2. \setminus$$

implies 88

\implies 20\\

$$t_{-4}^9 = (t_{-8}^3)^9 = t_{-8}^{27} = t_{-8}^5. \setminus$$

implies 100

\implies 56\\

$$t_{-4}^{10} = (t_{-8}^3)^{10} = t_{-8}^{30} = t_{-8}^8. \setminus$$

implies 112

\implies 92\\

$$a_{5, 1} = 1 \setminus \implies t_{-5} = t_{-1}^1 \setminus \implies \\$$

$$t_{-5}^2 = (t_{-1}^1)^2 = t_{-1}^2 = t_{-1}^2. \setminus$$

implies 17 \implies

13\\

$$t_{-5}^3 = (t_{-1}^1)^3 = t_{-1}^3 = t_{-1}^3. \setminus$$

implies 29 \implies

25\\

$$t_{-5}^4 = (t_{-1}^1)^4 = t_{-1}^4 = t_{-1}^4. \setminus$$

implies 41 \implies

37\\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{5\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 53 \implies

49\\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 65 \implies

61\\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{7\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 77 \implies

73\\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 89 \implies

85\\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 101

\implies 97\\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{10\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 113

\implies 109\\

$$a_{\{6, 7\}} = 3 \setminus \implies t_{\{6\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}} \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 18 \implies

67\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-7}^{\{9\}} = t_{-7}^{\{9\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 30 \implies

103\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-7}^{\{12\}} = t_{-7}^{\{1\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 42

\implies 7\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{5\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{-7}^{\{15\}} = t_{-7}^{\{4\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 54

\implies 43\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{6\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{-7}^{\{18\}} = t_{-7}^{\{7\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 66

\implies 79\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-7}^{\{21\}} = t_{-7}^{\{10\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 78

\implies 115\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{8\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{-7}^{\{24\}} = t_{-7}^{\{2\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 90

\implies 19\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-7}^{\{27\}} = t_{-7}^{\{5\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 102

\implies 55\\

$$t_{-6}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-7}^{\{30\}} = t_{-7}^{\{8\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 114

\implies 91\\

 $a_{\{7, 10\}} = 1 \implies t_{\{7\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}} \implies$
 $t_{\{7\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{2\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{2\}}.$ \

implies 19

\implies 22\\

$t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{3\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{3\}}.$ \

implies 31

\implies 34\\

$t_{\{7\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{4\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{4\}}.$ \

implies 43

\implies 46\\

$t_{\{7\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{5\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{5\}}.$ \

implies 55

\implies 58\\

$t_{\{7\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{6\}}.$ \

implies 67

\implies 70\\

$t_{\{7\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{7\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{7\}}.$ \

implies 79

\implies 82\\

$t_{\{7\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{8\}}.$ \

implies 91

\implies 94\\

$$t_{\{7\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 103

\implies 106\\

$$t_{\{7\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{10\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{10\}} = t_{\{10\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 115

\implies 118\\

$$a_{\{8, 5\}} = 1 \setminus \implies t_{\{8\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}} \setminus \implies \\$$

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{2\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 20 \implies

17\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{3\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 32 \implies

29\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{4\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 44 \implies

41\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{5\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 56 \implies

53\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 68 \implies

65\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{7\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 80 \implies

77\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 92 \implies

89\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 104

\implies 101\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{5\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{10\}} = t_{\{5\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 116

\implies 113\\

$$a_{\{9, 3\}} = 3 \setminus \implies t_{\{9\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{3\}} \setminus \implies \setminus \setminus$$

$$t_{\{9\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{3\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 21 \implies

63\\

$$t_{\{9\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{3\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 33 \implies

99\\

$$t_{\{9\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{3\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{12\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 45

\implies 3\\

$$t_{\{9\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{3\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{15\}} = t_{\{3\}}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 57

\implies 39\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{6\}} = (t_{-3}^{\{3\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{-3}^{\{18\}} = t_{-3}^{\{7\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 69

\implies 75\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-3}^{\{3\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-3}^{\{21\}} = t_{-3}^{\{10\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 81

\implies 111\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{8\}} = (t_{-3}^{\{3\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{-3}^{\{24\}} = t_{-3}^{\{2\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 93

\implies 15\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-3}^{\{3\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-3}^{\{27\}} = t_{-3}^{\{5\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 105

\implies 51\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-3}^{\{3\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-3}^{\{30\}} = t_{-3}^{\{8\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 117

\implies 87\\

$$a_{10, 9} = 4 \ \backslash \implies t_{10} = t_{9}^{\{4\}} \ \backslash \implies \ \backslash$$

$$t_{10}^{\{2\}} = (t_{9}^{\{4\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{9}^{\{8\}} = t_{9}^{\{8\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 22

\implies 93\\

$$t_{10}^{\{3\}} = (t_{9}^{\{4\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{9}^{\{12\}} = t_{9}^{\{1\}}. \ \backslash$$

implies 34

\implies 9\\

$$t_{10}^4 = (t_9^4)^4 = t_9^{16} = t_9^5. \quad \backslash$$

implies 46

\implies 57\\

$$t_{10}^5 = (t_9^4)^5 = t_9^{20} = t_9^9. \quad \backslash$$

implies 58

\implies 105\\

$$t_{10}^6 = (t_9^4)^6 = t_9^{24} = t_9^2. \quad \backslash$$

implies 70

\implies 21\\

$$t_{10}^7 = (t_9^4)^7 = t_9^{28} = t_9^6. \quad \backslash$$

implies 82

\implies 69\\

$$t_{10}^8 = (t_9^4)^8 = t_9^{32} = t_9^{10}. \quad \backslash$$

implies 94

\implies 117\\

$$t_{10}^9 = (t_9^4)^9 = t_9^{36} = t_9^3. \quad \backslash$$

implies 106

\implies 33\\

$$t_{10}^{10} = (t_9^4)^{10} = t_9^{40} = t_9^7. \quad \backslash$$

implies 118

\implies 81\\

$$a_{11, 11} = 4 \quad \backslash \text{implies } t_{11} = t_{11}^4 \quad \backslash \text{implies } \backslash \backslash$$

$$t_{11}^2 = (t_{11}^4)^2 = t_{11}^8 = t_{11}^8. \quad \backslash$$

implies 23

\implies 95\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-11}^{\{12\}} = t_{-11}^{\{1\}}.$$

\implies 35

\implies 11\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-11}^{\{16\}} = t_{-11}^{\{5\}}.$$

\implies 47

\implies 59\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{5\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{-11}^{\{20\}} = t_{-11}^{\{9\}}.$$

\implies 59

\implies 107\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{6\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{-11}^{\{24\}} = t_{-11}^{\{2\}}.$$

\implies 71

\implies 23\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-11}^{\{28\}} = t_{-11}^{\{6\}}.$$

\implies 83

\implies 71\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{8\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{-11}^{\{32\}} = t_{-11}^{\{10\}}.$$

\implies 95

\implies 119\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-11}^{\{36\}} = t_{-11}^{\{3\}}.$$

\implies 107

\implies 35\\

$$t_{-11}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-11}^{\{4\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-11}^{\{40\}} = t_{-}$$

$\{11\}^{\{7\}}. \implies 119$
 $\implies 83 \setminus \setminus$

 $a_{\{12, 12\}} = 3 \implies t_{\{12\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}} \implies \setminus \setminus$
 $t_{\{12\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$
 $\implies 24$
 $\implies 72 \setminus \setminus$
 $t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$
 $\implies 36$
 $\implies 108 \setminus \setminus$
 $t_{\{12\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{12\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{1\}}.$
 $\implies 48$
 $\implies 12 \setminus \setminus$
 $t_{\{12\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{15\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{4\}}.$
 $\implies 60$
 $\implies 48 \setminus \setminus$
 $t_{\{12\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{18\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{7\}}.$
 $\implies 72$
 $\implies 84 \setminus \setminus$
 $t_{\{12\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{21\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{10\}}.$
 $\implies 84$
 $\implies 120 \setminus \setminus$
 $t_{\{12\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{12\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{24\}} = t_{\{12\}}^{\{2\}}.$
 $\implies 96$

```

\implies 24\\
t_{12}^9 = (t_{12}^3)^9 = t_{12}^{27} = t_{12}^5.
  \implies 108
\implies 60\\
t_{12}^{10} = (t_{12}^3)^{10} = t_{12}^{30} = t_{12}^8. \implies 120
\implies 96\\
-----*/

xxx:=S!arrX;
xxx; /*
(1, 2, 40, 8, 5)(3, 42, 7, 10, 45)(4, 32, 29, 25, 26)(6,
  31, 34, 9, 27)(11, 47,
  59, 107, 35)(12, 36, 108, 60, 48)(13, 14, 88, 20, 17)
  (15, 90, 19, 22,
  93)(16, 68, 65, 61, 62)(18, 67, 70, 21, 63)(23, 95,
  119, 83, 71)(24, 72, 84,
  120, 96)(28, 104, 101, 97, 98)(30, 103, 106, 33, 99)
  (37, 38, 52, 44, 41)(39,
  54, 43, 46, 57)(49, 50, 100, 56, 53)(51, 102, 55, 58,
  105)(64, 80, 77, 73,
  74)(66, 79, 82, 69, 75)(76, 116, 113, 109, 110)(78,
  115, 118, 81, 111)(85,
  86, 112, 92, 89)(87, 114, 91, 94, 117) */

```

```

for i,j in [1..12] do
  if B[i][j] ne 0 then
    "b_" cat Sprint(i) cat "," cat Sprint(j)
    cat "}" = " cat Sprint(B[i][j]) cat " \
    implies " cat "t_" cat Sprint(i) cat "}"
    \implies t_" cat Sprint(j) cat "}"^"
    cat Sprint(B[i][j]);
  end if;
end for;

/*b_{1,3} = 1 \implies t_{1} \implies t_{3}^1
b_{2,5} = 5 \implies t_{2} \implies t_{5}^5
b_{3,7} = 3 \implies t_{3} \implies t_{7}^3
b_{4,9} = 3 \implies t_{4} \implies t_{9}^3
b_{5,8} = 1 \implies t_{5} \implies t_{8}^1
b_{6,4} = 1 \implies t_{6} \implies t_{4}^1
b_{7,1} = 4 \implies t_{7} \implies t_{1}^4
b_{8,2} = 9 \implies t_{8} \implies t_{2}^9
b_{9,6} = 4 \implies t_{9} \implies t_{6}^4
b_{10,11} = 1 \implies t_{10} \implies t_{11}^1
b_{11,12} = 1 \implies t_{11} \implies t_{12}^1
b_{12,10} = 1 \implies t_{12} \implies t_{10}^1*/

/* Same as above but we use b instead of a. */

```

```

FindLabels:=procedure(row, pow1, col, pow2, ~arr)

    /* Process labels to create an array that will be
       turned to a permutation */
    label1:= Position(labeling, [row, pow1 mod 11]);
    label2:= Position(labeling, [col, pow2*pow1 mod
        11]);
arr[label1]:= label2;

srow := Sprint(row); /* turn to a string */
scol := Sprint(col);
spow1 := Sprint(pow1);
spow2 := Sprint(pow2);

label1:= Sprint(label1);
label2:= Sprint(label2);

if pow1 eq 1 then
    /*  $b_{\{1,2\}} = 3 \quad t_1 = t_2^3$  */
    "b_{" cat srow cat ", " cat scol cat "} = " cat spow2
    cat " \\implies " cat "t_{" cat srow cat "} = t_{"
    cat scol cat "}^{" cat spow2 cat "} \\implies
    \\\\" ";
end if;

```

```

        /* (t_1)^n = (t_2^3)^n */
    if pow1 gt 1 then
        "t_{" cat srow cat "}"^{" cat spow1 cat "} = " cat
        "(t_{" cat scol cat "}"^{" cat spow2 cat "})^{"
        cat spow1 cat "} = " cat "t_{" cat scol cat
        "}"^{" cat Sprint(pow1*pow2) cat "} = " cat "t_
        {" cat scol cat "}"^{" cat Sprint(pow1*pow2 mod
        11) cat "}. \\implies " cat label1 cat " \\
        implies " cat label2 cat "\\\\"";

    end if;

end procedure;

arrY:= [0: i in [1..120]];
/* r for row in the matrix.*/
for r in [1..12] do
/* c for column in the matrix. */
for c in [1..12] do
        if B[r, c] ne 0 then
for p in [1..10] do
        value:= StringToInteger(Sprint(B[r, c]), 12);
        FindLabels(r, p, c, value, ~arrY);
end for;

        end if;
end for;

```

```

end for ;
” -----” ;
end for ;
/*
b_{1, 3} = 1 \implies t_{1} = t_{3}^{\{1\}} \implies \\\
t_{1}^{\{2\}} = (t_{3}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{3}^{\{2\}} = t_{3}^{\{2\}}. \\\
    implies 13 \implies
15\\
t_{1}^{\{3\}} = (t_{3}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{3}^{\{3\}} = t_{3}^{\{3\}}. \\\
    implies 25 \implies
27\\
t_{1}^{\{4\}} = (t_{3}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{3}^{\{4\}} = t_{3}^{\{4\}}. \\\
    implies 37 \implies
39\\
t_{1}^{\{5\}} = (t_{3}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{3}^{\{5\}} = t_{3}^{\{5\}}. \\\
    implies 49 \implies
51\\
t_{1}^{\{6\}} = (t_{3}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{3}^{\{6\}} = t_{3}^{\{6\}}. \\\
    implies 61 \implies
63\\
t_{1}^{\{7\}} = (t_{3}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{3}^{\{7\}} = t_{3}^{\{7\}}. \\\
    implies 73 \implies
75\\
t_{1}^{\{8\}} = (t_{3}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{3}^{\{8\}} = t_{3}^{\{8\}}. \\\

```


implies 85 \implies

87\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-3}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-3}^{\{9\}} = t_{-3}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 97 \implies

99\\

$$t_{-1}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-3}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-3}^{\{10\}} = t_{-3}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 109

\implies 111\\

$$b_{-2, 5} = 5 \setminus \implies t_{-2} = t_{-5}^{\{5\}} \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{-2}^{\{2\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{-5}^{\{10\}} = t_{-5}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 14

\implies 113\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-5}^{\{15\}} = t_{-5}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 26

\implies 41\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-5}^{\{20\}} = t_{-5}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 38

\implies 101\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{5\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{-5}^{\{25\}} = t_{-5}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 50

\implies 29\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{6\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{-5}^{\{30\}} = t_{-5}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 62

\implies 89\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-5}^{\{35\}} = t_{-5}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 74

\implies 17\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{8\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{-5}^{\{40\}} = t_{-5}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 86

\implies 77\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-5}^{\{45\}} = t_{-5}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 98

\implies 5\\

$$t_{-2}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-5}^{\{5\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-5}^{\{50\}} = t_{-5}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 110

\implies 65\\

$$b_{-3, 7} = 3 \setminus \implies t_{-3} = t_{-7}^{\{3\}} \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{-3}^{\{2\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{-7}^{\{6\}} = t_{-7}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 15 \implies

67\\

$$t_{-3}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-7}^{\{9\}} = t_{-7}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 27 \implies

103\\

$$t_{-3}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-7}^{\{3\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-7}^{\{12\}} = t_{-7}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 39

\implies 7\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{15\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 51

\implies 43\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{18\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 63

\implies 79\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{21\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 75

\implies 115\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{24\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 87

\implies 19\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{27\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 99

\implies 55\\

$$t_{\{3\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{30\}} = t_{\{7\}}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 111

\implies 91\\

$$b_{\{4, 9\}} = 3 \setminus \text{implies } t_{\{4\}} = t_{\{9\}}^{\{3\}} \setminus \text{implies } \setminus \setminus$$

$$t_{\{4\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{9\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{9\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{9\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 16 \implies

69\\

$$t_{\{4\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{9\}}^{\{3\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{9\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{9\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 28 \implies

105\\

$$t_{-4}^4 = (t_{-9}^3)^4 = t_{-9}^{12} = t_{-9}^1. \setminus$$

implies 40

\implies 9\\

$$t_{-4}^5 = (t_{-9}^3)^5 = t_{-9}^{15} = t_{-9}^4. \setminus$$

implies 52

\implies 45\\

$$t_{-4}^6 = (t_{-9}^3)^6 = t_{-9}^{18} = t_{-9}^7. \setminus$$

implies 64

\implies 81\\

$$t_{-4}^7 = (t_{-9}^3)^7 = t_{-9}^{21} = t_{-9}^{10}. \setminus$$

implies 76

\implies 117\\

$$t_{-4}^8 = (t_{-9}^3)^8 = t_{-9}^{24} = t_{-9}^2. \setminus$$

implies 88

\implies 21\\

$$t_{-4}^9 = (t_{-9}^3)^9 = t_{-9}^{27} = t_{-9}^5. \setminus$$

implies 100

\implies 57\\

$$t_{-4}^{10} = (t_{-9}^3)^{10} = t_{-9}^{30} = t_{-9}^8. \setminus$$

implies 112

\implies 93\\

$$b_{\{5, 8\}} = 1 \implies t_{\{5\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}} \implies \\ t_{\{5\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{2\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{2\}}. \implies 17 \implies$$

20\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{3\}}. \implies 29 \implies$$

32\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{4\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{4\}}. \implies 41 \implies$$

44\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{5\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{5\}}. \implies 53 \implies$$

56\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{6\}}. \implies 65 \implies$$

68\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{7\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{7\}}. \implies 77 \implies$$

80\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{8\}}. \implies 89 \implies$$

92\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{9\}}. \implies 101$$

\implies 104\\

$$t_{\{5\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{8\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{10\}} = t_{\{8\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 113

\implies 116\\

$$b_{\{6, 4\}} = 1 \setminus \implies t_{\{6\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}} \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{2\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 18 \implies

16\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{3\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 30 \implies

28\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 42 \implies

40\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{5\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 54 \implies

52\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 66 \implies

64\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{7\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 78 \implies

76\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 90 \implies

88\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 102

\implies 100\\

$$t_{\{6\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{4\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{10\}} = t_{\{4\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 114

\implies 112\\

$$b_{\{7, 1\}} = 4 \setminus \implies t_{\{7\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{4\}} \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{\{7\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 19 \implies

85\\

$$t_{\{7\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{12\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 31

\implies 1\\

$$t_{\{7\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{16\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 43

\implies 49\\

$$t_{\{7\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{20\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 55

\implies 97\\

$$t_{\{7\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{1\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{24\}} = t_{\{1\}}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 67

\implies 13\\

$$t_{-7}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-1}^{\{4\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-1}^{\{28\}} = t_{-1}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 79

\implies 61\\

$$t_{-7}^{\{8\}} = (t_{-1}^{\{4\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{-1}^{\{32\}} = t_{-1}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 91

\implies 109\\

$$t_{-7}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-1}^{\{4\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-1}^{\{36\}} = t_{-1}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 103

\implies 25\\

$$t_{-7}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-1}^{\{4\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-1}^{\{40\}} = t_{-1}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 115

\implies 73\\

$$b_{-8, 2} = 9 \setminus \implies t_{-8} = t_{-2}^{\{9\}} \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{-8}^{\{2\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{9\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{-2}^{\{18\}} = t_{-2}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 20

\implies 74\\

$$t_{-8}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{9\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-2}^{\{27\}} = t_{-2}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 32

\implies 50\\

$$t_{-8}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-2}^{\{9\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-2}^{\{36\}} = t_{-2}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 44

\implies 26\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{2\}}^{\{9\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{45\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 56

\implies 2\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{2\}}^{\{9\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{54\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 68

\implies 110\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{2\}}^{\{9\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{63\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 80

\implies 86\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{2\}}^{\{9\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{72\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 92

\implies 62\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{2\}}^{\{9\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{81\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{4\}}. \setminus$$

implies 104

\implies 38\\

$$t_{\{8\}}^{\{10\}} = (t_{\{2\}}^{\{9\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{90\}} = t_{\{2\}}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 116

\implies 14\\

$$b_{\{9, 6\}} = 4 \setminus \implies t_{\{9\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{4\}} \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{\{9\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{6\}}^{\{4\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{6\}}^{\{8\}}. \setminus$$

implies 21 \implies

90\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{3\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{-6}^{\{12\}} = t_{-6}^{\{1\}}. \setminus$$

implies 33

\implies 6\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{4\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{-6}^{\{16\}} = t_{-6}^{\{5\}}. \setminus$$

implies 45

\implies 54\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{5\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{-6}^{\{20\}} = t_{-6}^{\{9\}}. \setminus$$

implies 57

\implies 102\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{6\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{-6}^{\{24\}} = t_{-6}^{\{2\}}. \setminus$$

implies 69

\implies 18\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{7\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{-6}^{\{28\}} = t_{-6}^{\{6\}}. \setminus$$

implies 81

\implies 66\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{8\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{-6}^{\{32\}} = t_{-6}^{\{10\}}. \setminus$$

implies 93

\implies 114\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{9\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{-6}^{\{36\}} = t_{-6}^{\{3\}}. \setminus$$

implies 105

\implies 30\\

$$t_{-9}^{\{10\}} = (t_{-6}^{\{4\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{-6}^{\{40\}} = t_{-6}^{\{7\}}. \setminus$$

implies 117

\implies 78\\

$b_{\{10, 11\}} = 1 \implies t_{\{10\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}} \implies \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{2\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{2\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{2\}}. \backslash$
 implies 22
 $\implies 23 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{3\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{3\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{3\}}. \backslash$
 implies 34
 $\implies 35 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{4\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{4\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{4\}}. \backslash$
 implies 46
 $\implies 47 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{5\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{5\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{5\}}. \backslash$
 implies 58
 $\implies 59 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{6\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{6\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{6\}}. \backslash$
 implies 70
 $\implies 71 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{7\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{7\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{7\}}. \backslash$
 implies 82
 $\implies 83 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{8\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{8\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{8\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{8\}}. \backslash$
 implies 94
 $\implies 95 \backslash \backslash$
 $t_{\{10\}}^{\{9\}} = (t_{\{11\}}^{\{1\}})^{\{9\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{9\}} = t_{\{11\}}^{\{9\}}. \backslash$

implies 106

\implies 107\\

$$t_{10}^{\{10\}} = (t_{11}^{\{1\}})^{\{10\}} = t_{11}^{\{10\}} = t_{11}^{\{10\}}. \implies 118$$

\implies 119\\

$$b_{11, 12} = 1 \implies t_{11} = t_{12}^{\{1\}} \implies \\$$

$$t_{11}^{\{2\}} = (t_{12}^{\{1\}})^{\{2\}} = t_{12}^{\{2\}} = t_{12}^{\{2\}}. \implies 23$$

\implies 24\\

$$t_{11}^{\{3\}} = (t_{12}^{\{1\}})^{\{3\}} = t_{12}^{\{3\}} = t_{12}^{\{3\}}. \implies 35$$

\implies 36\\

$$t_{11}^{\{4\}} = (t_{12}^{\{1\}})^{\{4\}} = t_{12}^{\{4\}} = t_{12}^{\{4\}}. \implies 47$$

\implies 48\\

$$t_{11}^{\{5\}} = (t_{12}^{\{1\}})^{\{5\}} = t_{12}^{\{5\}} = t_{12}^{\{5\}}. \implies 59$$

\implies 60\\

$$t_{11}^{\{6\}} = (t_{12}^{\{1\}})^{\{6\}} = t_{12}^{\{6\}} = t_{12}^{\{6\}}. \implies 71$$

\implies 72\\

$$t_{11}^{\{7\}} = (t_{12}^{\{1\}})^{\{7\}} = t_{12}^{\{7\}} = t_{12}^{\{7\}}. \implies 83$$

\implies 84\\

$$t_{11}^8 = (t_{12}^1)^8 = t_{12}^8 = t_{12}^8. \setminus$$

implies 95

\implies 96\\

$$t_{11}^9 = (t_{12}^1)^9 = t_{12}^9 = t_{12}^9. \setminus$$

implies 107

\implies 108\\

$$t_{11}^{10} = (t_{12}^1)^{10} = t_{12}^{10} = t_{12}^{10}. \setminus$$

implies 119

\implies 120\\

$$b_{12, 10} = 1 \setminus \implies t_{12} = t_{10}^1 \setminus \implies \setminus$$

$$t_{12}^2 = (t_{10}^1)^2 = t_{10}^2 = t_{10}^2. \setminus$$

implies 24

\implies 22\\

$$t_{12}^3 = (t_{10}^1)^3 = t_{10}^3 = t_{10}^3. \setminus$$

implies 36

\implies 34\\

$$t_{12}^4 = (t_{10}^1)^4 = t_{10}^4 = t_{10}^4. \setminus$$

implies 48

\implies 46\\

$$t_{12}^5 = (t_{10}^1)^5 = t_{10}^5 = t_{10}^5. \setminus$$

implies 60

\implies 58\\

$$t_{12}^6 = (t_{10}^1)^6 = t_{10}^6 = t_{10}^6. \backslash$$

implies 72

\implies 70\\

$$t_{12}^7 = (t_{10}^1)^7 = t_{10}^7 = t_{10}^7. \backslash$$

implies 84

\implies 82\\

$$t_{12}^8 = (t_{10}^1)^8 = t_{10}^8 = t_{10}^8. \backslash$$

implies 96

\implies 94\\

$$t_{12}^9 = (t_{10}^1)^9 = t_{10}^9 = t_{10}^9. \backslash$$

implies 108

\implies 106\\

$$t_{12}^{10} = (t_{10}^1)^{10} = t_{10}^{10} = t_{10}^{10}. \backslash$$

implies 120

\implies 118*/

S:=Sym(120);

yyy:=S!arrY;

yyy; /* (1, 3, 31)(2, 53, 56)(4, 33, 6)(5, 8, 98)(7, 37,
 39)(9, 42, 40)(10, 11, 12)(13,
 15, 67)(14, 113, 116)(16, 69, 18)(17, 20, 74)(19, 85,
 87)(21, 90, 88)(22,
 23, 24)(25, 27, 103)(26, 41, 44)(28, 105, 30)(29, 32,
 50)(34, 35, 36)(38,

```

101, 104)(43, 49, 51)(45, 54, 52)(46, 47, 48)(55, 97,
    99)(57, 102, 100)(58,
59, 60)(61, 63, 79)(62, 89, 92)(64, 81, 66)(65, 68,
    110)(70, 71, 72)(73, 75,
115)(76, 117, 78)(77, 80, 86)(82, 83, 84)(91, 109, 111)
    (93, 114, 112)(94,
95, 96)(106, 107, 108)(118, 119, 120) */

```

```
N:=sub<S| xxx, yyy>;
```

```
#N;
```

```
s:=IsIsomorphic(N,G);
```

```
s; /* true */
```

```
FPGroup(N);
```

```
/* x^5, y^3, y * x^2 * y^-1 * x^2 * y * x^-1 * y^-1 *
x^-1, (x * y * x * y * x)^2, */
```

```
NN<x, y>:=Group<x, y | x^5, y^3, y * x^2 * y^-1 * x^2 *
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1, (x * y * x * y * x)^2>;
```

```
#NN; /* 660 */
```

```
fn ,N1,kn:=CosetAction(NN,sub<NN| Id(NN)>);
```

```
s:=IsIsomorphic(N1, N);
```

```
s; /* true */
```

```

Sch:=SchreierSystem(NN,sub<NN|Id(NN)>);
word:=function(Perm)
for w in Sch do
    seq := Eltseq(w);
    p:= Id(N);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*xxx; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*xxx^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*yyy; end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*yyy^-1; end if;
        end for;
        if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;
end function;

GetConjugationWordForSubscript:= function(subscript)
    size:=99999999;
    w:=word(Id(N));
for n in N do
    if n eq Id(N) then
        continue;
    end if;
if 1^n eq subscript then

```



```

        tmp:= word(n);
        if size gt #tmp then
            size:=#tmp;
            w:= tmp;
            end if;

end if;
end for;
return w;
end function;

Orbits(Stabilizer(N,1));
/* GSet{@ 1 @},
   GSet{@ 13 @},
   GSet{@ 25 @},
   GSet{@ 37 @},
   GSet{@ 49 @},
   GSet{@ 61 @},
   GSet{@ 73 @},
   GSet{@ 85 @},
   GSet{@ 97 @},
   GSet{@ 109 @},
   GSet{@ 2, 104, 107, 58, 7, 102, 12, 28, 5, 57, 39 @},
   GSet{@ 3, 26, 56, 59, 46, 31, 54, 36, 100, 29, 45 @},

```

```

GSet{@ 4, 41, 105, 51, 38, 32, 35, 106, 43, 30, 48 @},
GSet{@ 6, 60, 40, 53, 33, 99, 50, 8, 11, 34, 55 @},
GSet{@ 9, 27, 98, 44, 47, 10, 103, 42, 108, 52, 101 @},
GSet{@ 14, 80, 83, 118, 19, 78, 24, 64, 17, 117, 87 @},
GSet{@ 15, 62, 116, 119, 94, 67, 114, 72, 76, 65, 93 @
    },
GSet{@ 16, 89, 81, 111, 86, 68, 71, 82, 91, 66, 96 @},
GSet{@ 18, 120, 88, 113, 69, 75, 110, 20, 23, 70, 115 @
    },
GSet{@ 21, 63, 74, 92, 95, 22, 79, 90, 84, 112, 77 @}
    */

/* To test progenitor (t1,t2) , (t1, t3), (t1,t4), (t1, t6)
    , (t1, t9) */

Stabilizer(N, {1,13,25,37,49,61,73,85,97,109});
gen:=Generators(Stabilizer(N,
    {1,13,25,37,49,61,73,85,97,109}));

g1:=N!(2, 57, 28, 102, 58, 104, 39, 5, 12, 7, 107)(3, 29,
    36, 31, 59, 26, 45, 100,
    54, 46, 56)(4, 30, 106, 32, 51, 41, 48, 43, 35, 38,
    105)(6, 34, 8, 99,
    53, 60, 55, 11, 50, 33, 40)(9, 52, 42, 10, 44, 27,

```

101, 108, 103, 47,
 98)(14, 117, 64, 78, 118, 80, 87, 17, 24, 19, 83)
 (15, 65, 72, 67, 119,
 62, 93, 76, 114, 94, 116)(16, 66, 82, 68, 111, 89,
 96, 91, 71, 86,
 81)(18, 70, 20, 75, 113, 120, 115, 23, 110, 69, 88)
 (21, 112, 90, 22, 92,
 63, 77, 84, 79, 95, 74);

$g_2 := N!(1, 97, 37, 25, 49)(2, 8, 36, 105, 47)(3, 4, 10,$
 $102, 55)(5, 53, 29, 41,$
 $101)(6, 31, 51, 52, 58)(7, 99, 100, 106, 42)(9,$
 $107, 50, 56, 48)(11, 26,$
 $32, 108, 57)(12, 33, 59, 38, 44)(13, 73, 85, 61,$
 $109)(14, 20, 72, 81,$
 $95)(15, 16, 22, 78, 115)(17, 113, 65, 89, 77)(18,$
 $67, 111, 112, 118)(19,$
 $75, 76, 82, 90)(21, 83, 110, 116, 96)(23, 62, 68,$
 $84, 117)(24, 69, 119,$
 $86, 92)(27, 28, 34, 54, 43)(30, 103, 39, 40, 46)$
 $(35, 98, 104, 60,$
 $45)(63, 64, 70, 114, 91)(66, 79, 87, 88, 94)(71,$
 $74, 80, 120, 93);$

```

found:=false;
for a, b in gen do
if a ne b and a ne Id(N) and b ne Id(N) and found eq false
then
Gen:=sub<N| a, b>;
if Gen eq sub<N|g1, g2> then
found := true;
break;
end if;
end if;
end for;

/* These results changed from the last try, but they still
work. */
word(g1); /* g1 ~ x^-2 * y^-1 * x ==> (t, x^-2 * y^-1 *
x) */
1^(xxx^-2*yyy^-1*xxx); /* 1 */

word(g2);/* g2 ~ x * y^-1 * x * y * x^2; */
1^(xxx*yyy^-1*xxx*yyy*xxx^2); /* 49 ==> t1^( x * y^-1 * x
* y * x^2) = t49 = t^5 */

IsIsomorphic(Gen, sub<N| xxx^-2*yyy^-1*xxx, xxx*yyy^-1*xxx
*yyy*xxx^2 >); /* true */

```

```

/* To test progenitor (t1,t2) , (t1, t3), (t1,t4), (t1, t6)
   , (t1, t9) */
GetConjugationWordForSubscript(2); /* (t, t^x ) */
GetConjugationWordForSubscript(3); /* (t, t^y */
GetConjugationWordForSubscript(4); /* (t, t^(y^-1 * x^-1 *
   y)) */
GetConjugationWordForSubscript(6); /* (t, t^(y^-1 * x^-1))
   */
GetConjugationWordForSubscript(9); /* (t, t^(x^2 * y)) */

```

```

/*****

```

```

S:=Sym(120);
yy:=S!(1, 3, 31)(2, 53, 56)(4, 33, 6)(5, 8, 98)(7, 37, 39)
(9, 42, 40)(10, 11, 12)(13,
15, 67)(14, 113, 116)(16, 69, 18)(17, 20, 74)(19, 85,
87)(21, 90, 88)(22,
23, 24)(25, 27, 103)(26, 41, 44)(28, 105, 30)(29, 32,
50)(34, 35, 36)(38,
101, 104)(43, 49, 51)(45, 54, 52)(46, 47, 48)(55, 97,
99)(57, 102, 100)(58,
59, 60)(61, 63, 79)(62, 89, 92)(64, 81, 66)(65, 68,

```

110)(70, 71, 72)(73, 75,
 115)(76, 117, 78)(77, 80, 86)(82, 83, 84)(91, 109, 111)
 (93, 114, 112)(94,
 95, 96)(106, 107, 108)(118, 119, 120);

xx:=S!(1, 2, 40, 8, 5)(3, 42, 7, 10, 45)(4, 32, 29, 25, 26)
 (6, 31, 34, 9, 27)(11, 47,
 59, 107, 35)(12, 36, 108, 60, 48)(13, 14, 88, 20, 17)
 (15, 90, 19, 22,
 93)(16, 68, 65, 61, 62)(18, 67, 70, 21, 63)(23, 95,
 119, 83, 71)(24, 72, 84,
 120, 96)(28, 104, 101, 97, 98)(30, 103, 106, 33, 99)
 (37, 38, 52, 44, 41)(39,
 54, 43, 46, 57)(49, 50, 100, 56, 53)(51, 102, 55, 58,
 105)(64, 80, 77, 73,
 74)(66, 79, 82, 69, 75)(76, 116, 113, 109, 110)(78,
 115, 118, 81, 111)(85,
 86, 112, 92, 89)(87, 114, 91, 94, 117);

N:=sub<S|xx, yy>;

G<x,y,t>:=Group< x, y, t | x^5, y^3, y * x^2 * y^-1 * x^2
 * y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1, (x * y * x * y * x)^2, t
 ^11, (t, x^-2 * y^-1 * x), t^(x * y^-1 * x * y * x^2)>

```

= t^5, (t, t^x), (t, t^y), (t, t^(y^-1 * x^-1 * y)), (t
, t^(y^-1 * x^-1)), (t, t^(x^2 * y)) > ;

print Index(G,sub<G|x,y>: CosetLimit:=9^10, Hard:=true,
Print:=2);

/* nohup magma "Mon11_12Index"&>Mon11_12Index.out& */
/*****

C:=Classes(N);
C;

/* PRINT SINGLE ORDER RELATIONS */
for i in [2..#C] do
    "***** NEW CLASS *****";
OC:=Orbits(Centraliser(N,C[i][3]));
for orbit in OC do
    conjWord:= "";
classRepWord:= Sprint(word(C[i][3]));
if orbit[1] eq 1 then
    classRepWord cat "*t";
" -----";
else

```

```

conjWord:= Sprint (GetConjugationWordForSubscript (
    orbit [1]));
classRepWord cat  "*t^( " cat  conjWord cat  ")";
" -----";
end if;
end for;
end for;

/*
***** NEW CLASS *****
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t^(x)
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t^(y)
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t^(y * x^2)
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t^(Id(NN))
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t^(Id(NN))
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t^(Id(NN))
-----

```



```

y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t ^ (Id (NN))
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t ^ (y^-1 * x^-2)
-----
y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 * y * x*t ^ (Id (NN))
-----
***** NEW CLASS *****
y*t
-----
y*t ^ (x)
-----
y*t ^ (y^-1 * x^-1 * y)
-----
y*t ^ (x^-1)
-----
y*t ^ (y * x^2)
-----
y*t ^ (Id (NN))
-----
y*t ^ (Id (NN))
-----
y*t ^ (Id (NN))
-----
y*t ^ (Id (NN))

```

 $y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(y^{\wedge}-1 * x^{\wedge}-1 * y * x^{\wedge}-1)$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(x^{\wedge}-1 * y^{\wedge}-1 * x)$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(y^{\wedge}-1 * x^{\wedge}-1 * y * x * y^{\wedge}-1)$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(y * x^{\wedge}-1 * y^{\wedge}-1 * x^{\wedge}-1)$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(x * y * x * y^{\wedge}-1)$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 ***** NEW CLASS *****

$x * t$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(y)$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(y^{-1} * x^{-1} * y)$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(y^{-1} * x^{-1})$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(y^{-1} * x * y * x)$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(y^{-1} * x * y^{-1} * x^{-1})$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

 $x * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (x^{\wedge} - 1 * y^{\wedge} - 1 * x)$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (x^{\wedge} - 1 * y^{\wedge} - 1 * x * y^{\wedge} - 1)$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (y * x^{\wedge} 2 * y)$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} ((y * x * y^{\wedge} - 1)^{\wedge} 2)$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (x * y * x)$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} ((x * y)^{\wedge} 2)$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * t^{\wedge} (\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

***** NEW CLASS *****

$x^2 * t$

$x^2 * t^y$

$x^2 * t^{(y^{-1} * x^{-1} * y)}$

$x^2 * t^{(y^{-1} * x^{-1})}$

$x^2 * t^{(y^{-1} * x * y * x)}$

$x^2 * t^{(y^{-1} * x * y^{-1} * x^{-1})}$

$x^2 * t^{(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))}$

$x^2 * t^{(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))}$

$x^2 * t^{(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))}$

$x^2 * t^{(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))}$

$x^2 * t^{(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))}$

$x^2 * t^{(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))}$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(x^{-1} * y^{-1} * x)$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(x^{-1} * y^{-1} * x * y^{-1})$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(y * x^2 * y)$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}((y * x * y^{-1})^2)$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(x * y * x)$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}((x * y)^2)$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x^2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

```

-----
***** NEW CLASS *****
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(x)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(y)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(y^-1 * x^-1 * y)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(y^-1 * x^-1)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(y * x^2)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(x^2 * y)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(y^-1 * x * y * x)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----

```

```

x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(y^-1 * x^-2)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(x^y)
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t^(Id(NN))
-----
***** NEW CLASS *****
x * y*t^(x^-1 * y)
-----
x * y*t^(Id(NN))
-----
x * y*t^((y, x))

```


$$x * y * t^{\wedge}((y^{\wedge}-1, x))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(x * y^{\wedge}-1)$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(x^{\wedge}-1 * y^{\wedge}-1 * x^{\wedge}2)$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(y)$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(y^{\wedge}-1 * x^{\wedge}-1 * y)$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(y^{\wedge}-1 * x * y^{\wedge}-1 * x^{\wedge}-1)$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(y^{-1} * x^{-2} * y^{-1})$$

$$x * y * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

***** NEW CLASS *****

$$(x * y)^{\wedge} 2 * t^{\wedge}(x^{-1} * y)$$

$$(x * y)^{\wedge} 2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$(x * y)^{\wedge} 2 * t^{\wedge}((y, x))$$

$$(x * y)^{\wedge} 2 * t^{\wedge}((y^{-1}, x))$$

$$(x * y)^{\wedge} 2 * t^{\wedge}(x * y^{-1})$$

$$(x * y)^{\wedge} 2 * t^{\wedge}(\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\mathbb{N}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\mathbb{N}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (x^{-1} * y^{-1} * x^2)$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\mathbb{N}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t}$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (y)$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (y^{-1} * x^{-1} * y)$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (y^{-1} * x * y^{-1} * x^{-1})$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\mathbb{N}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\mathbb{N}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\mathbb{N}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\mathbb{N}))$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (y^{-1} * x^{-2} * y^{-1})$$

$$\text{-----}$$

$$(x * y)^{2*t} (\text{Id}(\text{NN}))$$

$$\text{-----} */$$

/*****

StrN:="S:=Sym(120);

xx:=S!(1, 2, 40, 8, 5)(3, 42, 7, 10, 45)(4, 32, 29, 25, 26)

(6, 31, 34, 9, 27)(11, 47,

59, 107, 35)(12, 36, 108, 60, 48)(13, 14, 88, 20, 17)

(15, 90, 19, 22,

93)(16, 68, 65, 61, 62)(18, 67, 70, 21, 63)(23, 95,

119, 83, 71)(24, 72, 84,

120, 96)(28, 104, 101, 97, 98)(30, 103, 106, 33, 99)

(37, 38, 52, 44, 41)(39,

54, 43, 46, 57)(49, 50, 100, 56, 53)(51, 102, 55, 58,

105)(64, 80, 77, 73,

74)(66, 79, 82, 69, 75)(76, 116, 113, 109, 110)(78,

115, 118, 81, 111)(85,

86, 112, 92, 89)(87, 114, 91, 94, 117);

yy:=S!(1, 3, 31)(2, 53, 56)(4, 33, 6)(5, 8, 98)(7, 37, 39)

(9, 42, 40)(10, 11, 12)(13,

```

15, 67)(14, 113, 116)(16, 69, 18)(17, 20, 74)(19, 85,
      87)(21, 90, 88)(22,
23, 24)(25, 27, 103)(26, 41, 44)(28, 105, 30)(29, 32,
      50)(34, 35, 36)(38,
101, 104)(43, 49, 51)(45, 54, 52)(46, 47, 48)(55, 97,
      99)(57, 102, 100)(58,
59, 60)(61, 63, 79)(62, 89, 92)(64, 81, 66)(65, 68,
      110)(70, 71, 72)(73, 75,
115)(76, 117, 78)(77, 80, 86)(82, 83, 84)(91, 109, 111)
      (93, 114, 112)(94,
95, 96)(106, 107, 108)(118, 119, 120);

```

```
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
```

```
StrN;
```

```
S:=Sym(120);
```

```

xx:=S!(1, 2, 40, 8, 5)(3, 42, 7, 10, 45)(4, 32, 29, 25, 26)
      (6, 31, 34, 9, 27)(11, 47,
59, 107, 35)(12, 36, 108, 60, 48)(13, 14, 88, 20, 17)
      (15, 90, 19, 22,
93)(16, 68, 65, 61, 62)(18, 67, 70, 21, 63)(23, 95,
      119, 83, 71)(24, 72, 84,
120, 96)(28, 104, 101, 97, 98)(30, 103, 106, 33, 99)
      (37, 38, 52, 44, 41)(39,

```

54, 43, 46, 57)(49, 50, 100, 56, 53)(51, 102, 55, 58,
 105)(64, 80, 77, 73,
 74)(66, 79, 82, 69, 75)(76, 116, 113, 109, 110)(78,
 115, 118, 81, 111)(85,
 86, 112, 92, 89)(87, 114, 91, 94, 117);

yy:=S!S!(1, 3, 31)(2, 53, 56)(4, 33, 6)(5, 8, 98)(7, 37,
 39)(9, 42, 40)(10, 11, 12)(13,
 15, 67)(14, 113, 116)(16, 69, 18)(17, 20, 74)(19, 85,
 87)(21, 90, 88)(22,
 23, 24)(25, 27, 103)(26, 41, 44)(28, 105, 30)(29, 32,
 50)(34, 35, 36)(38,
 101, 104)(43, 49, 51)(45, 54, 52)(46, 47, 48)(55, 97,
 99)(57, 102, 100)(58,
 59, 60)(61, 63, 79)(62, 89, 92)(64, 81, 66)(65, 68,
 110)(70, 71, 72)(73, 75,
 115)(76, 117, 78)(77, 80, 86)(82, 83, 84)(91, 109, 111)
 (93, 114, 112)(94,
 95, 96)(106, 107, 108)(118, 119, 120);

N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;

Indices := [];

first := true;

```

for a, b, c, d, e, f, g in [0..10] do
if a eq 0 and b eq 0 and c eq 0 and d eq 0 and e eq 0 and
  f eq 0 and g eq 0 then
continue;
end if;
G<x,y,t>:=Group< x, y, t | x^5, y^3, y * x^2 * y^-1 * x^2
  * y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1, t^12, (x * y * x * y * x)^2,(
t,x^-2 * y^-1 * x), t^( x * y^-1 * x^2) = t^5 , t^11, (x
^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t)^a, (y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-2 *
y * x*t^y)^b, ((x^2*t)^c, (x * y*t)^d, ((x * y)^2*t^y))
^e ,((x*t))^f, (y*t)^g>;

index:=Index(G,sub<G|x,y>);
if index gt 2 then
  if not (index in Indices) then
Indices:=Indices cat [index];
printf "\n
----- \n";
";
printf "a:=%o; b:=%o; c:=%o; d:=%o; e:=%o; f:=%o; g:=%o;
  index :=%o;\n", a, b, c, d, e, f, g , index ;
printf "G<x,y,t>:=Group< x, y, t | x^5, y^3, y * x^2 * y
^-1 * x^2 * y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1, t^12, (x * y * x * y
* x)^2,(t,x^-2 * y^-1 * x), t^( x * y^-1 * x^2) = t^5 ,

```

```

t^11, (x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t)^a, (y * x^-1 * y^-1
* x^-2 * y * x*t^y)^b, ((x^2*t)^c, (x * y*t)^d, ((x * y
)^2*t^y))^e ,((x*t))^f, (y*t)^g>;\n";

f1 ,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
printf "f ,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);\n#k;\n /* %o */
\n", #k;
printf "G1;\n"; G1;

printf "#N eq #sub<G1|f(x),f(y)>;\n /* %o */\n", #N eq #sub
<G1|f1(x),f1(y)>;
printf "CompositionFactors(G1);/*\n";
CompositionFactors(G1);
else
SetOutputFile(" Monomial11_12Nums3.
txt");
if first then
StrN;
first:= false;
end if;
printf "\n
-----
\n";\n";
printf "a:=%o; b:=%o; c:=%o; d:=%o; e:=%o; f:=%o; g:=%o;

```



```

index :=%o;\n", a, b, c, d, e, f, g , index ;
printf "G<x,y,t>:=Group< x, y, t | x^5, y^3, y * x^2 * y
^-1 * x^2 * y * x^-1 * y^-1 * x^-1, t^12, (x * y * x * y
* x)^2,(t,x^-2 * y^-1 * x), t^( x * y^-1 * x^2) = t^5 ,
t^11, (x^2 * y * x^-1 * y * x^-1*t)^a, (y * x^-1 * y^-1
* x^-2 * y * x*t^y)^b, ((x^2*t)^c, (x * y*t)^d, ((x * y
)^2*t^y))^e ,((x*t))^f, (y*t)^g>; \n";
printf "f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);\n#k;\n";
printf "G1;\n";
printf "#N eq #sub<G1|f(x),f(y)>;\n";
printf "CompositionFactors(G1);\n";
UnsetOutputFile();
        end if;
end if;
end for;
/* nohup magma "Prog12 ^*11:mN.1"&>Prog12 ^*11:mN.1.out&
*/

```

Appendix F

MAGMA CODE: Double Coset Enumeration of $3:(2 \times S_5)$ Over D_{12}

```

S:=Sym(6);
  xx:=S!(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6);
  yy:=S!(1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4);

G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t|x^6,y^2,(x*y)^2,t^3,(t,(x*y)^x),
  t^(x^3)=t^2,(t^x*(t^y))^2>;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
#G1; /*720 */

```

```

IN:=sub<G1| f(x), f(y)>;
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;

for i in [0..5] do
  for j in [0..1] do
    printf "%o", i;j,xx^i*yy^j;
  end for;
end for;

/*
00 Id(S)
01 (1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4)
10 (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
11 (1, 5)(2, 4)
20 (1, 3, 5)(2, 4, 6)
21 (1, 4)(2, 3)(5, 6)
30 (1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6)
31 (1, 3)(4, 6)
40 (1, 5, 3)(2, 6, 4)
41 (1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5)
50 (1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)
51 (2, 6)(3, 5)
*/

CompositionFactors(G1); /*

```

```

G
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Alternating(5)
*
| Cyclic(2)
*
| Cyclic(3)
1 */
NL:=NormalLattice(G1); NL;

IN:=sub<G1|f(x),f(y)>;
ts := [ Id(G1): i in [1 .. 6] ];
ts[1]:=f(t); ts[2]:=f(t^(x)); ts[3]:=f(t^(x^2));
ts[4]:=ts[1]^(-1); ts[5]:=ts[2]^(-1); ts[6]:=ts[3]^(-1);
ts;
DoubleCosets(G,sub<G|x,y>, sub<G|x,y>);/*
{ <GrpFP, Id(G), GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t * x * t * x * t * x^(-1) *
  t, GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t * x * t * x * t * x * t, GrpFP>, <
  GrpFP, t * x * t * x^(-1) * t, GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t * x * t
  ^(-1), GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t, GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t * x * t, GrpFP
  >, <GrpFP, t * x * t * x * t, GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t * x * t *
  x * t^(-1), GrpFP> }

```

```

*/

DC:= [f(Id(G)), f(t), f(t*x*t^-1), f(t*x*t), f(t*x*t*x^-1*t), f(t*x*t*x*t), f(t*x*t*x*t^-1), f(t*x*t*x*t*x^-1*t), f(t*x*t*x*t*x*t) ];
DC;
  DoubleCosetRepresentatives(G1, IN, IN);
#N;
Index(G1,IN); /* 60 */

cst := [null : i in [1 .. Index(G1,IN)]] where null is [
  Integers() | ];
prodim := function(pt, Q, I)
  v := pt;
  for i in I do
    v := v^(Q[i]);
  end for;
  return v;
end function;
for i := 1 to 6 do
  cst[prodim(1, ts, [i])] := [i];
end for;
m:=0;

```

```

for i in [1..10] do
  if cst[i] ne [] then
    m:=m+1;
  end if;
end for;
m; /* 6 */

Orbits(N);
N1:= Stabilizer(N, 1);
Orbits(N1);

FindDCGroupNumber := function(DC, element, IN)
  for i in [1..#DC] do
    for m,n in IN do
      if element eq m*(DC[i])^n then
        return i;
      end if;
    end for;
  end for;
end function;

/* ConvertToPermutation(ts, [1,2,3]); and returns a
permutation of IN isomorphic to t1t2t3 . Same as doing
ts[1]*ts[2]*ts[3]*/

```

```

ConvertToPermutation:= function(ts, Tset)
  perm:= ts[Tset[1]];
  for i in [2..#Tset] do
    perm:= perm*ts[Tset[i]];
  end for;
  return perm;
end function;

```

```

FindDCGroupNumberOfTset := function(ts, DC, Tset, IN)
  IndPerm:= ConvertToPermutation(ts, Tset);
  return FindDCGroupNumber(DC, IndPerm, IN);
end function;

```

```

FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts[1]*ts[1], IN); /*2      Nt1t1
  belongs to [1] which is #2 in magma*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts[1]*ts[4], IN); /* 1 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts[1]*ts[2], IN); /*4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts[1]*ts[3], IN); /* 3 */

```

```

EquivalentCosets := function(N, IN, ts, Tset)
  perm:=ConvertToPermutation( ts, Tset);
  TSets := [];
  for g in IN do
    for n in N do

```

```

    perm2:= ConvertToPermutation(ts , Tset^n);
    if perm eq g*perm2 then
        TSets:= TSets cat [Tset^n];
    end if;
end for;
end for;
return TSets;
end function;

```

```

EquivalentCosets (N, IN, ts , [1,3]);
/* [1,3] and [6,4] */
S:={ [1,3] };
SS:=S^N;SS;
SSS:=Setseq(SS);
for i in [1..#SSS] do
for g in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]
eq g*ts [Rep(SSS[i]) [1]]*ts [Rep(SSS[i]) [2]]
then print SSS[i];
end if; end for; end for;

```

```

StabilizingGroup := function(N, IN, ts , Tword)
    TWords:=EquivalentCosets(N, IN, ts , Tword);
    group:=Stabiliser(N, Tword);
    for i in [2..#TWords] do

```



```

    for n in N do
        if Tword^n eq TWords[i] then
            group:=sub<N|group,n>;
        end if;
    end for;
end for;
return group;
end function;
N13s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,3]);
N13s;
/* <(1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4) > */
Orbits(N13s);

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[1]
    eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end for;
/* 2 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[1], IN); /* 2 */

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]
    eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end for;
/* 7*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2], IN); /* 7 */

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[3]

```

```

    eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end for;
/* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [3], IN); /* 4 */

N132s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,3,2]);
N132s;

S:={ [1,3,2] };
SS:=S^N;SS;
SSS:=Setseq(SS);
for i in [1..#SSS] do
for g in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]
eq g*ts [Rep(SSS[i]) [1]]*ts [Rep(SSS[i]) [3]]*ts [Rep(SSS[i])
[2]]
then print SSS[i];
end if; end for; end for; /* NONE */

N132:=Stabiliser(N,[1,3,2]);
#N132;
Orbits(N132s);

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*
ts [1] eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end
for; /* 6*/

```

```

FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [1] , IN);

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*
    ts [2] eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end
for; /*7*/

FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [2] , IN);

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*
    ts [3] eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end
for;

FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [3] , IN);/*8*/

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*
    ts [4] eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end
for;

FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [4] , IN); /*4*/

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*
    ts [5] eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end
for;

FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [5] , IN); /*3*/

for i in [1..#DC] do for m,n in IN do if ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*
    ts [6] eq m*(DC[i])^n then i; break; end if; end for;end

```

```

    for ;
FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [6] , IN); /*6*/

N12s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts , [1,2]);
N12s; /* <e> */

S:={ [1,2] };
SS:=S^N;SS;
SSS:=Setseq(SS);
for i in [1..#SSS] do
for g in IN do if ts [1]*ts [2]
eq g*ts [Rep(SSS [i]) [1]]*ts [Rep(SSS [i]) [2]]
    then print SSS [i];
end if; end for; end for;

N12s:= Stabiliser (N,[1,2]);
#N12s; N12s;
    Orbits (N12s); /* {1}, { 2} , {3}, {4}, {5}, {6} */

FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [1] , IN); /* 5 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [2] , IN); /*3 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [3] , IN);/* 6 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [4] , IN); /* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [5] , IN); /* 2 */

```

```

FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [6], IN); /* 7 */

DoubleCosetRepresentatives(G1, IN, IN);
/* [ 12, 72, 144, 72, 144, 36, 144, 24, 72 ] */
[ 12/12, 72/12, 144/12, 72/12, 144/12, 36/12, 144/12,
  24/12, 72/12 ];
/* Numbers in the circles [ 1, 6, 12, 6, 12, 3, 12, 2, 6 ]
  */

N121s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,2, 1]);
N121s;
Orbits(N121s); {3, 6 }, {1,5,4,2};
FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [1]*ts [1], IN); /*4*/
FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [1]*ts [3], IN); /*8*/

N1323s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,3, 2,3]);
N1323s;
Orbits(N1323s); /* {1}, {4}, {2, 6}, {3, 5} */
FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [3]*ts [1], IN);
/* 5*/
FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [3]*ts [4], IN);
/* 8 */

FindDCGroupNumber(DC,  ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]*ts [3]*ts [2], IN)

```

```

    ;/* 7 */
FindDCGroupNumber(DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]*ts[3]*ts[3], IN);
    /* 6 */

N1321s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,3, 2,1]);
N1321s;
Orbits(N1321s); /* {1}, {2}, {3}, {4}, {5}, {6} */
FindDCGroupNumber(DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]*ts[1]*ts[1], IN);
    /* 4*/
FindDCGroupNumber(DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]*ts[1]*ts[2], IN);
    /* 7 */
FindDCGroupNumber(DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]*ts[1]*ts[3], IN);
    /* 9 */
FindDCGroupNumber(DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]*ts[1]*ts[4], IN);
    /* 7 */
FindDCGroupNumber(DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]*ts[1]*ts[5], IN);
    /*8 */
FindDCGroupNumber(DC, ts[1]*ts[3]*ts[2]*ts[1]*ts[6], IN);
    /* 6*/

N13213s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,3, 2,1,3]);
/*(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
    (1, 3, 5)(2, 4, 6)
    (1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6)

```

```

(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2)
(1, 5, 3)(2, 6, 4) */
N13213s;
EquivalentCosets(N, IN, ts,[1,3,2,1,3]);
/* [ 1, 3, 2, 1, 3 ],
   [ 2, 4, 3, 2, 4 ],
   [ 3, 5, 4, 3, 5 ],
   [ 4, 6, 5, 4, 6 ],
   [ 6, 2, 1, 6, 2 ],
   [ 5, 1, 6, 5, 1 ] */

FindFromToPerms:= function(Tset1, Tset2, N)
  NPerms:=[];
  for n in N do
    if Tset1^n eq Tset2 then
      NPerms:= NPerms cat [n];
    end if;
  end for;
  return NPerms;
end function;

GetStringT := function(set)
  Str1 := "";

```

```

for i in [1 .. #set] do
    Str1:= Str1 cat "t";
Str1:= Str1 cat IntegerToString(set[i]);
end for;
return Str1;
end function;

for n in N do
    print ( GetStringT([2,6]^n) cat " = " ) cat
        GetStringT([3,5]^n) cat " ( From R2 (t2t6 =
        t3t5)^" cat Sprint(n) cat " )";
end for;

/*t2t6 = t3t5 ( From R2 (t2t6 = t3t5)^Id(N) )
t3t1 = t4t6 ( From R2 (t2t6 = t3t5)^(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) )
t5t1 = t4t2 ( From R2 (t2t6 = t3t5)^(1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4) )
t5t3 = t6t2 ( From R2 (t2t6 = t3t5)^(1, 4)(2, 5)(3, 6) )
t1t3 = t6t4 ( From R2 (t2t6 = t3t5)^(1, 2)(3, 6)(4, 5) )
t1t5 = t2t4 ( From R2 (t2t6 = t3t5)^(1, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2) )
*/

/*Magma proof of Nt1t2t3 [1, 3, 2, 1]: */
ConvertToPermutation(ts, [1,3,5,6]) eq ConvertToPermutation
(ts, [1,2,6,6]);

```



```

ConvertToPermutation(ts , [1,3,5,6]) eq ConvertToPermutation
  (ts , [6,4,5,6]); FindFromToPerms([6,4,5,6],[1,3,2,1],N);

```

```

EquivalentCosetsInfo := function(N, IN, ts, Tset)
  perm:=ConvertToPermutation( ts , Tset);
  TStrs := [];
  for g in IN do
    for n in N do
      perm2:= ConvertToPermutation(ts , Tset^n);
      if perm eq g*perm2 then
        TStrs:= TStrs cat ["\n" cat Sprint(g) cat
          GetStringT(Tset) cat "^" cat Sprint(n) cat
          " = " cat GetStringT(Tset^n) ];
      end if;
    end for;
  end for;
  return TStrs;
end function;

```

```

/* proof t1t3t2t4 = t6t5 */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,3,2,4]) eq ConvertToPermutation
  (ts,[6,5]); /* true */
for n in N do
  print ( GetStringT([1,3,2,4]^n) cat " = " cat

```

```

        GetStringT([6,5]^n) cat " from (t1t3t2t4 = t6t5)
        ^" cat Sprint(n));
end for;
/* proof t1t3t2 = t6t5t1 */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,3,2]) eq ConvertToPermutation(
    ts,[6,5,1]);
for n in N do
    print ( GetStringT([1,3,2]^n) cat " = " cat
        GetStringT([6,5,1]^n) cat " from (t1t3t2 =
        t6t5t1)^" cat Sprint(n));
end for;

/* t1t3t2t4 = t6t4t2t4 */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,3,2,4]) eq ConvertToPermutation
    (ts,[6,4,2,4]);
PrintConjugatedRelations:=procedure(TSet1, TSet2, N)
    str:= " from (" cat GetStringT(TSet1) cat " = " cat
        GetStringT(TSet2) cat ")^";
    for n in N do
        print ( GetStringT(TSet1^n) cat " = " cat GetStringT(
            TSet2^n) cat str cat Sprint(n));
    end for;
end procedure;

```

```

/proof *t1t3t2t6 = t1t6t5 */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,3,2,6]) eq ConvertToPermutation(
    ts,[1,6,5]);
PrintConjugatedRelations([1,3,2,6], [1,6,5], N);

/* t1t3t2t6 = t1t5t3t2 */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,3,2,6]) eq ConvertToPermutation(
    ts,[1,5,3,2]);
PrintConjugatedRelations([1,3,2,6], [1,5,3,2], N);

/* t1t3t2t6 = t2t4t3t2 */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,3,2,6]) eq ConvertToPermutation(
    ts,[2,4,3,2]);
PrintConjugatedRelations([1,3,2,6], [2,4,3,2], N);

/* t1t2t1 = t4t5t4. */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,2,1]) eq ConvertToPermutation(ts
    ,[4,5,4]);
PrintConjugatedRelations([1,2,1], [4,5,4], N)
FindFromToPerms([1,2,1], [4,5,4], N);

/* t1t3t2t3 = t1t5t6t5 */
ConvertToPermutation(ts,[1,3,2,3]) eq ConvertToPermutation(
    ts,[1,5,6,5]);

```

```

/* cst:=FindCosetOrder([1,2], N, IN, ts, cst); */
FindCosetOrder:= function(TSet, N, IN, ts, cst)
    stab:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, TSet);
    tr:=Transversal(N,stab);
    for i:=1 to #tr1 do
ss:=TSet^tr1[i];
cst[prodim(1,ts,ss)]:=ss;
end for;
        return cst;
end function;
cst:= FindCosetOrder([1,2], N, IN, ts, cst);
cst:=FindCosetOrder([1,3], N, IN, ts, cst);
cst:=FindCosetOrder([1,3,2], N, IN, ts, cst);
cst:=FindCosetOrder([1,3,2,1], N, IN, ts, cst);
cst:=FindCosetOrder([1,3,2,3], N, IN, ts, cst);
cst:=FindCosetOrder([1,2,1], N, IN, ts, cst);
cst:=FindCosetOrder([1,3,2,1,3], N, IN, ts, cst);
cst;

/* PrintEquivalentCosetsTo(N, IN, ts,[1,2,1]); */
PrintEquivalentCosetsTo:= function(N, IN, ts, Tset)
    ECs:=EquivalentCosets(N, IN, ts, Tset);
str:= "N";

```

```

    for i in [1..#ECs] do
        str := str cat GetStringT(ECs[i]);
        edge:= " = N";
        if i eq #ECs then
            edge:= "\t";
        end if;
    str := str cat edge;
    end for;
    return str;
end function;

PrintEquivalentRelations := procedure(N, IN, ts, Tset)
perm:=ConvertToPermutation( ts, Tset);
TSets := [];
for g in IN do
for n in N do
    if n eq Id(N) or g eq Id(IN) then continue; end if
    ;
perm2:= ConvertToPermutation(ts, Tset^n);
if perm eq g*perm2 then
GetStringT(Tset) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(g)) cat
    GetStringT(Tset^n);
GetStringT(Tset^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(g^-1)) cat
    GetStringT(Tset);

```

```

end if;
end for;
end for;
end procedure;

PrintEquivalentRelations (N, IN, ts, [1,3]);

S:=Sym(6);
xx:=S!(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6);
yy:=S!(1, 6)(2, 5)(3, 4);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;

G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t|x^6,y^2,(x*y)^2,t^3,(t,(x*y)^x),
t^(x^3)=t^2,(t^x*(t^y))^2>;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
#G1;

NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
    if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then
        i;
    end if;
end for; /* 2 */

```

```

NL[2];
A:=G1!(1, 54, 53)(2, 50, 49)(3, 41, 40)(4, 39, 42)(5, 45,
37)(6, 28, 51)(7, 52, 26)(8, 23, 55)(9, 38,47)(10, 58,
22)(11, 48, 36)(12, 29, 43)(13, 17, 56)(14, 44, 27)(15,
57, 16)(18, 21, 60)(19, 31, 32)(20, 34, 33)(24, 25,
59)(30, 35, 46);

q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[2]>;
Order(q); /* 240. G1 has not normal subgroups of 240 ==>
G1 ~ 3:Q */

T:= Transversal(G1,NL[2]);
ff(T[2]) eq q.1;
B:=T[2];

N:=q;
NL:=NormalLattice(N);/*
[7] Order 240 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 4 5 6
-----
[6] Order 120 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 3
[5] Order 120 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2 3
[4] Order 120 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 3
-----
[3] Order 60 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1

```

```

-----
[2] Order 2      Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 1
-----

[1] Order 1      Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: */

NL;
for i in [1..#NL] do
    if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then
        i;
    end if;
end for; /* 2 */ /* | NLq[2] | = 2 */

q, ff := quo<N|NL[2]>;
q; /*
Permutation group q acting on a set of cardinality 10
Order = 120 = 2^3 * 3 * 5
(2, 3, 6, 5, 7, 4)(8, 9, 10)
(2, 4)(3, 7)(5, 6)(9, 10)
(1, 2, 5)(3, 7, 9)(4, 6, 8)*/
IsIsomorphic(NL[4],q); /* true */
IsIsomorphic(DirectProduct(NL[4],NL[2]), N); /* true */
/*      G ~ 3:(2 q) */

N:=q;

```



```
NL:=NormalLattice(N);  
NL;  
  IsIsomorphic(q, Sym(5)); /* true */  
/* Isomorphism type: G~3:(2 S5 :) */
```

Appendix G

MAGMA CODE: Double Coset Enumeration of $L_2(25)$ Over S_5

```

/*The following magma code was used to isolate L2(25) */
S:= Sym(24);
xx:=S!(1,2,4,18,9)(3,13,14,16,24)(6,21,7,8,10)
    (12,15,19,20,22);
yy:=S!(1,21)(2,5)(3,19)(4,6)(7,15)(8,11)(9,13)(10,12)
    (14,17)(16,18)(20,23)(22,24);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
CompositionFactors(N);
IsIsomorphic(N,Sym(5));/* true */

FPGroup(N);
NN<x,y>:= Group<x,y| x^5, y^2,(x^-1*y)^4, (x * y * x^-2 * y

```

```

    * x)^2>;
fn ,N1, kn:=CosetAction(NN, sub<NN| Id(NN)>);
IsIsomorphic(N,N1); /* true */

W:=WordGroup(N);
rho:=InverseWordMap(N);

Stabilizer(N, {1,7,13,19});
(N!((2, 12, 22, 9, 11)(3, 5, 14, 6, 10)(4, 15, 17, 20, 18)
(8, 24, 16, 21, 23)))@rho;

C:=function(W)
    w3 := W.1 * W.2; w4 := w3 * W.1; w5 := w4 * W.1; w6 :=
    w5 * W.2; w1 := W.1^-1; w7 := w6 * w1; return w7;
end function;

C(FPGroup(N));
xx * yy * xx^2 * yy * xx^-1; /* this what we need to use
for (t, x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1)*/

a:= 0; b:=0; c:=0; d:= 2; e:= 4;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t| x^5, y^2,(x^-1*y)^4,(x*y*x^-2*y*x)
^2,t^5,(t, x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1), t^(x^-1*y)= t^3, (x*
t)^a, (x*y*t^x)^b,(y*t^(x*y))^c, (x,t*t^(x*x))^d,(x^y*t)

```

```

    ^e>;

#sub<G|x,y>;
Index(G,sub<G|x,y>);

ff ,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
CompositionFactors(G1);

NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL;
NL[2];
Order(NL[2].2); /* 2*/

W:=WordGroup(G1);
rho:=InverseWordMap(G1);
(NL[2].2)@rho;

C:=function(W)
w1 := w.1^-1; w4 := w1 * w.2; w5 := w4 * w1; w6 := w5 * w
.2; w7 := w6 * w.1; w8 := w7 * w.2; w9 := w8 * w.1; w10
:= w9 * w.3; w11 := w10 * w.1; w12 := w11 * w.3; w13 :=
w12 * w.3; w14:= w13 * w.1; w15 := w14 * w.3; return w15
;
end function;

```

```
C(G); /* x^-1 * y * x^-1 * y * x * y * x * t * x * t^2 *
x * t */
```

```
/* Original
```

```
a:= 0; b:=0; c:=0; d:= 2; e:= 4;
```

```
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t | x^5, y^2,(x^-1*y)^4,(x*y*x^-2*y*x)
^2,t^5,(t, x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1), t^(x^-1*y)= t^3, (x*
t)^a, (x*y*t^x)^b,(y*t^(x*y))^c, (x,t*t^(x*x))^d,(x^y*t)
^e, x^-1 * y * x^-1 * y * x * y * x * t * x * t^2 * x *
t>;
```

```
Gb<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t | x^5, y^2,(x^-1*y)^4,(x*y*x^-2*y*x)
^2,t^5,(t, x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1), t^(x^-1*y)= t^3, (x*
t*t^(x*x)*x^-1*t^(y * x * y * x^-2)*t^((y * x)^2))^2,(x^
y*t)^4, x^-1 * y * x^-1 * y * x * y * x * t * x * t^2 *
x * t>;
```

```
fb ,G1b,kb:=CosetAction(Gb,sub<Gb|x,y>);
```

```
IsIsomorphic(G1, G1b); */
```

```
/*
```

```
The following magma code helps prove the DCE of L(2,25)
```

```
.*/
```

```
S:= Sym(24);
```

```

xx:=S!(1,2,4,18,9)(3,13,14,16,24)(6,21,7,8,10)
      (12,15,19,20,22);
yy:=S!(1,21)(2,5)(3,19)(4,6)(7,15)(8,11)(9,13)(10,12)
      (14,17)(16,18)(20,23)(22,24);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
NN<x,y>:= Group<x,y| x^5, y^2,(x^-1*y)^4, (x*y*x^-2*y
      *x)^2>;

G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t| x^5, y^2,(x^-1*y)^4,(x*y*x^-2*y*x)
      ^2,t^5,(t,x*y*x^2*y*x^-1), t^(x^-1*y)=t^3, (x,
      t*t^(x*x))^2,(x^y*t)^4, x^-1*y*x^-1*y*x*y*x
      *t*x*t^2*x*t>;
/* { x, y t| x5, y2, (x-1y)4, (xyx-2yx)2, t5, (t, xyx2yx-1)
      , tx^(-1)y = t3, ( x, ttx*x)2, (xyt)4, x-1yx-1
      yxyxtxt2xt } */
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
CompositionFactors(G1);
DoubleCosets(G,sub<G|x,y>,sub<G|x,y>);

IN:=sub<G1|f(x),f(y)>;
Sch:=SchreierSystem(NN,sub<NN|Id(NN)>);
word:=function(Perm)
for w in Sch do
      seq := Eltseq(w);

```

```

p:= Id(N);
for j in seq do
    if j eq 1 then p:=p*xx; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*xx^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*yy; end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*yy^-1; end if;
end for;
if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;
end function;

```

```

Word2NPerm:= function(letters)
    seq := Eltseq(letters);
p:= Id(N);
for j in seq do
    if j eq 1 then p:=p*xx; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*xx^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*yy; end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*yy^-1; end if;
end for;
return p;
end function;

```

```

InWord:=function(Perm)

```

```

for w in Sch do
    seq := Eltseq(w);
    p:= Id(IN);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*f(x); end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*f(x)^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*f(y); end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*f(y)^-1; end if;
        end for;
        if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;
end function;

```

```

GetConjugationWordForSubscript:= function(subscript)
    size:=9999999;
    w:=word(N.1);
for n in N do
    if n eq Id(N) then
        continue;
    end if;
if 1^n eq subscript then
    tmp:= word(n);
    if size gt #tmp then
        size:=#tmp;

```



```

        w:= tmp;
    end if;
end if;
end for;
return w;
end function;

for i in [1..24] do
    "ts[" cat Sprint( i) cat "]" := " cat "f(t^( " cat Sprint
        (GetConjugationWordForSubscript(i)) cat "));";
end for;

ts:= [ Id(G1): i in [1 .. 24] ];
ts[1] := f(t);
ts[2] := f(t^(x));
ts[3] := f(t^(x^-1 * y * x^-1));
ts[4] := f(t^(x^2));
ts[5] := f(t^(x * y));
ts[6] := f(t^(y * x^-1));
ts[7] := f(t^(y * x));
ts[8] := f(t^(y * x^2));
ts[9] := f(t^(x^-1));
ts[10] := f(t^(y * x^-2));
ts[11] := f(t^(y * x^2 * y));

```

```

ts[12] := f(t^(y * x * y * x^-1));
ts[13] := f(t^(x^-1 * y));
ts[14] := f(t^(y^x));
ts[15] := f(t^(y * x * y));
ts[16] := f(t^(x^-2 * y));
ts[17] := f(t^(x^-1 * y * x * y));
ts[18] := f(t^(x^-2));
ts[19] := f(t^((y * x)^2));
ts[20] := f(t^(y * x * y * x^2));
ts[21] := f(t^(y));
ts[22] := f(t^(y * x * y * x^-2));
ts[23] := f(t^(y * x * y * x^2 * y));
ts[24] := f(t^(x^-1 * y * x^-2));

StrPowers:= "";
for i in [1..24] do
  for k in [2..4] do
    for j in [1..24] do
      if i eq j then continue; end if;
      if ts[i]^k eq ts[j] then
        StrPowers:= StrPowers cat "
          t" cat Sprint(i) cat
          "^" cat Sprint(k) cat "
          = t" cat Sprint(j) cat

```

```

", ";
    end if;
  end for;
end for;
StrPowers:= StrPowers cat "\n";
end for;
StrPowers; /*
t1^2 = t7,      t1^3 = t13,      t1^4 = t19,
t2^2 = t8,      t2^3 = t14,      t2^4 = t20,
t3^2 = t9,      t3^3 = t15,      t3^4 = t21,
t4^2 = t10,     t4^3 = t16,      t4^4 = t22,
t5^2 = t11,     t5^3 = t17,      t5^4 = t23,
t6^2 = t12,     t6^3 = t18,      t6^4 = t24,
t7^2 = t19,     t7^3 = t1,       t7^4 = t13,
t8^2 = t20,     t8^3 = t2,       t8^4 = t14,
t9^2 = t21,     t9^3 = t3,       t9^4 = t15,
t10^2 = t22,    t10^3 = t4,      t10^4 = t16,
t11^2 = t23,    t11^3 = t5,      t11^4 = t17,
t12^2 = t24,    t12^3 = t6,      t12^4 = t18,
t13^2 = t1,     t13^3 = t19,     t13^4 = t7,
t14^2 = t2,     t14^3 = t20,     t14^4 = t8,
t15^2 = t3,     t15^3 = t21,     t15^4 = t9,
t16^2 = t4,     t16^3 = t22,     t16^4 = t10,
t17^2 = t5,     t17^3 = t23,     t17^4 = t11,

```

```

t18^2 = t6,      t18^3 = t24,      t18^4 = t12,
t19^2 = t13,     t19^3 = t7,      t19^4 = t1,
t20^2 = t14,     t20^3 = t8,      t20^4 = t2,
t21^2 = t15,     t21^3 = t9,      t21^4 = t3,
t22^2 = t16,     t22^3 = t10,     t22^4 = t4,
t23^2 = t17,     t23^3 = t11,     t23^4 = t5,
t24^2 = t18,     t24^3 = t12,     t24^4 = t6, */

```

```

InverseIndex:= function(Index)
for i in [1..24] do
    if ts[Index]^-1 eq ts[i] then return i; end
    if;
end for;
end function;

```

```

for i in [1..24] do
    "t" cat Sprint(i) cat " = t" cat Sprint(
        InverseIndex(i)) cat "^-1";
end for;

```

```

SplitT:= function(tsIndex)
    for n in N do
        if 13^n eq tsIndex then
            return [1,7]^n;
        end if;
    end for;
end function;

```

```

                end if;
            end for;
            return [0,0];
        end function;

/* Split in doubles */
SplitTd:= function(tsIndex)
for n in N do
                if 7^n eq tsIndex then
                    return [1,1]^n;
                end if;
            end for;
            return [0,0];
        end function;

TStr:= function(Tword)
                Str1 := "";
for i in [1 .. #Tword] do
                if Tword[i] ne 0 then
Str1:= Str1 cat "t";
Str1:= Str1 cat IntegerToString(Tword[i]);
                end if;
            end for;
            return Str1;

```

```

end function;

for i in [1..24] do
    "t" cat Sprint(i) cat " = " cat TStr(SplitTd(i));
end for;

DoubleCosets(G,sub<G|x,y>,sub<G|x,y>);/*
{ <GrpFP, Id(G), GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t * x * t^-1, GrpFP>, <
    GrpFP, t, GrpFP>,
<GrpFP, t * x * t, GrpFP> } */
DC:=[ f(Id(G)), f(t), f(t * x * t), f(t * x * t^-1) ];
DC;

#N; /* 120 */
    DoubleCosetRepresentatives(G1, IN, IN); /* [ 120, 2880,
        1200, 3600 ] */
[ 120/120, 2880/120, 1200/120, 3600/120 ];
/* [ 1, 24, 10, 30 ] */

FindDCGroupNumber := function(element)
    for i in [1..#DC] do
        for m,n in IN do
            if element eq m*(DC[i])^n then
                return i;
            end if;
        end for;
    end for;
end function;

```

```

        end if;
    end for;
end for;
end function;

TPerm:= function(Tset)
    perm:= ts[Tset[1]];
    for i in [2..#Tset] do
        perm:= perm*ts[Tset[i]];
    end for;
    return perm;
end function;

Orbits(N);
N1:= Stabilizer(N, 1);
N1; /* (2, 9, 12, 11, 22)(3, 6, 5, 10, 14)(4, 20, 15, 18,
    17)(8, 21, 24, 23, 16) */
Orbits(N1); /*GSet{@ 1 @},
    GSet{@ 7 @},
    GSet{@ 13 @},
    GSet{@ 19 @},
    GSet{@ 2, 9, 12, 11, 22 @},
    GSet{@ 3, 6, 5, 10, 14 @},
    GSet{@ 4, 20, 15, 18, 17 @},

```

```

GSet{@ 8, 21, 24, 23, 16 @} */

FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [1]); /* 2 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [7]); /* 2 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [13]); /* 2 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [19]); /* 1 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [2]); /* 3 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [3]); /* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [4]); /* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [8]); /* 2 */

/* Equivalent right coset */Find
EquivalentCosets:= function(Tset)
  perm:=TPerm( Tset);
  TSets :=[];
  for g in IN do
    for n in N do
      perm2:= TPerm(Tset^n);
      if perm eq g*perm2 then
        TSets:= TSets cat [Tset^n];
      end if;
    end for;
  end for;
  return TSets;

```



```
end function;
```

```
StabilizingGroup := function(Tword)
  TWords:=EquivalentCosets(Tword);
  group:=Stabiliser(N, Tword);
  for i in [2..#TWords] do
    for n in N do
      if Tword^n eq TWords[i] then
        group:=sub<N|group,n>;
      end if;
    end for;
  end for;
  return group;
end function;
```

```
N12s:= StabilizingGroup([1,2]);
```

```
N12s;
```

```
/* (1, 24)(2, 23)(3, 4)(5, 20)(6, 19)(7, 18)(8, 17)(9, 10)
   (11, 14)(12, 13)(15, 16)(21, 22)
   (1, 5)(2, 10)(3, 18)(4, 14)(6, 9)(7, 11)(8, 22)(12, 21)
   (13, 17)(15, 24)(16, 20)(19, 23)
   (1, 20, 15)(2, 9, 19)(3, 7, 14)(4, 11, 18)(5, 24, 16)
   (6, 10, 23)(8, 21, 13)(12, 22, 17)
   (1, 9)(2, 20)(3, 13)(4, 17)(5, 10)(6, 24)(7, 21)(8, 14)
```

```

(11, 22)(12, 18)(15, 19)(16, 23)
(1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9, 20)
(10, 24)(11, 17)(14, 21)(18, 22)
(1, 23)(2, 24)(3, 22)(4, 21)(5, 19)(6, 20)(7, 17)(8,
18)(9, 16)(10, 15)(11, 13)(12, 14)
(1, 15, 20)(2, 19, 9)(3, 14, 7)(4, 18, 11)(5, 16, 24)
(6, 23, 10)(8, 13, 21)(12, 17, 22)
(1, 10, 20, 23, 15, 6)(2, 5, 9, 24, 19, 16)(3, 12, 7,
22, 14, 17)(4, 8, 11, 21, 18, 13)
(1, 2)(3, 21)(4, 22)(5, 6)(7, 8)(9, 15)(10, 16)(11, 12)
(13, 14)(17, 18)(19, 20)(23, 24)
(1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17, 14,
22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8)
(1, 16)(2, 6)(3, 11)(4, 7)(5, 15)(8, 12)(9, 23)(10, 19)
(13, 22)(14, 18)(17, 21)(20, 24) */

```

```

test:=sub<N|N!(1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)
(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8), N!(1, 24)
(2, 23)(3, 4)(5, 20)(6, 19)(7, 18)(8, 17)(9, 10)(11, 14)
(12, 13)(15, 16)(21, 22)>;

```

```

IsIsomorphic(N12s, test);

```

```

test:=sub<N|N!(1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)
(3, 17, 14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13, 18, 21, 11, 8), N!(1,9)(2,
20)(3, 13)(4, 17)(5, 10)(6, 24)(7, 21)(8, 14)(11, 22)

```

```

(12, 18)(15, 19)(16,23)>;
IsIsomorphic(N12s, test);

Orbits(N12s); /*
  GSet{@ 1, 24, 5, 20, 9, 19, 23, 15, 10, 2, 6, 16 @},
    GSet{@ 3, 4, 18, 7, 13, 8, 22, 14, 12, 21, 17, 11 @} */

FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [1]); /* 2 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [2]*ts [3]); /* 4 */

N13s:= StabilizingGroup ([1,3]);
N13s; /*
(1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 6, 15, 16)(3, 4, 8, 12)(5, 17, 23, 11)(9,
  10, 20, 24)(14, 18, 21, 22)
(1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9, 20)(10,
  24)(11, 17)(14, 21)(18, 22)
(1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 16, 15, 6)(3, 12, 8, 4)(5, 11, 23, 17)(9,
  24, 20, 10)(14, 22, 21, 18) */
Orbits(N13s); /*
GSet{@ 1, 7, 19, 13 @},
  GSet{@ 2, 6, 15, 16 @},
  GSet{@ 3, 4, 8, 12 @},
  GSet{@ 5, 17, 23, 11 @},
  GSet{@ 9, 10, 20, 24 @},

```

```

    GSet{@ 14, 18, 21, 22 @} */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [1]); /* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [2]); /* 2 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [3]); /* 3 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [5]); /* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [9]); /* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [14]);/* 2*/

FindEquivalentRelations:= function(Tset, Tset2)
perm:= TPerm( Tset);
TSets := [];
str:= "";
for g in IN do
perm2:= TPerm(Tset2);
if perm eq g*perm2 then
str:= str cat TStr(Tset) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(g))
      cat TStr(Tset2) cat "\n";
end if;
end for;
for n,m in IN do
perm2:= TPerm(Tset2);
if perm eq n*(perm2^m) then
str:= str cat TStr(Tset) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(n))
      cat "(" cat TStr(Tset2) cat ")^" cat Sprint(InWord(m))

```

```

    cat "\n";
end if;
end for;
return str;
end function;

```

```

FindFromToPerms:= function(Tset1, Tset2)
  NPerms:= [];
  for n in N do
    if Tset1^n eq Tset2 then
      NPerms:= NPerms cat [n];
    end if;
  end for;
  return NPerms;
end function;

```

```

RELATION:= recformat< rightTword : SeqEnum, leftPerm:
  GrpPermElt, leftTword:SeqEnum, info, applyAt >;
Relation:=function(rTword, lPerm, lTword, str, apply)
return rec< RELATION | rightTword := rTword, leftPerm:=
  lPerm, leftTword:=lTword, info:= str, applyAt:=apply >;
end function;

```

```

/* Permutation follow by a T word */
PermTword:= recformat< perm:GrpPermElt , tword: SeqEnum,
    name:MonStgElt ,parents:SeqEnum, appliedRelations ,
    children >;
/* example rec< PermTword | perm:= xx , tword:=[8, 9]> =
    xt8t9; */

PIW:=function(p, tw)
    meStr:="";
    if p ne Id(N) then
        meStr:= Sprint(word(p)) cat " * ";
    end if;
    meStr:= meStr cat TStr(tw);
ptw:= rec< PermTword | perm:= p, tword:=tw, name:=meStr ,
    parents :=[], children:=0>;
return ptw;
end function;

AddParent:=function(ptw, parentIndex, relation)

    if #ptw'parents eq 0 then
        ptw'appliedRelations:= [relation];
ptw'parents:= [parentIndex];
    else

```

```

    ptw'appliedRelations:= ptw'appliedRelations  cat [
        relation ];
ptw'parents:= ptw'parents  cat [parentIndex];
end if;
return ptw;
end function;

PtwStr:=function(ptw)
    if ptw'perm eq Id(N) then
        return TStr(ptw'tword);
    end if;
    return Sprint(word(ptw'perm) cat "*" cat TStr(ptw'
        tword));
end function;

LemmaCC:= Relation ([4,8], yy*xx^2*yy*xx^2*yy, [19], "Lemma
    3: t4t8 = yx^2yx^2yt19",0);
LemmaCC2:= Relation ([19], yy * xx^-2 * yy * xx^-2 *yy,
    [4,8], "Lemma 3: t19 = yx^2yx^-2yt4t8.",0);
LemmaBB:=Relation ([19,9], yy*xx^-1*yy, [12,11], "Lemma 2:
    t19t9 = yx^-1yt12t11",0);
LemmaBB2:=Relation ([12,11], yy*xx*yy, [19,9], "Lemma 2:
    t12t11 = yxyt19t9 ",0);
LemmaAA:=Relation ([9,2,22,19], Id(N), [1,4,20,15], "Lemma

```

```

1: t9t2t22t19 = t1t4t20t15",0);
LemmaAA2:=Relation ([1,4,20,15], Id(N), [9,2,22,19], "Lemma
1: t1t4t20t15 = t9t2t22t19",0);

/* Power rules */
t7t19:=Relation ([7,19], Id(N), [1], "t7t19 = t1",0);
t1t1:=Relation ([1,1], Id(N), [7], "t1^2 = t7",0);
InvRelation:=Relation ([1,19], Id(N), [], "t1t19 = Id",0);

IdPower:=Relation( [1,1,1,1,1], Id(N), [], "Id = t1^5",0);
/*TODO not sure if we need [0] or [] */
t1:=Relation ([1], Id(N), [7,19], "t1 = t7t19",0);
t7:=Relation ([7], Id(N), [1,1], "t7 = t1^2",0);

ListRelations:=[ InvRelation, t7t19, t1t1, IdPower,
LemmaCC, LemmaAA, LemmaAA2, LemmaBB, LemmaBB2, LemmaCC2,
t1 ];

/* If the order of ts = 2 then this will not work. Modify
for that case. */
Reduce2Ts:= function(tsIndex1, tsIndex2)
if tsIndex1 eq 0 and tsIndex2 eq 0 then return [0];
end if;
if tsIndex1 eq 0 then return [tsIndex2]; end if;

```



```

if tsIndex2 eq 0 then return [tsIndex1]; end if;
for i in [1..24] do
    if ts[tsIndex1]*ts[tsIndex2] eq ts[i] then
        return [i]; end if;
if ts[tsIndex1]*ts[tsIndex2] eq ts[i]^5 then return [0];
end if;
end for;
return [tsIndex1, tsIndex2];
end function;

```

```

ReduceTs:= function(Tset)
    steps:=[Tset];
    OK:=true;
    while OK do
        size:=#Tset;
        if size lt 1 then return steps; end if;
        for i in [1..size] do
            j:=i+1;
            OK:=false;
            if j le size then
                r:= Reduce2Ts(Tset[i], Tset[j]);
                if #r eq 1 then
                    Tset[i]:= r[1];
                    Tset:=Remove(Tset, j);

```

```

                                steps:= steps cat [Tset];
OK:=true;
                                break;
                                end if;
                                end if;
                                end for;
end while;
return steps;
end function;

ReducePtw:=function(ptw)
    tword:=ptw'tword;
    steps:=ReduceTs(tword);
    if #steps gt 1 then
        for step in steps do
            if 0 in step then continue; end if;
            Sprint(word(ptw'perm)) cat "*" cat
                TStr(step);
        end for;
        ptw'tword:=steps[#steps];
    end if;
    return ptw;
end function;

```

```

ReducePtwToSize:=function(ptw, size)
    tword:=ptw'tword;
    steps:=ReduceTs(tword);
    if #steps gt 1 then
        for i in [1..#steps] do
            step:=steps[i];
            if 0 in step then continue; end if;
            Sprint(word(ptw'perm)) cat "*" cat
                TStr(step);
            if #step eq size then
                ptw'tword:=steps[i];
                return ptw;
            end if;
        end for;
        ptw'tword:=steps[#steps];
    end if;
    return ptw;
end function;

/*start is the starting index. The relation has to of the
   form Tword = perm*Tword */
ApplyRelation:=function(ptw, relation)
    applyAt:=relation'applyAt; /* t index to start at
    */

```

```

Tw:=ptw'tword;
rTw:= relation 'rightTword;
lTw:= relation 'leftTword;
p:= relation 'leftPerm;

if applyAt gt #Tw then return ptw; end if;
arr:=[];
/* Make sure we can apply relation at the starting
   index */
good:=true;

/* make sure the relation can be applied */
for i in [applyAt..#rTw] do
    if not good then return ptw; end if;
    if Tw[i] ne rTw[i - applyAt + 1] then good
        := false; end if;
end for;
if not good then return ptw; end if;

for i in [1..#Tw] do
    /* move the permutation to the front */
    if i lt applyAt then
        arr:= arr cat [Tw[i]^p];
    end if;
end for;

```

```

arr:= arr cat lTw; /* replace by adding the left t
word */
next:= applyAt + #rTw; /* add the part of the t
word that was n t replaced */
if next gt #Tw then return PIW((ptw‘perm)*p, arr);
end if;
for i in [next..#Tw] do
arr:= arr cat [Tw[i]];
end for;
return PIW((ptw‘perm)*p, arr);
end function;

```

```

GetReationsToUse:=function(ptw )
Tword:=ptw‘tword;
num:=#Tword;
arr:=[]; /* saves relations that can be used on the
element ptw */
arrStr:=[]; /* keep track of the results as strings
to make we d o n t repeat */
for j in [1..#ListRelations] do
rTword:= ListRelations[j]‘rightTword;
lTword:= ListRelations[j]‘leftTword;
lPerm:= ListRelations[j]‘leftPerm;
info:=ListRelations[j]‘info;

```

```

if num ge #rTword then
  for i in [1..(num - #rTword + 1)] do
    temp:=[]; /* this is the a t word
              ??? */
    for k in [i..(i + #rTword - 1)] do
      temp:= temp cat [Tword[k]];
    end for;
    for n in N do

      if temp eq rTword^n then
        wp:=word(n);
        strLeft:="";

if #lTword ne 0 then
  strLeft:= TStr(lTword^n);
else
  rTword^n, ptw'tword;
end if;
newInfo:="Let p = " cat Sprint(n) cat " belong to N.\n" cat
  info cat " ==>\n(" cat TStr(rTword) cat ")^p = (" cat
  Sprint(word(lPerm)) cat TStr(lTword) cat ")^p ==> \n"
  cat TStr(rTword^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(word(lPerm^n))
  cat strLeft;

r:=Relation(rTword^n, lPerm
            ^n, lTword^n, newInfo, i)

```

```

;
rs:= TStr(rTword^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(word(lPerm^n)) cat
strLeft; /* the result if relation is applied */
found:= rs in arrStr;
if not found then
arrStr:= arrStr cat
[rs];
arr:= arr cat [r];
end if;
end if;
end for;
end for;
end if;
end for; /* for j */
return arr;
end function;

```

```

FindTword:=function(elements , tword) /* tword = [1,2,34]
=> t1t2t3t4 */
for i in [1..#elements] do
if elements[i]'tword eq tword then return
i; end if;
end for;
return 0;

```

```

end function;

/* see if we can find the tword after we apply a
   permutation and reduction. tword = [1,2,34] ==> t1t2t3t4
   */
FindTwordAfterProcessing:=function(elements, tword, startAt
)
for i in [startAt..#elements] do
    i, #elements;
    for n in N do
        "About to reduce ", elements[i]‘
        name;
        steps:=ReduceTs((elements[i]‘tword)
            ^n);
        if #steps gt 0 then
            for step in steps do
                if 0 in step then
                    continue; end if
                ;
                if tword eq step
                    then
                        return i, n
                    ;
                end if;
            end if;
        end if;
    end for;
end for;

```



```

                                end for;
                        end if;
                end for;
        end for;
        return 0, Id(N);
end function;

```

```

ApplyRelationsToElements:=function(elements)

```

```

    newElements:=[];

```

```

for i in [1..#elements] do

```

```

    /* find an element that has not being
       processed */

```

```

    /* i, #elements; */

```

```

if (elements[i])'children eq 0 then

```

```

    ptw:=elements[i];

```

```

    "*****"

```

```

    "Looking for relations to apply to", PtwStr(ptw);

```

```

    relations:=GetReationsToUse(ptw);

```

```

    "Found " cat Sprint(#relations);

```

```

    (elements[i])'children:=1; /* TODO

```

```

        is not correct but as long as

```

```

        its greater than 1 it works */

```

```

for j in [1..#relations] do
    newPtw:= ApplyRelation(ptw,
        relations[j]);
    /* "Looking for:", PtwStr(
        newPtw); */
    /* i is the parent index */
/* only add to the list if its new t word */
    if FindTword(elements,
        newPtw'tword) eq 0 and
        FindTword(newElements,
        newPtw'tword) eq 0 then
        newPtw:= AddParent(
            newPtw, i,
            relations[j]);
        newElements:=
            newElements cat
            [newPtw];
        "
        -----
        ";
        relations[j]'info
        cat ". Apply at
        position " cat
        Sprint(

```

```

relations [j] ‘
applyAt) cat
.”;
”Found a new name:
”, PtwStr(
newPtw);
end if;
end for;
end if;
end for;
return elements cat newElements;
end function;

/* Testing */
t1t3:=PIW(Id(N), [1,3]);
t1t3ERs:=[t1t3];
t1t3ERs:=ApplyRelationsToElements(t1t3ERs);
FindTword(t1t3ERs, [7,4]);
t1t3ERs:=ApplyRelationsToElements(t1t3ERs);
FindTword(t1t3ERs, [7,4]);
t1t3ERs:=ApplyRelationsToElements(t1t3ERs);
FindTword(t1t3ERs, [7,4]);
t1t3ERs:=ApplyRelationsToElements(t1t3ERs);
FindTword(t1t3ERs, [7,4]);

```

```

t1t4:=PIW(Id(N), [1,4]);
t1t4Rs:=[t1t4];
t1t4Rs:=ApplyRelationsToElements(t1t4Rs);
t1t4Rs:=ApplyRelationsToElements(t1t4Rs);
#t1t4Rs;
[ 15, 5, 7, 9 ]^(xx^2*yy^-1);
FindTwordAfterProcessing(t1t4Rs, [ 23, 2, 12, 5 ], 1);
t1t4Rs:=ApplyRelationsToElements(t1t4Rs);
#t1t4Rs;
/* End of test */

/* The targetTword is what we are trying to get to. Example
   : we are trying to prove Nt1t4 = belongs to coset [1,3].
   Then origTword = 1t4 = [1,4] and targetTword = t1t3 =
   [1,3] */
ProveRelation:= function(origTword, targetTword)
    permarr:= FindFromToPerms(origTword, targetTword);
    if #permarr gt 0 then
        for p in permarr do
            Sprint(word(p)) cat " takes " cat
                TStr(origTword) cat " to " cat
                TStr(targetTword);
        return true;
    end if
end function

```

```

        end for;
    end if;

    elements:= [PTW(Id(N), origTword)];
elements:=ApplyRelationsToElements(elements);
    temparr:=[];
    pos:=1;
    pos, perm:= FindTwordAfterProcessing(elements,
        targetTword, 1);
    while pos eq 0 do
        start:=#elements;
        elements:=ApplyRelationsToElements(elements
            );
        pos, perm:= FindTwordAfterProcessing(
            elements, targetTword, start);
    end while;

    sep:="
    -----
    ";
if pos eq 1 then /* we found it right away */
    tempTword:=elements[1]^tword;
        steps:=ReduceTs(tempTword^perm);
        if perm ne Id(N) then

```

```

    sep;
    ptwConj:=PIW( Id(N), tempTword^perm );
    "Conjugate by n = " cat Sprint(perm) cat ".
        ==> ";
"(" cat TStr(origTword) cat ")^n = " cat PtwStr(ptwConj)
    cat ".";

    if #steps gt 2 then
        sep;
        "Reduce in the following
            way:";
        ptwConj:=ReducePtwToSize(
            ptwConj, #targetTword);
    end if;
    sep;
    p:= perm^-1;
    "Let p = " cat Sprint(perm^-1) cat
        " = n^-1. ==>";
"(" cat TStr(origTword^perm) cat ")^p = (" cat PtwStr(
    ptwConj) cat ")^p ==> ";
TStr(origTword) cat " = " cat Sprint(word( (ptwConj^perm)
    ^p )) cat "(" cat TStr(ptwConj^tword) cat ")^p" cat
    ".";

    return true;

    elif #steps gt 2 then

```

```

        sep;
        "Reduce in the following way:";
        temp:=elements [1];
        junk:=ReducePtw(temp);
        return true;
    end if;
end if;
while pos gt 1 do
    temparr:= temparr cat [elements [pos
        ]];
    if #(elements [pos] 'parents) gt 0
        then
            pos:=elements [pos] 'parents
                [1];
        else
            pos:=1; /* we made it to
                the top */
        end if;
    end while;
    "*****";
    "PROOF";
    "*****";

```

```

"Start with " cat TStr(origTword);
for i in [1..#temparr] do
    "
    -----
    ";
    element:=temparr[#temparr - i + 1];
    if #(element'appliedRelations) gt 0 then
        parentName:=TStr(origTword);
        if #(element'parents) gt 0 then
            parentName:= elements [
                element'parents [1] ] '
                name;
        end if;
        "Apply the following at t word
            position " cat Sprint((element'
            appliedRelations [1])'applyAt)
            cat ":";
        (element'appliedRelations [1])'info cat " ==> ";
        parentName cat " = " cat PtwStr(element) cat ".";
    end if;
    end for;
    steps:=ReduceTs((temparr [1] 'tword)^perm);
    if #temparr gt 0 and perm ne Id(N) then
        "

```



```

-----
";
"We now have " cat TStr(origTword) cat " =
  " cat PtwStr(temparr[1]) cat ".";
ptwConj:=PIW( ((temparr[1]) 'perm)^perm, ((
  temparr[1]) 'tword)^perm );
"Conjugate both sides by n = " cat Sprint(
  perm) cat ". ==> ";
TStr(origTword^perm) cat " = " cat PtwStr(ptwConj) cat
  ".";

if #steps gt 1 then
  "
-----
  ";
  "Reduce in the following way:";
  ptwConj:=ReducePtwToSize(ptwConj, #
    targetTword);
end if;
"
-----
";
p:= perm^-1;
"Let p = " cat Sprint(perm^-1) cat " = n
  ^-1. ==>";

```

```

”(” cat TStr(origTword^perm) cat ”)^p = (” cat PtwStr(
  ptwConj) cat ”)^p ==> ”;
TStr(origTword) cat ” = ” cat PtwStr(PIW( (ptwConj‘perm)^
  p, (ptwConj‘tword)^p )) cat ” = ” cat Sprint(word(
  ptwConj‘perm )) cat ”(” cat TStr(ptwConj‘tword) cat ”)^
  p” cat ”.”;

      return true;

    end if;

    if #steps gt 1 then
      ”
      -----
      ”;
      ”Reduce in the following way:”;
      temp:=temparr [1];
      temp‘tword:=(temp‘tword)^perm;
      temp‘perm:=(temp‘perm)^perm;
      junk:=ReducePtw(temp);
      return true;

    end if;

    if #temparr gt 0 then
      return true;

    end if;

    return false;

end function;

```

```

/* testing ProveRelation function */
[ 1,4 ]^(xx*yy^-1*xx^2); /* t1t5 = [5 ,3 ] */
ProveRelation([1,4], [5, 3] ); /*
x * y * x^2 takes t1t4 to t5t3 */

```

```

ProveRelation([1,2,20], [1]); /*

```

Reduce in the following way:

```

Id($)*t1t2t20

```

```

Id($)*t1      */

```

```

ProveRelation([1,19,2,20], [] ); /*

```

Start with t1t19t2t20

Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = \text{Id}(\$)$ belong to N .

$t1t19 = \text{Id} \implies$

$(t1t19)^p = (\text{Id}(\$))^p \implies$

$t1t19 = \text{Id}(\$) \implies$

$t1t19t2t20 = t2t20$.

Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 2, 4, 18, 9)(3, 13, 14, 16, 24)(6, 21, 7, 8,$
 $10)(12, 15, 19, 20, 22)$

belong to N.

$$t1t19 = \text{Id} \implies$$

$$(t1t19)^p = (\text{Id}(\$))^p \implies$$

$$t2t20 = \text{Id}(\$) \implies$$

t2t20 = . */ /* This result was before I updated the
 function */

$$[1,2,20]^{(xx^2*yy^{-1})}; \quad /* \quad [6, 16, 10] \quad */$$

$$\text{ProveRelation}([6, 16, 10], [1]); \quad /*$$

Conjugate by $n = (1, 10, 20, 23, 15, 6)(2, 5, 9, 24, 19,$
 $16)(3, 12, 7, 22, 14,$

$17)(4, 8, 11, 21, 18, 13). \implies$

$$(t6t16t10)^n = t1t2t20.$$

Reduce in the following way:

$$\text{Id}(\$)*t1t2t20$$

$$\text{Id}(\$)*t1$$

Let $p = (1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17,$
 $14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13,$

$18, 21, 11, 8) = n^{-1}. \implies$

$$(t1t2t20)^p = (t1)^p \implies$$

$$t6t16t10 = \text{Id}(\$)(t1)^p. \quad */$$

```

FindEquivalentRelations ([1,2,1],[1,2,20]);/*
t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1(t1t2t20)^y * x * y
t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1(t1t2t20)^y * x^2 * y * x *
    y * x^-1 * y
t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1(t1t2t20)^(x^2 * y)^2
t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1(t1t2t20)^x^2 * y * x^-1 * y
    * x
t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1(t1t2t20)^y * x^-2 * y * x
    */

```

```

ProveRelation ([1,2,1],[1,2,20]);

```

```

/* Start with t1t2t1

```

```

-----
Apply the following at t word position 1:

```

```

Let p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,
    20)(10, 24)(11,

```

```

17)(14, 21)(18, 22) belong to N.

```

```

Lemma 3: t19 = yx^2yx^-2yt4t8. ==>

```

```

(t19)^p = (y * x^-2 * y * x^-2 * yt4t8)^p ==>

```

```

t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1t12t3 ==>

```

```

t1t2t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1*t12t3t2t1.

```

```

-----
Apply the following at t word position 2:

```

```

Let p = (1, 10, 9, 5)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 17, 13, 4)(6, 12,

```

24, 18)(7, 22, 21,
11)(15, 23, 19, 16) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt_{19} \implies$

$$(t_4t_8)^p = (y * x^2 * y * x^2 * yt_{19})^p \implies$$

$$t_3t_2 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_{16} \implies$$

$$y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t_{12}t_3t_2t_1 = x^{-1} * y * x * y * t_6t_{16}t_1.$$

Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 24)(2, 23)(3, 4)(5, 20)(6, 19)(7, 18)(8, 17)(9, 10)(11, 14)(12,$

13)(15, 16)(21, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_6 = x^2 * y * x^2t_3t_{17} \implies$$

$$x^{-1} * y * x * y * t_6t_{16}t_1 = x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * t_3t_{17}t_{16}t_1.$$

Apply the following at t word position 2:

Let $p = (2, 22, 11, 12, 9)(3, 14, 10, 5, 6)(4, 17, 18, 15, 20)(8, 16, 23, 24,$

21) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_4t_8 = yx^2yx^2yt_{19} \implies$

$$(t_4t_8)^p = (y * x^2 * y * x^2 * yt_{19})^p \implies$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t17t16 &= x^{-1} * y * x^2 t19 \implies \\
 x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * t3t17t16t1 &= x * y * x^2 \\
 * y * x^{-1} * t15t19t1.
 \end{aligned}$$

 We now have $t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t15t19t1$.

Conjugate both sides by $n = (1, 20, 15)(2, 9, 19)(3, 7, 14)$
 $(4, 11, 18)(5, 24,$
 $16)(6, 10, 23)(8, 21, 13)(12, 22, 17)$. \implies
 $t20t9t20 = y * x^{-2} * y * t1t2t20$.

 Reduce in the following way:

$$y * x^{-2} * y * t1t2t20$$

 Let $p = (1, 15, 20)(2, 19, 9)(3, 14, 7)(4, 18, 11)(5, 16,$
 $24)(6, 23, 10)(8, 13,$
 $21)(12, 17, 22) = n^{-1}$. \implies
 $(t20t9t20)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * t1t2t20)^p \implies$
 $t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t15t19t1 = y * x^{-2} * y$
 $(t1t2t20)^p$. $*/$

ProveRelation([1,2,1],[1]);

/*Start with t1t2t1

 Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$$

$$t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt2t10 \implies$$

$$t1t2t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y*t2t10t2t1.$$

Apply the following at t word position 2:

Let $p = (1, 23, 18, 21)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 19, 5, 12)(4, 10, 22, 16)(6, 15, 7, 17)(9, 13, 11, 24)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t4t8 = yx^2yx^2yt19 \implies$

$$(t4t8)^p = (y * x^2 * y * x^2 * yt19)^p \implies$$

$$t10t2 = y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1}t5 \implies$$

$$x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t2t10t2t1 = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t10t5t1.$$

Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 16, 12, 3, 2, 23)(4, 24, 9, 8, 17, 7)(5, 19, 10, 18, 21, 20)(6, 15, 14, 11, 13, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$$

$$t_{10} = x^{-2} * y * x t_{24} t_{17} \implies$$

$$y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_{10} t_{5} t_1 = y * t_{24} t_{17} t_5 t_1.$$

Apply the following at t word position 4:

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,$
 $20)(10, 24)(11,$
 $17)(14, 21)(18, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = y x^2 y x^{-2} y t_4 t_8. \implies$

$$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * y t_4 t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} t_1 t_2 t_3 \implies$$

$$y * t_{24} t_{17} t_5 t_1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} t_9 t_6 t_{12} t_{12} t_3.$$

We now have $t_1 t_2 t_1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} t_9 t_6 t_{12} t_{12} t_3.$

Conjugate both sides by $n = (1, 4, 12, 11, 15)(3, 7, 10,$
 $24, 23)(5, 21, 13, 16,$
 $6)(9, 19, 22, 18, 17). \implies$

$$t_4 t_2 t_4 = x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * x * t_{19} t_5 t_{11} t_{11} t_7.$$

Reduce in the following way:

$$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * x * t_{19} t_5 t_{11} t_{11} t_7$$

$$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * x * t_{19} t_{17} t_{11} t_7$$

$$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * x * t_{19} t_7$$

$$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * x * t_1$$

Let $p = (1, 15, 11, 12, 4)(3, 23, 24, 10, 7)(5, 6, 16, 13,$
 $21)(9, 17, 18, 22,$
 $19) = n^{-1}. \implies$
 $(t_4 t_2 t_4)^p = (x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * x t_1)^p \implies$
 $t_1 t_2 t_1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} t_1 = x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * x(t_1)^p. /*$

ProveRelation([12, 9], [1, 3]); /*

Start with t12t9

 Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 18, 2, 9, 4)(3, 16, 13, 24, 14)(6, 8, 21, 10,$
 $7)(12, 20, 15, 22, 19)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = y x^2 y x^{-2} y t_4 t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * y t_4 t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{12} = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x t_1 t_2 t_1 \implies$

$t_{12} t_9 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t_1 t_2 t_1 t_9.$

 Reduce in the following way:

$x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x t_1 t_2 t_1 t_9$

$x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x t_1 t_3 /*$

/*Proof Nt1t4, Nt1t15, Nt1t17, Nt1t20, Nt1t18 [1, 3]

See above */

ProveRelation([1,4], [1,3]);/*

Start with t1t4

 Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt2t10 \implies$

$t1t4 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t2t10t4.$

 We now have $t1t4 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t2t10t4.$

Conjugate both sides by $n = (1, 12, 2)(3, 23, 16)(4, 9, 17)(5, 10, 21)(6, 14,$

$13)(7, 24, 8)(11, 22, 15)(18, 20, 19). \implies$

$t12t9 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t1t21t9.$

 Reduce in the following way:

$x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t1t21t9$

$x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t1t3$

 Let $p = (1, 2, 12)(3, 16, 23)(4, 17, 9)(5, 21, 10)(6, 13,$

$14)(7, 8, 24)(11, 15,$
 $22)(18, 19, 20) = n^{-1}. \implies$
 $(t12t9)^p = (x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t1t3)^p \implies$
 $t1t4 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t2t16 = x * y * x^{-1} * y$
 $* x * y * x(t1t3)^p. */$

ProveRelation([1,4],[23, 2, 12, 5]);/*

Start with t1t4

 Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,$
 $20)(10, 24)(11,$

$17)(14, 21)(18, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3 \implies$

$t1t4 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t12t3t4.$

 Apply the following at t word position 3:

Let $p = (1, 22, 12)(2, 9, 17)(3, 23, 14)(4, 18, 19)(5, 8,$
 $21)(6, 13, 10)(7, 16,$

$24)(11, 20, 15)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$$t4 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * y t18 t21 \implies$$

$$y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t12 t3 t4 = (y * x^2)^2 * t3 t4 t18 t21.$$

 We now have $t1 t4 = (y * x^2)^2 * t3 t4 t18 t21$.

Conjugate both sides by $n = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22)$. \implies
 $t19 t2 = (x^{-2} * y)^2 * t23 t2 t12 t5$.

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9, 17)(11, 15)(12, 18)(14, 16)(20, 22) = n^{-1}$. \implies
 $(t19 t2)^p = ((x^{-2} * y)^2 * t23 t2 t12 t5)^p \implies$
 $t1 t4 = (y * x^2)^2 * t3 t4 t18 t21 = (y * x^2)^2 (t23 t2 t12 t5)^p$.

*/

/* End of ProveRelation function testing */

/* Proof of Lemma CC */

$f(x^2) * ts[4] * ts[8] * ts[1] \text{ eq } f(t * x * t^2 * x * t)$;

$f(x^{-1} * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * x * x) * ts[4] * ts[8] * ts[1]$;

$ts[4] * ts[8] \text{ eq } f(y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y) * ts[19]$;

/* Proof of Lemma AA */

```
TPerm([9,2,22,19]) eq TPerm([1,4,20,15]);
```

```
FindTwordWithReducing:=function(elements, tword, startAt)
```

```

for i in [startAt..#elements] do
    /*i, #elements; */
    /*"About to reduce ", elements[i]'name; */
    steps:=ReduceTs(elements[i]'tword);
    if #steps gt 0 then
        for step in steps do
            if 0 in step then continue
            ; end if;
            if tword eq step then
                return i;
            end if;
        end for;
    end if;
end for;
return 0;
end function;
```

```
ProveRightCosetRelation:= function(origTword, targetTword)
```

```

    elements:=[PIW(Id(N), origTword)];
elements:=ApplyRelationsToElements(elements);
```

```

temparr := [];
pos := 1;
pos := FindTwordWithReducing(elements, targetTword,
    1);
while pos eq 0 do
    start := #elements;
    elements := ApplyRelationsToElements(elements
        );
    pos := FindTwordWithReducing(elements,
        targetTword, start);
end while;
sep := "
-----
";
if pos eq 1 then /* we found it right away */
    tempTword := elements[1] 'tword;
    steps := ReduceTs(tempTword);
    if #steps gt 2 then
        sep;
        "Reduce in the following way:";
        temp := elements[1];
        junk := ReducePtw(temp);
        return true;
    end if;

```

```

        end if;
while pos gt 1 do
    temparr:= temparr cat [elements[pos
        ]];
    if #(elements[pos]‘parents) gt 0
        then
            pos:=elements[pos]‘parents
                [1];
        else
            pos:=1; /* we made it to
                the top */
        end if;
end while;
”*****
”PROOF”;
”*****
”Start with ” cat TStr(origTword);
for i in [1..#temparr] do
    ”
    -----
    ”;
    element:=temparr[#temparr - i + 1];

```



```

if #(element 'appliedRelations) gt 0 then
    parentName:=TStr(origTword);
    if #(element 'parents) gt 0 then
        parentName:= elements [
            element 'parents [1] ] '
            name;
    end if;
    "Apply the following at t word
    position " cat Sprint((element '
    appliedRelations [1]) 'applyAt)
    cat ":";
(element 'appliedRelations [1]) 'info cat " ==> ";
parentName cat " = " cat PtwStr(element) cat ".";
end if;

end for;
steps:=ReduceTs(temparr [1] 'tword);
if #steps gt 1 then
    "
    -----
    ";
    "Reduce in the following way:";
    temp:=temparr [1];
    temp 'tword:=(temp 'tword);
    temp 'perm:=(temp 'perm);

```

```

        junk:=ReducePtw(temp);
        return true;
    end if;
    if #temparr gt 0 then
        return true;
    end if;
    return false;
end function;

/* Prove that Nt1t3 = Nt7t4 */
ProveRightCosetRelation([1,3], [1,3,7]);/*
Start with t1t3

-----

Apply the following at t word position 1:
Let p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,
    20)(10, 24)(11,
17)(14, 21)(18, 22) belong to N.
Lemma 3: t19 = yx^2yx^-2yt4t8. ==>
(t19)^p = (y * x^-2 * y * x^-2 * yt4t8)^p ==>
t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1t12t3 ==>
t1t3 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^-1*t12t3t3.

-----

Apply the following at t word position 1:
Let p = (1, 18, 15)(2, 11, 4)(3, 7, 6)(5, 16, 14)(8, 23,

```

10)(9, 19, 12)(13, 24,
21)(17, 22, 20) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * yt2t23 \implies$

$y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t12t3t3 = x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t3t3.$

Apply the following at t word position 2:

Let $p = (1, 5, 4, 24, 20, 3)(2, 21, 19, 23, 22, 6)(7, 11,$
10, 18, 14, 9)(8, 15,
13, 17, 16, 12) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t23 = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-2}t24t15 \implies$

$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t3t3 = x^{-2} * y * x^2 * t8t24t15t3t3.$

Apply the following at t word position 2:

Let $p = (1, 6, 15, 23, 20, 10)(2, 16, 19, 24, 9, 5)(3, 17,$
14, 22, 7, 12)(4, 13,
18, 21, 11, 8) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$$t_4 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x t_3 t_4 \implies$$

$$x^{-2} * y * x^2 * t_8 t_4 t_5 t_3 t_3 = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 *$$

$$t_9 t_3 t_4 t_5 t_3 t_3.$$

Reduce in the following way:

$$y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_9 t_3 t_4 t_5 t_3 t_3$$

$$y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_7 t_4 t_5 t_3 t_3$$

$$y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_7 t_4 t_2 t_3$$

$$y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_7 t_4 * /$$

/* Prove $N t_1 t_3 t_7$ belongs to DC $[1, 3]$ */

ProveRelation($[1, 3], [1, 3, 7]$); /*

Start with $t_1 t_3$

Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 18)(3, 21)(4, 11)(5, 16)(6, 8)(7, 13)(9,$
 $15)(10, 23)(12,$
 $20)(14, 24)(17, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_9 = y x^2 y x^{-2} y t_4 t_8$. \implies

$$(t_9)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * y t_4 t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_1 = x^{-1} * y * x^2 t_1 t_6 \implies$$

$$t_1 t_3 = x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_1 t_6 t_3.$$

Apply the following at t word position 3:

Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4, 23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15, 16, 11, 24, 20)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$$

$$t_3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt_2t_3t_1 \implies$$

$$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_{11}t_6t_3 = x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t_{13}t_{17}t_{23}t_1.$$

 We now have $t_1t_3 = x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t_{13}t_{17}t_{23}t_1$.

Conjugate both sides by $n = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 18, 16, 11)(4, 23,$

$9, 6)(5, 15, 24, 22)(10, 17, 21, 12). \implies$

$$t_7t_{18} = (x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t_1t_{21}t_9t_7.$$

 Reduce in the following way:

$$(x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t_1t_{21}t_9t_7$$

$$(x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t_1t_3t_7$$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 11, 16, 18)(4, 6, 9, 23)(5, 22, 24,$

$15)(10, 12, 21, 17) = n^{-1}. \implies$

$$(t_7t_{18})^p = ((x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t_1t_3t_7)^p \implies$$

```
t1t3 = x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^-1 * y*t13t11t1 = (x
    ^-1 * y *
x^2)^2(t1t3t7)^p. */
```

```
/* Output after a few minor modification some functions */
```

```
ProveRightCosetRelation([1,3], [2,23,9]);
```

```
/******
```

Looking for relations to apply to t1t3

Found 12

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9,$
 $17)(11, 15)(12,$

$18)(14, 16)(20, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt2t10$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y*t2t10t3$

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,$
 $20)(10, 24)(11,$

$17)(14, 21)(18, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3t3$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 20)(3, 16)(4, 9)(5, 24)(6, 23)(7, 13)(8, 14)(10, 21)(11, 18)(12, 17)(15, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^{-2} * yt9t14$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * y*t9t14t3$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 18)(3, 21)(4, 11)(5, 16)(6, 8)(7, 13)(9, 15)(10, 23)(12, 20)(14, 24)(17, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = x^{-1} * y * x^2t11t6$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2*t11t6t3$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 17)(3, 24)(4, 22)(5, 8)(6, 21)(7, 13)(9, 18)(10, 16)(11, 20)(12, 15)(14, 23)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x^2 * y * x^2 * yt22t5$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y*t22t5t3$

 Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10, 12)(14, 17)(16, 18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t6t11$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}*t13t6t11$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4, 23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15, 16, 11, 24, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt23t1$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x*t21t23t1$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 22, 13, 9)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$$

$$t3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t7t22. \text{ Apply at position 2.}$$

$$\text{Found a new name: } x^2 * y * x^{-1}t10t7t22$$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13)$ belong to N .

$$\text{Lemma 3: } t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$$

$$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$$

$$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t20. \text{ Apply at position 2.}$$

$$\text{Found a new name: } x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y*t16t16t20$$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14, 12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15, 23, 22, 8, 18)$ belong to N .

$$\text{Lemma 3: } t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$$

$$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$$

$$t3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt14t18. \text{ Apply at position 2.}$$

$$\text{Found a new name: } y * x^{-2} * y * x * y*t7t14t18$$

 Let $p = \text{Id}(\$)$ belong to N .

$$t1 = t7t19 \implies$$

$$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$$

$$t1 = \text{Id}(\$)t7t19. \text{ Apply at position 1.}$$

Found a new name: $t_7t_{19}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9, 14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12, 16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_3 = \text{Id}(\$)t_9t_{21}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t_1t_9t_{21}$

Looking for relations to apply to $x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t_2t_{10}t_3$

Found 20

 Let $p = (1, 16, 17, 24)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 15, 21, 9)(4, 5, 18, 7)(6, 19, 10, 11)(12, 13, 22, 23)$ belong to N .

Lemma 2: $t_{19}t_9 = yx^{-1}yt_{12}t_{11} \implies$

$(t_{19}t_9)^p = (y * x^{-1} * yt_{12}t_{11})^p \implies$

$t_{10}t_3 = y * x^{-2} * yt_{13}t_6$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y * t_2t_{13}t_6$

 Let $p = (1, 20, 12, 9, 17)(2, 18, 15, 11, 19)(3, 23, 13, 8,$

6) (5, 7, 14, 24, 21)

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t2 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * xt4t6$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t4t6t10t3$

 Let $p = (1, 20, 4)(2, 22, 19)(3, 24, 5)(6, 23, 21)(7, 14,$
 $10)(8, 16, 13)(9, 18,$

$11)(12, 17, 15)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t2 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt1t16$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $t1t16t10t3$

 Let $p = (1, 20, 11, 22, 18)(2, 17, 4, 12, 19)(5, 10, 24,$
 $13, 8)(6, 7, 14, 23,$

$16)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t2 = y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1}t12t5$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t12t5t10t3$

 Let $p = (1, 20, 15)(2, 9, 19)(3, 7, 14)(4, 11, 18)(5, 24,$

16)(6, 10, 23)(8, 21,

13)(12, 22, 17) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_2 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t_{11}t_{21}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^{-1})^2 * t_{11}t_{21}t_{10}t_3$

Let $p = (1, 20)(2, 19)(3, 10)(4, 15)(5, 23)(6, 24)(7, 14)$

$(8, 13)(9, 22)(11,$

$17)(12, 18)(16, 21)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_2 = x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * yt_{15}t_{13}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $(y * x)^2 * t_{15}t_{13}t_{10}t_3$

Let $p = (1, 16)(2, 6)(3, 11)(4, 7)(5, 15)(8, 12)(9, 23)(10,$

$19)(13, 22)(14,$

$18)(17, 21)(20, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{10} = x * y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt_7t_{12}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * y * t_8t_7t_{12}t_3$

Let $p = (1, 16, 17, 24)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 15, 21, 9)(4, 5,$

18, 7)(6, 19, 10,

11)(12, 13, 22, 23) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{10} = y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1}t_5t_{20}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_{10}t_5t_{20}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 16, 20, 21)(2, 3, 19, 10)(4, 14, 15, 7)(5, 11,$
 $23, 17)(6, 18, 24,$

12)(8, 9, 13, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{10} = x^{-1} * yt_{14}t_9$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2} * y * x * t_{21}t_{14}t_9t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 16, 9, 6, 11, 8)(2, 13, 22, 3, 18, 5)(4, 21,$
 $12, 23, 20, 7)(10, 15,$

24, 17, 14, 19) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{10} = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_{21}t_1$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t_3t_{21}t_1t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 16, 12, 3, 2, 23)(4, 24, 9, 8, 17, 7)(5, 19,$

10, 18, 21, 20)(6, 15,
14, 11, 13, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{10} = x^{-2} * y * xt_2t_4t_{17}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $(x^2 * y)^2 * t_{14}t_{24}t_{17}t_3$

Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,$
 $12)(14, 17)(16,$

$18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t_6t_{11}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^{-1})^2 * t_{24}t_{22}t_6t_{11}$

Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4,$
 $23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15,$

$16, 11, 24, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt_2t_3t_1$. Apply at position

3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * t_8t_4t_{23}t_1$

Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 22, 13, 9)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t7t22$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-2} * y*t14t9t7t22$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t20$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $t_3t_2t16t20$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14, 12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15, 23, 22, 8, 18)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt14t18$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t6t20t14t18$

 Let $p = (1, 2, 4, 18, 9)(3, 13, 14, 16, 24)(6, 21, 7, 8,$
 $10)(12, 15, 19, 20, 22)$

belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t2 = \text{Id}(\$)t8t20$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t8t20t10t3$

 Let $p = (1, 10, 20, 23, 15, 6)(2, 5, 9, 24, 19, 16)(3, 12,$
 $7, 22, 14, 17)(4, 8,$

$11, 21, 18, 13)$ belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t10 = \text{Id}(\$)t22t16$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t2t22t16t3$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$

$16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t3 = \text{Id}(\$)t9t21$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t2t10t9t21$

Looking for relations to apply to $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x$
 $^{-1} * t_{12} t_{3t3}$

Found 14

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$
 $16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N.

$t_1^2 = t_7 \implies$

$(t_1 t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$) t_7)^p \implies$

$t_3 t_3 = \text{Id}(\$) t_9$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t_{12} t_9$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 17)(2, 4, 15)(3, 8, 10)(5, 7, 6)(9, 20, 22)$
 $(11, 19, 12)(13, 24,$
 $23)(14, 16, 21)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{12} = y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt_{15}t_{10}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t_{15}t_{10}t_3t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 15)(2, 11, 4)(3, 7, 6)(5, 16, 14)(8, 23,$
 $10)(9, 19, 12)(13, 24,$

21)(17, 22, 20) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * yt2t23$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y*t2t23t3t3$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 22, 11, 20)(2, 19, 12, 4, 17)(5, 8, 13, 24,$
 $10)(6, 16, 23, 14,$

7) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = y * x^{-1}t17t13$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2*t17t13t3t3$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 2, 9, 4)(3, 16, 13, 24, 14)(6, 8, 21, 10,$
 $7)(12, 20, 15, 22, 19)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt1t21$. Apply at position
 1.

Found a new name: $t1t21t3t3$

 Let $p = (1, 18)(2, 20)(3, 5)(4, 22)(6, 7)(8, 14)(9, 11)(10,$

16)(12, 19)(13,
24)(15, 17)(21, 23) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{12} = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt_2t_{14}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $(y * x^2)^2 * t_2t_{14}t_3t_3$

Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,$
 $12)(14, 17)(16,$

18)(20, 23)(22, 24) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t_6t_{11}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y *$
 $t_2t_3t_6t_{11}t_3$

Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4,$
 $23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15,$

16, 11, 24, 20) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt_2t_3t_1$. Apply at position
2.

Found a new name: $t_5t_2t_3t_1t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 22, 13, 9)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t7t22$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x*t24t7t22t3$

Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t20$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y*t6t16t20t3$

Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14, 12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15, 23, 22, 8, 18)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt14t18$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $(y * x^2)^2*t3t14t18t3$

 Let $p = (1, 12, 2)(3, 23, 16)(4, 9, 17)(5, 10, 21)(6, 14,$
 $13)(7, 24, 8)(11, 22,$
 $15)(18, 20, 19)$ belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t12 = \text{Id}(\$)t24t18$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t24t18t3t3$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$
 $16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t3 = \text{Id}(\$)t9t21$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t12t9t21t3$

Looking for relations to apply to $y * x * y * x^{-2} * y *$

$t9t14t3$

Found 19

 Let $p = (1, 15, 11, 12, 4)(3, 23, 24, 10, 7)(5, 6, 16, 13,$
 $21)(9, 17, 18, 22,$

19) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t9 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt1t8$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $t1t8t14t3$

 Let $p = (1, 15)(2, 12)(3, 7)(4, 22)(5, 23)(6, 14)(8, 24)(9,$
 $19)(10, 16)(11,$

$17)(13, 21)(18, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t9 = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-2}t22t24$. Apply at position
 1.

Found a new name: $(x^2 * y)^2t22t24t14t3$

 Let $p = (1, 15, 20)(2, 19, 9)(3, 14, 7)(4, 18, 11)(5, 16,$
 $24)(6, 23, 10)(8, 13,$

$21)(12, 17, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t9 = y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt18t13$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * y*$

$t18t13t14t3$

Let $p = (1, 15, 22, 2, 17)(3, 16, 8, 5, 7)(4, 20, 11, 19,$
 $9)(10, 14, 23, 13, 21)$

belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_9 = x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * yt_{20}t_5$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * t_{20}t_5t_{14}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 15, 18)(2, 4, 11)(3, 6, 7)(5, 14, 16)(8, 10,$
 $23)(9, 12, 19)(13, 21,$

$24)(17, 20, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_9 = y * xt_{11}t_{10}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-1} * t_{11}t_{10}t_{14}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 8, 11, 6, 9, 16)(2, 5, 18, 3, 22, 13)(4, 7, 20,$
 $23, 12, 21)(10, 19,$

$14, 17, 24, 15)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = x * yt_7t_{11}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_{21}t_7t_{11}t_3$

Let $p = (1, 8, 12, 5, 22, 21)(2, 6, 17, 10, 9, 13)(3, 19, 14, 18, 23, 4)(7, 20, 24, 11, 16, 15)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt3t12$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y * t24t3t12t3$

 Let $p = (1, 8, 15, 24)(2, 21, 12, 13)(3, 18, 7, 20)(4, 10, 22, 16)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 19, 14, 9)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = y * xt10t15$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-1} * t14t10t15t3$

 Let $p = (1, 8)(2, 13)(3, 17)(4, 24)(5, 9)(6, 22)(7, 20)(10, 18)(11, 21)(12, 16)(14, 19)(15, 23)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt24t1$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t6t24t1t3$

Let $p = (1, 8, 4, 23)(2, 16, 11, 13)(3, 9, 21, 15)(5, 19, 14, 22)(6, 18, 24, 12)(7, 20, 10, 17)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t14 = y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt23t4$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y*t3t23t4t3$

 Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10, 12)(14, 17)(16, 18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t6t11$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y * x*t8t12t6t11$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4, 23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15, 16, 11, 24, 20)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt23t1$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-2} * y*t24t2t23t1$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 22, 13, 9)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t7t22$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * t5t20t7t22$

Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t20$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t13t15t16t20$

Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14, 12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15, 23, 22, 8, 18)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt14t18$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^{-1}t_{10}t_{18}t_{14}t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 9, 22)(2, 18, 17)(3, 10, 13)(4, 19, 15)(5, 8,$
 $6)(7, 21, 16)(11, 20,$
 $12)(14, 24, 23)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_9 = \text{Id}(\$)t_{21}t_{15}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * t_{21}t_{15}t_{14}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 14)(2, 7)(3, 12)(4, 5)(6, 15)(8, 19)(9, 24)(10,$
 $11)(13, 20)(16,$
 $17)(18, 21)(22, 23)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_{14} = \text{Id}(\$)t_2t_8$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * t_9t_2t_8t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$
 $16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_3 = \text{Id}(\$)t_9t_{21}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * t_9 t_{14} t_9 t_2 t_1$

Looking for relations to apply to $x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_{11} t_6 t_3$

Found 19

 Let $p = (1, 17, 18)(2, 15, 4)(3, 10, 8)(5, 6, 7)(9, 22, 20)$
 $(11, 12, 19)(13, 23,$
 $24)(14, 21, 16)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{11} = x^2 * y * x^2 t_2 t_3$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * t_2 t_3 t_6 t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 17, 4)(2, 12, 15)(3, 8, 24)(5, 10, 7)(6, 21,$
 $14)(9, 20, 18)(11, 22,$
 $19)(13, 23, 16)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{11} = x^{-2} * y * xt_1 t_2 t_4$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $t_1 t_2 t_4 t_6 t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 17, 2, 22, 15)(3, 7, 5, 8, 16)(4, 9, 19, 11,$
 $20)(10, 21, 13, 23, 14)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t11 = x^{-1} * yt9t16$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y*t9t16t6t3$

 Let $p = (1, 17, 9, 12, 20)(2, 19, 11, 15, 18)(3, 6, 8, 13,$
 $23)(5, 21, 24, 14, 7)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t11 = x * y * x^{-2}t4t13$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x*t4t13t6t3$

 Let $p = (1, 17)(2, 20)(3, 21)(4, 18)(5, 7)(6, 10)(8, 14)(9,$
 $15)(11, 19)(12,$

$22)(13, 23)(16, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t11 = y * x^{-1}t18t14$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2} * y * x*t18t14t6t3$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 15, 8)(2, 13, 12, 21)(3, 20, 7, 18)(4, 16,$
 $22, 10)(5, 11, 23,$

17)(6, 9, 14, 19) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t6 = x^{-2} * y * xt16t1.$ Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t10t16t1t3$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 22, 14, 9, 23)(2, 21, 17, 7, 18, 16)(3, 11,$
 $13, 12, 10, 20)(4,$

$8, 15, 5, 19, 6)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t6 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt8t15.$ Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x*t5t8t15t3$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 2, 10, 11, 21)(3, 19, 6, 20, 16, 17)(4, 5,$
 $9, 13, 12, 14)(7, 18,$

$8, 22, 23, 15)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t6 = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-2}t5t22.$ Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^2*t16t5t22t3$

 Let $p = (1, 24)(2, 23)(3, 4)(5, 20)(6, 19)(7, 18)(8, 17)(9,$
 $10)(11, 14)(12,$

13)(15, 16)(21, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_6 = x^2 * y * x^2t_3t_{17}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2}t_6t_3t_{17}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 17, 16)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 7,$
 $18, 5)(6, 11, 10,$

19)(12, 23, 22, 13) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_6 = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * xt_7t_2$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x^2t_2t_3t_7t_2t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,$
 $12)(14, 17)(16,$

18)(20, 23)(22, 24) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t_6t_{11}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^2t_2t_{11}t_6t_{11}$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4,$
 $23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15,$

16, 11, 24, 20) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt23t1.$ Apply at position
3.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t13t17t23t1$

Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 22, 13, 9)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t7t22.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * t7t12t7t22$

Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt16t20.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(y * x^{-2})^2 * t23t18t16t20$

Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14, 12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15, 23, 22, 8, 18)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt_{14}t_{18}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y*t_5t_{15}t_{14}t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 11, 4, 15, 12)(3, 24, 7, 23, 10)(5, 16, 21, 6, 13)(9, 18, 19, 17, 22)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_{11} = \text{Id}(\$)t_{23}t_{17}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2*t_{23}t_{17}t_6t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 6, 2, 5)(3, 15, 21, 9)(4, 10, 22, 16)(7, 12, 8, 11)(13, 18, 14, 17)(19, 24, 20, 23)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_6 = \text{Id}(\$)t_{12}t_{24}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2*t_{11}t_{12}t_{24}t_3$

Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$
 $16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^p \implies$

$t3 = \text{Id}(\$)t9t21$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t11t6t9t21$

Looking for relations to apply to $y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y * t22t5t3$

Found 20

 Let $p = (1, 23, 4, 8)(2, 13, 11, 16)(3, 15, 21, 9)(5, 22,$
 $14, 19)(6, 12, 24,$
 $18)(7, 17, 10, 20)$ belong to N .

Lemma 2: $t19t9 = yx^{-1}yt12t11 \implies$

$(t19t9)^p = (y * x^{-1} * yt12t11)^p \implies$

$t5t3 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t24t16$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t9t24t16$

 Let $p = (1, 4, 12, 11, 15)(3, 7, 10, 24, 23)(5, 21, 13, 16,$
 $6)(9, 19, 22, 18,$
 $17)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t22 = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt12t8.$ Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x*t12t8t5t3$

 Let $p = (1, 4, 17)(2, 15, 12)(3, 24, 8)(5, 7, 10)(6, 14,$
 $21)(9, 18, 20)(11, 19,$
 $22)(13, 16, 23)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t22 = x * y * x^{-2}t17t3.$ Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y*t17t3t5t3$

 Let $p = (1, 4, 20)(2, 19, 22)(3, 5, 24)(6, 21, 23)(7, 10,$
 $14)(8, 13, 16)(9, 11,$
 $18)(12, 15, 17)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t22 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * xt20t13.$ Apply at position
 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x^2*t20t13t5t3$

 Let $p = (1, 4)(2, 11)(3, 21)(5, 14)(6, 24)(7, 10)(8, 23)(9,$
 $15)(12, 18)(13,$

16)(17, 20)(19, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t22 = y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt1t23.$ Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $t1t23t5t3$

 Let $p = (1, 4, 9, 2, 18)(3, 14, 24, 13, 16)(6, 7, 10, 21,$
 $8)(12, 19, 22, 15, 20)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t22 = x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x * yt9t6.$ Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2} * y*t9t6t5t3$

 Let $p = (1, 23, 9, 14, 22, 24)(2, 16, 18, 7, 17, 21)(3, 20,$
 $10, 12, 13, 11)(4,$

$6, 19, 5, 15, 8)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t5 = x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x * yt6t4.$ Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2} * y*t5t6t4t3$

 Let $p = (1, 23)(2, 24)(3, 22)(4, 21)(5, 19)(6, 20)(7, 17)$
 $(8, 18)(9, 16)(10,$

15)(11, 13)(12, 14) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t5 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt21t18.$ Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^{-1})^2 * t10t21t18t3$

 Let $p = (1, 23, 18, 21)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 19, 5, 12)(4, 10,$
 $22, 16)(6, 15, 7,$

17)(9, 13, 11, 24) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t5 = x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * yt10t2.$ Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t8t10t2t3$

 Let $p = (1, 23, 4, 8)(2, 13, 11, 16)(3, 15, 21, 9)(5, 22,$
 $14, 19)(6, 12, 24,$

18)(7, 17, 10, 20) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t5 = y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt8t1.$ Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t14t8t1t3$

 Let $p = (1, 23, 2, 3, 12, 16)(4, 7, 17, 8, 9, 24)(5, 20,$

21, 18, 10, 19)(6, 22,
13, 11, 14, 15) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_5 = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2t_7t_9$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $(y * x)^2 * t_{16}t_7t_9t_3$

Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,$
12)(14, 17)(16,
18)(20, 23)(22, 24) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x^{-2} * y * x^{-2}t_6t_{11}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * t_{16}t_9t_6t_{11}$

Let $p = (1, 21, 22, 5, 12, 8)(2, 13, 9, 10, 17, 6)(3, 4,$
23, 18, 14, 19)(7, 15,
16, 11, 24, 20) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt_2t_3t_1$. Apply at position

3.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^{-1})^2 * t_{10}t_{19}t_2t_3t_1$

Let $p = (1, 21, 20, 16)(2, 10, 19, 3)(4, 7, 15, 14)(5, 17, 23, 11)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 22, 13, 9)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x^2 * y * x^{-1}t_7t_{22}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y*t_2t_1t_7t_{22}$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 18, 23)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 12, 5, 19)(4, 16, 22, 10)(6, 17, 7, 15)(9, 24, 11, 13)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_{16}t_{20}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(x^2 * y * x^{-1})^2*t_8t_{11}t_{16}t_{20}$

 Let $p = (1, 21, 11, 10, 2, 24)(3, 17, 16, 20, 6, 19)(4, 14, 12, 13, 9, 5)(7, 15, 23, 22, 8, 18)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_3 = y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt_{14}t_{18}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y*t_{14}t_{17}t_{14}t_{18}$

Let $p = (1, 22, 12)(2, 9, 17)(3, 23, 14)(4, 18, 19)(5, 8,$
 $21)(6, 13, 10)(7, 16,$
 $24)(11, 20, 15)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^p \implies$

$t22 = \text{Id}(\$)t16t4$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y * t16t4t5t3$

 Let $p = (1, 5, 2, 6)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 16, 22, 10)(7, 11, 8,$
 $12)(13, 17, 14,$
 $18)(19, 23, 20, 24)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^p \implies$

$t5 = \text{Id}(\$)t11t23$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y * t22t11t23t3$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$
 $16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^p \implies$

$t3 = \text{Id}(\$)t9t21$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y * t22t5t9t21$

Looking for relations to apply to $x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * t_{13} t_6 t_{11}$

Found 20

 Let $p = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 18, 16, 11)(4, 23, 9, 6)(5, 15, 24, 22)(10, 17, 21, 12)$ belong to N.

Lemma 2: $t_{19} t_9 = y x^{-1} y t_{12} t_{11} \implies$

$(t_{19} t_9)^p = (y * x^{-1} * y t_{12} t_{11})^p \implies$

$t_{13} t_6 = y * x^2 * y t_{10} t_3$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * t_{10} t_3 t_{11}$

 Let $p = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 18, 16, 11)(4, 23, 9, 6)(5, 15, 24, 22)(10, 17, 21, 12)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = y x^2 y x^{-2} y t_4 t_8 \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^2 * y * x^{-2} * y t_4 t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{13} = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 t_2 t_3 t_2$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y * t_2 t_3 t_2 t_6 t_{11}$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 15, 8)(2, 13, 12, 21)(3, 20, 7, 18)(4, 16, 22, 10)(5, 11, 23, 17)(6, 9, 14, 19)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t6 = x^{-2} * y * xt16t1$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y*t12t16t1t11$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 22, 14, 9, 23)(2, 21, 17, 7, 18, 16)(3, 11, 13, 12, 10, 20)(4, 8, 15, 5, 19, 6)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t6 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt8t15$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $(x * y)^2*t2t8t15t11$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 2, 10, 11, 21)(3, 19, 6, 20, 16, 17)(4, 5, 9, 13, 12, 14)(7, 18, 8, 22, 23, 15)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t6 = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-2}t5t22$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * y* t19t5t22t11$

 Let $p = (1, 24)(2, 23)(3, 4)(5, 20)(6, 19)(7, 18)(8, 17)(9, 10)(11, 14)(12,$

13)(15, 16)(21, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t6 = x^2 * y * x^2t3t17. \text{ Apply at position 2.}$

Found a new name: $t1t3t17t11$

 Let $p = (1, 24, 17, 16)(2, 14, 20, 8)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 7,$
 $18, 5)(6, 11, 10,$

19)(12, 23, 22, 13) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t6 = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * xt7t2. \text{ Apply at position 2.}$

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^{-1})^2 * t20t7t2t11$

 Let $p = (1, 17, 18)(2, 15, 4)(3, 10, 8)(5, 6, 7)(9, 22, 20)$
 $(11, 12, 19)(13, 23,$

24)(14, 21, 16) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t11 = x^2 * y * x^2t2t3. \text{ Apply at position 3.}$

Found a new name: $t1t20t2t3$

 Let $p = (1, 17, 4)(2, 12, 15)(3, 8, 24)(5, 10, 7)(6, 21,$
 $14)(9, 20, 18)(11, 22,$

19)(13, 23, 16) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t11 = x^{-2} * y * xt1t24. \text{ Apply at position 3.}$

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y*t12t11t1t24$

 Let $p = (1, 17, 2, 22, 15)(3, 7, 5, 8, 16)(4, 9, 19, 11,$
 $20)(10, 21, 13, 23, 14)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t11 = x^{-1} * yt9t16. \text{ Apply at position 3.}$

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x^2*t19t12t9t16$

 Let $p = (1, 17, 9, 12, 20)(2, 19, 11, 15, 18)(3, 6, 8, 13,$
 $23)(5, 21, 24, 14, 7)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t11 = x * y * x^{-2}t4t13. \text{ Apply at position 3.}$

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-1}*t17t18t4t13$

 Let $p = (1, 17)(2, 20)(3, 21)(4, 18)(5, 7)(6, 10)(8, 14)(9,$
 $15)(11, 19)(12,$

22)(13, 23)(16, 24) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{11} = y * x^{-1}t_{18}t_{14}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * t_{18}t_{21}t_{18}t_{14}$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 16, 15, 6)(3, 12, 8, 4)(5, 11,$
 $23, 17)(9, 24, 20,$

10)(14, 22, 21, 18) belong to N.

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_{13} = \text{Id}(\$)t_1t_7$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * t_1t_7t_6t_{11}$

 Let $p = (1, 6, 2, 5)(3, 15, 21, 9)(4, 10, 22, 16)(7, 12, 8,$
 $11)(13, 18, 14,$

17)(19, 24, 20, 23) belong to N.

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_6 = \text{Id}(\$)t_{12}t_{24}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * t_{13}t_{12}t_{24}t_{11}$

 Let $p = (1, 11, 4, 15, 12)(3, 24, 7, 23, 10)(5, 16, 21, 6,$
 $13)(9, 18, 19, 17,$

22) belong to N.

$$t1 = t7t19 \implies$$

$$(t1)^{\wedge}p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\wedge}p \implies$$

t11 = Id(\$)t23t17. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * t13t6t23t17$

Looking for relations to apply to $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y$

$$* x * t21t23t1$$

Found 20

 Let $p = (1, 3, 11, 14)(2, 7, 9, 23)(4, 10, 22, 16)(5, 20, 13, 15)(6, 18, 24, 12)(8, 19, 21, 17)$ belong to N.

Lemma 2: $t19t9 = yx^{-1}yt12t11 \implies$

$$(t19t9)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-1} * yt12t11)^{\wedge}p \implies$$

t21t23 = $x * y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-1}t6t14$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y * t6t14t1$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9, 14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12, 16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8 \implies$

$$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$$

$t_{21} = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t_{5t_{12}}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $t_{5t_{12}t_{23}t_1}$

 Let $p = (1, 5, 2, 6)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 16, 22, 10)(7, 11, 8,$
 $12)(13, 17, 14,$
 $18)(19, 23, 20, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{23} = y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1}t_{16t_{12}}$. Apply at position
 2.

Found a new name: $(x^{-2} * y)^2 * t_9t_{16}t_{12}t_1$

 Let $p = (1, 5, 4, 24, 20, 3)(2, 21, 19, 23, 22, 6)(7, 11,$
 $10, 18, 14, 9)(8, 15,$
 $13, 17, 16, 12)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{23} = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-2}t_{24}t_{15}$. Apply at position
 2.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t_{17}t_{24}t_{15}t_1$

 Let $p = (1, 5)(2, 10)(3, 18)(4, 14)(6, 9)(7, 11)(8, 22)(12,$
 $21)(13, 17)(15,$
 $24)(16, 20)(19, 23)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t23 = y * x^2 * y * x^2 * yt14t22$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x * t15t14t22t1$

 Let $p = (1, 5, 18, 16, 15, 14)(2, 7, 11, 6, 4, 3)(8, 19,$
 $23, 12, 10, 9)(13, 17,$
 $24, 22, 21, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t23 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t3t19$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t1t3t19t1$

 Let $p = (1, 5, 9, 10)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 4, 13, 17)(6, 18,$
 $24, 12)(7, 11, 21,$
 $22)(15, 16, 19, 23)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t23 = x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * yt13t20$. Apply at position
 2.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t19t13t20t1$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9,$
 $17)(11, 15)(12,$

18)(14, 16)(20, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt2t10.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^{-1})^2 * t20t11t2t10$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,$
 $20)(10, 24)(11,$

17)(14, 21)(18, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $t1t18t12t3$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 20)(3, 16)(4, 9)(5, 24)(6, 23)(7, 13)(8,$
 $14)(10, 21)(11,$

18)(12, 17)(15, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^{-2} * yt9t14.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(x * y)^2 * t2t17t9t14$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 18)(3, 21)(4, 11)(5, 16)(6, 8)(7, 13)(9,$
 $15)(10, 23)(12,$

20)(14, 24)(17, 22) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_1 = x^{-1} * y * x^2t_{11}t_6$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(x^2 * y * x^{-1})^2t_9t_{12}t_{11}t_6$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 17)(3, 24)(4, 22)(5, 8)(6, 21)(7, 13)(9,$
 $18)(10, 16)(11,$

20)(12, 15)(14, 23) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_1 = y * x^2 * y * x^2 * yt_{22}t_5$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x * t_{15}t_{11}t_{22}t_5$

 Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,$
 $12)(14, 17)(16,$

18)(20, 23)(22, 24) belong to N.

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_{21} = \text{Id}(\$)t_{15}t_3$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t_{15}t_3t_{23}t_1$

 Let $p = (1, 23, 9, 14, 22, 24)(2, 16, 18, 7, 17, 21)(3, 20,$
 $10, 12, 13, 11)(4,$

6, 19, 5, 15, 8) belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\wedge}p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t23 = \text{Id}(\$)t17t5$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t21t17t5t1$

Let $p = \text{Id}(\$)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\wedge}p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t1 = \text{Id}(\$)t7t19$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x * t21t23t7t19$

Looking for relations to apply to $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t10t7t22$

Found 19

Let $p = (1, 16, 12, 3, 2, 23)(4, 24, 9, 8, 17, 7)(5, 19,$
 $10, 18, 21, 20)(6, 15,$

$14, 11, 13, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t10 = x^{-2} * y * xt24t17$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^2 * y * x * t24t17t7t22$

Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 16, 15, 6)(3, 12, 8, 4)(5, 11, 23, 17)(9, 24, 20, 10)(14, 22, 21, 18)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t7 = x * y * x^{-2}t3t4$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t1t3t4t22$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 21, 4, 5)(3, 22, 23, 20)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 15, 10, 11)(9, 16, 17, 14)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t7 = x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * yt5t15$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2} * y * x*t4t5t15t22$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 11, 16, 18)(4, 6, 9, 23)(5, 22, 24, 15)(10, 12, 21, 17)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t7 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * xt6t20$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-1}*t12t6t20t22$

Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 23, 18, 10)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 14, 11, 24)(5, 12, 16, 20)(6, 22, 8, 17)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$
 $t_7 = y * x^{-1}t_{14}t_{17}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x * y * t_{22}t_{14}t_{17}t_{22}$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 24, 17, 3)(4, 10, 22, 16)(5, 9, 8, 18)(6, 11, 21, 20)(12, 23, 15, 14)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$
 $t_7 = y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt_{10}t_{18}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * t_{18}t_{10}t_{18}t_{22}$

 Let $p = (1, 4, 12, 11, 15)(3, 7, 10, 24, 23)(5, 21, 13, 16, 6)(9, 19, 22, 18, 17)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$
 $t_{22} = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_{12}t_8$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(x^{-2} * y)^2 * t_9t_{11}t_{12}t_8$

Let $p = (1, 4, 17)(2, 15, 12)(3, 24, 8)(5, 7, 10)(6, 14, 21)(9, 18, 20)(11, 19, 22)(13, 16, 23)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t22 = x * y * x^{-2}t17t3$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $t1t11t17t3$

 Let $p = (1, 4, 20)(2, 19, 22)(3, 5, 24)(6, 21, 23)(7, 10, 14)(8, 13, 16)(9, 11, 18)(12, 15, 17)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t22 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * xt20t13$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-1}t12t22t20t13$

 Let $p = (1, 4)(2, 11)(3, 21)(5, 14)(6, 24)(7, 10)(8, 23)(9, 15)(12, 18)(13, 16)(17, 20)(19, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t22 = y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt1t23$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y*$

t20t17t1t23

 Let $p = (1, 4, 9, 2, 18)(3, 14, 24, 13, 16)(6, 7, 10, 21,$
 $8)(12, 19, 22, 15, 20)$

belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t22 = x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x * yt9t6$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $(x^{-1} * y * x^2)^2 * t17t19t9t6$

 Let $p = (1, 10, 20, 23, 15, 6)(2, 5, 9, 24, 19, 16)(3, 12,$
 $7, 22, 14, 17)(4, 8,$

$11, 21, 18, 13)$ belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^p \implies$

$t10 = \text{Id}(\$)t22t16$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t22t16t7t22$

 Let $p = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 5, 4, 21)(3, 20, 23, 22)(6, 18,$
 $24, 12)(8, 11, 10,$

$15)(9, 14, 17, 16)$ belong to N .

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^p \implies$

$t7 = \text{Id}(\$)t19t13$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t_{10} t_{19} t_{13} t_{22}$

 Let $p = (1, 22, 12)(2, 9, 17)(3, 23, 14)(4, 18, 19)(5, 8,$
 $21)(6, 13, 10)(7, 16,$
 $24)(11, 20, 15)$ belong to N.

$t_1 = t_7 t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$) t_7 t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_{22} = \text{Id}(\$) t_{16} t_4$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t_{10} t_7 t_{16} t_4$

Looking for relations to apply to $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t_{16} t_{16} t_{20}$

Found 14

 Let $p = (1, 16)(2, 6)(3, 11)(4, 7)(5, 15)(8, 12)(9, 23)(10,$
 $19)(13, 22)(14,$
 $18)(17, 21)(20, 24)$ belong to N.

$t_1^2 = t_7 \implies$

$(t_1 t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$) t_7)^p \implies$

$t_{16} t_{16} = \text{Id}(\$) t_4$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t_4 t_{20}$

 Let $p = (1, 10, 12, 14)(2, 7, 22, 24)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 6,$

20, 13)(5, 17, 23,

11)(8, 19, 16, 18) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{16} = x^{-1} * y * x^2t_6t_{19}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y * t_6t_{19}t_{16}t_{20}$

 Let $p = (1, 2, 4, 18, 9)(3, 13, 14, 16, 24)(6, 21, 7, 8,$
 $10)(12, 15, 19, 20, 22)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{20} = x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * yt_{18}t_{10}$. Apply at position
 3.

Found a new name: $(y * x^{-2})^2 * t_{20}t_{20}t_{18}t_{10}$

 Let $p = (1, 2)(3, 21)(4, 22)(5, 6)(7, 8)(9, 15)(10, 16)(11,$
 $12)(13, 14)(17,$

$18)(19, 20)(23, 24)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{20} = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * xt_{22}t_7$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * y *$

$t_{19}t_{19}t_{22}t_7$

 Let $p = (1, 2, 12)(3, 16, 23)(4, 17, 9)(5, 21, 10)(6, 13, 14)(7, 8, 24)(11, 15, 22)(18, 19, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t20 = x^2 * y * x^2t17t24.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x * y*t22t22t17t24$

Let $p = (1, 2, 15, 17, 22)(3, 5, 16, 7, 8)(4, 19, 20, 9, 11)(10, 13, 14, 21, 23)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t20 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt19t3.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $t1t1t19t3$

Let $p = (1, 2, 11)(3, 6, 16)(4, 9, 12)(5, 13, 14)(7, 8, 23)(10, 21, 24)(15, 18,$

$22)(17, 19, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t20 = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2t9t23.$ Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2} * y * x*t4t4t9t23$

 Let $p = (1, 16)(2, 6)(3, 11)(4, 7)(5, 15)(8, 12)(9, 23)(10,$
 $19)(13, 22)(14,$
 $18)(17, 21)(20, 24)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t16 = \text{Id}(\$)t4t10$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t4t10t16t20$

 Let $p = (1, 20, 12, 9, 17)(2, 18, 15, 11, 19)(3, 23, 13, 8,$
 $6)(5, 7, 14, 24, 21)$

belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t20 = \text{Id}(\$)t14t2$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t16t16t14t2$

Looking for relations to apply to $y * x^{-2} * y * x * y *$

$t7t14t18$

Found 19

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 16, 15, 6)(3, 12, 8, 4)(5, 11,$
 $23, 17)(9, 24, 20,$

10)(14, 22, 21, 18) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_7 = x * y * x^{-2}t_3t_4$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $(y * x^2)^{2*t_3t_4t_{14}t_{18}}$

 Let $p = (1, 8, 11, 6, 9, 16)(2, 5, 18, 3, 22, 13)(4, 7, 20,$
 $23, 12, 21)(10, 19,$
 $14, 17, 24, 15)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = x * yt_7t_{11}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t_{11}t_7t_{11}t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 8, 12, 5, 22, 21)(2, 6, 17, 10, 9, 13)(3, 19,$
 $14, 18, 23, 4)(7, 20,$
 $24, 11, 16, 15)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_3t_{12}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t_{11}t_3t_{12}t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 8, 15, 24)(2, 21, 12, 13)(3, 18, 7, 20)(4, 10,$
 $22, 16)(5, 17, 23,$

11)(6, 19, 14, 9) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = y * xt_{10}t_{15}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x^2 * t_{19}t_{10}t_{15}t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 8)(2, 13)(3, 17)(4, 24)(5, 9)(6, 22)(7, 20)(10,$
 $18)(11, 21)(12,$

$16)(14, 19)(15, 23)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt_{24}t_1$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^2 * y *$

$t_{20}t_{24}t_1t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 8, 4, 23)(2, 16, 11, 13)(3, 9, 21, 15)(5, 19,$
 $14, 22)(6, 18, 24,$

$12)(7, 20, 10, 17)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{14} = y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_{23}t_4$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-1} * t_{17}t_{23}t_4t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 12, 2)(3, 23, 16)(4, 9, 17)(5, 10, 21)(6, 14,$

13)(7, 24, 8)(11, 22,

15)(18, 20, 19) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{18} = x * y * x^{-2} * y * x * yt_9t_7$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * y *$

$t_{12}t_2t_9t_7$

Let $p = (1, 12, 15, 4, 11)(3, 10, 23, 7, 24)(5, 13, 6, 21,$

$16)(9, 22, 17, 19,$

18) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{18} = x * yt_{11}t_8$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t_{11}t_{18}t_{11}t_8$

Let $p = (1, 12)(2, 22)(3, 21)(4, 20)(5, 23)(6, 13)(7, 24)$

$(8, 16)(9, 15)(10,$

14)(11, 17)(18, 19) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{18} = y * x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1}t_{20}t_{16}$. Apply at position

3.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * t_{19}t_4t_{20}t_{16}$

 Let $p = (1, 12, 22)(2, 17, 9)(3, 14, 23)(4, 19, 18)(5, 21, 8)(6, 10, 13)(7, 24, 16)(11, 15, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{18} = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t_{19}t_5$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y * t_{17}t_{20}t_{19}t_5$

Let $p = (1, 12, 17, 20, 9)(2, 15, 19, 18, 11)(3, 13, 6, 23, 8)(5, 14, 21, 7, 24)$

belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{18} = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_4t_3$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $t_1t_2t_2t_4t_3$

Let $p = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 5, 4, 21)(3, 20, 23, 22)(6, 18, 24, 12)(8, 11, 10,$

$15)(9, 14, 17, 16)$ belong to N.

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_7 = \text{Id}(\$)t_{19}t_{13}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x * y * t_{19}t_{13}t_{14}t_{18}$

 Let $p = (1, 14)(2, 7)(3, 12)(4, 5)(6, 15)(8, 19)(9, 24)(10,$
 $11)(13, 20)(16,$
 $17)(18, 21)(22, 23)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t14 = \text{Id}(\$)t2t8$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x * y * t7t2t8t18$

 Let $p = (1, 18, 17)(2, 4, 15)(3, 8, 10)(5, 7, 6)(9, 20, 22)$
 $(11, 19, 12)(13, 24,$
 $23)(14, 16, 21)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\hat{p}} = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t18 = \text{Id}(\$)t6t12$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x * y * t7t14t6t12$

Looking for relations to apply to $t7t19t3$

Found 20

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 16, 15, 6)(3, 12, 8, 4)(5, 11,$
 $23, 17)(9, 24, 20,$
 $10)(14, 22, 21, 18)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t7 = x * y * x^{-2}t3t4. \text{ Apply at position 1.}$

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2}t3t4t19t3$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 21, 4, 5)(3, 22, 23, 20)(6, 12, 24, 18)(8, 15, 10, 11)(9, 16, 17, 14)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t7 = x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * yt5t15. \text{ Apply at position 1.}$

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * yt5t15t19t3$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 8, 20, 14)(3, 11, 16, 18)(4, 6, 9, 23)(5, 22, 24, 15)(10, 12, 21, 17)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^{\hat{p}} = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\hat{p}} \implies$

$t7 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * xt6t20. \text{ Apply at position 1.}$

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * xt6t20t19t3$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 23, 18, 10)(3, 9, 21, 15)(4, 14, 11, 24)(5, 12, 16, 20)(6, 22, 8, 17)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_7 = y * x^{-1}t_{14}t_{17}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1}t_{14}t_{17}t_{19}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 13, 19, 7)(2, 24, 17, 3)(4, 10, 22, 16)(5, 9, 8, 18)(6, 11, 21, 20)(12, 23, 15, 14)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_7 = y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt_{10}t_{18}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt_{10}t_{18}t_{19}t_3$

 Let $p = \text{Id}(\$)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{19} = y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * y*t_{17}t_4t_8t_3$

 Let $p = (2, 9, 12, 11, 22)(3, 6, 5, 10, 14)(4, 20, 15, 18, 17)(8, 21, 24, 23, 16)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{19} = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_{20}t_{21}$. Apply at position
2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y*t_4t_{20}t_{21}t_3$

Let $p = (2, 12, 22, 9, 11)(3, 5, 14, 6, 10)(4, 15, 17, 20,$
 $18)(8, 24, 16, 21,$
23) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{19} = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt_{15}t_{24}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y*t_{20}t_{15}t_{24}t_3$

Let $p = (2, 11, 9, 22, 12)(3, 10, 6, 14, 5)(4, 18, 20, 17,$
 $15)(8, 23, 21, 16,$
24) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{19} = x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * xt_{18}t_{23}$. Apply at position
2.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x*t_{15}t_{18}t_{23}t_3$

Let $p = (2, 22, 11, 12, 9)(3, 14, 10, 5, 6)(4, 17, 18, 15,$
 $20)(8, 16, 23, 24,$
21) belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{19} = x^{-2} * y * xt_{17}t_{16}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-2} * y * x*t_{18}t_{17}t_{16}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 7, 19, 13)(2, 5, 4, 21)(3, 20, 23, 22)(6, 18,$
 $24, 12)(8, 11, 10,$

$15)(9, 14, 17, 16)$ belong to N.

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_7 = \text{Id}(\$)t_{19}t_{13}$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $t_{19}t_{13}t_{19}t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 4)(3, 23)(5, 21)(6, 24)(7, 13)(8, 10)(9,$
 $17)(11, 15)(12,$

$18)(14, 16)(20, 22)$ belong to N.

$t_1 = t_7t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$)t_7t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_{19} = \text{Id}(\$)t_{13}t_1$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t_7t_{13}t_1t_3$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9,$
 $14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12,$

$16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N.

$t1 = t7t19 \implies$

$(t1)^{\wedge}p = (\text{Id}(\$)t7t19)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t3 = \text{Id}(\$)t9t21$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $t7t19t9t21$

Looking for relations to apply to $t1t9t21$

Found 19

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,$
 $20)(10, 24)(11,$

$17)(14, 21)(18, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3$. Apply at position 1.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3t9t21$

Let $p = (1, 15, 11, 12, 4)(3, 23, 24, 10, 7)(5, 6, 16, 13,$
 $21)(9, 17, 18, 22,$

$19)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t9 = y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt1t8$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt8t1t8t21$

 Let $p = (1, 15)(2, 12)(3, 7)(4, 22)(5, 23)(6, 14)(8, 24)(9, 19)(10, 16)(11, 17)(13, 21)(18, 20)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t9 = y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-2}t22t24$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^{-2}t13t22t24t21$

Let $p = (1, 15, 20)(2, 19, 9)(3, 14, 7)(4, 18, 11)(5, 16, 24)(6, 23, 10)(8, 13, 21)(12, 17, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t9 = y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt18t13$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^{-2} * y * xt3t18t13t21$

Let $p = (1, 15, 22, 2, 17)(3, 16, 8, 5, 7)(4, 20, 11, 19, 9)(10, 14, 23, 13, 21)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^{\wedge}p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^{\wedge}p \implies$

$t9 = x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * yt20t5$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $x^{-1} * y * x * y * x^2 * y * t14t20t5t21$

 Let $p = (1, 15, 18)(2, 4, 11)(3, 6, 7)(5, 14, 16)(8, 10, 23)(9, 12, 19)(13, 21, 24)(17, 20, 22)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t9 = y * xt11t10$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $y * x * t7t11t10t21$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 20, 24, 4, 5)(2, 6, 22, 23, 19, 21)(7, 9, 14, 18, 10, 11)(8, 12, 16, 17, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t21 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t5t12$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t23t13t5t12$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 11, 14)(2, 7, 9, 23)(4, 10, 22, 16)(5, 20, 13, 15)(6, 18, 24, 12)(8, 19, 21, 17)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8$. \implies

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t21 = x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * yt10t19$. Apply at position

3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * y * t_{21} t_8 t_{10} t_{19}$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 18, 8, 17, 10)(2, 23, 4, 13, 15, 24)(5, 22,$
 $7, 9, 6, 20)(11, 16,$
 $19, 21, 12, 14)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{21} = x * y * x^{-2}t_{13}t_{17}$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x * y * x^{-2} * t_5 t_{10} t_{13} t_{17}$

 Let $p = (1, 3)(2, 16)(4, 8)(5, 18)(6, 11)(7, 9)(10, 20)(12,$
 $23)(13, 15)(14,$
 $22)(17, 24)(19, 21)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{21} = y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * yt_8t_4$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $y * x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t_{13} t_{24} t_8 t_4$

 Let $p = (1, 3, 22, 6)(2, 14, 20, 8)(4, 24, 19, 21)(5, 11,$
 $23, 17)(7, 9, 16,$
 $12)(10, 18, 13, 15)$ belong to N .

Lemma 3: $t_{19} = yx^2yx^{-2}yt_4t_8. \implies$

$(t_{19})^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt_4t_8)^p \implies$

$t_{21} = x^2 * y * x^2 t_{24} t_2$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $x^2 * y * x^2 t_7 t_5 t_{24} t_2$

 Let $p = (1, 9, 22)(2, 18, 17)(3, 10, 13)(4, 19, 15)(5, 8,$
 $6)(7, 21, 16)(11, 20,$
 $12)(14, 24, 23)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7 t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$) t_7 t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_9 = \text{Id}(\$) t_{21} t_{15}$. Apply at position 2.

Found a new name: $t_1 t_{21} t_{15} t_2$

 Let $p = (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,$
 $12)(14, 17)(16,$
 $18)(20, 23)(22, 24)$ belong to N .

$t_1 = t_7 t_{19} \implies$

$(t_1)^p = (\text{Id}(\$) t_7 t_{19})^p \implies$

$t_{21} = \text{Id}(\$) t_{15} t_3$. Apply at position 3.

Found a new name: $t_1 t_9 t_{15} t_3$

PROOF

Start with $t_1 t_3$

 Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 19)(2, 15)(3, 8)(4, 12)(5, 23)(6, 16)(7, 13)(9,$
 $20)(10, 24)(11,$
 $17)(14, 21)(18, 22)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t1 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3 \implies$

$t1t3 = y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1}t12t3t3.$

Apply the following at t word position 1:

Let $p = (1, 18, 15)(2, 11, 4)(3, 7, 6)(5, 16, 14)(8, 23,$
 $10)(9, 19, 12)(13, 24,$
 $21)(17, 22, 20)$ belong to N.

Lemma 3: $t19 = yx^2yx^{-2}yt4t8. \implies$

$(t19)^p = (y * x^{-2} * y * x^{-2} * yt4t8)^p \implies$

$t12 = x^2 * y * x * y * x^{-1} * yt2t23 \implies$

$y * x * y * x^2 * y * x^{-1} * t12t3t3 = x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t3t3.$

Reduce in the following way:

$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t3t3$

$x^{-1} * y * x^2 * y * t2t23t9$

true */

Appendix H

MAGMA CODE: DCE $S_3 \times A_5$

Over 15:2 and 10:2

```

/*From DCE over N see CSUSB Thesis , December 2017 by
  Michelle Yeo */
/* Isomorphism type */
S:=Sym(10);
xx:=S!(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10);
yy:=S!(2, 10)(3, 9)(4, 8)(5, 7);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
NN<x,y>:=Group<x,y|x^10,y^2,(x*y)^2>;

a:=0;b:=0;c:=3;d:=0;e:=3;f:=0;

```

```

G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t|x^10,y^2,(x*y)^2,t^2,(t,y),
(x*t)^a,(x*y*t^x)^b,(x^2*y*t*t^x)^c,(t*t^x*t^(x^3))^d,
(x*t^x)^e,(y*t)^f>;
#G;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);
#DoubleCosets(G,sub<G|x,y>,sub<G|x,y>);
CompositionFactors(G1);
IN:=sub<G1|f(x),f(y)>;
#DoubleCosets(G,sub<G|x,y>,sub<G|x,y>);
M:=MaximalSubgroups(G1);
for i in [1..#M] do #M[i]‘subgroup/20; end for;

for g in DD[6] do
if DD[6] eq sub<G1|f(x),f(y),g> then
Sch:=SchreierSystem(G,sub<G|Id(G)>);
for i in [1..#Sch] do
if g eq f(Sch[i]) then Sch[i]; end if;
end for;
break g;
end if;
end for;

H:=sub<G|x,y,t*x^5*t*x>;
#DoubleCosets(G,H,sub<G|x,y>);

```

```

CompositionFactors(G1);
NL:=NormalLattice(G1);/*
[6]  Order 360  Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 3 5
——
[5]  Order 180  Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 2 4
——
[4]  Order 60   Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[3]  Order 6    Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 2
——
[2]  Order 3    Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[1]  Order 1    Length 1  Maximal Subgroups:*/
NL;*/
G
  |  Alternating(5)
  *
  |  Cyclic(2)
  *
  |  Cyclic(3)
  1 */
for i in [1..#NL] do
if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;

```

```

end for ;
/* 2 */
q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[2]>;
q;
/*q = quotient group G1/N[2] of order 120. G1 cannot be
the direct product to N[2] since G1 has no normal
subgroup of order 120. Which means G1 is an extension of
NL[2] by G1/NL[2] and G:=3:NL[2]. */

N:=q;
CompositionFactors(N);/*
G
| Alternating(5)
*
| Cyclic(2)
1 */
NL:=NormalLattice(N); /*
[4] Order 120 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 2 3
——
[3] Order 60 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[2] Order 2 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: 1
——
[1] Order 1 Length 1 Maximal Subgroups: */

```

```

for i in [1..#NL] do
  if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then i; end if;
end for; /* 2 */

q, ff:=quo<N|NL[2]>;
q;
/* TOD iso = s3xA5. And iso of IH = z15:2 */
/*Since the order of q = 60 and N has a normal subgroup of
  order 60 ==> N = 2 Alt (5). */

/DCE Using Magma

*****/

S:=Sym(10);
xx:=S!(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10);
yy:=S!(2, 10)(3, 9)(4, 8)(5, 7);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
NN<x,y>:=Group<x,y|x^10,y^2,(x*y)^2>;

Sch:=SchreierSystem(NN,sub<NN|Id(NN)>);
word:=function(Perm)
for w in Sch do

```

```

    seq := Eltseq(w);
    p:= Id(N);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*xx; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*xx^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*yy; end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*yy^-1; end if;
        end for;
        if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;
end function;
ConjugationWord:= function(subscript)
    size:=9999999;
    w:=word(N.1);
for n in N do
    if n eq Id(N) then
        continue;
    end if;
if 1^n eq subscript then
    tmp:= word(n);
    if size gt #tmp then
        size:=#tmp;
        w:= tmp;
    end if;

```



```

end if;
end for;
return w;
end function;

a:=0;b:=0;c:=3;d:=0;e:=3;f:=0;
G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t|x^10,y^2,(x*y)^2,t^2,(t,y),
(x*t)^a,(x*y*t^x)^b,(x^2*y*t*t^x)^c,(t*t^x*t^(x^3))^d,
(x*t^x)^e,(y*t)^f>;
#G;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);

ts:= [ Id(G1): i in [1 .. 10] ];
for i in [2..10] do
    "ts[" cat Sprint(i) cat "]" := " cat " f(t^( " cat Sprint
        (ConjugationWord(i)) cat "));";
end for;

ts[1] :=f(t);
ts[2] :=f(t^(x));
ts[3] :=f(t^(x^2));
ts[4] :=f(t^(x^3));
ts[5] :=f(t^(x^4));
ts[6] :=f(t^(x^5));

```

```

ts [7] := f(t^(x^4));
ts [8] := f(t^(x^3));
ts [9] := f(t^(x^2));
ts [10] := f(t^(x-1));

H:=sub<G|x,y, t * x^5 * t * x>;
IN:=sub<G1| f(x), f(y)>;
IH:=sub<G1| f(x), f(y), f(t * x^5 * t * x)>;
#DoubleCosets(G,H,sub<G|x,y>);
DoubleCosets(G,H,sub<G|x,y>); /*
{ <GrpFP: H, Id(G), GrpFP>, <GrpFP: H, t, GrpFP> } */

DC:= [f(Id(G)), f(t)];
FindDCNumber:= function(element)
for i in [1..#DC] do
    for m in IH do
for n in IN do
if element eq m*(DC[i])^n then
return i;
end if;
end for;
end for;
end for;
end function;

```

```

Orbits(N);/*
GSet{@ 1, 2, 3, 10, 4, 9, 5, 8, 6, 7 @} */
N1:= Stabilizer(N, 1);
N1;
Orbits(N1); /*
  GSet{@ 1 @},
    GSet{@ 6 @},
    GSet{@ 2, 10 @},
    GSet{@ 3, 9 @},
    GSet{@ 4, 8 @},
    GSet{@ 5, 7 @} */
FindDCNumber(ts[1]*ts[1]); /* 1 */
FindDCNumber(ts[1]*ts[6]); /* 1 */
FindDCNumber(ts[1]*ts[2]); /* 2 */
FindDCNumber(ts[1]*ts[3]); /* 2 */
FindDCNumber(ts[1]*ts[4]); /* 2 */
FindDCNumber(ts[1]*ts[5]); /* 2 */

TPerm:= function(Tset)
  perm:= ts[Tset[1]];
  for i in [2..#Tset] do
    perm:= perm*ts[Tset[i]];
  end for;

```

```

    return perm;
end function;

EquivalentCosets:= function(Tset)
    perm:=TPerm( Tset);
    TSets := [];
    for g in IN do
        for n in N do
            perm2:= TPerm(Tset^n);
            if perm eq g*perm2 then
                TSets:= TSets cat [Tset^n];
            end if;
        end for;
    end for;
    return TSets;
end function;

EquivalentCosetsH:= function(Tset)
    perm:=TPerm( Tset);
    TSets := [];
    for g in IH do
        for n in N do
            perm2:= TPerm(Tset^n);
            if perm eq g*perm2 then

```

```

        TSets:= TSets cat [Tset^n];
    end if;
end for;
end for;
return TSets;
end function;

```

```

FindFromToPerms:= function(Tset1, Tset2)
    NPerms:= [];
    for n in N do
        if Tset1^n eq Tset2 then
            NPerms:= NPerms cat [n];
        end if;
    end for;
    return NPerms;
end function;

```

```

EquivalentCosets ([7,2]);/* [ 7, 2 ],
    [ 9, 4 ],
    [ 5, 10 ],
    [ 1, 6 ],
    [ 3, 8 ],
    [ 5, 10 ],
    [ 7, 2 ],

```

```
[ 3, 8 ],  
[ 9, 4 ],  
[ 1, 6 ] */  
FindFromToPerms([7,2], [1,6]); /*(1, 5, 9, 3, 7)(2, 6, 10,  
4, 8),  
(1, 7)(2, 6)(3, 5)(8, 10) */
```

Appendix I

MAGMA: DCE of $(A_5)^2:2$ Over

$A_5 : 2$

```

S:=Sym(24);
xx:=S!(1, 2, 4, 12, 21)(3, 7, 8, 10, 18)(6, 15, 19, 20, 22)
    (9, 13, 14, 16, 24);
yy:=S!(1, 15)(2, 5)(3, 13)(4, 6)(7, 21)(8, 11)(9, 19)(10,
    12)(14, 17)(16, 18)(20,23)(22, 24);

N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;
NN<x,y>:=Group<x,y|x^5, y^2, (x^-1 * y)^4, (x * y * x^-2 *
    y * x)^2 >;

/*a:=0;b:=0;c:=0;d:=4;e:=0; f:=4;

```

```
G<x, y, t>:=Group<x, y, t | x^5, y^2, (x^-1*y)^4, (x*y*x^-2*y*x)^2, t
^5, (t, x^2*y*x*y), t^(y*x)= t^2, ((y*x*y)*t^(x^4*x^-1)^2)
^a, (y*x^2*t)^b, (y*x^2*t^(x^-1))^c, (y*x^2*t^(y*x^2))^d, (
y*x^2*t^2)^f>;*/
```

```
G<x, y, t>:=Group<x, y, t | x^5, y^2, (x^-1*y)^4, (x*y*x^-2*y*x)^2, t
^5, (t, x^2*y*x*y), t^(y*x)= t^2, (y*x^2*t^(y*x^2))^4, (y*x
^2*t^2)^4>;
```

```
f, G1, k:=CosetAction(G, sub<G|x, y>);
```

```
G1;
```

```
IN:=sub<G1| f(x), f(y)>;
```

```
/*(2, 4, 12, 19, 7)(3, 8, 21, 28, 10)(5, 6, 18, 37, 16)(9,
11, 29, 43, 25)(14, 15, 34, 48, 32)(17, 38, 50, 58,
40)(20, 26, 31, 35, 30)(23, 51, 45, 49, 42)(24, 53,
46, 59, 36)(27, 55, 44, 52, 57)(33, 54, 56, 60,
39),
```

```
(2, 5)(3, 9)(4, 13)(6, 10)(7, 11)(8, 22)(12, 16)(15,
35)(17, 39)(18, 41)(19, 43)(20, 45)(21, 25)(23, 52)
(24,
53)(26, 30)(27, 48)(28, 37)(29, 47)(31, 32)(33, 40)
(34, 57)(36, 58)(38, 46)(42, 55)(49, 51)(56, 59)
```



```

(1, 2, 6, 11, 3)(4, 12, 30, 33, 14)(5, 15, 31, 13, 17)
(7, 8, 23, 46, 20)(9, 24, 43, 55, 26)(10, 27, 56,
51,
28)(16, 36, 18, 42, 32)(19, 44, 40, 35, 41)(21, 47,
45, 58, 48)(22, 49, 57, 29, 50)(25, 34, 52, 37,
54)(38,
53, 60, 39, 59) */

```

```

Sch:=SchreierSystem(NN,sub<NN|Id(NN)>);
word:=function(Perm)
for w in Sch do
    seq := Eltseq(w);
    p:= Id(N);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*xx; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*xx^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*yy; end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*yy^-1; end if;
        end for;
        if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
    end for;
end function;

InWord:=function(Perm)

```

```

for w in Sch do
    seq := Eltseq(w);
    p:= Id(IN);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*f(x); end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*f(x)^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*f(y); end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*f(y)^-1; end if;
    end for;
    if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;
end function;

```

```

GetConjugationWordForSubscript:= function(subscript)
    size:=9999999;
    w:=word(N.1);
for n in N do
    if n eq Id(N) then
        continue;
    end if;
if 1^n eq subscript then
    tmp:= word(n);
    if size gt #tmp then
        size:=#tmp;

```

```

        w:= tmp;
    end if;
end if;
end for;
return w;
end function;

ts:= [ Id(G1): i in [1 .. 24] ];
ts[1]:= f(t);
ts[2]:= f(t^(x));
ts[3]:= f(t^((x*y*x)^-1));
ts[4]:= f(t^(x^2));
ts[5]:= f((t^x)^y);
ts[6]:= f((t^(x^2))^y);
ts[19]:= ts[1]^2;
ts[20]:= ts[2]^2;
ts[21]:= ts[3]^2;
ts[22]:= ts[4]^2;
ts[23]:= ts[5]^2;
ts[24]:= ts[6]^2;
ts[7]:= ts[1]^3;
ts[8]:= ts[2]^3;
ts[9]:= ts[3]^3;
ts[10]:= ts[4]^3;

```

```
ts [11] := ts [5] ^ 3;  
ts [12] := ts [6] ^ 3;  
ts [13] := ts [1] ^ 4;  
ts [14] := ts [2] ^ 4;  
ts [15] := ts [3] ^ 4;  
ts [16] := ts [4] ^ 4;  
ts [17] := ts [5] ^ 4;  
ts [18] := ts [6] ^ 4;
```

```
ts [19] eq ts [1] ^ 2;  
ts [20] eq ts [2] ^ 2;  
ts [21] eq ts [3] ^ 2;  
ts [22] eq ts [4] ^ 2;  
ts [23] eq ts [5] ^ 2;  
ts [24] eq ts [6] ^ 2;  
ts [7] eq ts [1] ^ 3;  
ts [8] eq ts [2] ^ 3;  
ts [9] eq ts [3] ^ 3;  
ts [10] eq ts [4] ^ 3;  
ts [11] eq ts [5] ^ 3;  
ts [12] eq ts [6] ^ 3;  
ts [13] eq ts [1] ^ 4;  
ts [14] eq ts [2] ^ 4;  
ts [15] eq ts [3] ^ 4;
```

```

ts[16] eq ts[4]^4;
ts[17] eq ts[5]^4;
ts[18] eq ts[6]^4;

for i in [2..24] do
  "ts[" cat Sprint( i) cat "]" eq " cat " f(t^( " cat
    Sprint(GetConjugationWordForSubscript(i)) cat ");";
end for;

ts[2] eq f(t^(x));
ts[3] eq f(t^(x^-1 * y * x^-1));
ts[4] eq f(t^(x^2));
ts[5] eq f(t^(x * y));
ts[6] eq f(t^(y * x^-1));
ts[7] eq f(t^(x^-1 * y));
ts[8] eq f(t^(y^x));
ts[9] eq f(t^(y * x * y));
ts[10] eq f(t^(x^-2 * y));
ts[11] eq f(t^(x^-1 * y * x * y));
ts[12] eq f(t^(x^-2));
ts[13] eq f(t^((y * x)^2));
ts[14] eq f(t^(y * x * y * x^2));
ts[15] eq f(t^(y));
ts[16] eq f(t^(y * x * y * x^-2));

```

```

ts[17] eq f(t^(y * x * y * x^2 * y));
ts[18] eq f(t^(x^-1 * y * x^-2));
ts[19] eq f(t^(y * x));
ts[20] eq f(t^(y * x^2));
ts[21] eq f(t^(x^-1));
ts[22] eq f(t^(y * x^-2));
ts[23] eq f(t^(y * x^2 * y));
ts[24] eq f(t^(y * x * y * x^-1));

/* print the inverses */
for i,j in [1..24] do
    if ts[i] eq ts[j]^-1 then
        "t" cat Sprint(i) cat " = " cat "t" cat
        Sprint(j) cat "^-1";
    end if;
end for;

DoubleCosets(G,sub<G|x,y>, sub<G|x,y>);
#DoubleCosets(G,sub<G|x,y>, sub<G|x,y>);

/*{ <GrpFP, Id(G), GrpFP>, <GrpFP, t * y * t^-1, GrpFP>, <
    GrpFP, t, GrpFP>,
<GrpFP, t * x * t^-1, GrpFP> }*/

```

```

DC:= [f(Id(G)), f(t), f(t * y * t^-1), f( t * x * t^-1)];
DC;
/*[      Id(G1), (1, 2, 6, 11, 3)(4, 12, 30, 33, 14)(5, 15,
31, 13, 17)(7, 8, 23, 46, 20)(9, 24, 43, 55, 26)(10, 27,
56, 51, 28)(16, 36, 18, 42, 32)(19, 44, 40, 35, 41)(21,
47, 45, 58, 48)(22, 49, 57, 29, 50)(25, 34, 52, 37, 54)
(38, 53, 60, 39, 59),
(1, 17)(2, 28)(4, 32)(5, 40)(6, 20)(7, 50)(8, 34)(9,
38)(10, 58)(11, 26)(12, 55)(13, 60)(14, 31)(15, 42)
(16, 45)(18, 43)(21, 57)(22, 56)(23, 59)(24, 41)
(25, 49)(27, 39)(30, 44)(35, 36)(46, 47)(48, 54)(51,
52),
(1, 14, 4, 41, 20)(2, 36, 52, 32, 17)(5, 25, 58, 42,
33)(6, 57, 24, 54,
26)(7, 48, 51, 28, 11)(8, 56, 47, 22, 18)(9, 38,
23, 39, 16)(10, 43, 19,
34, 49)(12, 46, 55, 15, 40)(13, 59, 29, 45, 44)(27,
53, 60, 30, 37)]*/

#N; /* 120 */
[ 120/120, 2880/120, 2400/120, 1800/120 ];

FindDCGroupNumber := function(DC, element, IN)

```

```

for i in [1..#DC] do
  for m,n in IN do
    if element eq m*(DC[i])^n then
      return i;
    end if;
  end for;
end for;
end function;

```

```

ConvertToPermutation:= function(Tset)
  perm:= ts[Tset[1]];
  for i in [2..#Tset] do
    perm:= perm*ts[Tset[i]];
  end for;
  return perm;
end function;
TPerm:=ConvertToPermutation;

```

```

Orbits(N);
N1:= Stabilizer(N, 1);
N1;
Orbits(N1);
/* GSet{@ 1 @},
   GSet{@ 7 @},

```



```

GSet{@ 13 @},
GSet{@ 19 @},
GSet{@ 2, 21, 24, 23, 16 @},
GSet{@ 3, 6, 5, 22, 8 @},
GSet{@ 4, 14, 9, 12, 11 @},
GSet{@ 10, 20, 15, 18, 17 @} */

```

```

FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [1], IN); /*2*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [7], IN);/*2*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [13], IN);/*1*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [19], IN);/*2*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [2], IN); /*2*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [3], IN);/*3*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [4], IN);/*4*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [10], IN);/*4*/

```

```

FindStabilizerOfNums:= function(num)
  ArrPerm:=[];
  for n in N do
    if num^n eq num then
      ArrPerm:= ArrPerm cat [n];
    end if;
  end for;
  return ArrPerm;

```

```
end function;
```

```
EquivalentCosets:= function(Tset)
  perm:=ConvertToPermutation( Tset);
  TSets :=[];
  for g in IN do
    for n in N do
      perm2:= ConvertToPermutation(Tset^n);
      if perm eq g*perm2 then
        TSets:= TSets cat [Tset^n];
      end if;
    end for;
  end for;
  return TSets;
end function;
```

```
StabilizingGroup := function(N, IN, ts, Tword)
  TWords:=EquivalentCosets(Tword);
  group:=Stabiliser(N, Tword);
  for i in [2..#TWords] do
    for n in N do
      if Tword^n eq TWords[i] then
        group:=sub<N|group,n>;
      end if;
    end for;
  end for;
```

```

        end for;
    end for;
    return group;
end function;

N13s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,3]);
N13s;
/* < (1, 20)(2, 7)(3, 11)(4, 18)(5, 21)(6, 16)(8, 13)(9,
    17)(10, 24)(12, 22)(14, 19)(15, 23)
    (1, 7, 13, 19)(2, 20, 14, 8)(3, 23, 10, 12)(4, 6, 21,
        17)(5, 16, 18, 9)(11, 22, 24, 15)
    (1, 14)(2, 13)(3, 22)(4, 9)(5, 17)(6, 18)(7, 20)(8, 19)
        (10, 15)(11, 23)(12, 24)(16, 21)
    (1, 8)(2, 19)(3, 24)(4, 5)(6, 9)(7, 14)(10, 11)(12, 15)
        (13, 20)(16, 17)(18, 21)(22, 23)
    (1, 13)(2, 14)(3, 10)(4, 21)(5, 18)(6, 17)(7, 19)(8,
        20)(9, 16)(11, 24)(12, 23)(15, 22)
    (1, 2)(3, 15)(4, 16)(5, 6)(7, 8)(9, 21)(10, 22)(11, 12)
        (13, 14)(17, 18)(19, 20)(23, 24)
    (1, 19, 13, 7)(2, 8, 14, 20)(3, 12, 10, 23)(4, 17, 21,
        6)(5, 9, 18, 16)(11, 15, 24, 22) > */

Orbits(N13s);
/* GSet{@ 1, 20, 7, 14, 8, 13, 2, 19 @},

```

```

GSet{@ 3, 11, 23, 22, 24, 10, 15, 12 @},
GSet{@ 4, 18, 6, 9, 5, 21, 16, 17 @} */

FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [1], IN); /*3*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [3], IN); /*2*/
FindDCGroupNumber (DC, ts [1]*ts [3]*ts [4], IN); /*4*/

N14s:= StabilizingGroup(N, IN, ts, [1,4]);
N14s;
/* (1, 10, 24, 3, 2, 17)(4, 18, 21, 20, 11, 19)(5, 13, 22,
12, 15, 14)(6, 9, 8, 23, 7, 16)
(1, 3)(2, 10)(4, 20)(5, 12)(6, 23)(7, 9)(8, 16)(11, 18)
(13, 15)(14, 22)(17, 24)(19, 21)
(1, 17, 2, 3, 24, 10)(4, 19, 11, 20, 21, 18)(5, 14, 15,
12, 22, 13)(6, 16, 7, 23, 8, 9)
(1, 2, 24)(3, 10, 17)(4, 11, 21)(5, 15, 22)(6, 7, 8)(9,
16, 23)(12, 13, 14)(18, 19, 20)
(1, 24, 2)(3, 17, 10)(4, 21, 11)(5, 22, 15)(6, 8, 7)(9,
23, 16)(12, 14, 13)(18, 20, 19) */

Orbits(N14s);
/* GSet{@ 1, 10, 3, 17, 2, 24 @},
GSet{@ 4, 18, 20, 19, 11, 21 @},

```

```

GSet{@ 5, 13, 12, 14, 15, 22 @},
GSet{@ 6, 9, 23, 16, 7, 8 @}*/

FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [4]*ts [1], IN); /* 2 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [4]*ts [4], IN); /* 3 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [4]*ts [5], IN); /* 4 */
FindDCGroupNumber (DC,  ts [1]*ts [4]*ts [6], IN); /* 2*/

GetStringT := function (set)
    Str1 := "";
for i in [1 .. #set] do
    Str1:= Str1 cat "t";
Str1:= Str1 cat IntegerToString (set [i]);
end for;
return Str1;
end function;
TStr:=GetStringT;

/* PrintEquivalentCosetsTo ([13]); */
PrintEquivalentCosetsTo:= function (N, IN, ts ,Tset)
    ECs:=EquivalentCosets (Tset);
str:= "N";
for i in [1..#ECs] do
    str := str cat GetStringT (ECs[i]);
    edge:= " = N";

```

```

        if i eq #ECs then
            edge:= "\t";
        end if;
str := str cat edge;
    end for;
    return str;
end function;

/* Nt1t3 = Nt20t11 = Nt7t23 = Nt14t22 = Nt8t24 = Nt13t10 =
    Nt2t15 = Nt19t12 */

PrintEquivalentRelations := procedure(Tset)
perm:=ConvertToPermutation( ts, Tset);
TSets := [];
for g in IN do
for n in N do
    if n eq Id(N) or g eq Id(IN) then continue; end if
    ;
perm2:= ConvertToPermutation( Tset^n);
if perm eq g*perm2 then
GetStringT(Tset) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(g)) cat
    GetStringT(Tset^n);
GetStringT(Tset^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(g^-1)) cat
    GetStringT(Tset);

```

```

end if;
end for;
end for;
end procedure;

FindEquivalentRelations := function(Tset, Tset2)
perm:=ConvertToPermutation( Tset);
Tsets := [];
str:="";
for g in IN do
perm2:= ConvertToPermutation(Tset2);
if perm eq g*perm2 then
str:= str cat GetStringT(Tset) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(
    g)) cat GetStringT(Tset2) cat "\n";
end if;
end for;
return str;
end function;

FindFromToPerms:= function(Tset1, Tset2)
NPerms:= [];
for n in N do
if Tset1^n eq Tset2 then
NPerms:= NPerms cat [n];

```

```

        end if;
    end for;
    return NPerms;
end function;

Percent := procedure(curr, total)
    percent:= 100.00*curr/total;
    printf "%.2o%%", percent;
end procedure;

FindDCRelations := function(tset, tset2)
    perm:= TPerm(tset);
    perm2 := TPerm(tset2);
    dc := FindDCGroupNumber(DC, perm2, IN);
    str:="\n";
    sep:="
-----\
n";
    cur:= 0;      Total := #IN*#IN;      sep;
for m,n in IN do
    cur:=cur+1;
    printf "

```



```

        cat CodeToString(13);
        Percent(cur, Total);
    if perm eq m*perm2^n then
    str:= str cat TStr(tset) cat " = " cat Sprint(InWord(m))
        cat TStr(tset2) cat "^" cat Sprint(InWord(n));
    str:= str cat "\n" cat sep;
    end if;
    end for;
    return str;
    end function;

InverseIndex:= function(Index)
for i in [1..24] do
        if ts[Index]^-1 eq ts[i] then return i; end
        if;
    end for;
end function;

SplitT:= function(tsIndex)
    for n in N do
        if 7^n eq tsIndex then
            return [1,19]^n;
        end if;
    end for;

```

```

        return [0,0];
end function; /* SplitT(2); returns [20,14]    t2 =
t20t14 */

Reduce2Ts:= function(tsIndex1 , tsIndex2)
    if tsIndex1 eq 0 and tsIndex2 eq 0 then return [0];
    end if;
    if tsIndex1 eq 0 then return [tsIndex2]; end if;
    if tsIndex2 eq 0 then return [tsIndex1]; end if;
    for i in [1..24] do
        if ts[tsIndex1]*ts[tsIndex2] eq ts[i] then
            return [i]; end if;
    if ts[tsIndex1]*ts[tsIndex2] eq ts[i]^5 then return [0];
    end if;
    end for;
    return [tsIndex1 , tsIndex2];
end function;

ReduceTs:= function(Tset)
    steps:=[Tset];
    OK:=true;
    while OK do
        size:=#Tset;
        for i in [1..size] do

```

```

        j:=i+1;
        OK:=false;
        if j le size then
            r:= Reduce2Ts(Tset[i],Tset[j]);
            if #r eq 1 then
                Tset[i]:= r[1];
                Tset:=Remove(Tset, j);
                steps:= steps cat [Tset];
            OK:=true;
                break;
            end if;
        end if;
    end for;
end while;
return steps;
end function;

Word2NPerm:= function(letters)
    seq := Eltseq(letters);
p:= Id(N);
for j in seq do
    if j eq 1 then p:=p*xx; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*xx^-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*yy; end if;

```

```

if j eq -2 then p:=p*yy^-1; end if;
end for;
return p;
end function;

TryToReduce3to1:= procedure(Index1, Index2, Index3 )
    sep:="
    -----
    ";
for n in N do
if [Index1, Index2, Index3] eq [17,14,19]^n then
    GetStringT([Index1, Index2, Index3
    ]) cat " = (" cat GetStringT
    ([17,14,19]) cat ")^" cat Sprint
    (word(n));
FindEquivalentRelations([Index1, Index2, Index3],[16]^n);
n; sep;
end if;
if [Index1, Index2, Index3] eq [21,6,23]^n
then
    GetStringT([Index1, Index2, Index3
    ]) cat " = (" cat GetStringT
    ([21,6,23]) cat ")^" cat Sprint(
    word(n));

```

```

FindEquivalentRelations([Index1, Index2, Index3],[8]^n);
n; sep;
        end if;
    end for;
end procedure;

/*Proofs DCE using magma */
ww:=yy*xx*xx;
/* Proof of addition relation w4t24t17t14t19 = e*/
f(y*x*x)^4*ts[24]*ts[17]*ts[14]*ts[19]; /* Id(G1) */
/* Proof of addition relation w4t21t6t23t20 = e*/
f(y*x*x)^4*ts[21]*ts[6]*ts[23]*ts[20]; /*Id(G ) */

/*Lemma 1: t24t17 = w2t7t2*/
ts[24]*ts[17] eq f(y*x*x)^2*ts[7]*ts[2]; /* true */
/* Lemma 1 results */
for n in N do
"Conjugating Lemma 1 by " cat Sprint(n) cat " ==> " cat
    GetStringT([24,17]^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(word((ww^2
    ^n)) cat GetStringT([7,2]^n) cat " ." ;
end for;

/* Lemma 2 results */
for n in N do

```

```

"Conjugating Lemma 2 by " cat Sprint(n) cat " ==> " cat
  GetStringT([21,6]^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(word((ww^2)^
  n)) cat GetStringT([8,11]^n) cat "." ;
end for;

```

```

/*Lemma 2: t21t6 = w2t8t11*/
ts[21]*ts[6] eq f(y*x*x)^2*ts[8]*ts[11]; /* true */

```

```

/*Derived from Lemma 1 */
TPerm([24,17,14]) eq f(y*x*x)^2*ts[7]; /* true */
TPerm([15,24,17]) eq f(y*x*x)^2*ts[2]; /* true */
TPerm([7,2,5]) eq f(y*x*x)^4*ts[24]; /* true */
TPerm([16,7,2]) eq f(y*x*x)^4*ts[17]; /* true */
TPerm([17,14,19]) eq f(y*x*x)^2*ts[16]; /* true */

```

```

/*Proof Nt1t2 [1] */
/*for i in [1..24] do FindEquivalentRelations([1,2],[i]);
  end for; */
SplitT(1);
SplitT(2);
FindEquivalentRelations([1,2],[5,15,4,14]);
FindEquivalentRelations([1,2],[16,8,3,4,14]);
FindEquivalentRelations([1,2],[1,17,24,5,14]);
FindEquivalentRelations([1,2],[12,7,23,9,18]);

```

```

FindEquivalentRelations ([1,2], [2,2,15,9,18]);
FindEquivalentRelations ([1,2], [20,21,18]);
FindEquivalentRelations ([1,2], [6]);

/*Derived from Lemma 2*/
TPerm([21,6,23]) eq f(y*x*x)^2*ts[8]; /* true */
TPerm([10,21,6]) eq f(y*x*x)^2*ts[11]; /* true */
TPerm([8,11,18]) eq f(y*x*x)^4*ts[21]; /* true */
TPerm([13,8,11]) eq f(y*x*x)^4*ts[6];

EquivalentCosets ([1,3]); /* [[ 1, 3 ], [ 20, 11 ], [
7, 23 ], [ 14, 22 ], [ 8, 24 ], [ 13, 10 ],
[ 2, 15 ], [ 19, 12 ]] */

/* Lemma 2 results */
for n in N do
  GetStringT([21,6]^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(word(ww^n))
  cat GetStringT([8,11]^n) cat ", conjugating by" cat
  Sprint(n) cat "." ;
end for;

/*Lemma 3: t1t2 = x-2t16 Results */
for n in N do
  GetStringT([1,2]^n) cat " = " cat Sprint(word((xx^-2)^n

```

```

    )) cat GetStringT([16]^n) cat ", conjugating by" cat
    Sprint(n) cat "." ;
end for ;

/*Right Coset already proven to be [1,4] */
RCs14:= [ [1, 20], [1,10], [1,18] , [1,17], [1,15] , [1,4],
          [1,12], [1,11], [1, 9] ];
for n in N do
    if [17,19]^n in RCs14 then [17,19]^n, n; end if;
end for ;

/* Double Cosets [1,4] */

/* Isomorphic Types */
/*a:=0;b:=0;c:=0;d:=4;e:=0; f:=4;
OG<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t|x^5,y^2,(x^-1*y)^4,(x*y*x^-2*y*x)^2,
t^5,(t,x^2*y*x*y),t^(y*x)=t^2,((y*x*y)*t^(x^4*x^-1)
^2)^a,(y*x^2*t)^b,(y*x^2*t^(x^-1))^c,(y*x^2*t^(y*x^2))^
d,(y*x^2*t^2)^f>;
Of,OG1,Ok:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);*/

G<x,y,t>:=Group<x,y,t|x^5,y^2,(x^-1*y)^4,(x*y*x^-2*y*x)^2,t
^5,(t,x^2*y*x*y),t^(y*x)=t^2,(y*x^2*t^(y*x^2))^4,(y*x
^2*t^2)^4>;
f,G1,k:=CosetAction(G,sub<G|x,y>);

```



```

G1;
CompositionFactors(G1);
NL:=NormalLattice(G1);
NL;

for i in [1..#NL] do
    if IsAbelian(NL[i]) then
        i;
    end if;
end for;

IN:=sub<G1|f(x),f(y)>;

#G1, #NL[4], #G1/#NL[4];
/* NL[4] is normal in G1 but there is no normal subgroup of
   order 2. This means that  $G1 = NL[4]:2$  */

/*
Finitely presented group on 2 generators
Relations
$.1^2 = Id($)
$.2^5 = Id($)
($.2 * $.1 * $.2 * $.1 * $.2 * $.1 * $.2^-1 * $.1 * $.2)^2 = Id($)

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\$.2 * \$.1 * \$.2^{-1} * \$.1 * \$.2 * \$.1 * \$.2 * \$.1 * \$ \\
& \quad .2)^2 = \text{Id}(\$) \\
& \$.2^{-1} * \$.1 * \$.2^{-1} * \$.1 * \$.2 * \$.1 * \$.2 * \$.1 * \$ \\
& \quad .2^{-2} * \$.1 * \$.2 * \$.1 * \$.2 * \$.1 * \$.2^{-1} * \$.1 * \\
& \$.2^{-1} * \$.1 = \text{Id}(\$) \\
& \$.2 * \$.1 * \$.2^{-2} * \$.1 * \$.2^2 * \$.1 * \$.2^{-2} * \$.1 * \\
& \quad \$.2^{-2} * \$.1 * \$.2^{-1} * \$.1 * \$.2^{-1} * \$.1 * \$.2^{-2} \\
& \quad * \\
& \$.1 * \$.2^{-2} * \$.1 * \$.2 = \text{Id}(\$) */
\end{aligned}$$

q, ff:=quo<G1|NL[4]>;

q;

FPGroup(NL[4]);

T:= Transversal(G1,NL[4]);

T;

E:= G1!(2, 5)(3, 9)(4, 13)(6, 10)(7, 11)(8, 22)(12, 16)(15, 35)(17, 39)(18, 41)(19, 43)(20, 45)(21, 25)(23, 52)(24, 53)(26, 30)(27, 48)(28, 37)(29, 47)(31, 32)(33, 40)(34, 57)(36, 58)(38, 46)(42, 55)(49, 51)(56, 59);

NL4:=NormalLattice(NL[4]);

NL4;

```

q2, ff2 := quo<NL[4] | NL4[3]>;
q2;
CompositionFactors(q2);

/*Permutation group q acting on a set of cardinality 6
Order = 60 = 2^2 * 3 * 5
(1, 2)(3, 4)
(2, 3, 5, 6, 4)*/
CompositionFactors(q2);/*
G
| Alternating(5)
1*/
FPGroup(q2);
/*Finitely presented group on 2 generators
Relations
$.1^2 = Id($)
$.2^5 = Id($)
($.1 * $.2^-1)^3 */
/* We know Alt(5) = < x^2, y^5, (x*y^-1)^3 > */

/* Alt5<x,y> := Group<x,y | x^2, y^5, (y^-2*x)^3>;
fa, Ga, ka := CosetAction(Alt5, sub<Alt5 | Id(Alt5)>);
Alt5b<x,y> := Group<x,y | x^2, y^5, (x*y^-1)^3>;
fab, Gab, kab := CosetAction(Alt5b, sub<Alt5b | Id(Alt5b)>);

```

```

IsIsomorphic(Ga, Gab); */

/* NL[4] s NL4[3] is normal in NL[4] and NL4[3] is a
   subgroup of order 60. This means that NL[4] = NL4[3]
   q2 */
GG<a,b,c,d>:=Group<a,b,c,d | a^2, b^5, (a*b^-1)^3, c^2, d
   ^5, (c*d^-1)^3, (a,c), (a,d), (b,c), (b,d)>;
f2,G2,k2:=CosetAction(GG,sub<GG|Id(GG)>);

t:=IsIsomorphic(NL[4],G2);
t;/* True */
FPGroup(G2);

/* Isomorphic type of G1 = 2:(Alt(5))2. */

FPGroup(NL[4]);
GGG<a,b>:= Group<a,b | a^2, b^5, (b * a * b * a * b * a
   * b^-1 * a * b)^2, (b * a * b^-1 * a * b * a * b * a * b
   )^2,
b^-1 * a * b^-1 * a * b * a * b * a * b^-2 * a * b * a * b
   * a * b^-1 * a *
   b^-1 * a, b * a * b^-2 * a * b^2 * a * b^-2 * a * b^-2
   * a * b^-1 * a * b^-1 * a * b^-2 *
   a * b^-2 * a * b>;

```

```

f3 ,G3,k3:=CosetAction(GGG, sub<GGG| Id(GGG)>);
IsIsomorphic(GGG, DirectProduct(Alt(5), Alt(5)));

q2 , ff2:=quo<NL[4]|NL4[3]>;
q2;
T:= Transversal(NL[4], NL4[3]);
ff2(T[2]);
ff2(T[3]);

A:=T[2];
A; /*(1, 14)(2, 56)(3, 41)(4, 34)(5, 59)(6, 45)(7, 22)(8,
    11)(9, 18)(10, 20)(12, 46)(13, 57)(15, 35)(16, 38)(17,
    23)(19,
    43)(24, 42)(26, 33)(27, 37)(28, 48)(29, 58)(30, 40)(31,
    49)(32, 51)(36, 47)(39, 52)(50, 60)(53, 55)*/;
B:=T[3];
B; /*(1, 20, 38, 24, 32)(2, 51, 37, 33, 53)(3, 43, 16, 59,
    8)(4, 17, 25, 22, 10)(5, 44, 58, 57, 6)(7, 56, 50, 13,
    30)(9,
    47, 40, 42, 46)(11, 39, 27, 54, 12)(14, 31, 52, 29, 28)
    (15, 41, 21, 49, 60)(18, 26, 48, 34, 19)(23, 55, 45,
    35,
    36)*/

```

```

A in NL4[3];
B in NL4[3];

bol,mp := IsIsomorphic(NL[4],G2); /* True */
bol; /* True */
InvMap:=Inverse(mp);
InvF2:=Inverse(f2);

A:=InvMap(f2(a));
B:=InvMap(f2(b));
(A*B^-1)^3;

Generators(NL4[3]);
C:= G1!(1, 53)(2, 39)(3, 59)(4, 22)(5, 8)(6, 38)(7, 32)(9,
    12)(10, 57)(11, 60)(13, 21)(14, 52)(15, 51)(16, 56)(17,
    33)(18, 48)(19, 36)(20, 24)(23, 37)(25, 40)(26, 58)
    (27, 43)(28, 54)(29, 35)(30, 42)(31, 44)(34, 47)
    (41,
    55)(45, 50)(46, 49);

D:=G1!(1, 55, 32)(2, 57, 9)(3, 18, 15)(4, 59, 41)(5, 30,
    12)(6, 37, 50)(7, 54, 8)(10, 47, 53)(11, 17, 25)(13, 34,
    19)(14, 49, 24)(16, 46, 43)(20, 60, 48)(21, 52, 22)
    (23, 44, 39)(26, 35, 40)(27, 36, 31)(28, 51, 29)

```

```

      (33, 56,
      38)(42, 58, 45);
/* We want Order(D) = 5 and (D^-2*C)^3 = Id(G1). We need to
   find a different way. */

D:=C*D;
D;
Order(D);
(C*D^-1)^3;
C in NL4[3];
D in NL4[3];

Temp:= sub<G1| A,B,C,D,E>;
IsIsomorphic(G1, Temp);

/*C:=InvMap(f2(c));
D:=InvMap(f2(d));*/

t:=IsIsomorphic(sub<G1| C, D>, NL4[3]);
t;

Sch:=SchreierSystem(GG, sub<GG| Id(GG)>);
Alt5SqrWord:=function(Perm);
for i in [2..#GG] do

```

```

P:= [Id(G1): 1 in [1..#Sch[i]]];
for j in [1..#Sch[i]] do
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq 1 then P[j]:=A; end if;
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq -1 then P[j]:=A^-1; end if;
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq 2 then P[j]:=B; end if;
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq -2 then P[j]:=B^-1; end if;
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq 3 then P[j]:=C; end if;
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq -3 then P[j]:=C^-1; end if;
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq 4 then P[j]:=D; end if;
  if Eltseq(Sch[i])[j] eq -4 then P[j]:=D^-1; end if;
end for;
PP:=Id(G1);
for k in [1..#P] do
  PP:=PP*P[k];
end for;
if Perm eq PP then Ret:=Sch[i]; end if;
end for;
return Ret;
end function;

```

```
Sch:=SchreierSystem(GG,sub<GG|Id(GG)>);
```

```
PermToWord:=function(Perm)
```

```
for w in Sch do
```

```
    seq := Eltseq(w);
```



```

    p:= Id(G1);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*A; end if;
    if j eq -1 then p:=p*A^-1; end if;
    if j eq 2 then p:=p*B; end if;
    if j eq -2 then p:=p*B^-1; end if;
    if j eq 3 then p:=p*C; end if;
    if j eq -3 then p:=p*C^-1; end if;
    if j eq 4 then p:=p*D; end if;
    if j eq -4 then p:=p*D^-1; end if;
        end for;
        if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;
end function;

PermToWord(A);
PermToWord(B);
PermToWord(C);
PermToWord(D);
PermToWord(E);

Alt5SqrWord(A^E);
Alt5SqrWord(B^E);
Alt5SqrWord(C^E);

```

```

Alt5SqrWord(D^E);

PermToWord(A^E); /*      a^e = a */
PermToWord(B^E); /*  b^e = a * b^-1 * a * b * a * b^-1 */
PermToWord(C^E); /*  c^e = c * d^2 * c * d^-2 * c */
PermToWord(D^E); /*  d^e = d^2 * c * d^-2 * c * d */

GGG<a,b,c,d,e>:=Group<a,b,c,d,e | a^2, b^5, c^2, d^5, (a*b
    ^-1)^3, (c*d^-1)^3, (a,c), (a,d), (b,c), (b,d), e^2, a^e
    = a, b^e = a * b^-1 * a * b * a * b^-1, c^e = c * d^2
    * c * d^-2 * c, d^e = d^2 * c * d^-2 * c * d >;
f3 ,G3,k3:=CosetAction(GGG,sub<GGG| Id(GGG)>);
IsIsomorphic(G1, G3); /* true */
/* Isomorphic type of G1 = 2:m(Alt(5))2. */

/*Isomorphic type of N*/

S:= Sym(24);
xx:=S!(1,2,4,18,9)(3,13,14,16,24)(6,21,7,8,10)
    (12,15,19,20,22);
yy:=S!(1,21)(2,5)(3,19)(4,6)(7,15)(8,11)(9,13)(10,12)
    (14,17)(16,18)(20,23)(22,24);
N:=sub<S|xx,yy>;

```

```

FPGroup(N);
NN<x,y>:=Group<x,y|x^5, y^2, (x^-1 * y)^4, (x * y * x^-2 *
    y * x)^2 >;

CompositionFactors(N);
NL:= NormalLattice(N);/*
Normal subgroup lattice

[3]  Order 120  Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 2
[2]  Order 60   Length 1  Maximal Subgroups: 1
[1]  Order 1    Length 1  Maximal Subgroups:*/

CompositionFactors(NL[2]);
q, ff:=quo<N|NL[2]>;
q;
T:= Transversal(N,NL[2]);
ff(T[2]);
K:=T[2];
K; /* (1, 21)(2, 5)(3, 19)(4, 6)(7, 15)(8, 11)(9, 13)(10,
    12)(14, 17)(16, 18)(20, 23)(22, 24)*/

Alt5<i,j>:= Group<i,j| i^2, j^5, (i*j^-1)^3>;
fa,Ga,ka:=CosetAction(Alt5,sub<Alt5|Id(Alt5)>);
bol,mp:= IsIsomorphic(Ga, NL[2]);

```

```

Bol; /* true */
I:= mp(fa(i));
I; /* (1, 17)(2, 20)(3, 21)(4, 18)(5, 7)(6, 10)(8, 14)(9,
      15)(11, 19)(12, 22)(13, 23)(16, 24) */
J:=mp(fa(j));
J; /* (1, 9, 20, 17, 12)(2, 11, 18, 19, 15)(3, 8, 23, 6,
      13)(5, 24, 7, 21, 14) */
(I*J-1)3;

Sch:=SchreierSystem(Alt5,sub<Alt5|Id(Alt5)>);

/* a faster version of word */
word:=function(Perm)
for w in Sch do
    seq := Eltseq(w);
    p:= Id(N);
    for j in seq do
        if j eq 1 then p:=p*I; end if;
if j eq -1 then p:=p*I-1; end if;
if j eq 2 then p:=p*J; end if;
if j eq -2 then p:=p*J-1; end if;
    end for;
    if Perm eq p then return w; end if;
end for;

```

```

end function;

word(I^K); /* i^k = j^2 * i * j^-2 * i * j^2 */
I*J^-2*I eq (J^I)^-2;
I*J^-2*I eq (J^I)^3;
I*J^-2*I eq ((J^I)^-1)^2;
word(J^K);/* j^k = i * j^2 * i */
J^K eq (J^I)^2;
word((J^K)^(I^-1));

G6<i ,j ,k>:= Group< i , j , k | i^2, j^5, (i*j^-1)^3, k^2, i^
    k = j^2 * i * j^-2 * i * j^2, j^k = (j^2) ^ i >;
f7 ,G7 ,k7:=CosetAction(G6,sub<G6|Id(G6)>);
IsIsomorphic(N,G7);

word(J^(K*I));
G6<i ,j ,k>:= Group< i , j , k | i^2, j^5, (i*j^-1)^3, k^2, i^
    k = j^2 * i * j^-2 * i * j^2, j^(k*i) = (j^2) >;
f7 ,G7 ,k7:=CosetAction(G6,sub<G6|Id(G6)>);
IsIsomorphic(N,G7);

/* N ~ Alt(5):2 */

```

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