10-19-1976

October 19th 1976

CSUSB

Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarworks.lib.csusb.edu/pawprint

Recommended Citation
https://scholarworks.lib.csusb.edu/pawprint/210

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Arthur E. Nelson University Archives at CSUSB ScholarWorks. It has been accepted for inclusion in Paw Print (1966-1983) by an authorized administrator of CSUSB ScholarWorks. For more information, please contact scholarworks@csusb.edu.
Bookstore delay explained

By Mary Martin

Ever wonder why that textbook you wanted was not on the shelf at the bookstore when you wanted it?

After several complaints by students and a few remarks by instructors, Jim Arabatzis, the bookstore manager, was interviewed to try to clarify the situation.

The number one problem, according to Arabatzis, is due to a department opening up new sections of a class during registration. Textbooks are ordered well in advance of the beginning of a quarter. For instance, the original deadline for ordering books for the fall quarter was May 28. Arabatzis used as an example the Spanish text. The original order for four sections of Spanish was 80 books. However, due to student demand, three new sections were opened during registration making a total need of about 133 Spanish books. Sixty new books were ordered and have now been received.

Ordinarily, a publisher requires 12 weeks to deliver a textbook, but there are many variables involved. Arabatzis stated that many times he will make telephone orders to publishers within minutes after he has received a request for additional textbooks. But even with that, the minimum time it takes to get a book is three weeks.

Arabatzis quickly added, "There was no teacher that ordered books by May 28 that didn't have them here. The bookstore did not short order anybody, he explained.

The bookstore will not overbuy any books because of the short life of textbooks due to new editions coming out or just because they are replaced by another instructor. The publisher will only take back 20 percent of the original purchase.

Also, the bookstore is a retail outlet and sells many textbooks to persons who may not be taking that class, but simply want a reference book. This happened to the Language of Business textbook. Twenty-five books were ordered for a 20 member class, but the book proved so popular with other business and administration majors that all 25 were sold out with only 10 going to members of the class. More were ordered and received and they too have been sold.

Arabatzis admitted he did not have any answer to this problem. They do not request proof of any particular class enrollment before selling a book.

Here, Arabatzis stated, the student can help himself. Many students, because of money problems, will not buy the book needed at registration, instead waiting for a more opportune time assuming the book will be there when he needs it.

"It is the responsibility of the student," said Arabatzis, "to come to the bookstore on the day he has received a request to check three weeks before he gets ready to buy it to see if the book is on the shelf, not the day he needs it. If the book is not on the shelf he must ask and we will ordinarily get the book within three weeks. He must not assume that the book will come by itself.

Another way students can help, Arabatzis volunteered, is if they drop the class to return the book immediately. Many times a student will drop a class opening a

Lyn Kinsky, Libertarian Party candidate for U. S. Senator from California, came to Cal. State, San Bernardino to spread the message of individual rights, reduction and eventual abolition of taxes, regulatory agencies, and welfare programs, inflationism in foreign relations and other aspects of her libertarian philosophy last Thursday in PS-10.

Only nobody showed up.

Another presentation will be made today at 3 p.m. in PS-10 where it is hoped that greater publicity will draw interested people.

One reporter did show up last Thursday, and the candidate was available for answering questions.

"I don't think that people should be obligated to pay to maintain other people; other people don't have a claim on my labor."

She would repeal all laws against victimless crimes including sale of hard drugs, but she does favor a continued ban on their sale to minors, which is an "entirely different problem," she said.

When it comes to foreign policy, she is "isolationist as far as government goes, free trade as far as individuals go." She opposes all alliances.

"Taxation is a violation of individual rights," Kinsky said when asked about her pamphlet containing a photo of her carrying a sign saying, "Join the Tax Strike... Don't Pay Property Tax..."

"It's not criminal to withhold property taxes," she said. "It's a matter of conscience. The fact that people get together and call themselves the government doesn't make it right."

As to whether she was an anarchist, she said, "Philosophically I'm an anarchist, but I could happily live in a limited government situation."

If elected, the first things she would do would be to seek repeal of the Price-Anderson Act, Revenue Sharing, specifically the mandated programs therein, and regulatory agencies such as "the ICC, FTC, SEC, CAB, FDA, FAA, FTC, etc."

Concerning Social Security, she said, "I would get rid of it all. No longer make it mandatory. I would make the system fiscally responsible, returning it to just being a pension rather than a welfare scheme. Ultimately those dependent on Social Security would get a one-time grant from the proceeds from a sale of government land and buildings it presently owns, she said.

On welfare, Kinsky says, "I don't think that people should be obligated to pay to maintain other people; other people don't have a claim on my labor." However, welfare is "one of the last things I would cut out," she said.

In this issue:

All about Jimmy Carter -- pg. 6
A spaced out Fowler --again -- pg. 4
Weekend backpacking -- pg. 8

And more.
What's a Psi Chi?

By Ray Byers

I guess I made a mistake spending so much time with my boys. It seems that ever since the first one was born I always had a boy with me wherever I went, or at least a 3.5 CPA in all course work. I thought it over for about three seconds and told him it was all right to bring her over.

Jerry enlisted in the Air Force, he came to me and said, "Dad, you've never had a girl before, but now I'm leaving, so you won't be lonely, and I promised I'd bring her home." My son Jerry got the idea it was because I was lonely and needed someone around to talk to and do things with. A year ago, when Jerry enlisted in the Air Force, he came to me and said, "Dad, you've always had me around to talk to and do things with and now that I'm leaving, so you won't be lonely, I've found someone to move in and live with you. I wanted to make sure it was O.K. with you before I brought her home."

"Here," I exclaimed, my eyebrows raised over eyes filled with anticipation.

"Yeah, I wasn't too sure you would want her so I left her at Al's house until I found out if it was all right to bring her over."

The purposes of Psi Chi are to encourage, stimulate, and maintain scholarship among the individual members in all fields, particularly in psychology, and to advance the study of psychology. Psi Chi was founded in 1929 and has chapters located on accredited college and university campuses throughout the nation.

Psi Chi serves two major goals, one immediate and visibly rewarding to the individual member, the other slower and more difficult of accomplishment, but offering greater rewards in the long run.

One goal of the Society's obligation to provide academic recognition to its members. Psi Chi's national organization is continually working to provide greater recognition and benefits for the members. These include future methods of applying to graduate schools, opportunities for employment for members holding B.A. degrees as well as graduate degrees, and means of recognition within the field.

The Society offers annual undergraduate and graduate Research Awards for members. The winners read their papers at the annual Psi Chi APA National Convention, and summaries of the winning papers are published in the "National Psi Chi Newsletter." Thus, the opportunity for international recognition for research is afforded Psi Chi members. In addition to the national convention, the organization sponsors regional conventions which enable members to become recognized within their own region and to become acquainted with leaders in psychology.

The National organization publishes in the "National Psi Chi Newsletter" the name of each member at the time he or she is registered at the national headquarters. The activities of those participating at the chapter level are also published in the "National Psi Chi Newsletter."

The second goal of Psi Chi is to nurture the spark and ability of the members by offering a climate conducive to their creative development and professional growth. This is accomplished through the chapter programs which are designed to augment and enhance the regular curriculum, to utilize the talents of the members, and to afford interaction with fellow members and other psychologists.

The CSCSB chapter of Psi Chi which was installed in the Spring of 1976, is presently comprised of 30 active members and 4 faculty members. Psi Chi President, Debbie Blake, announces that applications are now being accepted through October 22 for membership into Psi Chi.

Prospective members are men and women who are making the study of psychology one of their major interests — having declared a major or minor in psychology. Minimum qualifications for membership are as follows (as of Spring Quarter 1975):

Undergraduates must have completed 20 units of psychology, must have at least a 3.0 GPA in all psychology work attempted, and at least a 3.0 GPA in all courses overall. Graduate students must have completed 12 units of psychology and must have at least a 3.0 GPA in all graduate courses attempted.

The chapter encourages the participation and help of interested students in the development of the chapter and encourages the CSCSB Psi Chi Chapter and extends an invitation to afford yourself the experience, recognition, and fellowship where the rewards are very worthwhile. Applications are available in the Psychology Department office, PS 219.

What is Psi Chi? Psi Chi is the National Honor Society in Psychology. The purposes of Psi Chi are to encourage, stimulate, and maintain scholarship among the individual members in all fields, particularly in psychology, and to advance the study of psychology. Psi Chi was founded in 1929 and has chapters located on accredited college and university campuses throughout the nation.

Psi Chi serves two major goals, one immediate and visibly rewarding to the individual member, the other slower and more difficult of accomplishment, but offering greater rewards in the long run.

Out at first

First baseman reaches high for the ball just in time to beat a player to the bag. No experience is required just a willingness to have fun and meet other great people like John Whiting who look this picture.

Free T-shirts

One to a customer

Raising costs and lack of quality products on the market make it difficult for today's student to maintain a casual, yet well-dressed appearance on campus. We think we have an answer and that is the 1976-77 edition of our official Cal State Coyote Intramural T-shirts. These are unique, original, T-shirts which may soon become collector's items. They may be obtained, free of charge by any CSCSB student who meets one of the following requirements:

A. Wins an intramural event in which there are five or more participants.
B. Participates in intramural activity at least 20 times during the 1976-77 academic year, in a minimum of ten events.

Note: Only one T-shirt is awarded per person, per year.

The girl that came to stay

By Ray Byers

I thought it over for about three seconds and told him it was all right with me, bring her over.

When Jerry left for Al's house I rushed into the bathroom to shower and shave. I put on some clean clothes and splashed on some new shaving lotion I hadn't tried before. This took quite a bit of time because I kept running to look out the window every time I heard a car on the street. I was so excited I could hardly breathe. Man! I knew that Jerry would be a big help to his daddy someday, but I hadn't expected him to come through like this!

I heard the gate open and hurried into the living room with a magazine so I could sit down and appear nonchalant when they came in. The door opened and I heard Jerry say, "Come on in. Come on." I thought, Oh, no. Right (continued on page 3)

History of 2 decades presented

Highlights of two decades, the 1950s and 1960s, will be re-created in a multi-media presentation by an American historian 7 p.m. Wednesday, Oct. 20, at Cal State, San Bernardino.

Dr. Leon F. Litwack, author and professor of history at the University of California, Berkeley, will give the usual program in the Cal State gymnasium. The public is invited, without charge.

"If you think history is dull, you are in for a surprise," says Dr. Ward McAfee, dean of the Cal State School of Social Sciences, who compares the experience to a time machine, with ste^ed-up tempo.

"Dr. Litwack combines intimate knowledge of the history of these decades with artistic skill in coordinating the various media in the presentations," he adds.

Portrayal of each decade lasts about 50 minutes. In the 1950s, slick Hollywood film clips, complete with sound track are synchronized with scenes of sororities and labor agitation. Also present is the sense of something ominous beginning to happen in Europe.

"Exciting as this is, the presentation of the 1960s will make it seem tame," Dr. McAfee says. Intervenous are films, slides, sound and music, bringing to life such happenings as student protests, the Vietnam war, toothpaste commercials, Woodstock and Marilyn Monroe.

Dr. Litwack also will speak before several Cal State history classes.

Dr. Litwack was the first to write on the free blacks of the North before the Civil War. His book, "North of Slavery," is regarded as an important scholarly work. He is currently writing a text on American history.
Students learn to assert themselves

By Cheryl Brown

Assertiveness training, as a means of increasing one’s self-esteem and dealing more effectively with life situations, has gained momentum in the past few years. Current popular psychology books such as “Don’t Say Yes When You Want To Say No,” “Your Perfect Right,” and “The New Assertive Woman” attest to the fact that people are becoming more and more interested in asking for what is rightfully theirs.

Dr. Martha Kazlo, counselor from the Cal State’s Counseling and Testing Center, has been offering assertion training groups through the center for students for three years. Kazlo states that assertion training is very popular because it works; people can actually see themselves becoming more assertive. The present group, which began Oct. 11, will be holding sessions for four weeks. Kazlo said that there will be another four week group offered next quarter for those who were unable to fit the present group into their schedule.

The assertion training groups she offers are usually composed of six to ten students of all ages, both male and female. The first session is a lecture describing what it means to be assertive. The last three meetings are spent on practicing assertive behavior. Kazlo uses role-playing and videotapes of the role-playing sessions to aid the participant in gaining assertive behavior. The videotaping enables the group member to see and hear how she relates to people in various situations. Other group members then act in a supportive, non-critical role, suggesting new ways of dealing with people, preferably in a more assertive way.

Kazlo said that in some cases participants will return to assertion training groups after their initial experience. This occurs, according to Dr. Kazlo, because although a person has conquered his fear of asserting him/herself to one person (or group, say instructors), she still has difficulty in being assertive with another person (such as a spouse).

One woman expresses much anxiety about asserting herself are employers. She says that surprisingly enough, employers attend assertion training groups because they are, in some cases, afraid to ask the employees to do work. Although some students return on occasion, Kazlo observed that most only attend one assertion training workshop, and if they do return, it’s usually after some time (in which they have learned their strong and weak assertion points) has elapsed.

“Lack of assertiveness is a big problem in our society,” states Kazlo. She sees the student population as no exception. “Many times a student will sit in the corner of the classroom, talk to no one (students or professors), and continue this behavior for her/his entire school career. When asked why people show this non-assertive behavior, Dr. Kazlo said that “we are brought-up being non-assertive.” She said that although both men and women attend her assertion group, there are usually more females than males present.

“Tiredness of being non-assertive is very tempting. However, women are usually, if not always, reinforced for this behavior. They usually, if not always, do return, it’s usually after some time (in which they have learned their strong and weak assertion points) has elapsed.

When asked if there were any correlations between groups over this area, Kazlo stated that there was usually one held in the Riverside area every two months. It is necessary to go to Los Angeles for a full 16-week group which, of course, isn’t convenient for all of the members, in this area, can take an assertion training through Cal State’s extension program. Kazlo facilitates this group also. She added, “eventually there will be more assertion training groups in this area.”
Letters

Appreciative President

I would like to take this opportunity to publicly thank those students who volunteered their time and effort for the ASB Book Co-op; Pamela Payt (returning for her second year), Elizabeth Becerra, Diane Glyn, Theresa Kertesz, Fred Deharo, Judy Romprey, and our invaluable

Co-op correction

Dear Editor:

When I wrote my article on the Food Co-op in the October 12 PawPrint, you neglected the most important item to the reader. The original text included a phone number where any interested

8,000,000 books available

Students at CSCSB have access to 8,000,000 books through the Library's reciprocal borrowing agreements with 39 other academic libraries in California. One of the reciprocal borrowing agreements is called the Inland Empire Academic Library Cooperative. If you need a special card, please contact the Circulation or Reference Desks.

The Donkeys are coming! Are you?

Donkey Basketball students vs. faculty / police

October 28 7:30 p.m.

Large Gym

Tickets available in Activities Office

Students: $1.50 Children: $1.00

Classifieds

Need a ride after 8:30 p.m. Monday thru Thursday to the vicinity of HS4 ("E" street), LC 37; 8:30 p.m. or 884-4132 on weekends.

The Donkeys are coming! Are you?

Donkey Basketball students vs. faculty / police

October 28 7:30 p.m.

Large Gym

Tickets available in Activities Office

Students: $1.50 Children: $1.00

Classifieds

Need a ride after 8:30 p.m. Monday thru Thursday to the vicinity of HS4 ("E" street), LC 37; 8:30 p.m. or 884-4132 on weekends.

The Donkeys are coming! Are you?

Donkey Basketball students vs. faculty / police

October 28 7:30 p.m.

Large Gym

Tickets available in Activities Office

Students: $1.50 Children: $1.00

Classifieds

Need a ride after 8:30 p.m. Monday thru Thursday to the vicinity of HS4 ("E" street), LC 37; 8:30 p.m. or 884-4132 on weekends.

The Donkeys are coming! Are you?

Donkey Basketball students vs. faculty / police

October 28 7:30 p.m.

Large Gym

Tickets available in Activities Office

Students: $1.50 Children: $1.00

Classifieds

Need a ride after 8:30 p.m. Monday thru Thursday to the vicinity of HS4 ("E" street), LC 37; 8:30 p.m. or 884-4132 on weekends.
Cal. State grad heads center

Steve Kim, a graduate of Cal State, is now head of the Tribolium Stock Center on campus. (Ed. Note: The tribulium is the Latin genus name of a pesty beetle) The laboratory is located in the Animal House and is the center of research on the tribulium at Cal State — as well as the center for maintenance of genetic stocks of tribulium and other species of insects used in research around the world. Kim, who graduated from CSCSB in 1973, has headed the Stock Center since March 1976. His duties range from maintenance of genetic stocks of different species of Tribolium to supervision of student assistants working at the Tribolium Stock Center.

Kim also supervises the execution of ongoing experiments under the supervision of Dr. Alexander Sokoloff. Dr. Sokoloff, a faculty member in the Biology Department at Cal State, has been extensively involved in work on Tribolium and is editor of the Tribolium Information Bulletin, as well as having written prolifically on the subject.

This ongoing work in the Tribolium Stock Center is concerned with the attempt to develop a means of biologically controlling populations of Tribolium. Such populations are major pests of stored products, such as grains. The U.S. Army has just renewed for two more years grant money for this research.

Steve, working with mutant strains of the beetle, is attempting to coordinate efforts to search for translocations. These genetic abnormalities greatly reduce the viability (ability to survive) of the beetles' offspring, and may result in the death of the individual in the embryonic (egg) stage.

Inebriated

"How did I start the argument?"
"By writing that stupid column of yours."

In the face of such logic, I struck my colors and journeyed to the bar.

12 months of checking for the price of 9.

The College Plan gives you a lot of bank. You get unlimited checkwriting all year long. But you only pay for nine months.

There's no minimum balance required. You get our monthly Timesaver Statement. And at many offices near major college campuses you get Student Representatives to help solve your banking problems.

You pay just $1 a month for the nine-month school year. And there's no service charge at all for June, July, August, or for any month a balance of $300 or more is maintained.

During the summer it's absolutely free. Write all the checks you want. Your account stays open through the summer, even with a zero balance, saving you the trouble of having to close it in June and reopen it in the fall.

You get more. You get overdraft protection and Student BankAmericard if you qualify. We offer educational loans and many different savings plans to choose from. And we serve you with more than twice as many offices as any other California bank. So if you move, your account can move with you, to a new office that's more convenient. We also offer several free booklets including helpful information on saving money, establishing credit, and finding a job after graduation.

The College Plan Checking Account is what you want. Why not stop by and find out more about it. And let $1 a month buy all the bank you need.

Depend on us.
More California college students do.

BANK OF AMERICA
Carter's positions analyzed

By Rick Napier

In order for voting to become a successful instrument of democracy, it is first essential that the conscientious voter make a correct evaluation of where a particular candidate stands on some of the more controversial issues. Second, a list of issues should be presented in a manner such that the voter can evaluate which issues are the most unclear and inconcise. To some voters this second point is necessary because of those candidates who indicate a desire for a personality contest. Too often they appear self-seeking and evasive to questions concerning controversial issues. Finally, when considering the political candidates, what can be said about their ability to stand erect under fire? Can they offer the voter an adequate rebuttal to criticism?

The most confusing distinction to make regarding Jimmy Carter is between his personal and political evaluations of certain key issues. Such an unclear distinction is apparent in Carter's position on abortion. A few weeks ago Carter swept through Iowa and retained both pro and anti-abortion support by skillfully exploiting his position of the issue. Publically, Carter said in Iowa that he could not support any of the current anti-abortion constitutional amendments, though he stated vaguely that he might limit abortion, a position he has at present abandoned. It seems Carter is opposed to abortion except in the first 13 weeks of pregnancy, a period in which Carter would give the woman the right to make that decision. In the meantime, in order to retain much of the Catholic vote in Iowa, Carter came back with his own personal contempt for abortion on what he said were moral grounds while suggesting the the Federal government consider a law limiting it. In an interview with "Newsweek" reporter Bruno, Carter stated that he would not support a constitutional amendment that would prohibit all abortions. Further, he stated his disagreement about passing a constitutional amendment to give states local option-authority without knowing the specifics at the time.

On the abortion issue in Iowa, Carter seems to have been more convincing than he admits; at the least, he failed to make his position as clear as those on both sides of the issue had a right to expect from a Presidential candidate. A second issue of equal political importance is Carter's willingness to reorganize the federal government and supposedly save the American people millions and millions of dollars. Carter contends that the government's 1,000-plus agencies could be whittled down to 200. Further, he proposed governmental consolidation and zero base budgeting from Atlanta to Washington. What this really means is that Carter would reorganize the federal government from the zero dollar up, thus removing those agencies which he considered no longer of any practical purpose.

Some critics say that Carter is an efficiency expert who reorganized state bureaucracy in his own state of Georgia. He took charge of a government that had almost 300 agencies, boards and bureaus, reduced them to less than 30 manageable departments. On the other hand, the way Carter reorganized federal agencies in Georgia was interesting, and a subject Carter personally deems to be too complicated for discussion on the campaign trail.

"Too bad!" He might have indicated that his reorganization of government consisted basically of a superstructure of about 25 superheads of superdepartments who would supervise the governmental employee who had been doing the work all along. In reality, the number of federal employees ranged from 40,000 to 60,000 during his tenure.

Carter, when asked to comment on the effectiveness of his record, said his government had stated that his organization saved 50 million dollars, cut administration costs by 50 percent and shifted personnel to more productive job.

Yet, the fact still remains that time sharing among departments eventually found it less time consuming to turn over a lot of its work to service bureaus and even to the city of Atlanta's computer because the new system Carter supervised sometimes lagged by months.

According to Carter the single most important national priority must be a job for every American who wants to work. He supports his statement basically by indicating the importance of encouraging various subsidies in encouraging private industry to hire the unemployed, retain workers during layoff, and provide flexible hours for working mothers. He also indicated a desire for the government to provide WPA-CCC style public works for the hardcore unemployed.

The major criticism of Carter's subsidy proposal is that the money that would be spent on non-productive, temporary, dead end, make-work jobs would, if left in private hands, be used to create productive jobs, that the former type of revenue consuming jobs will be created at the expense of the latter, revenue producing jobs.

Some economists indicate that such a complement is needed because the economy is presently performing at its capacity. Carter, on the other hand, sees a larger scale job program as not capable of reviving inflation because the cost would not be significantly higher than current expenditures for welfare and unemployment. Such a contention seems acceptable to the writer because of the control that Carter said the President could apply selectively. While at the same time the President could initiate broad- range economic planning through three-year budgets. Whether or not this would serve full-scale em- ployment to the nation remains to be proven.

On welfare, Carter believes that the federal government should take over welfare by simplifying it down to straight cash payments only. The reluctance of accepting such a proposal comes from those who see it as a threat to many of the social welfare jobs that it would threaten, probably the advantage of having the social workers supervised by those who want to work. He supports his statement as the best way to revitalize the nation's economy. He also says that combat forces in Korea, Thailand and the Philippines should be withdrawn.

Carter supports stepped-up exploitation of new energy sources.

In the long run Carter seems to represent many things to many people. As a self-professed representative of the "New South", a moderate, a personal religious conservative. But whatever his political convictions, he is still a powerful and influential politician. To him it is an 18-hour day pilgrimage to shake every hand that will reach new areas.

Maybe Carter is coldly calculating his critics into his own position against the odds stacked against you, you have too look for every so productivity can get. And Carter looking. He realized the new face of
Opinion

New Teacher Corps Grant to Cal. State

A renewed Teachers Corps grant to Cal. State, San Bernardino, will help three groups of people: Cal. State education faculty, teachers and teacher interns, and Richardson Junior High School students.

Using the $152,902 grant, Cal. State faculty will assist with curriculum and counsel Richardson teachers and teacher interns for the Experimental School Program, according to G. Keith Dolan, Cal. State professor of education and director of the Teachers Corps project.

Under this program the teachers and interns work with the San Bernardino junior high students who have attendance, academic, behavioral or personal problems.

The students follow a one-year program of monitored academic and training classes, individualized study, community labs, cross-age teaching and group discussions.

Richardson School parent Madelaine Garcia will again serve as community representative and coordinate parent participation in the program.

Parents can serve on the program advisory committee, and the program this year may also include a parent education program to enable parents to help their offspring with math and reading, Dr. Dolan said.

The program was carried out last year at Richardson and Eisenhower High School in Rialto. After one semester of the program at Eisenhower, the students showed improvement in maintaining or surpassing established criteria in the following areas: academic, 60 per cent; citizenship, 72 per cent; and effort, 60 per cent.

Bookstore
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

three years combined and foreign language has been dropped as a graduation requirement. No one expected this sudden surge. The original estimate of textbooks ordered was correct based on recent experience.

Arabatzis sympathized with the student who he says "...is caught in the middle — and, after all, the student is the reason we are here."

Continued from Page 6

America, he wakes up to it every morning. In a real sense we cannot know Carter much beyond his political convictions. But the election of 1976 is begging a question of us as Americans, how do we stand on Jimmy Carter?

(Editor's note: Some 20 footnotes from eight sources were omitted.)

Racer's Tavern

560 W. 40th St.,
San Bernardino,
882-9222

Coors, Bud, Michelob on tap.
Pool table, pinball, pong, juke box.
Imported/domestic beers. Sodas.

College Night
Thursday, 8 p.m. - 2 a.m.
BEER IS $1.25 A PITCHER

If there were Pulitzer prizes for movies, I think "All The President's Men" would be a sure winner."

Gene Shalit — NBC-TV

NOW AT A THEATRE NEAR YOU.
Activities

---

**Scores:**
- Mickey Mouse 31, Headhunters 6
- Geeks 32, Raiders 26
- Cougars 22, EBA's 18
- M M Goods 13, Grabbers 7

**Kornfeld Scoring Leader**

As you walk along our fair campus today, take a look at the people around you. One of them may have the following distinction of being the Cal State Intramural Football scoring leader.

Kornfeld Scoring Leader

Also, you see Mark (Kommander) Kornfeld, that galloping azure, fleet-footed flier of the Cougars, then feel fulfilled.

Go up and touch him (He'll love it); for with 13 points, he leads the Panti-Waist League and is tied with two (2) others for the overall scoring lead. He has burst into the athletic spotlight here at Cal State with a startling 13 points, for his part, in a game of pigskin prowess in the Cougars 22 to 18 come-from-behind (beep-beep) victory over the Embarrassed Geeks.

From what I've heard, they'll both survive.

Good work guys, sacrifice your bodies for the 'ol game.

On the other hand, in what could be considered somewhat of a one-sided affair the Mickey Mouse Club, with their aerial attack led by quarterback Jerry Tripp and an assortment of talented wide receivers and backs, including John (Mr. Intramural) Nagel, Ray Bejarano, Jim Roessler and Dennis Bloecker and an iron gate back-up defense led by Gordie Kill the Q.B., Miller, Rich "The Hitchel" Price, beat the Headhunters 31 to 6.

The Headhunters kept the game close in the first half 13 to 6 but fell apart in the second half!

They let things get so bad that allowed Jim "Joe Willy" Givens to be one for one passing as he completed a short pass to Wilby Woglizer for a conversion. For Steve Buice, the fallen Headhunter Quarter-back and Captain, there's no way to go but up.

**Pantwaist**

1. Grabbers vs Try-eras: After the outstanding performance last week by the Grabbers, I wouldn't care if the Try-eras were armless, blind, midgets, they'll win by 1 point.

2. Cougars vs M M Goods: A close game to call but I don't think the Cougars led by Korn, and the rest that creepy Crawlman crew can keep their minds (?) on the game and not Maria. M M Goods by 3 points.

**CSCC Intramural Flag Football**

**League Standings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Black &amp; White</th>
<th>Tanti-Waist</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flag Football</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geeks</td>
<td>1 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cougars</td>
<td>1 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raiders</td>
<td>0 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headhunters</td>
<td>0 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBA's</td>
<td>0 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grabbers</td>
<td>0 1 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Individual Scoring Leaders**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kommander Korn</th>
<th>Cougars 13 pts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ron Miller</td>
<td>Geeks 13 pts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Perry</td>
<td>Raiders 13 pts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ray Bejarano</td>
<td>Mickey Mouse 12 pts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sociology club meeting**

The Sociology Club will meet noon Thursday, Oct. 21, in the Lenzett Commons, Room C-104. There will be coffee, cookies, and donuts. This meeting is being called to hold elections for the new Board of Officers; however, you don't have to be a member to come and join us. As long as you are a Criminal Justice, Social Welfare, or Sociology Major, you are welcome. There are no dues to be paid.

This year the club hopes to increase participation by presenting programs oriented to the interests of the members. Different students have already presented ideas on how the Club could be beneficial to the student body. They also have support from the faculty, the Student Affairs Department, and the Associate Student Body in implementing attractive programs. However, they require participation of the membership. Students are invited to come and find out what the Club is all about.