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Major Civil Servant Receives

Education

Here

but the overall education is a big benefit. I recently took a class in local administration from Dr. Gibbs. I am finding a lot of things coming up where I can use that class. Newcombe's name was one of several names that were recommended to the Fire

Commission. He stated, "I think the fact that I have a BA and am working on my MA really helped." Newcombe also has a Community College teaching credential to teach the fire fighting program, and he has taken many classes offered by the state's fire department organization.

Newcombe does not plan to make many major changes in the operation of the Fire Department. He commented, "I have been a part of the administration for a long time, and I have been involved in the planning."

continued on page 5

If Jarvis II Passes

80,000 Students Must Go

This story is mostly rumor confirmed as proposed options and administrative thoughts from many levels. Each fact has been verified as much as possible by at least two sources.

by Mark A. Kemenovich

Eighty thousand students, sixty-four hundred faculty and sixty-four hundred staff must leave the system, if Jarvis II goes into effect, according to current rumors.

Governor Brown ordered all state agencies to determine ways to cut their budgets up to 30 percent. The CSUC system currently plans a 30 percent cut and hopes for a 25 percent cut.

CSUC serves people and its cost to the state is predicated on the number of students which dictate faculty, staff and other support. This campus currently uses about 75 percent of its budget for personnel costs and the system wide cost for personnel is estimated at about 85 percent.

No serious talk has been made of closing individual campuses. The problem is too acute. The goal is to remove students from the system and not just move them around. To prevent this movement, an example might be the required closing of Cal State LA, Northridge, Long Beach AND Fullerton. Closing any of these individual schools would accomplish little and most students could transfer to another school within commuting range.

Using a series of complex formulas devised by the California Postsecondary Education Commission (CPEC) which predicts how many students will leave the system based on tuition imposition, an annual tuition of $850 is predicted to remove 48,000 students. The report is entitled "California Pre-admission" and was published by CPEC in September 1979. It deals with the University of California, CSUC and the Community Colleges.

The tuition student removal formula above would eliminate about 2000 faculty positions and a like number of staff positions. The remaining four thousand positions in each category would be removed as the result of discontinued programs and a raised student-teacher ratio.

The remaining 32,000 student reductions would be achieved by removing spaces currently available. The CPEC report states, "Despite the extensive student financial aid program already in existence, the adoption of large fee increases would substantially reduce the enrollment of students from low-income families, particularly at the State University and in the Community Colleges." Jarvis II goes, "too far, too fast" according to some sources.

The full impact of Proposition 13 cutbacks has yet to be felt because of the extremities in children born to exposed parents.

Controversy centers on possible health problems of many veterans resulting from exposure to the chemical. Although several thousand veterans have complained, 750 have filed disability claims for Agent Orange exposure, but only two are known to have been granted payments.

The major test for Agent Orange contamination apparently requires a sensitive and potentially hazardous liver biopsy, or, at the least, a biopsy of fatty tissue. Although the chemicals used in Vietnam were used in peacetime agricultural projects in the United States, and were thought to be safe, normal precautions seem to have been absent in Vietnam. The concentration of the chemicals was increased about 25 times normal agricultural usage.

A number of confirmed reports of serious dioxin poisoning in chemical plant accidents have been reported. Scientific studies indicate serious problems stem from exposure to Agent Orange.

Some government efforts are being made to verify Agent Orange as a health problem. The major effort is directed toward exfiltrating the Air Force personnel of Operation "Ranch hand" originally called "Hayes". These personnel belonged to the Air Commando Squadron of C-123 Provider Transport Aircraft that performed the majority of missions dropping the chemical defoliants in Vietnam.

10.6 million gallons were sprayed in Vietnam from 1962-1971.

A further series of articles will be run in The PawPrint on Agent Orange.

Symptoms of Dioxin Poisoning and Agent Orange

Numberless to varying degrees in the extremities, particularly the fingers and toes.

Problems with the nervous system leading to loss or decrease in effectiveness of senses.

Psychological effects ranging from loss of memory, to confusion to irritability and altered behavior.

Chloracne or skin rashes.

Diminished sex drive in men and increased sex drive in women.

Cancer, especially of the liver.

Birth defects primarily affecting the extremities in children born to affected parents.

Hypertrophy and psychological problems to children of affected parents.

Third Annual Casino Night draws huge crowd. See photo essay on pages 6 and 7.
Letters to the Editor

Vietnam Veterans Readjustment

Dear Editor,

This is in response to your editorial dated Feb. 5, 1980, dealing with the subject of the Vietnam veteran. I read your response by saying that as of March 20 of this year, or there about, I will graduate from a B. M. and should have graduated with the CSUSB in 1975. I was a Marine andI was one of the last few who graduated before this flooding of the Vietnam veterans. It is done to be a man in the middle, the Vietnam veteran who has a part of his life that is so much a part of who he is, and I now know what is it to live in the Middle Class. Non-academic work is not a part of my life, but both experiences were good in the end because they have brought me to the place I am. I have the opportunity to give them a try, I truly do have time to reflect.

It is for this inherent freedom that I have donated my service. I have given three years after my graduation, I will explain the chance to become a priest. I am not a hater. I hate your ideas of war and the war itself, I am a war supporter, but because I love my freedom and it is working for me, I am trying to make a difference.

In closing, I must say that I'm not so convinced of this impeding doom that the majority is talking about, but I can see it, a new era of life has come over, in short, I see better days ahead.

Stay loose,

Mark Fife

The PawPrint has had their attention with much interest and respect. The PawPrint's recent editorial on the Vietnam veterans' problems is written with the freedom and journalistic independence in which the PawPrint was founded. While the Vietnam veterans' problems are certainly not new, the PawPrint has taken the initiative in presenting this issue to students and to the college community.

I am grateful to you for the opportunity to read and to be published in The PawPrint. I am honored to have my work appear in a publication that has such a rich tradition of student-generated content.

I hope that this letter will encourage other students to contribute to The PawPrint in the future. It is important to have a diverse range of voices and perspectives represented in our student newspaper.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Student Union Building at 5500 State College, San Bernardino, CA 92407.

May 6.13. 20. 27

Entertainment Editor

Dawna Gregory

Art

Jana Ondrechen

Contributors:

News Editor

Alton "Mike" Smith

Support Staff:

Music

Roxanne Langley

Village Idiot

Shari Mills

Profiles

Marilyn Heavilin

Margaret Doane

San Arnold

Ter) Ferris

Angela Lavin

These dynamic and captivating features are obsolete in the need for new, creative ideas. Love transcends mere animal lust and brings us all to a more rarified state of thinking and feeling. Love stands as "beating out our hearts for good" as the rhythm of the universe.

In summary, the system is feeling debilitating pressures under the present $20 A.S. fee. It would make the student president, William Rogers, 1980-1981, say that they could not meet the $10,000 per month. And that money would come out of our pockets. The student presidents are doing a commendable job of lightening the load to the extent we must pay. However, we're not trying to make a drastic breakthrough in our fee, paying less for the same amount of work.

Tim Harris

Commentary

Increasing the A.S. Fee

Our great student leaders from throughout the state are now putting a call to the students to come to the A.S. fee and allow students to vote to raise the fee if they so desire. I am all for allowing the students to decide what their fee should be. You can't get the voter to the polls if the democratic process and the Triad presidents want the consent.

Some governments throughout the system are feeling debilitating pressures under the present $20 A.S. fee. It would make the student president, William Rogers, 1980-1981, say that they could not meet the $10,000 per month. And that money would come out of our pockets. The student presidents are doing a commendable job of lightening the load to the extent we must pay. However, we're not trying to make a drastic breakthrough in our fee, paying less for the same amount of work.

Tim Harris

Campus Walrus

On April 1, you can play the fool for every other day of the year and no one will notice. All you have to do is not speak a word or look religious observance without being thought a Moody-Tone.

And Valentine’s Day allows you to become a gitton without censure, a sinner without reproach, an acceptable woman. And being gay, and kind and cute is the best way to surface without being noticed.

And Easter, Christmas, and Thanksgiving are all historical events and New Years is a hangover from more pagan rituals celebrating the Winter Solstice.

Our great student leaders from throughout the state are now pushing for a new A.S. fee of greater than 2.0; I asked the Triad presidents to increase the fee to $10,000 per month. And that money would come out of our pockets. The student presidents are doing a commendable job of lightening the load to the extent we must pay. However, we're not trying to make a drastic breakthrough in our fee, paying less for the same amount of work.

Tim Harris

Playing with Matches

by Rev. James of the Seventh Day Adventists, the Triad and the Student Union (CASU) are sponsoring a revitalized Quest for Quality program. This involves recapturing the lost two or three years. The PawPrint is the most important thing to keep the students engaged in the rest of their lives. To lose these years is a waste of their time. But in order to complete this educational program, the PawPrint is the key. It will be virtually impossible for the veteran to receive his/her degree in the remaining time. With a family in the picture, taking full time will allow the student to attend an educational institution only on a half time basis. He simply cannot finish four years of college going half time.

We strongly recommend that the remaining dates be made available to all students. This could not be achieved because we are in the middle of a financial crisis. The PawPrint has been granted for those veterans who are in need in the states. It has been three years since Vietnam and an increase in VA educational benefits has helped veterans attend school under the GI Bill. During this time, the cost of living has skyrocketed. The 15 percent increase in VA benefits proposed would greatly reduce the financial pressures on the veterans attending educational programs.

Many Vietnam veterans have experienced the shock to their bodies the dead body.

The majority is freaking out. This is a critical period for the mental growth and development of any man or woman. When most young men decide which path to take for the rest of their lives. To lose these years is a waste of their time. But in order to complete this educational program, the PawPrint is the key. It will be virtually impossible for the veteran to receive his/her degree in the remaining time. With a family in the picture, taking full time will allow the student to attend an educational institution only on a half time basis. He simply cannot finish four years of college going half time.

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CSSA May Conduct Jarvis II Educational Campaign

by Tim Hamre

The California State Student Association (CSSA) is considering setting up an educational campaign to inform students and the general public of the impact Jarvis II may have on students. The information on education in California, and particularly the impact it may have on the California State University and Colleges (CSUC), is currently being planned for consideration.

The student presidents who comprise the CSSA spent a good part of their meeting, held January 19 and 20 in Sacramento, discussing the implications and ramifications of Jarvis II.

Rather than conduct an actual political campaign, as Jarvis II, the CSSA is considering conducting educational campaigns, to see if that the electorate is in fact informed about Jarvis II as is possible.

The registration campaign will also be conducted on the CSUC campuses prior to the June election. A spring quarter registration campaign is currently being planned for the campus.

The CSSA is also fighting proposed increases in the Student Service Fee and a $2 increase in fees to students on what they would like to see as a three year period.

In their March meeting, the Trustees will consider general increases in the Student Service Fee and a $2 increase in fees to pay for additional staffing in the Financial Aid Office. This additional staffing is needed due to the large increase in the number of applicants caused by the passage of the Middle Income Student Assistance Act by the federal government last year.

Also requested by the CSSA was a continuation of the moratorium placed on transfers of the Student Service Fee. At their January meeting however, the trustees decided not to continue the moratorium that they had instituted in November.

The CSSA wanted the moratorium continued and a review of the fee structure and fee methodology be completed. Campus presidents however, have not yet set time for a system.

On the legislative front, the CSSA is pushing for the passage of SB 1279, a bill which would rewrite the $20 ceiling that was placed on student body fees in the 1950's. Passage of the bill would mean that the A.S. fee could be raised past its present $20 level if two-thirds of those students voting supported such an increase in the A.S. fee.

The CSSA will also be pushing for some changes in the Instructionally Related Activities (IRA) that the campus has been in place for the past 10 years, and the web of contracts, that Jarvis II may bring.

The purpose of this temporary committee is to review the passage of the bill would mean that the A.S. fee could be raised past its present $20 level if two-thirds of those students voting supported such an increase in the A.S. fee.

In two months over 30 positions have been listed and a number of Cal-State students have been placed in these positions. Although he is working for the Financial Aid Office it will not be necessary to qualify for financial aid to make use of the job opportunities available in San Bernadino and the surrounding area. These positions will be posted on the part-time job board outside the Placement Office in the Student Services Building.

If you are interested in learning about these positions or have any suggestions on types of jobs you would like developed, go see the Financial Aid Office, Student Services Building 54-14 and Tom will be happy to assist you.

Job Location And Development Officer Hired

The Ad Hoc Food Committee Met for the first in a series of possibly four meetings on Tuesday, February 5 in the Location Committee Room. The purpose of this temporary committee is to review the passage of the bill would mean that the A.S. fee could be raised past its present $20 level if two-thirds of those students voting supported such an increase in the A.S. fee.

The group has a made up of 13 voting members from the eight residential halls, interested non-voting students, Wayne Hutchinson, Assistant Housing Director; Doyle Stansel, Associate Dean of Students, Bill Ferrall, PFM Manager; and Leonard Farrell, Foundation Treasurer and College Business Manager. The 13 voting students were elected or appointed by their respective dorms. Each dorm was allowed a maximum of two voting members.

Hutchinson, Stansel, Ferrall and Farrell advise and investigate implementation of certain items requested by the voting members of the committee.

On Tuesday evening the members were given copies of the present contract to review. Three major items were brought up at the first meeting during this review.

The subject that provoked the most discussion was concerning the feasibility of a 10 Meal Plan. At the present time dorm residents have a choice either of 19 or 15 meals per week. According to Mr. Hutchinson, 250 residents are on the 15 meal plan and 85 pay for the full 19 meals offered. One of the reasons mentioned in the 10 meal plan is the fact that some working students are on campus long enough to take advantage of only a limited number of meals. The cost of implementing this plan is being computed.

Another topic discussed concerned whether the weekend brunch should be served from its present 10 a.m. to 11 a.m. time slot. A possible alternative of time to 11:30 was suggested.

The above are new special rights, such as Steak Night, was also discussed by the committee.

At the end of the meetings, (There will be a minimum of three, with a fourth one likely) the Ad Hoc Food Committee will vote on these and other issues and make its final recommendations to the Foundation Board which will make the final decisions concerning next year's contract.

The 15 voting student members are: Mike Smith, Home Economics; Phil Tardy and Mike Pfeifer; Tokay, Jeff Heas and Joe Holloway; Arrowhead, Leslie Gilpin and Cynthia Espqul; Watermain, Chris Finn; Tem Calloway and John Flathers; Joshua, Michael Ferrin; Badger, Greg Bourgeois; and Morongo, Elise Pedrono.
**The Village Idiot**

by Sharr Mils

Joshua — it is inviting residents and guests to their Sadie Hawkins Dance on February 29th. Everyone is asked to wear highfly style clothes for the dance. More information will be provided in a later issue of the paper.

**Serrano Village Residents** — were part of a community service project Sunday to help in the cleanup of mud-ridden homes in San Bernardino. The Mayor's office awarded a trophy to the most successful volunteer group in the area plus McDonald's meal passes to participants in the project. SVC has also appropriated $25 for the purchase of a "1980 Community Service Award" plaque, to be awarded to the house with the most participants. Food and refreshments were also provided to all who helped. At press time, winner of the plaque has not been announced.

**Bells** — will be ringing for Mojave's Den Mandance and Dance Tammy sometime this summer. Another dort couple getting married this summer is Michael Finn and Yvette Black literally skated circles around everyone, causing a few minor "pings" of other not-so-talented skaters! A few people who didn't catch the object of rollerskating, spent time polishing the rails and improving their skating. Everyone enjoyed themselves. After skating and pizza at the Pizza Chalet, several Stan- Dram residents joined R.A. Terry Calloway for thru Thursday for Valentine's Day. Russel Night" at San Hi Lanes on the 22nd of this month, and "Ice Skating Night" later in the quarter.

Mojave — will be selling "candy grams" this Thursday for Valentine's Day. Russell Stover's Valentine candy will be sent at the request of residents to their loved ones to help in the cleanup of mud-ridden homes to their Sadie Hawkins Dance on February 29th. Everyone is asked to wear highfly style clothes for the dance. More information will be provided in a later issue of the paper.

**THE CREDIT GAME**

California State College, San Bernardino

**Black History Week**

February 18-22

**Cal Berkeley**

**Sensational Night**

Featuring Harry Templeton and the "San Bernardino Community Choir"

Sump Room Student Union

7:30 p.m.-9:30 p.m.

**Wednesday — February 20, 1980**

Inland Empire Black Social Stratification Housing, Education and Employment Panel Chaired by: Melvin Hawkins, Phd. Sump Room Student Union 7:30 p.m.-9:30 p.m.

**Thursday — February 21, 1980**

These Act Play by Shades of Black "THE ORGANIZER" Directed by: David Home Sump Room Student Union 7:30 p.m.-9:30 p.m.

**Friday, February 22, 1980**

Black History Luncheon Piano Music of Black Composers Presenting: ALTHEA WAITES Lower Commons 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m.

Sponsored By: The Black Student Union for further information call 887-7395

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**February 12, 1980**

**The Continuing Saga Of Tumbleweed Tech**

Chapter XI

I wandered into the Temple for Union last weekend and discovered a new type of worship ceremony. For that matter I fear I discovered a new god.

Swarms and swarms of passers kept coming into the Temple for Union; their pockets and purses bulging with coppers; and their eyes aglow with anticipation.

And they were all headed to one particular place in the Temple. It was not the room where the spirited waters flowed, nor was it the room where Art and Games nor the room that held the merchants of snakes nor was it one of the offices or meeting rooms that they were going to.

No, everyone was headed into that dark, creviced, the Secret Underground Meeting Place (SUMP).

Now I suspected that there was a new special, secret ceremony going on at the Temple for Union because everyone seemed to enter with a religious fever. Also, those that came out had a glazed look about them. They like they had just seen a revelation or had been converted ... or something. The fact that their once bulging pockets were now empty of coppers suggested that this particular sect used an awful big collection plate.

I decided to investigate.

I thought I had stepped into another land. The room was filled with a wide variety of gaming tables and I saw a lot of coppers changing hands in just a few minutes.

"What an interesting way to worship," I thought.

Not only was the room filled with interesting games, it was also filled with interesting characters.

To my amazement I actually saw Sir Wallace of the Unchecked Tongue, the chief scribe for the Oracle of the gods. The Tumbleweed Techs, and the Viceroy for Peasant Affairs sitting at the same table playing with cards. This I had to check out.

"What are you doing here?" I inquired as I stepped to the table.

"I'm trying to win some coppers for a legal fund to fight Sir Wallace," replied the Viceroy. "I'm trying to win some coppers for a legal fund to fight the Viceroy," said Sir Wallace. "Figures," I remarked as I left the table.

"Lady Kathryn was over at the Wheel of Fortune betting heavily on the High Numbers. What are you trying to win coppers for?" I asked (I caught on fast why people were here).

"I'm trying to win coppers for a legal fund to fight the Peasants." "Lady Kathryn" answered. "I'm trying to win coppers for a legal fund to fight Sir Wallace." said Sir Wallace "My reelection campaign of course," she replied. "I must lead the Peasants from afar for yet another year."

"Better on the low numbers," I advised. "It will match the number of votes you get."

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"Better on the low numbers," I advised. "It will match the number of votes you get."

Then I saw HER, standing against the wall, her eyes shifting back and forth ogling many males.

"Lady Dizzi," I inquired. "How are you doing?"

"Fine" she said, "but don't block my view."

"Why aren't you gaming and losing your coppers like everyone else?"

"I'm busy."

"Doing what?"

"Ogling all that male pulsatride." I winced. "You've been talking to Sir Wallace again. And?"

"Searching out the ones with the bulgest muscles and coppers." I watched her go out onto the Floor Reserved for Primitive Peasant Counting Rituals. I spied another gaming to the area of RockingRoll.

It was Sir Howie of the New Custom. He was hopping his arms around and shouting "Long Live RockingRoll" in a manner so unlike the epileptic trances induced by the blinking lights and sinister painful noises of the Gods Lacking Creativity.

I decided his job has finally consumed him.

I stood a while longer watching a few peasants become wid with happiness. which was after all only induced by paper making them as crops. Most just left the burden of their coppers behind increasing the life span of their pockets.

After I left that Den of Worship and went to the room where the spirited waters flowed a strange noise came from the lofty waves reaching to the ceiling. Reverend James was buzzing once more in the despeared hon of losing his initiates to licentiousness to the lure of coppers.

I drank my way back to reality praying that the lanterns would be lit and kept a recurring thought in my mind throughout. "Imagine such a preoccupation with coppers."

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Valentine's Day Activities

The Commons will serve a special dinner on February 14. The main course will be steak and shrimp. FFM will present the $20 Village Council decoration appropriation.

A committee of Village resident volunteers from the Food Service Committee and the Village Council will decorate the Commons. AS will host a dance that night in the Student Union from 10 p.m. 2 a.m.

Plant Kidnapped

Tuesday morning, women from Shandlin's downstairs suite reported the disappearance of their study room's plant, Babalou-y.

"This is no joke" and "we are not laughing" tipped the mood over the loss. "Too many things are disappearing and this one just sets us off," said one occupant.

Babalou-y is an ivy leaf philodendron. The ceramic pot has a high gloss white with handpainted blue trim and two bluegreen and orange floral designs. Two small brown ceramic birds underplant the plant.

"The plant lent a special home touch to the study room," said Diane Mullaney. "He like the person who walked away with it to return as soon as possible," said Andrea Blascheck. Both live in the suite. Anyone with information leading to the whereabouts of Babalou-y, please call 897-7450. Ask for Andrea or leave a message.

Psi Chi

On Wed. Feb. 13 at noon in BL 101 Psi Chi presents Dr. S. Ellis who will speak on the title of "Biological Constraints on Learning.

From Laboratory to Field and Back to the Laboratory."

This topic will cover a brief history of the conditioned taste aversion literature and its influence on traditional learning theory. Studies conducted on the CSCSB campus and elsewhere will be discussed in an attempt to show how the biology and evolutionary history of an organism sets limits on its ability to learn.

Veteran's Office Survey

How Do You Feel About The Draft?

The Veteran Affairs Office, under the direction of Mr. Ray Sayre, is interested in the views of students in regard to the draft, the military and other subjects dealing with veterans and potential veterans.

This survey has been prepared to determine student views on the draft and other questions relating to it. This is not an official survey — it is designed to satisfy our curiosity and give us a larger base of information to base our decisions and stands on.

1. Do you see the need for registration for the draft?
2. Would you approve a plan for "alternative" national service, i.e. national health service Peace Corps, Vista, etc. as an option to compulsory military service?
3. If registration for the draft or alternative national service is required, should both men and women be required to register?
4. If the law required you to register, would you?
5. If registered, would you accept or reject induction if drafted or called for alternative service?

Are you Male? Female? —

How old are you? —

Are you a veteran?

Please return completed questionnaires to the Veteran Affairs Office or The PawPrint. Leave them under the door if necessary. The PawPrint will publish the results.

Deadline for return of questionnaires is Thursday, February 14, 1980 at 4 p.m.
Photos by Sherry Hardin

Casino Night

by Tom

Over 200 people attended the Third Annual Casino Night, Saturday, February 9 in the Student Union. The event estimated $700 in prizes.

Those who attended were able to choose from slot tables, three poker tables or three blackjack tables, and even some 50's music was played.

Refreshments were sold by the Serrano Village Press. Figures on the amount of business done were not available at press time.

Carnations and cigars were sold to add to the atmosphere. Use of the casino equipment was limited.

Mathematics at the University of Redlands as well as Gaming, Economics, and Statistics courses at the University of Redlands were represented.

Those who attended were able to choose from slot tables, three poker tables or three blackjack tables, and even some 50's music was played.

Use of the casino equipment was limited. All of the games were supervised by professionals. Those who attended were able to choose from slot tables, three poker tables or three blackjack tables, and even some 50's music was played.

Figures on the amount of business done were not available at press time.

Carnations and cigars were sold to add to the atmosphere. Use of the casino equipment was limited.

Mathematics at the University of Redlands as well as Gaming, Economics, and Statistics courses at the University of Redlands were represented.

Proceeds from Casino Night went to the Serrano Village Press.

The sponsors who donated prizes were:

- Lion Country Safari - two passes
- Tour - two passes
- Sea World - two passes
- Angeles Dodgers - two box seats
- Los Angeles Clippers - two passes
- Sea World - two passes
- Lions - two passes
- Athletes-in-Action Christian Band
- Conglomerate - dinner for two
- Brody Fashions - $20 gift certificate
- D.J.'s Book Store - T-shirt
- Dependable Cabs - 10 tickets
- Flowers by Margaret - 100 tickets
- Guadachal Aries - 10 tickets
- Ralph's - 5-10-25 cent store
- Shilling & Company Inc. (LA) - three passes

How long can those sevens keep coming?
Enjoyed By All

A Casino Night hosted by Waterman Dorm on
Friday night was a huge hit in the 24-hour HUM
Room and left with an
event full of fun. It was filled with a variety of music
disco, rock and roll, and dancing.

The Mobile Casino and the Pub was also open.

Dr. Judas Sanderson, a professor of
business, helped to collect and bring in the equipment and gaming procedures.

He also trained the equipment and gaming procedures.

Play money for use at the casino night at-
was possible at press time.

A variety of raffle drawings were held every hour, or to win

money for use at the casino night at-

on the highest bidder in play money. A

were provided by 30 different sponsors.

We invited the winners were not available at

the Dorm fund. Proceeds from refresh-

item — two passes, Maidel — four

Casa de los Angeles — two passes, Queen Mary

Palooza Surf Soccer Organization — two

Pappa's Restaurant (Don't Bid) — two sandwiches, Creme's

Bee Cane — curling iron, CSCSB

Fiesta Village (Colton) — hot pot gift, McCormick

Pizza Hut — discount

The Gato Gordo Restaurant (Riverside)

Losers drowning their sorrows?
"Kokoschka Graphics At The L.A. County Museum Of Art"
by Jana Ondrechen

"Kokoschka at 94. Seventy Years of His Graphic Art" is on view through March 16 in the Contemporary Art Galleries, Lytton Halls, on the third floor of the Frances and Armand Hammer wing of the Los Angeles County Museum of Art.

Presenting 130 prints, drawings, book and periodical illustrations and a tapestry, the show is the most comprehensive exhibition of the artist's graphic work ever held in the U.S.

Oskar Kokoschka is recognized as an outstanding representative of German Expressionism, an anti-classical movement which developed in the 20th century prior to World War I, partly in reaction to the optimism and materialism of Impressionism, and was marked by temperamental brushwork or line and raucous color.

Kokoschka found this unconventional style well suited to expressing his concern for the human condition.

Born in Austria in 1886, Oskar Kokoschka spent his formative years in the baroque cities of Salzburg and Vienna. The artist cites the Austrian baroque art he was exposed to as a choir boy in the churches of these cities as the strongest influence of his youth.

In 1904 he entered the Vienna School of Arts and Crafts. He had already written two plays in verse and written and illustrated a richly imaginative fairy tale The Dreaming Youth (a copy of the book is included in the show) by 1908, when he held his first exhibition of paintings.

A hostile public and press labelled young Kokoschka a 'Degenerate artist,' reacting in shock to his loose, expressionistic style and spontaneous drawing directly onto the printing surface.

This kind of spontaneity is especially strong in his portraits, which capture and evoke the mood, emotion and character of his subjects.

From the collection of Reinhold, Count Bethusy-Huc Collection of Vienna and from the Robert Gore Rifkind collection, Beverly Hills, the exhibition is supported by the Museum's Multipurpose Room of the Student Union.

Students and community members are interested in attending the lecture at no charge.

"Professor Schiff, who was born in 18th and 20th century art, from Fussell to Picasso, will be discussing the three, past paintings of the 20th century, German painter Max Beckmann," explained Dr. Julius Kaplan, chairman of the art department and coordinator of the lecture.

"Beckmann used the medieval format of the triptych, to express his reaction to the events of his time," Kaplan added. "He worked in a realistic but distorted style, involving personal and thus puzzling forms."

"Beckmann was driven out of Germany by the Nazi and spent the war years hiding in the Netherlands. He immigrated to this country in 1947 and lived until 1950."

"He was just a child and in that period, what he was forced to do, was to think about the events of his time, and express it in his painting."

"So we have these three paintings, and these are the paintings that we shall have a chance to see in this lecture."
SUMMER JOBS: THE SEARCH IS ON!
These girls know a thing or two about Ford Pintos, and they love the 1980 Pinto Rallye. They’re the girls from the 8-Pinto sorority in Long Beach, California, and each one owns a Pinto. Left to right, they’re Karen, Linda, Lisa, Kim, Sue, Bonnie, Marianne and Cathy.

40 STANDARD FEATURES
The 1980 Pinto is packed with standard features. Features like steel-belted radials, bucket seats, tinted glass, and rack and pinion steering. On the Pinto Rallye you also get a Sports Package which includes tachometer, ammeter and front and rear spoilers.

EXCELLENT MILEAGE
24 EPA EST. MPG 38 HWY EST. MPG

Compare this estimated mpg to other cars. Your mpg may differ depending on speed, distance and weather. Actual highway mpg will probably be lower than estimated. California and wagon ratings are lower.

WIDE CHOICE OF MODELS
The 1980 Pinto comes in a variety of sedans, hatchbacks and wagons. At prices that will surprise you. There’s even an Extended Service Plan available providing longer protection than your car’s basic warranty. Consult your Ford Dealer.

Compare Pinto. It may be America’s best small car value.
Interested in a summer job? Just daydreaming about warm-weather work won't land you the ideal position. Though it may seem early, it's not too soon to start planning. So savor the variety of possibilities ahead, and get set for some sound advice on the search for a summer job.

**THE GREAT SUMMER JOB SEARCH .......... 4**

The market looks brighter than you might think—Getting your priorities in order—Reliable tips to help the job-hunter—One student's strategy: profile of an aggressive applicant—Computer-matched positions.

**Resort and Recreation Jobs .......... 6**

Spending a summer in fantasyland—Paradise may present some problems—Auditioning: where and when—Samplers of major resorts and theme parks—An actor performs Miracles—Riding the trails with a Yellowstone Wrangler.

**Working Abroad .......... 8**

The romance and reality of summer jobs overseas—Cutting the cost of a foreign job—Landing in London: profile of a hotel worker.

**Government Green ... 10**

Getting inside the government—Tapping the state and local opportunities—Interns: learning and earning—Picking up in Oregon—Collecting from the census—Flying high: a NASA intern—Uncle Sam's test for summer jobs—The view from Capitol Hill.

**Internships And Co-ops .......... 14**


**Outdoor Jobs .......... 16**

The pros and cons of working in the great outdoors—Camp it up this summer—Laying track: profile of a steel-driving man—A festival carpenter: the muscle behind the magic.

**Be Your Own Boss .... 18**

The summer entrepreneur—Selling door-to-door—Grants to finance your fantasies—Legal aspects of running your own business—Making it work—Conjuring up jobs: profiles of a magician and a clam digger.

**Tried and True .......... 22**

Sure bets: when money is the object—How to get yourself hired—The union connection—The hierarchy of tipping—Aid from the state—Profiles: helping mothers and waiting tables—Volunteering: for experience, not money.

**FORD'S INSIDER: A CONTINUING SERIES OF COLLEGE NEWSPAPER SUPPLEMENTS is published by 13-30 Corporation (which also produces such familiar campus publications as NUTSHELL and THE GRADUATE). The Ford Division of Ford Motor Company advertises in this publication as an indication of its desire to provide services to college students. Please take the time to let us know how you like this supplement by returning the postage-paid card on page 16. And for more information on Ford's product line, use the card on page 5.**

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THE GREAT SUMMER JOB SEARCH

Start now! Beat the mad rush for your place in the sun.

Good news for the New Year: In spite of the tight economy, the outlook for summer jobs in 1980 is good.

Although summer may be just a daydream while you're buried under snow or term papers, the Great Summer Job Search is just around the corner. And if last year is any indication, your chances of getting a job this summer are perhaps better than you think, especially if you're willing to start looking early.

Last summer, the youth unemployment rate was the lowest since 1973, and job openings increased in fields such as recreation, construction, and manufacturing. More than 1.4 million students found government jobs, while 13.3 million worked in the private sector. And more than 300,000 students ran their own businesses.

Today, the number of corporations offering internships is increasing, as more companies recognize the need to establish relationships with future graduates.

And while it may not promise an immediate financial payoff, nearly half a million students take jobs as volunteers each year, gaining experience for the future.

Finding a summer job can be as simple as walking into a fast-food restaurant in the spring and filling out an application, or as time-consuming as starting to search for a government slot tomorrow.

Remember, summers between college years offer a unique opportunity for "exploratory employment"—a chance that disappears once you've embarked on a career. Now is the time to loosen the limits of your thoughts about what summer work can be. Shoot for the moon if you like—one student did just that and landed a NASA internship last summer.

With a little planning, you may find yourself digging for history at an archaeological site, teaching survival in the wilderness, or rubbing shoulders with policymakers in the nation's capital.

That's what this magazine is all about: Helping you discover your options and giving you the information you need to get the summer job that fits your special goals. Good hunting!
Zero in on You!
Making plans for summer often takes a back seat when you’re in the middle of a year crowded with term papers, exams, and tuition bills. But you can make your time out of school count by deciding exactly what you want out of this summer’s job.

Here are some variables to consider in your personal inventory.

Money. Do you need a summer job to finance another year of college, or can you afford one that is short on salary but long on experience?

The future. Do you want your summer job to be career-related? Internships and co-op yield contacts, experience, and pay or academic credit while you learn.

Travel. Would you like to visit new places and, in the process, make the trip pay for itself? It’s possible to work in another country by enlisting the aid of several programs which match students with foreign jobs.

Your style. Do you like to take directions, or to give them? If you’d rather work on your own than with a group of people, summer is a prime time to run a seasonal business.

Surroundings. Want to get away from campus, or maybe even from the state? A change in locale and the chance to work with lots of people your age are among the fringe benefits of jobs at resorts or amusement parks.

Despite the immediate concerns of the school year, if you want to be in Colorado this summer, don’t wait until May to apply. Narrowing your goals now will help you set your sights on a satisfying summer.

Get a Head Start On the Job Hunt
So you want a good summer job, a rose in a field full of thorns, so to speak. How do you get it?

Here are some time-tested job-hunting tips that can put you at the front of the pack.

Start now. Some government jobs have application deadlines as early as January. You certainly should start planning no later than spring, but by then the well of jobs may be running dry.

Tell your family, friends, and professors that you’re looking for a summer job. Department of Labor statistics show that more than one-fourth of all job-seekers find employment through personal contacts.

Select eight or nine companies or organizations as employment targets, and learn as much as possible about each. Start your search at your college career placement office or consult the College Placement Annual, which lists 1,200 major employers and includes a section on those that offer regular summer employment.

Next, establish contact with the employer. It’s preferable to do this in person or by telephone, but if that isn’t possible, rely on an imaginative cover letter and a resume. If you know someone in the company, ask if you may use his or her name in introducing yourself. Write a separate resume for each company, slanting each one toward the job in question.

At the interview, be prepared to convince the interviewer that you’re the right one for the job. Following up with a prompt telephone call or thank-you note could help you clinch it.

For other tips on “How to Get Hired,” see page 23.

Maureen McDonnell: Planning Pays
Maureen McDonnell goes after a summer job with equal parts of planning, imagination, and chutzpah. And it always pays off.

The 22-year-old Cornell University senior has tried her hand at everything from waitressing to carrying out a federally funded research project. During her first year at Cornell, the enterprising nutrition major persuaded the university to apply work-study funds to a research project she conducted for a professor at another university.

Maureen’s organized job hunts usually start during the school year with mass mailings of cover letters and resumes. But she has learned that nailing down a job means showing up in person to make a pitch for the position. That technique got her a job as a hospital dietician’s aide one summer, which led to a position as supervisor of hospital kitchen personnel the next summer. Those two experiences helped her decide against immediately pursuing a career as a dietician.

Preferring to keep her options open, she has taken a noncredit bartending course that she hopes to use someday. She also has laid the groundwork for a possible writing career by free-lancing for health magazines.

And her plans for this summer? Maureen is already scouting for a job that “doesn’t require too much work” to give herself a break before entering the working world full time.

Computer Matches Students to Jobs
Why do students at more than 50 colleges and universities have a head start on finding summer jobs? They do it by computer.

The Grad II computer system registers employers and students, and matches them according to qualifications and job requirements. Students who sign up for the program receive a computer printout of employers offering jobs matching their interests, along with the name of someone to contact for an interview.

Employers receive a computer printout of students, with a mini-resume on each. At the University of Florida, which uses Grad II in conjunction with a summer-job counseling course, about 300 employers have registered with the computer.
Plan Ahead for a Summer in the Sun
When the midwinter doldrums hit, the prospect of a summer in the sun at a resort area exerts a magnetic pull. Drawn by visions of spending free time on the beach or partying with new-found friends, thousands of students flock to tourist areas and amusement parks.

Typical job openings in resorts are for cashiers, waiters, waitresses, chambermaids, ride operators, parking-lot attendants, lifeguards, sales and desk clerks, and entertainers.

Landing a job is a competitive activity. More than 17,000 people applied last summer for the 3,000 jobs at Disneyland. If you have special qualifications—such as waitressing experience or a background as a tennis or golf instructor—your chances are better.

Getting a good resort job means planning early. Most employers are already accepting applications.

But if the beginning of the summer finds you jobless, don't give up. Large parks and resorts anticipate a turnover rate of about 25 percent, and your chances improve after the Fourth of July, when many students quit. Also, many workers return to campuses before Labor Day, leaving employers desperate for people to work through mid-September.

Unexpected Problems in Paradise
A job in "paradise" is no picnic. A setting may be after working hours. Conditions at resorts and parks vary, but generally the pay is low, housing is basic at best, and the hours tend to be longer than average.

Most resort employers pay little more than minimum wage, and many require workers to sign a contract promising to stay until summer's end. Contract-breakers often lose their share of a tip pool which may be withheld and given as a "bonus" around Labor Day.

Many students who accept jobs in resorts aren't prepared for such surprises as primitive living conditions in rustic areas, or the necessity of sharing a small room with three roommates. Employer-provided housing is often a cramped dormitory—and finding an apartment in a resort town usually means paying tourist prices.

"It's a question of how well you can adapt," says one student, who worked at the Grand Canyon last summer. "It's a great experience, but you can't let little things get you down."

A Sampling of Parks With Panache
Most openings in the following parks are for waiters, waitresses, ride operators, ticket-takers, and maintenance and concessions workers.

Six Flags Corporation
(Six Flags Over Texas, Dallas/Fort Worth 76010; Six Flags Over Georgia, Atlanta 30336; Over Mid-America, St. Louis 63025; Astroworld, Houston 77054; Six Flags Great Adventure, Jackson, N.J. 08827; and Six Flags Magic Mountain, Los Angeles County 91355)

Generally minimum wage; apply in January and February. No employee housing available.

Opryland, U.S.A.
(Nashville, Tenn. 37214

Openings for 2,200 workers. Minimum wage; apply in late January and February. Auditions for 400 entertainers in late December and January. No housing on site, but offers apartment listings.

Busch Gardens
(Tampa, Fla. 33674, and Williamsburg, Va. 23185

Openings for 4,750 workers. Minimum wage or slightly higher; apply in January for Williamsburg, April and May for Tampa. No employee housing available.

For more information, see the National Directory of Theme Parks and Amusement Areas (Pilot Books Inc., 347 Fifth Ave., New York, N.Y. 10016, $2.95).
Resort Towns: Where to Look

Though you'll find lots of opportunities off the beaten track, you might want to simplify your job hunt by concentrating on one of the following well-known resort towns. They traditionally employ large numbers of college students during the summer months.

For more specific job information, contact local chambers of commerce or the appropriate state employment office.

Atlantic City, N.J. About 5,000 openings at 52 hotels and 72 restaurants at this beach resort. Competitive, usually hire students from the eastern United States.

Provincetown, Mass. At the tip of Cape Cod. Forty-five restaurants, 50-plus hotels.

Lake Tahoe, Calif. From 300 to 400 reported vacancies monthly; major casinos employ up to 400 extras each for summer.

Myrtle Beach, S.C. Has 200 motels, 60 restaurants, 300-plus gift shops. Walking fairly successful. Housing very tight.

Gatlinburg, Tenn. In the Great Smoky Mountains. Has 200 motels, 60 restaurants, 300-plus gift shops. Walking fairly successful. Housing very tight.

Panama City and Panama City Beach, Fla. Have 245 motels and 400-plus restaurants. Contact the local employment office. Rental outlook good for houses, poor for apartments.

Mackinaw City and Mackinac Island, Mich. Have 100 motels and 60 gift shops that serve more than one million tourists each summer. Housing tight.

Lake George, N.Y. Has 451 restaurants and 369 motels within 30-mile radius.

Rapid City, S.D. In the Black Hills. Has 75 summer employers; many provide room and board. Housing also available by sub-leasing from South Dakota Technical University students.

For specific job listings in resort areas, consult The 1980 Summer Employment Directory of the United States.

There's No Biz Like (Summer) Show Biz

You may be able to sing, dance, or act your way into a job this summer. Summer-stock companies, dinner theaters, and theme parks often rely on mass auditions to line up their summer rosters. For example:

The Southeastern Theatre Conference holds the largest audition in the country, with more than 80 stock companies, theaters, and drama groups represented. About half of the 650 students who auditioned last year were hired. This year's tryouts will be held March 5-9 at the Opryland Hotel in Nashville, Tenn. For details, contact Marrian Smith, 1209 W. Market St., Greensboro, N.C. 27412.

The New England Theatre Conference will hold preliminary auditions February 23-24 at Emerson College in Boston. About 200 finalists will be chosen to compete for roles at 30 to 35 theaters. For information, write Marie Phillips, 50 Exchange St., Waltham, Mass. 02154.

The Southwestern Theatre Conference will hold auditions February 11-12 at the Scott Theatre in Fort Worth, Tex. Last year, 17 companies were represented. For information, write Maurice Burger, P.O. Box 2083, Baton Rouge, La. 70821.

The Institute of Outdoor Drama will hold auditions at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill on March 15. Twelve to 15 outdoor-drama companies, mainly from the Atlantic seaboard, will be looking for talent.

Don't overlook summer jobs in the performing arts at theme and amusement parks, often called the "vaudeville of today."

Every year, Six Flags auditions 8,000 students for 800 performing jobs in their six theme parks. Most other parks use student performers as well, and many hold mass auditions. Contact the parks directly, or check your placement office for recruiting schedules.

Kevin Gray: Center Stage

Kevin Gray, 21, (above left), spent last summer performing miracles and getting paid for it. But he had help—from the rest of the cast in a summer-stock play called Miracles.

"A senior majoring in history and drama at Duke University, Kevin had roles as Adam, Joseph, and Jesus Christ in a series of Biblical dramas performed by a group based at Belmont College in Nashville, Tenn. He made $165 a week, more than many summer-stock actors earn. But he would have done it for nothing. "Summer stock offers the opportunity for young performers to do many roles," says Kevin. "Just remember to take it for what it is. You won't always be doing MacBeth."

Dwight Lane: Yellowstone Wrangler

Riding a horse along the rocky trails of Yellowstone National Park paid off for Dwight Lane last summer. The Mayville State College junior did his wilderness sightseeing as one of 27 trail guides known as "wranglers."

"His duties included feeding, brushing, and saddling horses, and teaching "dudes" (tourists) how to ride. He also led six trail rides a day. "I can't think of anything I didn't like about the job," Dwight says. "I got to be in the fresh air and work with people from all over the country."

INSIDER 7
Working Abroad

Let wanderlust lead you to a job in a foreign land.

Financing a Foreign Summer Job
Planning ahead not only increases your chances of finding a job, it cuts the cost of your adventure. Here are some cost-cutters to consider:

An International Student Identity Card is internationally recognized proof of student status. It will get you discounts for transportation, concerts, and museums. The Council on International Educational Exchange processes the cards, but your school also may issue them if it is affiliated with CIEE. Write CIEE, 205 East 42nd St., New York, N.Y. 10017.

If you plan to travel while overseas, various railpasses (Eurailpass, Britrail, and the Eurail Youthpass) can save you 50 percent or more. For information, ask a travel agent or write for CIEE’s Student Travel Catalog at the above address. The cost is 50 cents.

You can avoid steep hotel bills while searching for a job by staying in youth hostels. For membership information, write American Youth Hostels, National Office, Delaplane, Va. 22025.

Your biggest savings may be made when purchasing your flight ticket. As commercial airlines battle it out for low fares, you may need a travel agent’s help in comparing rates. Investigate Advance Purchase Excursion (APEX) fares and low-cost flights like Laker’s Skytrain. CIEE also arranges charter flights for students. Write the council for details or consult the Student Travel Catalog mentioned above.

Travel for Love and Money

A summer job overseas, whether it’s picking grapes in the Rhine Valley or waiting tables on the Riviera, has undeniable appeal.

While working abroad can be a fulfilling experience, it probably won’t be profitable, or glamorous. And jobs are not plentiful. The satisfied adventurer must adopt realistic expectations and realize that wages will serve primarily to defray traveling expenses.

Since most jobs for students are unskilled—like those in factories, farms, or hotels—pay will be comparable to, or less than, minimum wage at home. Hours are often long and inflexible.

You may need a work permit, and to get one you may be required to have a job lined up. Because most employers will not promise you a job until you have a permit, you could run this treadmill for months. Fortunately, your school’s placement or international office, or the organizations listed below, can help you cut through the red tape. Most of the following require application fees.

International Association of Students in Economics and Business Management (known as AIESEC, from its French name) matches students to jobs in business in 55 countries. For information and requirements, write AIESEC, U.S. National Committee, 622 Third Ave., New York, N.Y. 10017.

The International Association for the Exchange of Students in Technical Experience provides short-term practical training in 46 countries for students majoring in engineering, agriculture, architecture, mathematics, and the natural and physical sciences. Write to IAESTE, 217 American City Bldg., Columbia, Md. 21044.

The United States Student Travel Service Inc. will arrange jobs in one of five European countries. Write USSTS, Working in Europe, 801 Second Ave., New York, N.Y. 10017.


The Directory of Overseas Summer Jobs lists 50,000 jobs worldwide, from Australia to Yugoslavia. It includes pay scales, application guidelines, and work-permit requirements for each country. Available in bookstores or from Writer’s Digest Books, 9933 Alliance Rd., Cincinnati, Ohio 45242. The cost is $6.95; include $1.25 for postage and handling.

Profiles

Scott Carlson: U.K. With Pay

London’s timeless lure coupled with the desire for a change of pace led Scott Carlson to take advantage of a work exchange program last summer. He arrived with a provisional work permit in hand in late June, a tough time to find work in any country.

Now, he says, he could have cut his 10-day job hunt considerably by doing legwork in advance. The program, which he learned of through his school’s international office, gave the University of Minnesota economics senior job-hunting advice and a list of prospective employers. “I intended to write letters of introduction but didn’t get around to it,” says Scott.

Instead, he relied on newspaper ads, employment agencies, and shoe leather to nail a job as a hotel invoice clerk. Because the hotel provided room and board, Scott’s $50 weekly salary allowed him to enjoy London despite the weekly salary allowed him to enjoy London despite the

“I really tried to sell myself,” he says of the job hunt. “I emphasized I wasn’t taking anybody’s job. For every American student looking in Britain under the program, there was a British student working in the United States.”
INTRODUCING A SPORTS CAR FOR THE 80’s. FORD MUSTANG.

Certified by the U.S. Auto Club as a sports car.

USAC put Mustang through a series of tests against a number of popular sports cars. Mustang’s performance earned it official USAC certification.


Every standard Mustang offers the advantages of a sports car. Yet delivers the high mileage of a 4-cylinder engine. For comparison, your mpg may differ depending on speed, distance and weather. Actual hwy mpg will probably be lower Calif. mpg is lower.

Design your own Mustang.

Besides impressive standard features like modified McPherson front suspension and rack & pinion steering, Mustang can be personalized with options like Michelin TRX radial tires, forged aluminum wheels or the elegance of a Mustang Ghia. Mustang. A sports car for the 80’s.

Whether you buy or lease a Mustang, ask your Ford Dealer about the Extended Service Plan.

FORD MUSTANG
Government Green

Federal, state, and local jobs are waiting for a few good workers.

An Inside Look at Government

Uncle Sam wants you—or at least a few of you. The Federal Government uses summer workers for tasks that range from sorting mail in the local post office to researching bills for Congress and clearing trails in wilderness areas.

Government jobs offer valuable experience, frequently accompanied by healthy paychecks, but openings are limited. Every year, millions clamor for about 100,000 summer jobs in federal agencies, departments, and national parks, but only the early birds get them.

Almost every government agency has summer slots for both graduate and undergraduate students. Undergraduates can expect salaries between $139 and $193 a week this summer, depending on level of education and experience. Graduate students can qualify for up to $475 a week.

Jobs for undergraduates are mostly clerical and subprofessional (for example, accounting technicians, computer operators, engineering draftsmen), while jobs for graduates tend to be more technical, administrative, and professional (for example, engineers, scientists, journalists). Clerical jobs require passing the SET; professional and subprofessional jobs usually do not require a written test.

U.S. Postal Service positions for clerks and mail handlers also require a test. However, the post office hires separately from other government agencies, and arrangements must be made through the local postmaster.

The government has jobs for laborers and tradesmen (these openings require no particular education or experience), in positions such as printing-plant manager, carpenter's assistant, and animal caretaker. And the Summer Employment for Needy Youth Program can help locate jobs for qualified students.

Call your local Federal Job Information Center for full details on federal summer jobs. Students also may contact agencies directly about summer jobs.

Getting SET for Clerical Jobs

Don’t panic if you haven’t taken the Summer Employment Test. You’re still in the running for a federal job.

The deadline for applying to take the SET passed January 11, and if you haven’t taken the test within the past two years, you won’t be eligible for a government clerical job this summer.

Fortunately, the test is not required for many positions with federal agencies—like economics assistant, firefighter, or computer technician. Contact individual agencies before April.

If you’re interested in a clerical job for summer 1981, make arrangements by December to take the SET. The 90-minute test measures your ability to perform clerical tasks quickly. There is no charge for the exam, which is administered each year in January and February.

Dollars and Sense from the Census

Approximately 2,000 students at 48 universities will be counting heads for the Census Bureau this spring.

They will earn at least $4 an hour as participants in the Experimental Student Intern Program. Those who complete the internship successfully will be considered for additional summer work, says bureau director Vincent P. Barabba.

The program also will pay off in academic credit due to the instruction students will receive concerning census procedures, the kinds of data collected, and how it is used.

Barabba says the project is an attempt to recruit a portion of the 270,000 workers needed to conduct the 1980 census—jobs that are hard to fill because of their temporary nature. To find out if your school is participating, contact the placement office.

—JAMES GOINES, senior engineering major at the University of Tennessee, worked two summers as an engineering aide at the Tennessee Valley Authority.

“A government job is a good place to start for someone needing experience. It was a great opportunity. Now I know what to look for when it’s time to look for a job.”

CASH FOR TRASH

Garbage isn’t a dirty word to some Oregon college students.

Last summer, the 190-member Oregon Youth Litter Patrol took to the highways to gather trash in giant plastic bags. Students in the cleanup crews worked six-hour shifts and were paid slightly more than $3 an hour.

The annual program, set up by the state legislature in 1971, is funded by the sale of customized auto license plates, which brings in about $400,000 each year.

Students apply for the jobs at the state employment office in their areas.

“I think Oregon is pretty much unique in funding this program,” says state highway maintenance office coordinator Ken Karnosh. “It was just a matter of passing the legislation to do it. We have plenty of kids willing to do the work.”

—James Goines, senior engineering major at the University of Tennessee, worked two summers as an engineering aide at the Tennessee Valley Authority.

“A government job is a good place to start for someone needing experience. It was a great opportunity. Now I know what to look for when it’s time to look for a job.”
States often hire through a merit or civil-service system, but individual agencies like highway departments sometimes hire employees directly.

The most common state and local job openings are for park and recreation workers, clerks, inspectors, lab assistants, typists, bookkeepers, and road crews.

Your county or city may hire summer workers through its recreation-center network, civic agencies, or federally funded programs which promote youth employment.

For state or local job information, contact the personnel office of specific departments or your state employment office or job service.

Earning and Learning: Government Interns

Want a taste of politics without becoming a politician? An array of government internships—in Congress, federal agencies, governors' and mayors' offices—can give you the chance.

United States legislators select interns to work in their Washington and state offices each summer. Students apply directly to a legislator's office, and if hired, may earn up to $650 a month. Duties include clerical work, research, or running errands for the boss. Internships are also available on Congressional committee staffs.

An additional 935 students are hired as federal summer interns in jobs related to their majors. Nominated by their colleges and selected by government agencies, interns must be juniors or seniors in the top third of their class, or graduate students in the top half of their class. Most salaries start at $193 a week but may be as high as $475 a week, depending on the intern's qualifications.

Although two-thirds of the federal summer interns work in Washington, about 300 are hired by federal agencies around the country. For information on how to apply, contact your school placement office before March.

State governments offer a variety of internships in executive and legislative offices. Some programs, such as North Carolina's Summer Internship in State Government and Illinois's Legislative Staff Internship, consider applications from non-residents as well as from students within the state. State employment offices can provide details on internship opportunities for students.

The government version of the "Help Wanted" ads is Summer Jobs, Opportunities in the Federal Government (Announcement 414), published each November by the Office of Personnel Management. The booklet, along with area supplements, lists available positions and explains filing procedures for summer jobs. It is available in your library, placement office, state employment office, or by writing the Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20415.
Compare the 1980 Ford Pinto. It may be America's best small car value.

Excellent gas mileage.

For comparison to other cars, your mileage may differ depending on speed, distance and weather. Actual high-speed mileage will probably be lower than estimate. Wagon and California ratings are lower.

Value priced.

40 standard features.
The 1980 Pinto is packed with standard features included in the sticker price. Features like steel-belted radial tires, rack and pinion steering, electric rear-window defroster, bucket seats, tinted glass, full wheel covers and much more. Compare Pinto. You'll be impressed.
Internships and Co-ops

Curious about a career? Try one on for the summer.

Breaking Into the Business World

Business internships aren't just for business majors anymore. Even if your field is romance languages, you may be able to get a job in a corporation this summer.

One large chemical corporation hired more than 190 student interns last summer in disciplines ranging from French to engineering. "We're not looking for people who've already been trained," says a company spokesman. "We look at a student's goals, decision-making ability, interest in business, and whether or not he or she is pleasantly aggressive."

Regular use of interns by corporations is increasing, placement officers say, because students can gain work experience while companies get a preview of each crop of potential employees.

Interns usually are hired for project-oriented jobs, often special research. Salary depends on the student's school, curriculum, and experience; some internships may pay only $100 a week, but major corporations often pay more than $1,000 a month.

Recruiting is handled through campus placement offices and individual departments. Many companies have developed lists of "feeder" schools, but most won't exclude students who apply from other schools. The top employers compete for students from prestigious campuses; IBM, for example, has a program limited to M.B.A. students from a few major business schools.

Since there is no central directory or clearinghouse for internships in the private sector, and since most companies don't advertise their programs, you should be prepared to dig for openings. You might check with the placement office or professional schools on your campus, or contact the personnel office of specific companies for more information.

Addresses and phone numbers of the nation's largest companies can be found in Dun & Bradstreet's Million Dollar Directory in your school library. The company also publishes a Middle Market Directory.

Making the Co-op Connection

While you're sweating through the great summer job search, some students will be resting on their laurels. They'll also be counting the advantages of their cooperative-education programs, which guarantee jobs for them.

Private businesses, the federal government, and more than 1,000 colleges work together to set up "co-ops," which combine periods of on-campus instruction with paid full-time jobs at participating firms or government agencies. Co-ops are gaining in popularity because they provide students with valuable experience and income, while allowing them to test career goals.

Most co-op undergraduates enter a program in their freshman or sophomore year, although some schools allow juniors to join. Some programs last four years, while others take five years to complete. Graduate programs are available at 93 campuses.

Contact your career placement office to find out if your school participates in cooperative education. If not, it may be possible to arrange an individual program. For a free listing of participating campuses, write to the National Commission for Cooperative Education, 360 Huntington Ave., Boston, Mass. 02115.

—MARY MEI-LEE CHIN, a senior in accounting at the University of California at Berkeley, helped balance accounts at IBM last summer.

"They treated me like one of the workers. Because of my internship, I'm headed for an industrial company when I graduate."
Do-It-Yourself Internships

A little detective work, a good idea, and a persuasive sales pitch can win you a summer internship—perhaps even when there’s no formal job opening.

Joan Kleinman, a junior majoring in history, created her own internship with the March of Dimes in Washington, D.C., last summer. She discovered the organization needed a quick reference notebook of its legislative contacts, and convinced the public affairs department that she could compile the directory.

Joan believes that anyone can sell an internship by explaining its advantages to an employer. For example, an intern frees the employer to do more important work; special short-term projects can be accomplished with a short-term commitment of salary; and an extra summer worker helps fill in while other workers are on vacation. “Companies often have projects that need to be done, but the regular staff is not large enough to do it,” says Joan.

To sell your internship, start by researching the firm you want to work with, its clients and products or services. Try to meet someone in the company who can tell you about its needs and goals, and determine how you can accomplish a needed task, or contribute to the company's operation.

Develop a professional-quality proposal, and polish your sales technique before approaching the employer. And don’t forget to consult your adviser or department head about qualifying for academic credit as well.

Work-Study: Off-Campus Options

If you qualify for work-study, you may be able to swing a summer internship with a public or private nonprofit organization other than your school.

Here’s how it works: The agency or organization pays at least 20 percent of your wages, with the federal government picking up the remainder. The only catch is that the job has to be approved by your financial aid office.

Several schools limit the number of off-campus positions, so check with a financial aid counselor before March 1.

News for Minorities

A number of professional fields offer summer internships in conjunction with minority recruiting programs.

One nationwide program is sponsored by the American Association of Advertising Agencies, which placed 30 minority interns in ad agencies in New York and Chicago last summer. Interns were paid $150 a week and gained experience that will give them an edge in the highly competitive field after graduation.

Application deadline for the AAAA program is February 15. Applicants must have at least one term remaining as a graduate or undergraduate student. For information, write to the American Association of Advertising Agencies, 200 Park Ave., New York, N.Y. 10017.

For information about minority internships in other fields, contact the national association for that field. You’ll find it listed in the Encyclopedia of Associations in the library.

Directory of Washington Internships

1979-80

Fletcher Johnson: An Eye on the Action

Fletcher Johnson wants to produce TV documentaries, and a summer internship helped him close in on that goal.

Allis-Chalmers Corporation in York, Pennsylvania, paid him $900 a month to write, produce, photograph, and edit a 45-minute video program for its new employees.

Fletcher, a 1979 graduate of Howard University, found the opening by checking his university placement office’s memo board. Though that office, he had found an earlier internship—during the summer of 1978, he worked for WTTG-TV in Washington, D.C.

When applying for the Allis-Chalmers internship, Fletcher made sure his resume emphasized his ability to work independently—a quality the firm considered essential. He also stressed his experience as producer of a campus and community video news show while a broadcast-production major at Howard.

Fletcher, who is now working as a cameraman for WDCA-TV in Washington, believes his college internships gave him a valuable head start on the postgraduate job hunt. “Make the most of your college situation,” he advises. “Grab all the experience you can while you’re still in school.”

Jennie Bob Bizal: Energy Intern

Reasonable hours, a good salary, and weekends off attracted Jennie Bob Bizal to an internship at Amoco Production Company in Denver last summer. A senior in urban planning at Virginia Tech, she helped geologists and geophysicists in their search for oil by feeding seismic data into a computer.

Amoco, a subsidiary of Standard Oil of Indiana, has nearly 900 employees in Denver, and hires about 20 college-age workers—mostly sons and daughters of employees—in each summer.

“I’ve really learned about what goes on in a big corporation, and how it works,” Jennie Bob says. “And this job has taught me to understand the gasoline shortage a little better.”
Outdoor Jobs
Break out! You don’t have to spend the summer surrounded by four walls.

PROFILES

David Sesholtz: King Arthur’s Carpenter
A medieval fantasy comes true every summer in a New York City park, as 20,000 visitors flock to see the jousters, jesters, and wandering balladeers of King Arthur’s day.
David Sesholtz, an 18-year-old sophomore at the State University of New York at Buffalo, helps make the celebration of the Middle Ages happen. For the past three summers, he has worked as a carpenter for the event, called the Cloisters Festival, designing and building stalls for merchants, pitching tents for armored contests, and fashioning booths for medieval games. In 1979, he was master builder for the fair, sponsored by the (New York) Metropolitan Museum of Art.
“I’ve been interested in carpentry and construction for a long time,” says David, an architecture major. “I brought a lot of my own ideas to the festival three years ago, and they’re still being used.”

Steve Sandercock: Making Tracks!
Steve Sandercock spent last summer workin’ on the railroad all the livelong day, and it wasn’t “just to pass the time away.” It meant high wages and hard labor for the Arizona State University freshman.
Steve earned $7.70 an hour putting down new track and repairing old track and rail for Burlington Northern Railroad in West Quincy, Missouri. He made his plans in advance, applying for the job during Christmas vacation of his senior year in high school.
No stranger to hard work, Steve lettered in football, basketball, and baseball during high school, and lifted weights for athletic training.
“I don’t really mind physical labor,” he says. “In railroad work, there are too many different things to do for it to get monotonous.”

Are You the Outdoor Type?
If you’re tired of sitting behind a desk pushing a pencil or pounding a typewriter, a summer job could take you away from it all. Outdoor jobs are available in almost every setting—tennis courts to construction sites, and national forests to city zoos.
Working outdoors can do wonders for your tan and muscle tone, but there are drawbacks. Your enthusiasm may melt in 100-degree heat or get washed away during a week of pouring rain. In some jobs, your earnings will suffer as a result of bad weather.
Living conditions accompanying some outdoor jobs can be primitive and the work physically demanding. Salaries range from very high (as in many construction jobs) to very low (as in some camp counseling jobs).
Though working under the open skies may be one of the healthiest ways to take a break from the books, choose carefully to make sure your summer job lives up to your expectations.

Summer Camps: Bach to Nature
Camp counseling can mean more than singing around an open fire or chasing down an unruly group of 12-year-olds. It can mean tutoring math in upstate New York, teaching violin at a Michigan music camp, or coaching gymnastics in a California athletic program.
Camps hire more than 10,000 students every spring for the July-August season. Though camp directors look for experienced counselors, the main qualification is that you genuinely like working with children under every conceivable circumstance, 24 hours a day.
Counseling jobs aren’t limited to scouting, YMCA, or church camps. Growing numbers of specialized camps—emphasizing academics, the arts, sports, survival, or the needs of the handicapped—offer unique counseling opportunities.

For example, the Boy Scouts of America High Adventure Program hires recreation, forestry, and wildlife-management majors to work at five camps located across the country. Many private summer schools hire graduate students to work as tutor-counselors. And if you’d rather not counsel, you may find work in the kitchen or on a maintenance crew.
Most camp directors expect a formal letter of inquiry and a resume. They review applications in January and February, and usually require a personal interview. Pay depends on the camp, ranging from $200 to $1,000 for the season. Room and board are often included.
For openings, check your school’s placement center, the recreation or physical education department, local camping associations, the YMCA, and newspaper ads.
Ford Fiesta.
It received a seven-flag salute.

The car that wowed Europe is winning the hearts of America.

Ford Fiesta. The little front wheel drive car that comes from Germany. Applauded all over Europe by the experts for its engineering, design and overall performance. It was voted the most significant import of the year in 1978 by readers of Car and Driver. And when you understand how beautifully Fiesta performs, you'll understand why it continues to get rave notices.

Front wheel drive.

Through rain, ice, sleet, hail and snow, Fiesta's remarkable front wheel drive traction will help you keep your appointed routes. And its Michelin steel-belted radials will help you come to grips with all kinds of roads.

A masterpiece of European engineering.

Fiesta is assembled by Ford in Germany. And its European engineering makes it feel right at home on streets and highways of America. It's quick, nimble and maneuverable.

Best gas mileage of any German import.

Americans love Fiesta's manners. It prefers sipping to guzzling. 1979 EPA est. mpg:

28 EPA EST. MPG
39 HWY EST. MPG

Compare this estimate to other cars. Diesels excluded. Actual mileage may differ depending on speed, weather and trip length.

Fiesta.Wundercar from Germany.
Entrepreneurship, Summer Style

Your own boss. There's something very appealing about running your own show, even if it's only for the summer. But how realistic is it?

First, you'll need ingenuity. An enterprising idea, whether it's taking photos of Little League teams and selling them to proud parents or organizing yard sales in your neighborhood, can mean the difference between success and failure.

Your personality is a primary consideration in determining whether you'll be able to handle your own business. Do you have the initiative and persistence to make it work, or will your enthusiasm wane by midsummer?

Another important factor is whether you have time for such an undertaking. In most cases, entrepreneurship means kissing summer vacation goodbye.

A successful business of your own will require at least as much time as a traditional job, and probably a lot more. Also, most business ventures will involve a financial investment at the start; be sure you're prepared to make the initial sacrifice.

If you are convinced that you can adjust to the demands and inconveniences, then self-employment can be a rewarding—perhaps even enriching—experience.

Getting into management and ownership on the ground level will pay off handsomely in experience, and it will give you firsthand knowledge of the business world—no matter what the ledger reads at summer's end.

Funding for Summer Adventures

Robert Roach's wish to be paid to climb mountains was granted last summer. A $7,600 research grant for undergraduates from the National Science Foundation paid salaries and expenses for Roach and a group of Evergreen (Washington) State College students to study the effects of altitude on hikers.

Getting a grant requires fine-tuned planning and a carefully thought-out proposal, but receiving funds to carry out a pet project is well worth the effort.

The NSF and the National Endowment for the Humanities represent the major sources of youth grants. Grant proposals are due at both organizations by November of each year.

Contact the appropriate agency for a copy of grant-writing guidelines. Be ready to explain what you want to research and what your credentials are for making the project proposal. You will have to prepare a complete budget and include an evaluation process for determining the success of the study once you have completed it.

Another way to get a grant is to propose your project to an institution which might find it useful; someone there may help you with the formalities of grant-writing. Other funding may be available through state humanities and arts programs, usually located at the state capital.

For more information, write the National Science Foundation or the National Endowment for the Humanities, or contact a professor who does research similar to the project you would like to launch. Your librarian can help you find addresses.

Pounding the Pavement for Profits

Salesmen may be the subject of many jokes, but to John Lewis, selling is no laughing matter. As a door-to-door book salesman for the Nashville-based Southwestern Company last summer, the University of Arizona senior netted $10,000.

But it wasn't easy. He worked 80-hour weeks and had countless doors slammed in his face. "It takes a tremendous determination to succeed," says John, who was out by 8 a.m. every day and worked until 10 p.m. "Each person has to develop a purpose out there—money alone won't keep you going."

If you share John's qualities of ambition, determination, and perseverance, direct sales may be a way for you to increase your earning power this summer. While you ultimately will not "be your own boss," you will be able to make your own decisions about how long and how hard you want to work—elements directly related to how much you want to earn.

Several national companies hire college students to sell door-to-door or to hold parties designed to display and sell products. They include the Shaklee Corporation (food supplements, household products); Tupperware home parties (plastic kitchen utensils); Amway (household products, cosmetics); Avon Cosmetics; Mary Kay Cosmetics; and Watkins Products (household products, vitamins). Look in the white pages of your phone book for contacts.

For other firms that use direct sales, consult the Handbook of International Direct Marketing (McGraw-Hill) in your library.

If you have ever wanted to go into business for yourself but were afraid to take the plunge, help has arrived.

You, Inc. can dispel your fears and set you on the right track to self-employment. It provides answers to hundreds of questions you'll want to ask about being your own boss. You, Inc., by Peter Weaver, Doubleday & Company, 1975, $4.95.
Taxes, Fees, And Legalese
You don't need a degree in accounting or law to run a summer business. But you do need to keep the following legal considerations in mind:

Check the licensing procedures in your state. The chamber of commerce or local office of the Small Business Administration can provide information. Businesses usually need two: the city business license, obtained from the city hall; and the state and county license, from the county court clerk's office. There is a moderate fee for each.

State and local taxes vary, and you should investigate them before committing yourself. For information on applicable state taxes (sales, franchise, excise, and income), contact the local office of your state department of revenue. For details on local taxes, call the tax assessor's office or the county court clerk.

Federal tax laws change frequently. The Small Business Administration recommends that you call the local office of the U.S. Internal Revenue Service, which has counselors available to answer your questions.

If you hire employees, federal payroll withholding taxes are a must. They are paid monthly in a special deposit to your bank, which will transfer the money to the IRS. Withholdings of less than $100 can be paid in quarterly deposits. You also must pay unemployment taxes—federal and state. For details, consult the local IRS office and the state department of employment security.

If you rent a building or office, you'll need insurance to take care of any losses that occur on the premises, including any injuries to customers.

Getting Down To Business Basics
Overnight-success stories make the campus rounds every year. A business major builds a fortune taking orders for birthday cakes from doting parents of fellow students, and two freshman coeds buy new cars with the profits from their laundry pickup service.

But becoming successful through self-employment is not always as easy as placing an ad in the newspaper and waiting for customers to appear. It takes knowledge and the application of basic business techniques—marketing, advertising, bookkeeping—to make it work.

The first challenge is to determine whether there is a market for the product or service you want to sell. For example, if you want to start a babysitting service near a shopping center, distribute short questionnaires to shoppers to get their responses to your idea.

You may want to call the chamber of commerce and check the Yellow Pages for potential competitors. Find out what their rates are and how much business they do. Is there room for a new vendor?

Balance your expected expenses against potential sales, allowing a healthy chunk for miscellaneous expenses. Talk to local businessmen about unexpected costs that may occur. If it still looks like you'll turn a reasonable profit, you can proceed with your plans.

Advertise. Whether you use handmade flyers or printed signs, classified ads or radio spots, your business needs exposure. Students majoring in advertising or graphic arts can help you get the professional appeal you want for a lower-than-professional fee.

Keep accurate and complete records, including a separate bank account for your business income and expenses. If you need help with financial matters, bookkeeping services are available for a reasonable monthly cost. And for your protection, keep copies of all correspondence and notes on meetings and oral agreements.
MUSTANG TURBO WITH TRX TIRES MATCHES PORSCHE 924 IN 25 OUT OF 29 USAC TESTS.

Braking: Mustang vs. Porsche. Average braking distance was found to be superior in moist and hard brake conditions.

Steering Response: Mustang was rated higher in all aspects of the test, especially at 30 mph.

Performance: Mustang's 0-60 mph time was 8.8 seconds, while Porsche's was 9.0 seconds.

Overall: Mustang performed impressively in all aspects of the test, making it a strong contender in the sportscar category.
Pros and Cons of Union Membership

To join or not to join a union? That may be the question confronting students working for grocery and retail chain stores and in industrial positions.

Some large industrial unions issue a 90-day work permit that excludes temporary employees from union membership requirements, dues, and entry fees. But some union shops require workers to join after an initial 30 days of employment—an expense you may wish to avoid.

Some possible union benefits, such as insurance coverage and pension plans, may not be available to students working only one summer. On the other hand, the presence of a union may mean higher wages, better working conditions, and established grievance procedures for employees.

Union membership may be worthwhile if you intend to remain with the employer after graduation. Be sure to find out all the details of jobs affected by unions before you accept a position. Talk to the employer and a union representative for complete information.

Starting the Search: Your State Employment Office

If you don't have a specific job in mind, the state Employment Service (sometimes called Job Service or Employment Security) is a good place to start looking. Most moderate-size towns have a state employment office, which provides free services to applicants.

These offices arrange interviews with a variety of local employers. Job counseling also is available.

Don't forget to check with your campus student-employment office—where some may be separate from the placement office—for additional summer-job leads.

Volunteers Reap Future Payoffs

Sometimes it pays to volunteer, even if the payoff is not in dollars and cents.

For instance, John Bachmann, a senior in zoology at the University of California at Davis (shown below), has had four volunteer jobs at veterinary hospitals. The experience not only helped him narrow his career goals—he now plans to become a veterinarian—it also helped him get a salaried job at a veterinary hospital last summer.

Volunteering is increasing among college students, reports Volunteer. The National Center for Citizens Involvement. Nearly half a million contribute their time and energy every year to tasks in urban areas, rural communities, ghettos, prisons, and hospitals.

For some students, volunteering is a way to get a foot in the door toward a paying job after graduation. For others, it is a chance to discover new aspects of themselves and their community while helping others. And many schools offer credit for volunteer participation.

Some volunteer projects have grown into large-scale, nationally known programs. Students interested in American history, for example, operate Colonial Pennsylvania Plantation, an early American farm, and the American Hiking Society runs a Volunteer Vacations program for campers who build and maintain trails on federal land in exchange for free food and camping. An organization called Earthwatch brings scientists and students together to carry out a variety of projects in humanities, and life, marine, and earth sciences; volunteers share the cost of the expeditions, up to $1,000 each. Universities and archaeological societies annually recruit volunteers to assist in digs around the world.

If you have time and talent to contribute, contact one of the special-interest societies or a clearinghouse for volunteers. Consult your local telephone directory for one of the 300 Voluntary Action Centers around the country.
Tips on Tipping

Just as the quality of service can make the difference between a mediocre restaurant and a good one, tips can make the difference between a mediocre job and a good one.

Since base salaries for waiters, waitresses, and bartenders are minimal, people in service jobs depend on tips to make the work worthwhile.

Waiters and waitresses in full-course restaurants generally command the biggest tips, followed by servers in other restaurants, bellmen, bartenders, and counter servers. Of course, tips are higher in gourmet restaurants and expensive hotels than in coffee shops and diners.

Restaurant buspersons and other support workers depend on house policy. Some employers require workers to split up to 15 percent of their tips with support staff on the same shift, while others allow the employees to work out their own tip-sharing method.

When sizing up a job for tips, judge the establishment by its clientele—for example, professionals can afford to be more generous than students. Look at the menu for an idea of the average check size, and consider the location; a good spot means more customers and more tips.

But don’t forget that tips are taxable income. If your tips amount to more than $20 a month, you’ll be responsible for reporting the income to your employer, who in turn reports it to the Internal Revenue Service.

How to Get Hired

Employers often cite lack of experience as a reason for not hiring an applicant. But even if you have little or no work history, a bit of persistence and ingenuity can land you the job you want.

Here are some guidelines for the fledgling job-hunter:

- Go in person to get an application for the job, then return it quickly. Being one of the first applicants may give you an edge.
- Fill out the application carefully and neatly; type it if you can. Employers screen paperwork hastily when the number of applicants is large, so every detail counts.
- Emphasize any job-related experience you have had; you may be able to capitalize on unpaid tasks you have performed. For example, an employer may decide that your work in high school concessions is adequate training for a job as a waiter or waitress.
- Expect the interview to be similar to professional job interviews; the same ground rules apply. The manager or owner of a small business or an industry is more inclined to hire someone who is dressed neatly, has a pleasant attitude, and shows a knowledge of and interest in the company’s operation.

"Most retail applicants have little or no experience, and some hiring is based on how they look," says former K-Mart assistant manager Heather Gillett, a University of Oregon junior. "Employers also value attitude a lot."

Janet Peplansky: Service With a Smile

If you believe TV sit-coms, waitresses are cute and perky, but have IQs to match their shoe size.

Janet Peplansky begs to differ. Now a junior in accounting at the University of Illinois, she waited tables in South Chicago last summer, making $1.90 an hour plus $25 to $30 a night in tips.

"You have to be very organized, especially when it’s busy," she says. "You have to remember who just sat down, who’s having coffee, who’s having soup and salad—you’re expected to know all those things."

Janet says she tried to use the “pleasant and friendly” approach with every customer, regardless of her mood.

“All in all, it was a very pleasant job,” she says. “But sometimes people didn’t realize that to serve them a meal I had to run back and forth at least 20 times.”

Ann Machado: Mother’s Helper

Last year, Ann Machado’s summer job included spending part of every day on the beach at a Long Island resort. The Middlebury College sophomore was a mother’s helper for a New York family vacationing in Westhampton.

“I was like a part of the family,” says Ann, who took care of two children, ages four and six, while their father worked and their mother played tennis. She dressed the kids, prepared their meals, did some light housekeeping, and watched them while they played on the beach. Her “family” paid her $80 a week and provided room and board. Ann spent her free time—usually nights and Mondays—going to the beach or to the movies with a friend, who also worked as a mother’s helper. She found the job through the Anne Andrews Agency in New York City, which charged her a fee of 18 percent of her first month’s salary.
Ford Courier is the gas mileage champ of the best-selling compacts. Up to 29% better than the competition. Courier’s EPA rating is better than Datsun, better than Toyota, better than Chevrolet LUV. And Courier beats the competition for the fourth straight year! Courier’s built tough, too. With rugged ladder-type frame, 6-leaf progressive rear springs, standard front stabilizer bar, and power brakes...2L and optional 2.3L engines. And see your Ford Dealer for full details on Ford’s new corrosion perforation warranty. It’s a no-cost 36-month limited warranty that excludes exhaust system components. Ask about Ford’s Extended Service Plan, too.

**OFFICIAL 1980 EPA RATINGS SHOW**

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Use estimates for comparison. Your mileage and range may differ depending on speed, distance and weather. Actual hwy. mileage and range will probably be less than estimated. Fuel tank capacities (gal.) for LWB models: Courier 17.5, Toyota 16.1, Datsun 16.9, LUV 13.9. Calif. estimates lower.
Back in Shakespeare's time, I mean way back before mankind was blessed with the idiot box and the commodity, writers who actually produced and did not only allow themselves the enjoyment of a live theatrical experience. Even though we live in a cultural desert ("The Idelwood Desert") it isn’t necessary to drive to L.A. to attend exciting theatre performances. Here at home we have a fair number of outlets for an enjoyable night at the theatre. College Drama Departments, the ground-breaking for the professional theatre, offer numerous opportunities throughout the year. It is a sad reality that most people today have never allowed themselves the enjoyment of a live theatrical experience. Even though we live in a cultural desert ("The Idelwood Desert") it isn’t necessary to drive to L.A. to attend exciting theatre performances. Here at home we have a fair number of outlets for an enjoyable night at the theatre.

**Review: The Magic Of Theatre... by Dell Yount**

The college will host a jazz clinic and concert this week. The leader trumpet for Clark Terry’s Big Bad Band, will give a morning and afternoon presentation for the high school students attending the clinic. He will focus his presentation on jazz performance and playing techniques.

**Jazz Festival And Concert This Week**

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**Music Events For Winter Quarter**

- **Wednesdays**, **February 12, 1980**
  - Jazz Festival, 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.
  - Atitha Wailes Recital, 8:15 p.m.
  - Solo and Ensemble Festival, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
  - The Robber Bridegroom, 8:15 p.m.

- **Thursdays**, **February 28**
  - To Saturday, Mar. 1, also Tuesday, Mar. 4 to Saturday, Mar. 8
  - Wind Ensemble, 8 p.m.
  - Sunday, March 2
  - Sunday, March 9
  - Wednesday, March 12
  - Sunday, March 16
  - Tuesday, March 25
  - Also Wed, Thurs., Apr. 2, 3
  - Wednesday, April 9
  - Guadalupe Luthe, vocalist

- **Friday, Movie**
  - **Melanie Maynor is a contestant for the Miss America beauty pageant**
  - Her father, who is an alcoholic, is unable to take her to New Orleans. Her father promises to take her to the Miss America pageant if she wins. Melanie is chosen as the Miss America contestant and goes to New Orleans. However, her father is unable to keep his promise, and Melanie must rely on her own resources to participate in the pageant.

- **First Musical To Be Presented At CSCSB**
  - **by Dawn G. Gregory**

  Cal State's Theatre Arts and Music departments are now combining their talents to produce the campus' first musical. "The Robber Bridegroom" written and composed by Alfred Uhry and Robert Waldman. Based on Eudora Welty's novel, "The Robber Bridegroom" takes place in Rodney, Mississippi and shifts between the modern era and 1705. This song "How can I help it?" is a simpleton, to push Living Together, missed a good one. And if you happen to be one of the 15 people that have been to the theatre, think about turning off the "tube" one night and attend a play instead. Plan on attending Cal State's next production - "The Robber Bridegroom" musical to be presented Feb. 28 through March 8. You'll be happy you did.

- **Entertainment**
  - **The PauPrint**
  - **Page 9**
Army Dulls The Pointers
by John Flathers
Will Parse paced Doya's Army to a 45-34 open league victory over the Three Pointers. The Pointer's balanced offense kept them close, and in fact, carried them to a 17:16 half time advantage. But in the second half the Army came alive with everybody scoring from everywhere to pull away for their 11 point victory. Will Parse topped all scores with 20 points while teammate Bill Baird had nine. Ivan Glass was high scorer for the Pointers with eleven points. Anthony Duncan and Chris Cahoon both had eight and Greg Lockard had five.

In the other Friday open league game, James Williams and the Black Nights routed the Rabbite 65-17. The Rabbite, who committed 38 fouls, still were able to score until Jeff Adair fouled out. They managed 15 first half points to the Knights' 34.

Then, in the second half, the Rabbite started to play football and forgot to shoot the ball. While the Knights were pumping in 31 points, the Rabbite got only nine. James Williams topped all scorers with 19 points, Seekins Tustin had 16, and Chester McInnis and Phil Ho had nine and eight respectively. Jeff Adair had 10 for the Rabbite.

Answers To Sports Quiz
2861 - Busipaj'sqog
3oe Long has your ticket for your 3 o'clock games, $5.00. Three 4th downs to go and you still don't know the answer. This time I'll give you a hint: 1 - The store will have all new equipment and we're putting in a drive-through window which we think will absorb 90 percent of our business."

So, if you were lucky enough to get Olympic tickets and lucky enough to find a place to stay, it may be a good idea now to press your luck further. Stock up on that peanut butter and jelly and bring it along.

By John Flathers

Arner scored five overtime points to down the Wallbangers 49-42 in B-League action. Jack McMahon's five first half buckets enabled the Wallbangers to take a precarious 21-20 lead into the locker room at score at 41 all to send the game into overtime. At this point the Celtics seemed able to hold the Bombers in the teen f Price had twelve, and Alies had nine.

When he came off the bench in the second half to score six of Shandin's eight second half points. Bob Trujillo was high scorer for Shandin with twelve points while Norm Browne had nine. Arner topped all scorers with fifteen half time points. Bob Trujillo was high scorer for Shandin with twelve points while Norm Browne had nine. Arner topped all scorers with fifteen half time points.
Salwa Serve

by Ross Castle

This week, intramural volleyball play was on the rise competitive. The Call o'clock league provided two clean sweeps when the Best Team and All in the Family won all their games. All in the Family won the last match of the night 15-4, 15-8 and 15-0.

In the final game Salwa Ellis was unbeatable and scored all 15 points without her deadly serve. Byron Wieggoer and All in the Family was also a major contributor in the other two wins. Bob Honek and showed that Monrooga wouldn't give up easily. The Best Team maintained their flawless record by extending their slate to 9-0 by defeating Shandrin Craginports, though 15-12, 15-4 and 15-8.

In the first game Shandrin almost broke the Best Team's winning streak by staging an unbelievable comeback from 15-2 to finally lose 15-12.

Red Brigade Kicks

by Phillip Tardy

Coed soccer entered its second week as Hassenn Founchi of Red Bridged United scored six of eleven goals in a devastating victory over Lightnin Rods. The Red Brigades United won was due solely to their skill. The Lightnin Rods appeared to exhibit more talent, but were missing two females which forced them to forfeit the game.

Montezuma pulled away from a half time score of 1-0 to shutout Cordon Bleu 6-0. Cordon Bleu played an exceptional game, but they couldn't get Solomon Salvadore's experience or his field leadership.

John Flathers played an outstanding defensive game for Cordon Bleu considering the fact that the ball was on his side of the field most of the game.

Boul Scores 20 in

by John Flathers

Bob Boul scored 20 points in leading the Wounded Knees to a 51-32 victory in Wednesday Open league action. Mike Smith of the Bare Aspims, scored ten first half points to manage an 18-18 tie at halftime. But in the second half the Knees pulled out a steadily increasing lead.

The Knees outscored the Aspims 33-14 in their second half blowout. The Knees put three players in double figures - Tom Favorite with twelve and Jeff Frazier with thirteen.

The Aspims though they lost again, played with characteristic vigor. Mike Smith was high man with twelve points while Tack Anderson had eight.

Aches and Pains had a bye.

Competitive

Intamurals

In the other 7 p.m. League game, the 6-Packers also swept the three game series against Lethal Dose 15-9, 15-11 and 15-4. Rob Wilson and Jeff Price of the 6-Packers were highly responsible for the sweep with their enthusiastic style of play, assisted by the sideline coaching of Peggy Rollers. Melissa Johnson and Ronet Leve played well with outstanding returns.

The Tumbleweed Tech Turkeys were not in action this week due to a bye.

At the end of the three weeks the standings are as follows:

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<th>League</th>
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From Out In Left Field

B-League Competitive?

41-20, 43-13, 58-21, 62-20, and 80-13. Pretty competitive scores, huh? If you think so, you should become an actor and take your make-believe elsewhere. Eight B-league basketball games have been played this season. These are five of the eight scores turned in. The average difference is almost forty points.

The point is that there seems to be an inherent problem with the way B-league basketball is organized. There is no competitive parity. Intramurals are organized to provide fun competition for everyone who wants to participate. Some way should be found to make the teams more equitable.

The fault for the present situation does not in any way belong to Joe Long. Intramurals coordinator. He has tried in the past to work out some system or methodology to delineate "A" league teams from "B" league teams. He tried to get team captains to decide which league a team belonged in.

Nor do the fault lie with the teams who ran up these impressive scores. There were no restrictions as to which league they should compete in. Some honestly believe that they would not be competitive in A-league ball and they may be correct in this assumption.

But the fact remains that there are a lot of people out there who like to play basketball but are not particularly adept at it. There should be a vehicle in which these people can play against each other and have fun without getting their folks blown off.

This could be accomplished by a variety of methods. Since there seems to be three general classes of players, one solution could be to make a "C" league. There are now four B-league teams who could fit this classification. That would leave five teams. The trick is to balance both teams so no one would be completely outmatched.

This could be accomplished by requiring Team Captains to petition to participate in B or C league as the case may be. They would have to prove that they are not good enough to play A-league. This could be established by having the petitioning teams play an exhibition game with a definite A-league team.

A player draft is also another possibility. All players would go in a pool and would then be drafted by team captains. In addition, this year there was no women's basketball league because only one team signed up. This team could have petitioned if they wanted to play.

Granted, there are pros and cons to all these solutions, but an independent board could discuss them and make a decision one way or another. Such a board is already in existence. The sports committee of A.S. exists to monitor A.S. money spent on intramurals and work with the intramural board could discuss them and make a decision one way or another.

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John Flathers
Sports Editor

Sports Quiz

by John Flathers, Dan Kopulsky, Robert Trujillo, Kitte Melvin

1. In what year did the Cleveland Spiders retire undefeated?
A. 1900 B. 1910 C. 1920 D. 1930

2. Which is the first pitcher to lose a no-hitter?
A. Robert Conrad B. Chuck Connors C.Lee Majors D.EdAsner

3. What is a one man bobsled called?
A. Chariot B. Monosled C. Nutmeg D. Mini Bobsled

4. Which two boxing champions retired undefeated?

5. Who was the first pitcher to lose a no-hitter?
A. Walter O'Malley B. Peter O'Malley C. George O'Malley D. John O'Malley

6. Who owns the California Angels?
A. St. Louis Browns B. Boston Braves C. Washington Senators

7. Who owns the Los Angeles Dodgers?
A. Walter O'Malley B. Peter O'Malley C. George O'Malley D. Fred O'Malley

8. Which two boxing champions retired undefeated?

9. Who is the only black to win Wimbledon?
A. Andy Roddick B. Ken Hulet C. Andre Agassi D. Jimmy Connors

10. Who is the first player to lose a no-hitter?
A. Robert Conrad B. Chuck Connors C. Lee Majors D. Ed Asner

Friday Frenzy

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Free Popcorn with purchase of a beverage

Happy Hour
3 p.m. to 6 p.m.
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small-25 cents — large — 50 cents

Sports Special

Family size 15" cheese pizza plus beverage
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10 speed Bicycle

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